

# Linux I2C

Kaiden Yu

# Overview

- Introduction to I2C
  - Basics
  - I2C/SMBus Protocol
- Linux I2C
  - Linux I2C Subsystem
  - I2C Bus Driver
  - I2C Adapter Driver
  - I2C-Dev Driver
  - I2C-Tools
  - I2C-Stub Driver
  - I2C Client Driver

- **Introduction to I2C**

- **Basics**

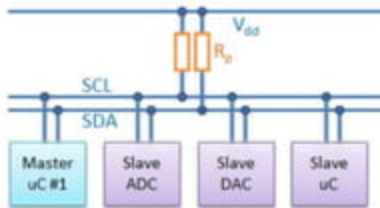
- I2C/SMBus Protocol

- **Linux I2C**

- Linux I2C Subsystem
  - I2C Bus Driver
  - I2C Adapter Driver
  - I2C-Dev Driver
  - I2C-Tools
  - I2C-Stub Driver
  - I2C Client Driver

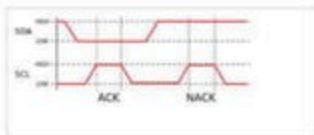
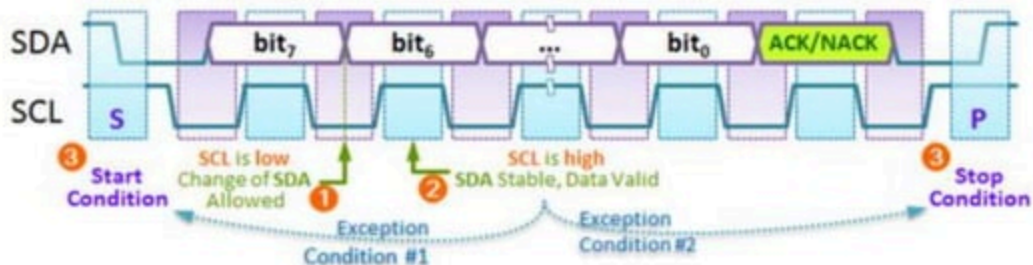
# Introduction to I2C – Basics

- I2C(Inter-Integrated Circuit Bus):published by Philip , with licensed trademark and patent (not any more)
- inter-chip communication
- wires
  - SCL(Serial Clock Line)
  - SDA(Serial Data Line)
- with pull-up resistors
- master/slave hierarchy
- bus speed
  - 100KHz/ 400KHz/ 1MHz/ 3.4MHz/ 5MHz



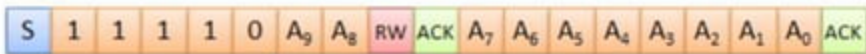
# Introduction to I2C – Basics

- Signal



# Introduction to I2C – Basics

- Address
  - 7 bits
  - 10 bits



Indicator for 10 bit  
Address format

# Introduction to I2C – Basics

- **TWI**(Two-Wire Interface) : introduced by Atmel to avoid conflicts with trademark issues related to I<sup>2</sup>C
- **SMBus**(System Management Bus) : defined by Intel
  - with tighter constraints (100KHz, timeout, format)
  - I2C adapters can support most SMBus protocol, but not the other way around
- **SCCB**(Serial Camera Control Bus) : developed by OmniVision
  - three kind of transaction
    - 3 Phase write
    - 2 Phase read
    - 2 Phase write
  - Don't care bit

- Introduction to I2C
  - Basics
  - I2C/SMBus Protocol
- Linux I2C
  - Linux I2C Subsystem
  - I2C Bus Driver
  - I2C Adapter Driver
  - I2C-Dev Driver
  - I2C-Tools
  - I2C-Stub Driver
  - I2C Client Driver



# Introduction to I2C – I2C/SMBus Protocol

- I2C protocol
  - S (1 bit) : Start bit
    - Sr (1 bit) : Repeated start bit
  - Addr (7 bits): I2C 7 bit address
  - Rd/Wr (1 bit) : Read/Write bit
  - A, NA (1 bit) : ACK/NACK bit
  - Data (8 bits)
  - P (1 bit) : Stop bit

# Introduction to I2C – I2C/SMBus Protocol

- Simple send transaction
  - S Addr Wr [A] Data [A] Data [A] ... [A] Data [A] P
- Simple receive transaction
  - S Addr Rd [A] [Data] A [Data] A ... A [Data] NA P
- Combined transactions
  - S Addr Wr [A] Data [A] Sr Addr Rd [A] [Data] NA P
  - ...

# Introduction to I2C – I2C/SMBus Protocol

- SMBus protocol
  - S (1 bit) : Start bit
    - Sr (1 bit) : Repeated start bit
  - Addr (7 bits): I2C 7 bit address
  - Rd/Wr (1 bit) : Read/Write bit.
  - A, NA (1 bit) : ACK/NACK bit
  - Comm (8 bits): Command byte, a data byte which often selects a register on the device.
  - Data (8 bits): A plain data byte
    - Count (8 bits): A data byte containing the length of a block operation.
  - P (1 bit) : Stop bit

# Introduction to I2C – I2C/SMBus Protocol

- SMBus Quick Command
  - S Addr Rd/Wr [A] P
- SMBus Receive Byte
  - S Addr Rd [A] [Data] NA P
- SMBus Send Byte
  - S Addr Wr [A] Data [A] P
- SMBus Read Byte
  - S Addr Wr [A] Comm [A] Sr Addr Rd [A] [Data] NA P
- SMBus Read Word
  - S Addr Wr [A] Comm [A] Sr Addr Rd [A] [DataLow] A [DataHigh] NA P
- SMBus Write Byte
  - S Addr Wr [A] Comm [A] Data [A] P
- SMBus Write Word
  - S Addr Wr [A] Comm [A] DataLow [A] DataHigh [A] P
- SMBus Process Call
  - S Addr Wr [A] Comm [A] DataLow [A] DataHigh [A] Sr Addr Rd [A] [DataLow] A [DataHigh] NA P
- SMBus Block Read
  - S Addr Wr [A] Comm [A] Sr Addr Rd [A] [Count] A [Data] A [Data] A ... A [Data] NA P
  - reads a block of up to 32 bytes from a device
- SMBus Block Write
  - S Addr Wr [A] Comm [A] Count [A] Data [A] Data [A] ... [A] Data [A] P
- SMBus Block Write - Block Read Process Call
  - S Addr Wr [A] Comm [A] Count [A] Data [A] ... Sr Addr Rd [A] [Count] A [Data] ... A P
  - send then read 31 bytes
- I2C Block Read
  - S Addr Wr [A] Comm [A] Sr Addr Rd [A] [Data] A [Data] A ... A [Data] NA P
- I2C Block Write
  - S Addr Wr [A] Comm [A] Data [A] Data [A] ... [A] Data [A] P

# Introduction to I2C – I2C/SMBus Protocol

- Check the datasheet of the slave device for its protocol

## Single READ from Random Location

Figure 34 shows the typical READ cycle of the host to the [redacted]. The first two bytes sent by the host are an internal 16-bit register address. The following 2-byte READ cycle sends the contents of the registers to host.

Figure 34: Single READ from Random Location



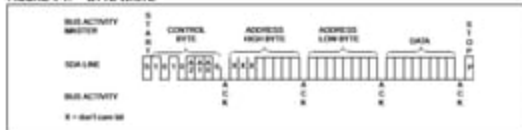
## Single READ from Current Location

Figure 35 shows the single READ cycle without writing the address. The internal address will use the previous address value written to the register.

Figure 35: Single Read from Current Location



FIGURE 4-1: BYTE WRITE

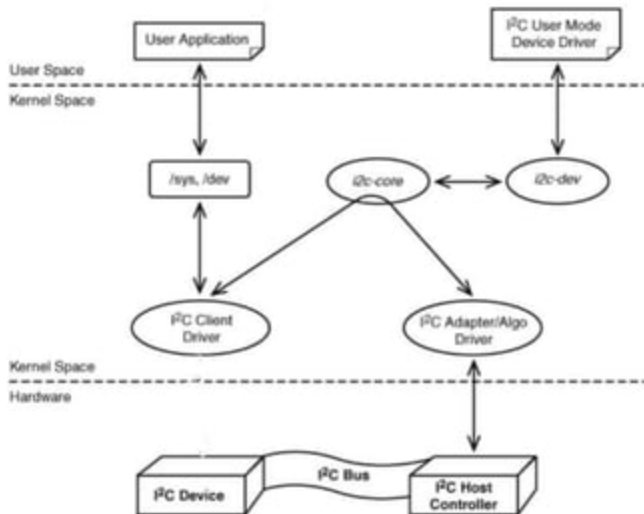


## Read from one control register:

- Start signal
- Slave address byte (R/W bit = low)
- Base address byte
- Start signal
- Slave address byte (R/W bit = high)
- Data byte from base address
- Stop signal

- Introduction to I2C
  - Basics
  - I2C/SMBus Protocol
- **Linux I2C**
  - **Linux I2C Subsystem**
  - I2C Bus Driver
  - I2C Adapter Driver
  - I2C-Dev Driver
  - I2C-Tools
  - I2C-Stub Driver
  - I2C Client Driver

# Linux I2C – Linux I2C Subsystem



- Introduction to I2C
  - Basics
  - I2C/SMBus Protocol
- **Linux I2C**
  - Linux I2C Subsystem
  - **I2C Bus Driver**
  - I2C Adapter Driver
  - I2C-Dev Driver
  - I2C-Tools
  - I2C-Stub Driver
  - I2C Client Driver




# Linux I2C – I2C Bus Driver

- The bus driver : i2c-core (i2c-core-\*.c) 、 i2c.h
  - creates and registers the bus\_type structure -> i2c\_bus\_type
  - provides API to
    - register and implement I2C adapter drivers
    - register and implement I2C device drivers
    - matches the device drivers against the devices detected by the adapter driver
  - define driver and device specific structures
    - struct i2c\_adapter
    - struct i2c\_algorithm
    - struct i2c\_client
    - struct i2c\_driver
    - ...

