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## course\_1\_assessment\_8

Due: 2018-11-25 01:22:00

Description: Assessment for Sequence Mutation lesson.

Score: 0 of 5 = 0.0%

### Questions

seqmut-1-5: Could aliasing cause potential confusion in this problem?

Not yet graded

```
b = ['q', 'u', 'i']
z = b
b[1] = 'i'
z.remove('i')
print(z)
```

☒ A. yes

☐ B. no

Check me

Compare me

✓ Yes, b and z reference the same list and changes are made using both aliases.

Multiple Choice (assess\_question3\_3\_1\_2)

seqmut-1-6: Could aliasing cause potential confusion in this problem?

Not yet graded

```
sent = "Holidays can be a fun time when you have good company!"
phrase = sent
phrase = phrase + " Holidays can also be fun on your own!"
```

☐ A. yes

☒ B. no

Check me

Compare me

✓ Since a string is immutable, aliasing won't be as confusing. Beware of using something like `item = item + new_item` with mutable objects though because it creates a new object. However, when we use `+=` then that doesn't happen.

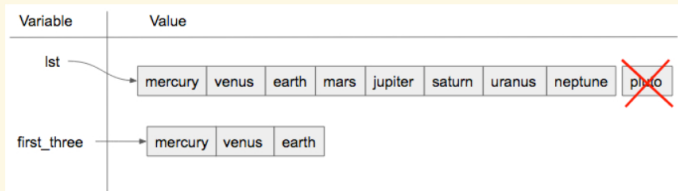
Multiple Choice (assess\_question3\_3\_1\_4)

seqmut-1-1: Which of these is a correct reference diagram following the execution of the following code?

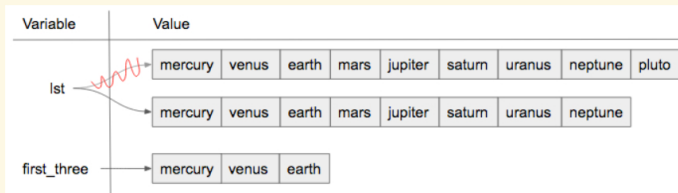
Not yet graded

```
lst = ['mercury', 'venus', 'earth', 'mars', 'jupiter', 'saturn', 'uranus', 'neptune', 'pluto']
lst.remove('pluto')
first_three = lst[:3]
```

1.



2.



☒ A. I.

☐ B. II.

☐ C. Neither is the correct reference diagram.

Check me

Compare me

✓ Yes, when we are using the remove method, we are just editing the existing list, not making a new copy.

Multiple Choice (assess\_question4\_1\_1\_1)

seqmut-1-7: Which of these is a correct reference diagram following the execution of the following code?

Not yet graded

```
x = ["dogs", "cats", "birds", "reptiles"]
y = x
x += ['fish', 'horses']
```

```
y = y + ['sheep']
```

1.



2.



3.



4.



- ☐ A. I.
- ☐ B. II.
- ☐ C. III.
- ☒ D. IV.

[Check me](#) [Compare me](#)

✓ Yes, the behavior of `obj = obj + object_two` is different than `obj += object_two` when `obj` is a list. The first version makes a new object entirely and reassigns to `obj`. The second version changes the original object so that the contents of `object_two` are added to the end of the first.

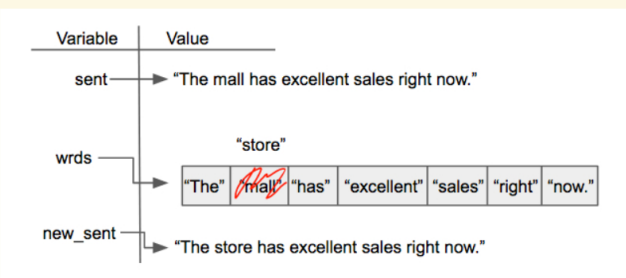
Multiple Choice (assess\_question3\_3\_1\_5)

seqmut-1-8: Which of these is a correct reference diagram following the execution of the following code?

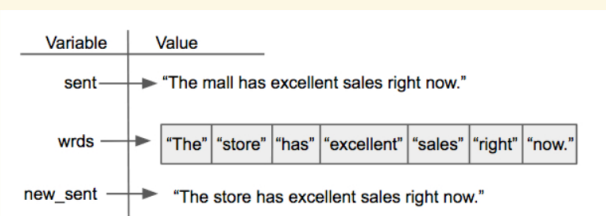
Not yet graded

```
sent = "The mall has excellent sales right now."
wrds = sent.split()
wrds[1] = 'store'
new_sent = " ".join(wrds)
```

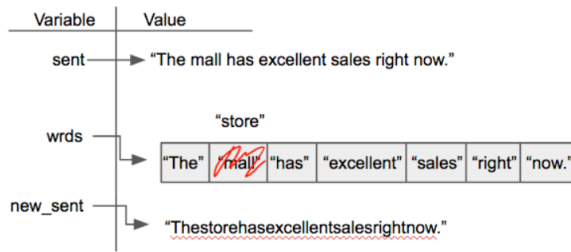
1.



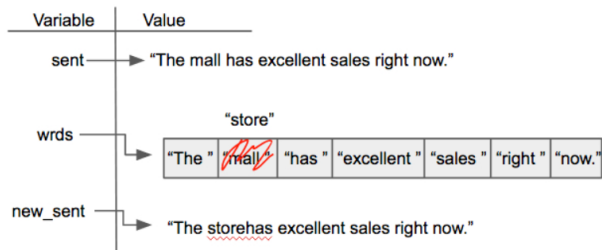
2.



3.



4.



- ☒ A. I.  
☐ B. II.  
☐ C. III.  
☐ D. IV.

Check me

Compare me

✓ Yes, when we make our own diagrams we want to keep the old information because sometimes other variables depend on them. It can get cluttered though if there is a lot of information.

Multiple Choice (assess\_question4\_1\_3\_1)

Score Me