# Linux I2C – I2C Bus Driver

- API for I2C transaction

- `i2c_master_send()`
  - `i2c_transfer_buffer_flags()`
    - `i2c_transfer()`
- `i2c_master_recv()`
  - `i2c_transfer_buffer_flags()`
    - `i2c_transfer()`
- `i2c_transfer()`
  - `__i2c_transfer()`
    - `adap->algo->master_xfer()`

- 
- Diagram illustrating the mapping of I2C API functions to transaction types:
- Simple send transaction
    - S Addr Wr [A] Data [A] Data [A] ... [A] Data [A] P
  - Simple receive transaction
    - S Addr Rd [A] [Data] A [Data] A ... A [Data] NA P
  - Combined transactions
    - S Addr Wr [A] Data [A] Sr Addr Rd [A] [Data] NA P
    - ...

# Linux I2C – I2C Bus Driver

- API for Smbus transaction – Part I

- `i2c_smbus_read_byte()`
- `i2c_smbus_write_byte()`
- `i2c_smbus_read_byte_data()`
- `i2c_smbus_read_word_data()`
- `i2c_smbus_write_byte_data()`
- `i2c_smbus_write_word_data()`

call

- `i2c_smbus_xfer()`
  - `adapter->algo->smbus_xfer()`
  - `i2c_smbus_xfer_emulated()`
    - `i2c_transfer()`

- SMBus Quick Command
  - S Addr Rd/Wr [A] P
- SMBus Receive Byte
  - S Addr Rd [A] [Data] NA P
- SMBus Send Byte
  - S Addr Wr [A] [Data] [A] P
- SMBus Read Byte
  - S Addr Wr [A] [Comm] [A] Sr Addr Rd [A] [Data] NA P
- SMBus Read Word
  - S Addr Wr [A] [Comm] [A] Sr Addr Rd [A] [DataLow] A [DataHigh] NA P
- SMBus Write Byte
  - S Addr Wr [A] [Comm] [A] [Data] [A] P
- SMBus Write Word
  - S Addr Wr [A] [Comm] [A] [DataLow] [A] [DataHigh] [A] P

# Linux I2C – I2C Bus Driver

- API for Smbus transaction – Part II

- `i2c_smbus_read_block_data()`
- `i2c_smbus_write_block_data()`
- `i2c_smbus_read_i2c_block_data()`
- `i2c_smbus_write_i2c_block_data()`

call

- `i2c_smbus_xfer()`
  - `adapter->algo->smbus_xfer()`
  - `i2c_smbus_xfer_emulated()`
    - `i2c_transfer()`

- SMBus Process Call
  - S Addr Wr [A] Comm [A] DataLow [A] DataHigh [A] Sr Addr Rld [A] [DataLow] A [DataHigh] NA P
- SMBus Block Read
  - S Addr Wr [A] Comm [A] Sr Addr Rld [A] [Count] A [Data] A [Data] A ... A [Data] NA P
  - reads a block of up to 32 bytes from a device
- SMBus Block Write
  - S Addr Wr [A] Comm [A] Count [A] Data [A] Data [A] ... [A] Data [A] P
- SMBus Block Write - Block Read Process Call
  - S Addr Wr [A] Comm [A] Count [A] Data [A] ... Sr Addr Rld [A] [Count] A [Data] ... A P
  - send then read 32 bytes
- I2C Block Read
  - S Addr Wr [A] Comm [A] Sr Addr Rld [A] [Data] A [Data] A ... A [Data] NA P
- I2C Block Write
  - S Addr Wr [A] Comm [A] Data [A] Data [A] ... [A] Data [A] P

# Linux I2C – I2C Bus Driver

- Structures for I2C and SMBus transaction messages

```
extern int __i2c_transfer(struct i2c_adapter *adap, struct i2c_msg *msgs,  
                        int num);
```

```
struct i2c_msg {  
    __u16 addr; /* slave address */  
    __u16 flags;  
#define I2C_M_RD 0x0001 /* read data, from slave to master */  
/* I2C_M_RD is guaranteed to be 0x0001 */  
#define I2C_M_TX 0x0010 /* this is a ten bit chip address */  
#define I2C_M_DMA_SAFE 0x0200 /* the buffer of this message is DMA safe */  
/* makes only sense in kernel space */  
/* userspace buffers are copied anyway */  
#define I2C_M_RECV_LEN 0x0400 /* length will be first received byte */  
#define I2C_M_NO_RD_ACK 0x0800 /* if I2C_FUNC_PROTOCOL_MANGLING */  
#define I2C_M_IGNORE_NAK 0x1000 /* if I2C_FUNC_PROTOCOL_MANGLING */  
#define I2C_M_REV_DIR_ADDR 0x2000 /* if I2C_FUNC_PROTOCOL_MANGLING */  
#define I2C_M_NOSTART 0x4000 /* if I2C_FUNC_NOSTART */  
#define I2C_M_STOP 0x8000 /* if I2C_FUNC_PROTOCOL_MANGLING */  
    __u16 len; /* msg length */  
    __u8 *buf; /* pointer to msg data */  
};
```

data buffer

```
extern s32 i2c_smbus_xfer(struct i2c_adapter *adapter, u16 addr,  
                        unsigned short flags, char read_write, u8 command,  
                        int size, union i2c_smbus_data *data);
```

```
#define I2C_SMBUS_BLOCK_MAX 32 /* A  
union i2c_smbus_data {  
    __u8 byte;  
    __u16 word;  
    __u8 block[I2C_SMBUS_BLOCK_MAX + 2];  
/* and one more byte for the command */  
};
```

# Linux I2C – I2C Bus Driver

- Functionalities

```
/* To determine what functionality is present */  
  
#define I2C_FUNC_I2C                0x00000001  
#define I2C_FUNC_10BIT_ADDR        0x00000002  
#define I2C_FUNC_PROTOCOL_MANGLING 0x00000004 /* I2C_A_10MHZ_SMB etc. */  
#define I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_PEC         0x00000008  
#define I2C_FUNC_NOSTART           0x00000010 /* I2C_A_NOSTART */  
#define I2C_FUNC_SLAVE             0x00000020  
#define I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_BLOCK_PROC_CALL 0x00000000 /* SMBus 2.0 */  
#define I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_QUICK        0x00010000  
#define I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_READ_BYTE    0x00040000  
#define I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_WRITE_BYTE   0x00080000  
#define I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_READ_BYTE_DATA 0x00100000  
#define I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_WRITE_BYTE_DATA 0x00200000  
#define I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_READ_WORD_DATA 0x00400000  
#define I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_WRITE_WORD_DATA 0x00800000  
#define I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_PROC_CALL    0x01000000  
#define I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_READ_BLOCK_DATA 0x02000000  
#define I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_WRITE_BLOCK_DATA 0x04000000 /* I2C-like block xfer */  
#define I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_READ_I2C_BLOCK 0x08000000 /* w/ 1-byte reg. addr. */  
#define I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_WRITE_I2C_BLOCK 0x10000000
```

## combinations

```
#define I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_BYTE          (I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_READ_BYTE | \  
                                     I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_WRITE_BYTE)  
#define I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_BYTE_DATA    (I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_READ_BYTE_DATA | \  
                                     I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_WRITE_BYTE_DATA)  
#define I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_WORD_DATA    (I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_READ_WORD_DATA | \  
                                     I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_WRITE_WORD_DATA)  
#define I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_BLOCK_DATA   (I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_READ_BLOCK_DATA | \  
                                     I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_WRITE_BLOCK_DATA)  
#define I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_I2C_BLOCK    (I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_READ_I2C_BLOCK | \  
                                     I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_WRITE_I2C_BLOCK)  
  
#define I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_EMUL          (I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_QUICK | \  
                                     I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_BYTE | \  
                                     I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_BYTE_DATA | \  
                                     I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_WORD_DATA | \  
                                     I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_PROC_CALL | \  
                                     I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_WRITE_BLOCK_DATA | \  
                                     I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_I2C_BLOCK | \  
                                     I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_PEC)
```

What about I2C\_FUNC\_SMBUS\_READ\_BLOCK\_DATA?

# Linux I2C – I2C Bus Driver

- Device Model data structures

- **Adapter**

- Bus : struct bus\_type **platform\_bus\_type**
    - Driver : struct **platform\_driver**
    - Device : struct **i2c\_adapter**
      - Struct **i2c\_algorithm**

- **Client**

- Bus : struct bus\_type **i2c\_bus\_type**
    - Driver : Struct **i2c\_driver**
    - Device : Struct **i2c\_client**

※ Adapter could belong to other device driver

- module\_usb\_driver(/drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-robotfuzz-osif.c)
- module\_acpi\_driver(/drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-scmi.c)
- module\_serio\_driver(/i2c/busses/i2c-taos-evm.c)
- isa\_driver(/drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-elektor.c)

- Introduction to I2C
  - Basics
  - I2C/SMBus Protocol
- **Linux I2C**
  - Linux I2C Subsystem
  - I2C Bus Driver
  - **I2C Adapter Driver**
  - I2C-Dev Driver
  - I2C-Tools
  - I2C-Stub Driver
  - I2C Client Driver



# Linux I2C – I2C Adapter Driver

- Adapter driver(/drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-cadence.c)
  - struct cdns\_i2c
  - struct i2c\_algorithm cdns\_i2c\_algo
  - cdns\_i2c\_probe()
  - cdns\_i2c\_remove()
  - struct platform\_driver cdns\_i2c\_drv
  - module\_platform\_driver(cdns\_i2c\_drv)

# Linux I2C – I2C Adapter Driver

- i2c\_adapter structure

```
struct cdns_i2c {  
    struct device *dev;  
    void __iomem *membase;  
    struct i2c_adapter adap;  
    struct i2c_msg *p_msg;  
    int err_status;  
    struct completion xfer_done;  
    unsigned char *p_send_buf;  
    unsigned char *p_recv_buf;  
    unsigned int send_count;  
    unsigned int recv_count;  
    unsigned int curr_recv_count;  
    int irq;  
    unsigned long input_clk;  
    unsigned int i2c_clk;  
    unsigned int bus_hold_flag;  
    struct clk *clk;  
    struct notifier_block clk_rate_change_nb;  
    u32 quirks;  
};
```

```
struct i2c_adapter {  
    struct module *owner;  
    unsigned int class; /* classes to allow probing for */  
    const struct i2c_algorithm *algo; /* the algorithm to access the bus */  
    void *algo_data;  
  
    /* data fields that are valid for all devices. */  
    const struct i2c_lock_operations *lock_ops;  
    struct rt_mutex bus_lock;  
    struct rt_mutex mux_lock;  
  
    int timeout; /* in jiffies */  
    int retries;  
    struct device dev; /* the adapter device */  
  
    int nr;  
    char name[40];  
    struct completion dev_release;  
  
    struct mutex userspace_clients_lock;  
    struct list_head userspace_clients;  
  
    struct i2c_bus_recovery_info *bus_recovery_info;  
    const struct i2c_adapter_quirks *quirks;  
  
    struct irq_domain *host_notify_domain;  
};  
#define to_i2c_adapter(d) container_of(d, struct i2c_adapter, dev)
```

# Linux I2C – I2C Adapter Driver

- i2c\_algorithm structure

```
struct i2c_algorithm {  
    /* If an adapter algorithm can't do I2C-level access, set master_xfer  
    to NULL. If an adapter algorithm can do SMBus access, set  
    smbus_xfer. If set to NULL, the SMBus protocol is simulated  
    using common I2C messages */  
    /* master_xfer should return the number of messages successfully  
    processed, or a negative value on error */  
    int (*master_xfer)(struct i2c_adapter *adap, struct i2c_msg *msgs,  
        int num);  
    int (*smbus_xfer)(struct i2c_adapter *adap, u16 addr,  
        unsigned short flags, char read_write,  
        u8 command, int size, union i2c_smbus_data *data);  
  
    /* To determine what the adapter supports */  
    u32 (*functionality)(struct i2c_adapter *);  
  
#if IS_ENABLED(CONFIG_I2C_SLAVE)  
    int (*reg_slave)(struct i2c_client *client);  
    int (*unreg_slave)(struct i2c_client *client);  
#endif  
};
```

- master\_xfer
  - i2c access
  - can emulate Smbus protocol
- smbus\_xfer
  - smbus access

# Linux I2C – I2C Adapter Driver

- Algorithm

```
static int cdns_i2c_master_xfer(struct i2c_adapter *adap, struct i2c_msg *msgs,  
                               int num)  
{
```

```
static const struct i2c_algorithm cdns_i2c_algo = {  
    .master_xfer    = cdns_i2c_master_xfer,  
    .functionality  = cdns_i2c_func,  
};
```

```
static u32 cdns_i2c_func(struct i2c_adapter *adap)  
{  
    return I2C_FUNC_I2C | I2C_FUNC_10BIT_ADDR |  
           (I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_EMUL & ~I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_QUICK) |  
           I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_BLOCK_DATA;  
}
```

# Linux I2C – I2C Adapter Driver

- Transaction

- static int cdns\_i2c\_master\_xfer()
  - cdns\_i2c\_process\_msg()
    - cdns\_i2c\_mrecv()
      - cdns\_i2c\_readreg()
      - cdns\_i2c\_writereg()
    - cdns\_i2c\_msend()
      - cdns\_i2c\_readreg()
      - cdns\_i2c\_writereg()

```
#define cdns_i2c_readreg(offset)    readl_relaxed(id->membase + offset)
#define cdns_i2c_writereg(val, offset) writel_relaxed(val, id->membase + offset)
```

```
#define readl_relaxed(c)    (( u32 __r = le32_to_cpu((__force __le32)__raw_readl(c)); __r; ))
#define writel_relaxed(v,c) ((void)__raw_writel((__force u32)cpu_to_le32(v),c))
```

```
i2c0: i2c@ff020000 {
    compatible = "cdns,i2c-r1p14", "cdns,i2c-r1p10";
    status = "disabled";
    interrupt-parent = <810>;
    interrupts = <0 17 4>;
    reg = <0x0 ff020000 0x0 0x1000>;
    #address-cells = <1>;
    #size-cells = <0>;
};
```

```
struct cdns_i2c {
    struct device *dev;
    void __iomem *membase;
    struct i2c_adapter adap;
```

# Linux I2C – I2C Adapter Driver

- Memory-mapped I/O access

```
#define __raw_readl __raw_readl
static inline u32 __raw_readl(const volatile void __iomem *addr)
{
    u32 val;
    asm volatile(ALTERNATIVE("ldr %w0, [%1]",
                              "ldar %w0, [%1]",
                              ARM64_WORKAROUND_DEVICE_LOAD_ACQUIRE)
                 : "=r" (val) : "r" (addr));
    return val;
}
```

```
#define __raw_writel __raw_writel
static inline void __raw_writel(u32 val, volatile void __iomem *addr)
{
    asm volatile("str %w0, [%1]" : : "r2" (val), "r" (addr));
}
```

# Linux I2C – I2C Adapter Driver

- register offsets and bit mask definitions

```
static void cdns_i2c_mrecv(struct cdns_i2c *id)
{
    ...

    /* Put the controller in master receive mode and clear the FIFO */
    ctrl_reg = cdns_i2c_readreg(CDNS_I2C_CR_OFFSET);
    ctrl_reg |= CDNS_I2C_CR_RN | CDNS_I2C_CR_CLR_FIFO;

    ...

    cdns_i2c_writereg(ctrl_reg, CDNS_I2C_CR_OFFSET);
}
```

```
/* Register offsets for the I2C device. */
#define CDNS_I2C_CR_OFFSET      0x00
#define CDNS_I2C_SR_OFFSET      0x04
#define CDNS_I2C_ADDR_OFFSET    0x08
#define CDNS_I2C_DATA_OFFSET    0x0C
#define CDNS_I2C_ISR_OFFSET     0x10
#define CDNS_I2C_XFER_SIZE_OFFSET 0x14
#define CDNS_I2C_TIME_OUT_OFFSET 0x1C
#define CDNS_I2C_IER_OFFSET     0x24
#define CDNS_I2C IDR_OFFSET     0x28
```

```
/* Control Register Bit mask definitions */
#define CDNS_I2C_CR_HOLD        BIT(4) /* Hold Bus bit */
#define CDNS_I2C_CR_ACK_EN      BIT(3)
#define CDNS_I2C_CR_NEA        BIT(2)
#define CDNS_I2C_CR_RS         BIT(1)
/* Read or Write Master transfer 0 = Transmitter, 1 = Receiver */
#define CDNS_I2C_CR_RN          BIT(0)
/* 1: Auto Init FIFO to zeros */
#define CDNS_I2C_CR_CLR_FIFO    BIT(6)
```

# Linux I2C – I2C Adapter Driver

- Probe / remove

```
static int cdns_i2c_probe(struct platform_device *pdev)
{
    struct resource *r_non;
    struct cdns_i2c *id;
    int ret;
    const struct of_device_id *match;

    id = devm_kzalloc(&pdev->dev, sizeof(*id), GFP_KERNEL);
    if (!id)
        return -ENOMEM;

    ...
    id->dev = &pdev->dev;
    platform_set_drvdata(pdev, id);

    ...
    id->adap.owner = THIS_MODULE;
    id->adap.dev.of_node = pdev->dev.of_node;
    id->adap.algo = &cdns_i2c_algo;
    id->adap.timeout = CDNS_I2C_TIMEOUT;
    id->adap.retries = 3; /* Default retry value. */
    id->adap.algo_data = id;
    id->adap.dev.parent = &pdev->dev;
    ...
    ret = devm_request_irq(&pdev->dev, id->irq, cdns_i2c_isr, 0,
        DRIVER_NAME, id);
    ...
    ret = i2c_add_adapter(&id->adap);
    if (ret < 0)
        goto err_clk_dis;
}
```

```
static int cdns_i2c_remove(struct platform_device *pdev)
{
    struct cdns_i2c *id = platform_get_drvdata(pdev);

    i2c_del_adapter(&id->adap);
    clk_notifier_unregister(id->clk, id->clk_rate_change_nb);
    clk_disable_unprepare(id->clk);
    pm_runtime_disable(&pdev->dev);

    return 0;
}
```



# Linux I2C – I2C Adapter Driver

- Get/set driver data

```
static inline void platform_set_drvdata(struct platform_device *pdev,  
                                       void *data)  
{  
    dev_set_drvdata(&pdev->dev, data);  
}
```



```
static inline void dev_set_drvdata(struct device *dev, void *data)  
{  
    dev->driver_data = data;  
}
```

```
static inline void *platform_get_drvdata(const struct platform_device *pdev)  
{  
    return dev_get_drvdata(&pdev->dev);  
}
```



```
static inline void *dev_get_drvdata(const struct device *dev)  
{  
    return dev->driver_data;  
}
```

# Linux I2C – I2C Adapter Driver

- `i2c_add_adapter()` / `i2c_del_adapter()`

- `i2c_add_adapter()`
  - `i2c_register_adapter()`
    - `device_register(&adap->dev)`
      - `device_add()`
  - `of_i2c_register_devices()`
    - `of_i2c_register_device()`
      - `i2c_new_device()`
        - `device_register(&client->dev)`
          - `device_add()`

- `i2c_del_adapter()`
  - `i2c_unregister_device(client)`
    - `device_unregister(&client->dev)`
      - `device_del()`
  - `device_unregister(&adap->dev)`
    - `device_del()`

# Linux I2C – I2C Adapter Driver

- Matching

```
static const struct of_device_id cdns_i2c_of_match[] = {  
    { .compatible = "cdns,i2c-r1p10", .data = &rip10_i2c_def },  
    { .compatible = "cdns,i2c-r1p14", },  
    { /* end of table */ }  
};  
MODULE_DEVICE_TABLE(of, cdns_i2c_of_match);
```

/arch/arm64/boot/dts/xilinx/zynqmp.dtsi

```
i2c0: i2c@ff020000 {  
    compatible = "cdns,i2c-r1p14", "cdns,i2c-r1p10";  
    status = "disabled";  
    interrupt-parent = <&gic>;  
    interrupts = <0 17 4>;  
    reg = <0x0 0xff020000 0x0 0x1000>;  
    #address-cells = <1>;  
    #size-cells = <0>;  
};  
  
i2c1: i2c@ff030000 {  
    compatible = "cdns,i2c-r1p14", "cdns,i2c-r1p10";  
    status = "disabled";  
    interrupt-parent = <&gic>;  
    interrupts = <0 18 4>;  
    reg = <0x0 0xff030000 0x0 0x1000>;  
    #address-cells = <1>;  
    #size-cells = <0>;  
};
```

# Linux I2C – I2C Adapter Driver

- Device driver structure


```
static struct platform_driver cdns_i2c_drv = {  
    .driver = {  
        .name = DRIVER_NAME,  
        .of_match_table = cdns_i2c_of_match,  
        .pm = &cdns_i2c_dev_pm_ops,  
    },  
    .probe = cdns_i2c_probe,  
    .remove = cdns_i2c_remove,  
};  
  
module_platform_driver(cdns_i2c_drv);
```

# Linux I2C – I2C Adapter Driver

- Driver registration/unregistration

```
#define module_platform_driver(__platform_driver) \
    module_driver(__platform_driver, platform_driver_register, \
        platform_driver_unregister)
```

```
#define module_driver(__driver, __register, __unregister, ...) \
static int __init __driver##_init(void) \
{ \
    return __register(&(__driver), ##_VA_ARGS__); \
} \
module_init(__driver##_init); \
static void __exit __driver##_exit(void) \
{ \
    __unregister(&(__driver), ##_VA_ARGS__); \
} \
module_exit(__driver##_exit);
```



```
static int __init cdns_i2c_drv_init(void)
{
    return platform_driver_register(&(cdns_i2c_drv));
}
module_init(cdns_i2c_drv_init);
static void __exit cdns_i2c_drv_exit(void)
{
    platform_driver_unregister(&(cdns_i2c_drv));
}
module_exit(cdns_i2c_drv_exit);
```

# Linux I2C – I2C Adapter Driver

- platform\_driver\_register() / platform\_driver\_unregister()

```
#define platform_driver_register(drv) \
    __platform_driver_register(drv, THIS_MODULE)
```


```
int __platform_driver_register(struct platform_driver *drv,
                              struct module *owner)
{
    drv->driver.owner = owner;
    drv->driver.bus = &platform_bus_type;
    drv->driver.probe = platform_drv_probe;
    drv->driver.remove = platform_drv_remove;
    drv->driver.shutdown = platform_drv_shutdown;

    return driver_register(&drv->driver);
}
EXPORT_SYMBOL_GPL(__platform_driver_register);
```

```
void platform_driver_unregister(struct platform_driver *drv)
{
    driver_unregister(&drv->driver);
}
EXPORT_SYMBOL_GPL(platform_driver_unregister);
```

# Linux I2C – I2C Adapter Driver

- driver\_register()
  - bus\_add\_driver()
    - driver\_attach()
      - \_\_driver\_attach()
        - driver\_probe\_device()
          - really\_probe()



```
static int really_probe(struct device *dev, struct device_driver *drv)
{
    ...
    if (dev->bus->probe) {
        ret = dev->bus->probe(dev);
        if (ret)
            goto probe_failed;
    } else if (drv->probe) {
        ret = drv->probe(dev);
        if (ret)
            goto probe_failed;
    }
}
```

```
struct bus_type platform_bus_type = {
    .name           = "platform",
    .dev_groups     = platform_dev_groups,
    .match          = platform_match,
    .uevent         = platform_uevent,
    .dma_configure  = platform_dma_configure,
    .pm             = &platform_dev_pm_ops,
};
EXPORT_SYMBOL_GPL(platform_bus_type);
```

probe not assigned in Platform\_bus\_type  
so drv->probe will be called

# Linux I2C – I2C Adapter Driver

- driver\_unregister()
  - Bus\_remove\_driver()
    - Driver\_detach()
      - Device\_release\_driver\_internal()
        - \_\_device\_release\_driver()



```
static void __device_release_driver(struct device *dev, struct device *parent)
{
    struct device_driver *drv;
    ...
    if (dev->bus && dev->bus->remove)
        dev->bus->remove(dev);
    else if (drv->remove)
        drv->remove(dev);
}
```

```
struct bus_type platform_bus_type = {
    .name           = "platform",
    .dev_groups     = platform_dev_groups,
    .match          = platform_match,
    .uevent         = platform_uevent,
    .dna_configure  = platform_dna_configure,
    .pm             = &platform_dev_pm_ops,
};
EXPORT_SYMBOL_GPL(platform_bus_type);
```

remove not assigned in platform\_bus\_type  
so drv->remove will be called



# Linux I2C – I2C Adapter Driver

- platform\_drv\_probe() / platform\_drv\_remove()

```
static int platform_drv_probe(struct device *_dev)
{
    struct platform_driver *drv = to_platform_driver(dev->driver);
    struct platform_device *dev = to_platform_device(_dev);
    int ret;

    ret = of_clk_set_defaults(dev->of_node, false);
    if (ret < 0)
        return ret;

    ret = dev_pm_domain_attach(dev, true);
    if (ret)
        goto out;

    if (drv->probe) {
        ret = drv->probe(dev);
        if (ret)
            dev_pm_domain_detach(dev, true);
    }

out:
    if (drv->prevent_deferred_probe && ret == -SPROBE_DEFER) {
        dev_warn(dev, "probe deferral not supported\n");
        ret = -ENXIO;
    }

    return ret;
}
```

```
static int platform_drv_remove(struct device *_dev)
{
    struct platform_driver *drv = to_platform_driver(dev->driver);
    struct platform_device *dev = to_platform_device(_dev);
    int ret = 0;

    if (drv->remove)
        ret = drv->remove(dev);
    dev_pm_domain_detach(dev, true);

    return ret;
}
```

- Introduction to I2C
  - Basics
  - I2C/SMBus Protocol
- **Linux I2C**
  - Linux I2C Subsystem
  - I2C Bus Driver
  - I2C Adapter Driver
  - **I2C-Dev Driver**
  - I2C-Tools
  - I2C-Stub Driver
  - I2C Client Driver

# Linux I2C – I2C-Dev Driver

- `i2c-dev.c`
  - `i2cdev_read()`
  - `i2cdev_write()`
  - `i2cdev_ioctl()`
  - `i2cdev_open()`
  - `i2cdev_release()`
  - Struct `file_operations i2cdev_fops`
  - `i2c_dev_init()`
  - `i2c_dev_exit()`

# Linux I2C – I2C-Dev Driver

- i2cdev\_open()

```
static int i2cdev_open(struct inode *inode, struct file *file)
{
    unsigned int minor = (minor_t)(inode);
    struct i2c_client *client;
    struct i2c_adapter *adap;

    adap = i2c_get_adapter(minor);
    if (!adap)
        return -ENODEV;

    /* This creates an anonymous i2c_client, which may later be
     * pointed to some address using I2C_SLAVE or I2C_SLAVE_FORCE.
     */
    /* This client is ** NEVER REGISTERED ** with the driver model
     * or I2C core code!! It just holds private copies of addressing
     * information and maybe a PEC flag.
     */
    client = kzalloc(sizeof(*client), GFP_KERNEL);
    if (!client) {
        i2c_put_adapter(adap);
        return -ENOMEM;
    }
    snprintf(client->name, I2C_NAME_SIZE, "i2c-dev %d", adap->nr);

    client->adapter = adap;
    file->private_data = client;

    return 0;
}
```

- i2c\_get\_adapter()
  - idr\_find()
  - try\_module\_get()
  - get\_device()
- creates an anonymous i2c\_client
- can be pointed to address using I2C\_SLAVE or I2C\_SLAVE\_FORCE
- assign file->private\_data to client

# Linux I2C – I2C-Dev Driver

- i2cdev\_release()

```
static int i2cdev_release(struct inode *inode, struct file *file)
{
    struct i2c_client *client = file->private_data;

    i2c_put_adapter(client->adapter);
    kfree(client);
    file->private_data = NULL;


    return 0;
}
```

- i2c\_put\_adapter()
  - put\_device()
  - module\_put()
- kfree client
- assign file->private\_data to NULL

# Linux I2C – I2C-Dev Driver

- `i2cdev_write()`
  - `medup_user()`
    - `copy_from_user()`
  - `i2c_master_send()`
    - `i2c_transfer_buffer_flags(..., 0)`
      - `i2c_transfer()`
        - `__i2c_transfer()`
          - `adap->algo->master_xfer()`

- `i2cdev_read()`
  - `i2c_master_recv()`
    - `i2c_transfer_buffer_flags(..., I2C_M_RD)`
      - `i2c_transfer()`
        - `__i2c_transfer()`
          - `adap->algo->master_xfer()`
  - `copy_to_user()`



eventually calls `algo->master_xfer()`  
which means SMBus adapters won't support  
these functions

# Linux I2C – I2C-Dev Driver

- `i2cdev_ioctl()` – set slave address

```
static long i2cdev_ioctl(struct file *file, unsigned int cmd, unsigned long arg)
{
    struct i2c_client *client = file->private_data;
    unsigned long funcs;

    dev_dbg(&client->adapter->dev, "ioctl, cmd=0x%02x, arg=0x%02lx\n",
            cmd, arg);

    switch (cmd) {
        case I2C_SLAVE:
        case I2C_SLAVE_FORCE:
            if ((arg > 0x3ff) ||
                (((client->flags & I2C_M_TEN) == 0) && arg > 0x7f))
                return -EINVAL;
            if (cmd == I2C_SLAVE && !i2cdev_check_addr(client->adapter, arg))
                return -EBUSY;
            /* REVISIT: address could become busy later */
            client->addr = arg;
            return 0;
    }
```

- if `cmd==I2C_SLAVE_FORCE`, `i2cdev_check_addr` won't be called
- `i2cdev_check_addr()`
  - `i2cdev_check()`
- busy if driver bound to it

```
static int i2cdev_check(struct device *dev, void *addr)
{
    struct i2c_client *client = i2c_verify_client(dev);
    if (!client || client->addr != *(unsigned int *)addr)
        return 0;
    return dev->driver ? -EBUSY : 0;
}
```

# Linux I2C – I2C-Dev Driver

- `i2cdev_ioctl()` – ten bit address

```
static long i2cdev_ioctl(struct file *file, unsigned int cmd, unsigned long arg)
{
    ...
    case I2C_TENBIT:
        if (arg)
            client->flags |= I2C_M_TEN;
        else
            client->flags &= ~I2C_M_TEN;
        return 0;
}
```



# Linux I2C – I2C-Dev Driver

- i2cdev\_ioctl() – get functionality

```
static long i2cdev_ioctl(struct file *file, unsigned int cmd, unsigned long arg)
{
    ...
    case I2C_FUNCS:
        funcs = i2c_get_functionality(client->adapter);
        return put_user(funcs, (unsigned long __user *)arg);
}
```



```
static inline u32 i2c_get_functionality(struct i2c_adapter *adap)
{
    return adap->algo->functionality(adap);
}
```

# Linux I2C – I2C-Dev Driver

- `i2cdev_ioctl()` – I2C transaction

```
static long i2cdev_ioctl(struct file *file, unsigned int cmd, unsigned long arg)
{
    ...
    case I2C_RDWR: {
        struct i2c_rdwr_ioctl_data rdwr_arg;
        struct i2c_msg *rdwr_pa;

        if (copy_from_user(&rdwr_arg,
                           (struct i2c_rdwr_ioctl_data __user *)arg,
                           sizeof(rdwr_arg)))
            return -EFAULT;

        if (rdwr_arg.nmsgs > I2C_RDWR_IOCTL_MAX_MSGS)
            return -EINVAL;

        rdwr_pa = mndup_user(rdwr_arg.nmsgs,
                             rdwr_arg.nmsgs * sizeof(struct i2c_msg));

        if (IS_ERR(rdwr_pa))
            return PTR_ERR(rdwr_pa);

        return i2cdev_ioctl_rdwr(client, rdwr_arg.nmsgs, rdwr_pa);
    }
}
```

- copy `i2c_rdwr_ioctl_data`
- copy `i2c_msg`
- `i2cdev_ioctl_rdwr()`

# Linux I2C – I2C-Dev Driver

- i2cdev\_ioctl() – I2C transaction

```
static inline int i2cdev_ioctl_rdwr(struct i2c_client *client,
                                   unsigned nmsgs, struct i2c_msg *msgs)
{
    u8 __user **data_ptrs;
    int i, res;
    ...
    data_ptrs = knalloc_array(nmsgs, sizeof(u8 __user *), GFP_KERNEL);
    ...
    for (i = 0; i < nmsgs; i++) {
        /* Limit the size of the message to a sane amount */

        data_ptrs[i] = (u8 __user *)msgs[i].buf;
        msgs[i].buf = mendup_user(data_ptrs[i], msgs[i].len);

        ...
        res = i2c_transfer(client->adapter, msgs, nmsgs);
        while (i-- > 0) {
            if (res >= 0 && (msgs[i].flags & I2C_M_RD)) {
                if (copy_to_user(data_ptrs[i], msgs[i].buf,
                                msgs[i].len))
                    res = -EFAULT;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

- copy i2c\_msg buf
- i2c\_transfer()
- copy to user if I2C\_M\_RD is set

# Linux I2C – I2C-Dev Driver

- Structures for I2C transaction

```
struct i2c_rdwr_ioctl_data {  
    struct i2c_msg __user *msgs;  
    __u32 nmsgs;  
};
```

```
struct i2c_msg {  
    __u16 addr;      /* slave address */  
    __u16 flags;     /*  
#define I2C_M_RD      0x0001 /* read data, from slave to master */  
/* I2C_M_RD is guaranteed to be 0x0001 */  
#define I2C_M_TEN      0x0010 /* this is a ten bit chip address */  
#define I2C_M_DMA_SAFE 0x0200 /* the buffer of this message is DMA safe */  
/* makes only sense in kernelspace */  
/* userspace buffers are copied anyway */  
#define I2C_M_RECV_LEN 0x0400 /* length will be first received byte */  
#define I2C_M_NO_RD_ACK 0x0800 /* if I2C_FUNC_PROTOCOL_MANGLING */  
#define I2C_M_IGNORE_NAK 0x1000 /* if I2C_FUNC_PROTOCOL_MANGLING */  
#define I2C_M_REV_DIR_ADDR 0x2000 /* if I2C_FUNC_PROTOCOL_MANGLING */  
#define I2C_M_NOSTART 0x4000 /* if I2C_FUNC_NOSTART */  
#define I2C_M_STOP 0x8000 /* if I2C_FUNC_PROTOCOL_MANGLING */  
    __u16 len;      /* msg length */  
    __u8 *buf;      /* pointer to msg data */  
};
```

data buffer

# Linux I2C – I2C-Dev Driver

- SMBus protocol transaction

```
static long i2cdev_ioctl(struct file *file, unsigned int cmd, unsigned long arg)
{
    ...
    case I2C_SMBUS: {
        struct i2c_smbus_ioctl_data data_arg;
        if (copy_from_user(&data_arg,
                           (struct i2c_smbus_ioctl_data __user *) arg,
                           sizeof(struct i2c_smbus_ioctl_data)))
            return -EFAULT;
        return i2cdev_ioctl_smbus(client, data_arg.read_write,
                                   data_arg.command,
                                   data_arg.size,
                                   data_arg.data);
    }
}
```

- copy i2c\_smbus\_ioctl\_data
- i2cdev\_ioctl\_smbus()

# Linux I2C – I2C-Dev Driver

- SMBus protocol transaction

```
static inline int i2cdev_ioctl_smbus(struct i2c_client *client,
                                     u8 read_write, u8 command, u32 size,
                                     union i2c_smbus_data __user *data)
{
    union i2c_smbus_data temp = {};
    int datasize, res;
    ...
    if ((size == I2C_SMBUS_BYTE_DATA) ||
        (size == I2C_SMBUS_BYTE))
        datasize = sizeof(data->byte);
    ...
    if (copy_from_user(&temp, data, datasize))
        return -EFAULT;
    ...
    res = i2c_smbus_xfer(client->adapter, client->addr, client->flags,
                        read_write, command, size, &temp);
    ...
    if (copy_to_user(data, &temp, datasize))
        return -EFAULT;
}
```

- copy i2c\_smbus\_data data
- i2c\_smbus\_xfer()
- copy to user if I2C\_SMBUS\_READ or PROC\_CALL is set

# Linux I2C – I2C-Dev Driver

- Structures for SMBus transaction



# Linux I2C – I2C-Dev Driver

- struct file\_operations i2cdev\_fops

```
static const struct file_operations i2cdev_fops = {  
    .owner          = THIS_MODULE,  
    .llseek        = no_llseek,  
    .read           = i2cdev_read,  
    .write          = i2cdev_write,  
    .unlocked_ioctl = i2cdev_ioctl,  
    .compat_ioctl   = compat_i2cdev_ioctl,  
    .open           = i2cdev_open,  
    .release        = i2cdev_release,  
};
```

Userspace

- read()
- write()
- ioctl()
- open()
- close()



# Linux I2C – I2C-Dev Driver

- i2c\_dev\_init()

```
static int __init i2c_dev_init(void)
{
    ...
    res = register_chrdev_region(MKDEV(I2C_MAJOR, 0), I2C_MINORS, "i2c");
    ...
    i2c_dev_class = class_create(THIS_MODULE, "i2c-dev");
    ...
    i2c_for_each_dev(NULL, i2cdev_attach_adapter);
}
```

```
static int i2cdev_attach_adapter(struct device *dev, void *dummy)
{
    ...
    cdev_init(&i2c_dev->cdev, &i2cdev_fops);
    i2c_dev->cdev.owner = THIS_MODULE;
    res = cdev_add(&i2c_dev->cdev, MKDEV(I2C_MAJOR, adap->nr), 1);
    ...
    i2c_dev->dev = device_create(i2c_dev_class, &adap->dev,
                                MKDEV(I2C_MAJOR, adap->nr), NULL,
                                "i2c-%d", adap->nr);
}
```

- register major number(89) and minor numbers
- create class structure
- call i2c\_attach\_adapter for every adapter
- create cdev structure
- add character device to system
- create device (/dev/i2c-%d)

# Linux I2C – I2C-Dev Driver

- `i2c_dev_exit()`

```
static void __exit i2c_dev_exit(void)
{
    bus_unregister_notifier(&i2c_bus_type, &i2cdev_notifier);
    i2c_for_each_dev(NULL, i2cdev_detach_adapter);
    class_destroy(i2c_dev_class);
    unregister_chrdev_region(MKDEV(I2C_MAJOR, 0), I2C_MINORS);
}
```

- call `i2c_detach_adapter()` for every adapter
- destroy class structure
- unregister major number(89) and minor numbers

```
static int i2cdev_detach_adapter(struct device *dev, void *dummy)
{
    ...
    cdev_del(&i2c_dev->cdev);
    put_i2c_dev(i2c_dev);
    device_destroy(i2c_dev_class, MKDEV(I2C_MAJOR, adap->nr));
}
```

- create cdev structure
- destroy device

# Linux I2C – I2C-Dev Driver

```
Terminal - kaiden@debian: /  
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help  
kaiden@debian:/$ sudo modprobe i2c-dev  
kaiden@debian:/$ ls -al /dev | grep i2c  
crw-rw---- 1 root i2c 89, 0 Sep 30 10:08 i2c-0  
crw-rw---- 1 root i2c 89, 1 Sep 30 10:08 i2c-1  
crw-rw---- 1 root i2c 89, 10 Sep 30 10:08 i2c-10  
crw-rw---- 1 root i2c 89, 2 Sep 30 10:08 i2c-2  
crw-rw---- 1 root i2c 89, 3 Sep 30 10:08 i2c-3  
crw-rw---- 1 root i2c 89, 4 Sep 30 10:08 i2c-4  
crw-rw---- 1 root i2c 89, 5 Sep 30 10:08 i2c-5  
crw-rw---- 1 root i2c 89, 6 Sep 30 10:08 i2c-6  
crw-rw---- 1 root i2c 89, 7 Sep 30 10:08 i2c-7  
crw-rw---- 1 root i2c 89, 8 Sep 30 10:08 i2c-8  
crw-rw---- 1 root i2c 89, 9 Sep 30 10:08 i2c-9  
kaiden@debian:/$
```

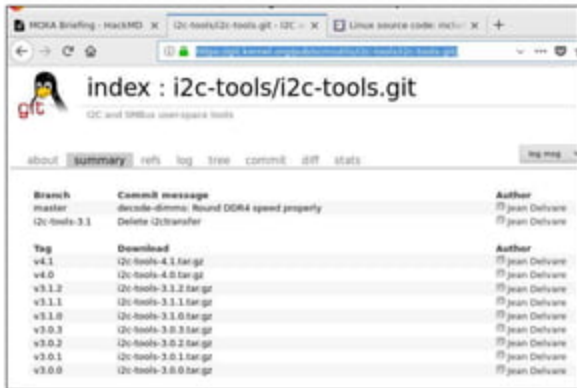
- Introduction to I2C
  - Basics
  - I2C/SMBus Protocol
- **Linux I2C**
  - Linux I2C Subsystem
  - I2C Bus Driver
  - I2C Adapter Driver
  - I2C-Dev Driver
  - **I2C-Tools**
  - I2C-Stub Driver
  - I2C Client Driver

# Linux I2C – I2C-Tools

- I2C-tools

- i2cdetect
- i2cdump
- i2cset
- i2cget
- i2ctransfer

- By “apt-get install i2c-tools”  
this executable won't be included



# Linux I2C – I2C-Tools

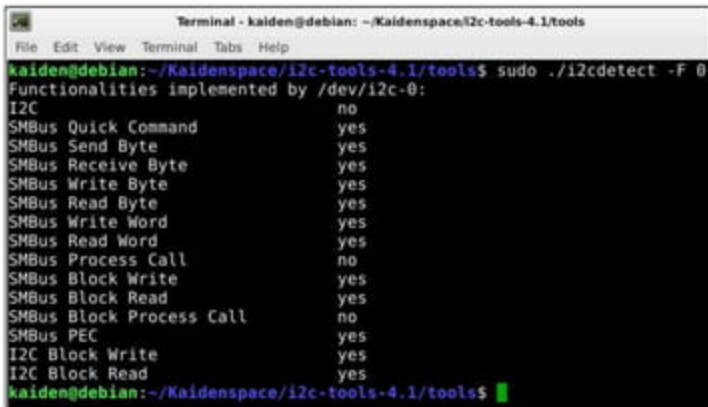
- i2cdetect : show all the adapter(bus) info

```
Terminal - kaiden@debian: ~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help
kaiden@debian:~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools$ sudo ./i2cdetect -l
i2c-3  i2c      1915 gmbus dpd      I2C adapter
i2c-1  i2c      1915 gmbus dpc      I2C adapter
i2c-8  i2c      nvkm-0000:01:00.0-bus-0005  I2C adapter
i2c-6  i2c      nvkm-0000:01:00.0-bus-0001  I2C adapter
i2c-4  i2c      DPDDC-A      I2C adapter
i2c-2  i2c      1915 qmbus dpb      I2C adapter
i2c-0  smbus    SMBus I801 adapter at f040  SMBus adapter
i2c-9  i2c      Synopsys DesignWare I2C adapter  I2C adapter
i2c-10 i2c      Synopsys DesignWare I2C adapter  I2C adapter
i2c-7  i2c      nvkm-0000:01:00.0-bus-0002  I2C adapter
i2c-5  i2c      DPDDC-B      I2C adapter
kaiden@debian:~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools$
```

```
Terminal - kaiden@debian: /sys/class/i2c-dev/i2c-0
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help
kaiden@debian:/sys/class/i2c-dev/i2c-0$ cat name
SMBus I801 adapter at f040
kaiden@debian:/sys/class/i2c-dev/i2c-0$
```

# Linux I2C – I2C-Tools

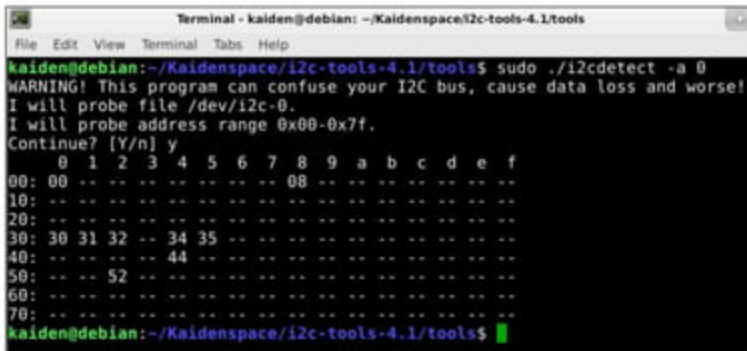
- i2cdetect : check functionality

A terminal window titled 'Terminal - kaiden@debian: ~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools'. The prompt is 'kaiden@debian:~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools\$'. The command 'sudo ./i2cdetect -F 0' has been executed. The output shows 'Functionalities implemented by /dev/i2c-0:' followed by a list of I2C and SMBus features and their status (yes/no).

```
Terminal - kaiden@debian: ~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help
kaiden@debian:~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools$ sudo ./i2cdetect -F 0
Functionalities implemented by /dev/i2c-0:
I2C                                no
SMBus Quick Command                yes
SMBus Send Byte                    yes
SMBus Receive Byte                 yes
SMBus Write Byte                   yes
SMBus Read Byte                    yes
SMBus Write Word                   yes
SMBus Read Word                    yes
SMBus Process Call                 no
SMBus Block Write                  yes
SMBus Block Read                   yes
SMBus Block Process Call           no
SMBus PEC                          yes
I2C Block Write                    yes
I2C Block Read                     yes
kaiden@debian:~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools$
```

# Linux I2C – I2C-Tools

- i2cdetect : check slave devices attach to a certain adapter

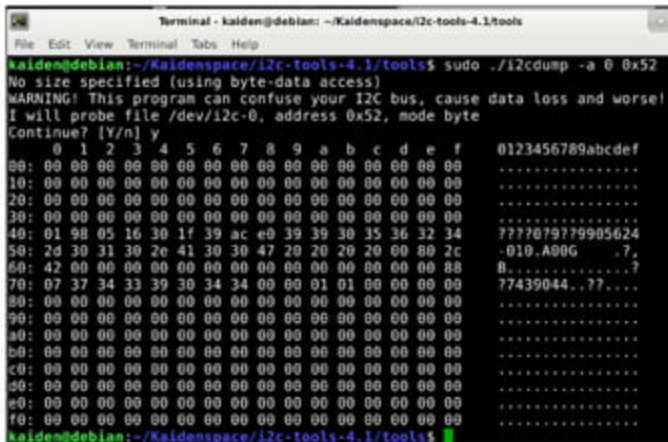


```
Terminal - kaiden@debian: ~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help
kaiden@debian:~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools$ sudo ./i2cdetect -a 0
WARNING! This program can confuse your I2C bus, cause data loss and worse!
I will probe file /dev/i2c-0.
I will probe address range 0x00-0x7f.
Continue? [Y/n] y
    0  1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9  a  b  c  d  e  f
00: 00 -- -- -- -- -- -- -- 08 -- -- -- -- -- --
10: -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- --
20: -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- --
30: 30 31 32 -- 34 35 -- -- -- -- -- -- -- --
40: -- -- -- -- 44 -- -- -- -- -- -- -- --
50: -- -- 52 -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- --
60: -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- --
70: -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- --
kaiden@debian:~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools$
```



# Linux I2C – I2C-Tools

- i2cdump : show the values of all the registers within a slave device



```
Terminal - kaiden@debian: ~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help
kaiden@debian:~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools$ sudo ./i2cdump -a 0 0x52
No size specified (using byte-data access)
WARNING! This program can confuse your I2C bus, cause data loss and worse!
I will probe file /dev/i2c-0, address 0x52, mode byte
Continue? [Y/n] y
  0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 a b c d e f 0123456789abcdef
00: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
10: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
20: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
30: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
40: 01 98 05 16 30 1f 39 ac e0 39 39 30 35 36 32 34 7777079779905624
50: 2d 30 31 30 2e 41 30 30 47 20 20 20 20 00 00 2c -010.A00G .7,
60: 42 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 88 B.....?
70: 07 37 34 33 39 30 34 34 00 00 01 01 00 00 00 00 77439044..??...
80: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
90: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
a0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
b0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
c0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
d0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
e0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
f0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
kaiden@debian:~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools$
```

# Linux I2C – I2C-Tools

- i2cget/i2cset : SMBus transaction
- i2ctransfer : I2C transaction

```
Terminal - kaiden@debian: ~/Kaidenspace/I2c-tools-4.1/tools
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help

kaiden@debian:~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools$ sudo ./i2cget 0 0x52 0x41
No size specified (using byte-data access)
WARNING! This program can confuse your I2C bus, cause data loss and worse!
I will probe file /dev/i2c-0, address 0x52, mode byte
Continue? [Y/n] y
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 a b c d e f
00: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
10: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
20: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
30: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
40: 01 08 05 16 30 1f 39 ac e0 39 39 30 35 36 32 34
50: 2d 30 31 30 2e 41 30 30 47 20 20 20 20 00 80 2c
60: 42 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 88
70: 07 37 34 33 39 30 34 34 00 00 01 01 00 00 00 00
```

```
Terminal - kaiden@debian: ~/Kaidenspace/I2c-tools-4.1/tools
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help

kaiden@debian:~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools$ sudo ./i2cget 0 0x52 0x41
WARNING! This program can confuse your I2C bus, cause data loss and worse!
I will read from device file /dev/i2c-0, chip address 0x52, data address
0x41, using read byte data.
Continue? [Y/n] y
0x98
kaiden@debian:~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools$
```

```
Terminal - kaiden@debian: ~/Kaidenspace/I2c-tools-4.1/tools
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help

kaiden@debian:~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools$ sudo ./i2ctransfer 0 w100x52 0x41 r1
Error: Adapter does not have I2C transfers capability
kaiden@debian:~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools$
```

I2C transaction not supported by a SMBus adapter

# Linux I2C – I2C-Tools

- i2cget/i2cset : SMBus transaction
- i2ctransfer : I2C transaction

```
Terminal - kaiden@debian: ~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help

kaiden@debian:~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools$ sudo
[sudo] password for kaiden:
No size specified (using byte-data access)
WARNING! This program can confuse your I2C bus, cause data loss and worse!
I will probe file /dev/i2c-4, address 0x50, mode byte-data access.
Continue? [Y/n] y
 0  1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9  a  b  c  d  e  f
00: 00 ff ff ff ff ff ff 00 06 af ed 38 00 00 00 00
10: 2b 18 01 04 95 22 13 78 02 51 25 93 58 57 8f 28
20: 1f 50 54 00 00 00 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01
30: 01 01 01 01 01 01 78 37 80 b4 70 38 2e 40 6c 30
40: aa 00 58 c1 10 00 00 18 00 00 00 0f 00 00 00 00
50: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 20 00 00 00 fe 00 41
60: 55 4f 0a 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 00 00 00 fe
70: 00 42 31 35 36 48 54 4e 30 33 2e 38 20 0a 00 e9
```

```
Terminal - kaiden@debian: ~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help

kaiden@debian:~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools$ sudo ./i2cget 4 0x50 0x50
WARNING! This program can confuse your I2C bus, cause data loss and worse!
I will read from device file /dev/i2c-4, chip address 0x50, data address
0x50, using read byte data.
Continue? [Y/n] y
0x55
kaiden@debian:~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools$
```

```
Terminal - kaiden@debian: ~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help

kaiden@debian:~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools$ sudo ./i2ctransfer 4 w@0x50 0x00 r@
WARNING! This program can confuse your I2C bus, cause data loss and worse!
I will send the following messages to device file /dev/i2c-4:
msg 0: addr 0x50, write, len 1, buf 0x00
msg 1: addr 0x50, read, len 1
Continue? [Y/N] y
0x55
kaiden@debian:~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools$
```

both kinds of transaction work well on a I2C adapter <sup>67</sup>

# Linux I2C – I2C-Tools

- I2C-tools source code : tools/i2cbusses.c

```
int open_i2c_dev(int i2cbus, char *filename, size_t size, int quiet)
{
    int file;

    sprintf(filename, size, "/dev/i2c/%d", i2cbus);
    filename[size - 1] = '\0';
    file = open(filename, O_RDWR);

    if (file < 0 && (errno == ENOENT || errno == ENOTDIR)) {
        sprintf(filename, "/dev/i2c-%d", i2cbus);
        file = open(filename, O_RDWR);
    }
}
```

```
static enum adt i2c_get_funcs(int i2cbus)
{
    unsigned long funcs;
    int file;
    char filename[20];
    enum adt ret;

    file = open_i2c_dev(i2cbus, filename, sizeof(filename), 1);
    if (file < 0)
        return adt_unknown;

    if (ioctl(file, I2C_FUNCS, &funcs) < 0)
        ret = adt_unknown;
    else if (funcs & I2C_FUNC_I2C)
        ret = adt_i2c;
}
```

```
int set_slave_addr(int file, int address, int force)
{
    /* with force, let the user read from/write to the registers
     * when a device is addressable by force */
    if (ioctl(file, force ? I2C_SLAVE_FORCE : I2C_SLAVE, address) < 0) {
        fprintf(stderr,
            "Error: Could not set address to 0x%02x: %s\n",
            address, strerror(errno));
        return -errno;
    }

    return 0;
}
```

# Linux I2C – I2C-Tools

- I2C-tools source code : lib/smbus.c

```
__s32 i2c_smbus_read_byte(int file)
{
    union i2c_smbus_data data;
    int err;

    err = i2c_smbus_access(file, I2C_SMBUS_READ, 0, I2C_SMBUS_BYTE, &data);
    if (err < 0)
        return err;

    return 0xFF & data.byte;
}
```

```
__s32 i2c_smbus_access(int file, char read_write, __u8 command,
                      int size, union i2c_smbus_data *data)
{
    struct i2c_smbus_ioctl_data args;
    __s32 err;

    args.read_write = read_write;
    args.command = command;
    args.size = size;
    args.data = data;

    err = ioctl(file, I2C_SMBUS, &args);
    if (err == -1)
        err = -errno;
    return err;
}
```

# Linux I2C – I2C-Tools

- i2c-tools source code : tools/i2ctransfer.c

```
msgs[rmsgs].addr = address;  
msgs[rmsgs].flags = flags;  
msgs[rmsgs].len = len;
```

```
struct i2c_rdwr_ioctl_data rdwr;  
  
rdwr.msgs = msgs;  
rdwr.nmsgs = nmsgs;  
nmsgs_sent = ioctl(file, I2C_RDWR, &rdwr);  
if (nmsgs_sent < 0) {  
    fprintf(stderr, "Error: Sending messages failed: %s\n", strerror(errno));  
    goto err_out;  
} else if (nmsgs_sent < nmsgs) {  
    fprintf(stderr, "Warning: only %d/%d messages were sent\n", nmsgs_sent, nmsgs);  
}
```

- Introduction to I2C
  - Basics
  - I2C/SMBus Protocol
- **Linux I2C**
  - Linux I2C Subsystem
  - I2C Bus Driver
  - I2C Adapter Driver
  - I2C-Dev Driver
  - I2C-Tools
  - **I2C-Stub Driver**
  - I2C Client Driver

# Linux I2C – I2C-Stub Driver

- I2C-stub driver : a fake I2C/SMBus driver

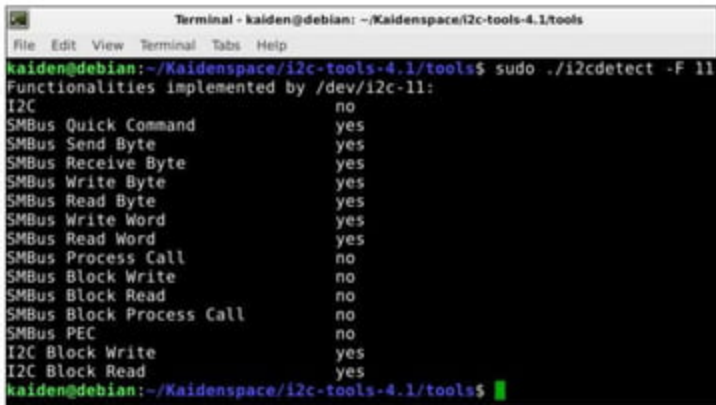
```
Terminal - kaiden@debian: /sys/bus/i2c/devices
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help
kaiden@debian:/sys/bus/i2c/devices$ ls
i2c-0 i2c-10 i2c-3 i2c-5 i2c-7 i2c-9
i2c-1 i2c-2 i2c-4 i2c-6 i2c-8 i2c-FTE1001:00
kaiden@debian:/sys/bus/i2c/devices$ sudo modprobe i2c-stub chip_addr=0x50
kaiden@debian:/sys/bus/i2c/devices$ ls
i2c-0 i2c-10 i2c-2 i2c-4 i2c-6 i2c-8 i2c-FTE1001:00
i2c-1 i2c-11 i2c-3 i2c-5 i2c-7 i2c-9
kaiden@debian:/sys/bus/i2c/devices$
```

```
Terminal - kaiden@debian: ~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help
kaiden@debian:~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools$ sudo ./i2cdetect -l
i2c-3 i2c 1915 gmbus dpd I2C adapter
i2c-1 i2c 1915 smbus dpc I2C adapter
i2c-11 smbus SMBus stub driver SMBus adapter
i2c-8 i2c nvkm-0000:01:00.0-bus-0005 I2C adapter
i2c-6 i2c nvkm-0000:01:00.0-bus-0001 I2C adapter
i2c-4 i2c DP0DC-A I2C adapter
i2c-2 i2c 1915 gmbus dpb I2C adapter
i2c-0 smbus SMBus I801 adapter at f040 SMBus adapter
i2c-9 i2c Synopsys DesignWare I2C adapter I2C adapter
i2c-10 i2c Synopsys DesignWare I2C adapter I2C adapter
i2c-7 i2c nvkm-0000:01:00.0-bus-0002 I2C adapter
i2c-5 i2c DP0DC-B I2C adapter
kaiden@debian:~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools$
```



# Linux I2C – I2C-Stub Driver

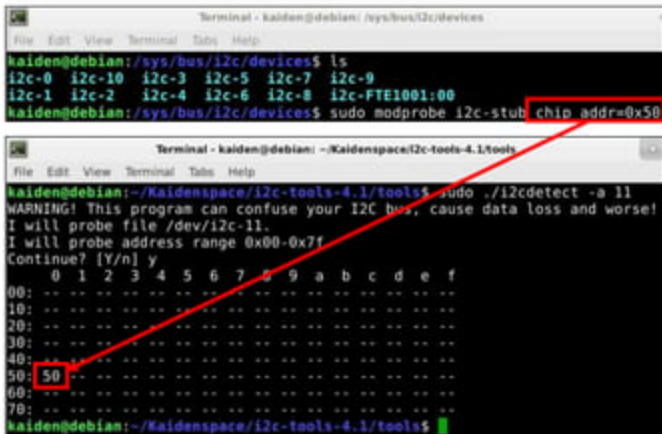
- I2C-stub adapter functionality

A terminal window titled "Terminal - kaiden@debian: ~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools" with a menu bar (File, Edit, View, Terminal, Tabs, Help). The prompt is "kaiden@debian:~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools\$". The command "sudo ./i2cdetect -F 11" has been executed. The output shows "Functionalities implemented by /dev/i2c-11:" followed by a list of features and their status (yes/no).

```
Terminal - kaiden@debian: ~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help
kaiden@debian:~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools$ sudo ./i2cdetect -F 11
Functionalities implemented by /dev/i2c-11:
I2C                                no
SMBus Quick Command                yes
SMBus Send Byte                    yes
SMBus Receive Byte                 yes
SMBus Write Byte                   yes
SMBus Read Byte                    yes
SMBus Write Word                   yes
SMBus Read Word                    yes
SMBus Process Call                 no
SMBus Block Write                  no
SMBus Block Read                   no
SMBus Block Process Call           no
SMBus PEC                          no
I2C Block Write                    yes
I2C Block Read                     yes
kaiden@debian:~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools$
```

# Linux I2C – I2C-Stub Driver

- chip\_addr : slave address of virtual client



```
Terminal - kaiden@debian: /sys/bus/i2c/devices
kaiden@debian:/sys/bus/i2c/devices$ ls
i2c-0 i2c-10 i2c-3 i2c-5 i2c-7 i2c-9
i2c-1 i2c-2 i2c-4 i2c-6 i2c-8 i2c-FTE1001:00
kaiden@debian:/sys/bus/i2c/devices$ sudo modprobe i2c-stub chip addr=0x50

Terminal - kaiden@debian: ~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools
kaiden@debian:~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools$ sudo ./i2cdetect -a 11
WARNING! This program can confuse your I2C bus, cause data loss and worse!
I will probe file /dev/i2c-11.
I will probe address range 0x00-0x7f
Continue? [Y/n] y
    0  1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9  a  b  c  d  e  f
00:  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --
10:  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --
20:  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --
30:  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --
40:  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --
50:  50  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --
60:  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --
70:  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --
kaiden@debian:~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools$
```

# Linux I2C – I2C-Stub Driver

- I2C-stub adapter works as a real adapter (can do SMBus transfer)

```
Terminal - kaiden@debian: ~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help
kaiden@debian:~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools$ sudo ./i2cdump -a 11 0x50
No size specified (using byte-data access)
WARNING! This program can confuse your I2C bus, cause data loss and worse!
I will probe file /dev/i2c-11, address 0x50, mode byte
Continue? [Y/n] y
  0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 a b c d e f 0123456789abcdef
00: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
10: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
20: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
30: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
40: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
50: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
60: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
70: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
80: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
90: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
a0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
b0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
c0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
d0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
e0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
f0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
kaiden@debian:~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools$
```

```
Terminal - kaiden@debian: ~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help
kaiden@debian:~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools$ sudo ./i2cset -y 11 0x50 0x00 0x00
kaiden@debian:~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools$ sudo ./i2cset -y 11 0x50 0x01 0x00
kaiden@debian:~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools$ sudo ./i2cset -y 11 0x50 0x02 0x00
kaiden@debian:~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools$ sudo ./i2cset -y 11 0x50 0x03 0x0f
kaiden@debian:~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools$ sudo ./i2cdump -ya 11 0x50
No size specified (using byte-data access)
  0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 a b c d e f 0123456789abcdef
00: de ad be ef 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
10: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
20: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
30: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
40: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
50: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
60: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
70: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
80: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
90: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
a0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
b0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
c0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
d0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
e0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
f0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
kaiden@debian:~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools$
```

# Linux I2C – I2C-Stub Driver

- I2C driver testing with i2c-stub adapter
  - addresses of **eeeprom** device are between 0x50~ 0x57
  - with chip\_addr=0x50, device will be bound after modprobe eeeprom driver

```
Terminal - kaiden@debian: /sys/bus/i2c/devices/11-0050
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help
kaiden@debian:/sys/bus/i2c/devices$ ls
i2c-0 i2c-10 i2c-2 i2c-4 i2c-6 i2c-8 i2c-FTE1001:00
i2c-1 i2c-11 i2c-3 i2c-5 i2c-7 i2c-9
kaiden@debian:/sys/bus/i2c/devices$ sudo modprobe eeeprom
kaiden@debian:/sys/bus/i2c/devices$ ls
0-0052 4-0050 i2c-1 i2c-11 i2c-3 i2c-5 i2c-7 i2c-9
11-0050 i2c-0 i2c-10 i2c-2 i2c-4 i2c-6 i2c-8 i2c-FTE1001:00

kaiden@debian:/sys/bus/i2c/drivers/eeeprom$ ls
0-0052 11-0070 4-0050 bind module uevent unbind
kaiden@debian:/sys/bus/i2c/drivers/eeeprom$
```

# Linux I2C – I2C-Stub Driver

- I2C driver testing with i2c-stub adapter
  - with chip\_addr=0x70, device won't be detected after modprobe eeeprom driver -> file "new\_device" comes to the rescue

```
Terminal - kaiden@debian: /sys/bus/i2c/drivers/eeeprom
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help

kaiden@debian:/sys/bus/i2c/devices$ sudo modprobe i2c-stub chip_addr=0x70
kaiden@debian:/sys/bus/i2c/devices$ sudo modprobe eeeprom
kaiden@debian:/sys/bus/i2c/devices$ ls
0-0052 i2c-0 i2c-10 i2c-2 i2c-4 i2c-6 i2c-8 i2c-FTE1001:00
4-0050 i2c-1 i2c-11 i2c-3 i2c-5 i2c-7 i2c-9

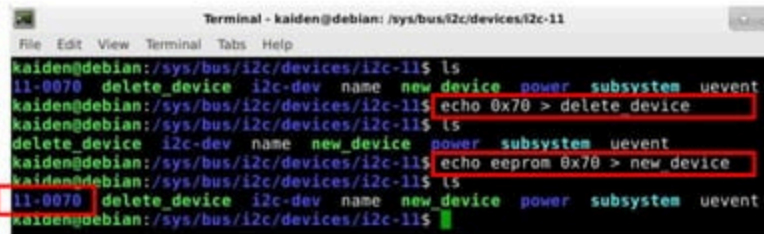
kaiden@debian:/sys/bus/i2c/drivers/eeeprom$ ls
0-0052 4-0050 bind module uevent unbind

kaiden@debian:/sys/bus/i2c/devices/i2c-11$ echo eeeprom 0x70 > new_device
kaiden@debian:/sys/bus/i2c/devices/i2c-11$ cd ..
kaiden@debian:/sys/bus/i2c/devices$ cd ..
kaiden@debian:/sys/bus/i2c$ ls
devices drivers drivers autoprobe drivers_probe uevent
kaiden@debian:/sys/bus/i2c$ cd devices/
kaiden@debian:/sys/bus/i2c/devices$ ls
n-0052 4-0050 i2c-1 i2c-11 i2c-3 i2c-5 i2c-7 i2c-9
11-0070 i2c-0 i2c-10 i2c-2 i2c-4 i2c-6 i2c-8 i2c-FTE1001:00

kaiden@debian:/sys/bus/i2c/drivers/eeeprom$ ls
0-0052 11-0070 4-0050 bind module uevent unbind
kaiden@debian:/sys/bus/i2c/drivers/eeeprom$
```

# Linux I2C – I2C-Stub Driver

- I2C driver testing with i2c-stub adapter
  - devices : new\_device/delete\_device

A terminal window titled "Terminal - kaiden@debian: /sys/bus/i2c/devices/i2c-11" with a menu bar (File, Edit, View, Terminal, Tabs, Help). The terminal shows a sequence of commands and their outputs. The first command is 'ls', which outputs '11-0070 delete\_device i2c-dev name new\_device power subsystem uevent'. The second command is 'echo 0x70 > delete\_device'. The third command is 'ls', which outputs 'delete\_device i2c-dev name new\_device power subsystem uevent'. The fourth command is 'echo eeprom 0x70 > new\_device'. The fifth command is 'ls', which outputs '11-0070 delete\_device i2c-dev name new\_device power subsystem uevent'. The sixth command is a prompt with a green cursor.

```
Terminal - kaiden@debian: /sys/bus/i2c/devices/i2c-11
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help
kaiden@debian:/sys/bus/i2c/devices/i2c-11$ ls
11-0070 delete_device i2c-dev name new_device power subsystem uevent
kaiden@debian:/sys/bus/i2c/devices/i2c-11$ echo 0x70 > delete_device
kaiden@debian:/sys/bus/i2c/devices/i2c-11$ ls
delete_device i2c-dev name new_device power subsystem uevent
kaiden@debian:/sys/bus/i2c/devices/i2c-11$ echo eeprom 0x70 > new_device
kaiden@debian:/sys/bus/i2c/devices/i2c-11$ ls
11-0070 delete_device i2c-dev name new_device power subsystem uevent
kaiden@debian:/sys/bus/i2c/devices/i2c-11$
```

# Linux I2C – I2C-Stub Driver

- I2C driver testing with i2c-stub adapter
  - drivers : bind/unbind

```
Terminal - kaiden@debian: /sys/bus/i2c/drivers/eeeprom$  
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help  
kaiden@debian:~/sys/bus/i2c/drivers/eeeprom$ ls  
0-0052 11-0070 4-0050 bind module uevent unbind  
kaiden@debian:~/sys/bus/i2c/drivers/eeeprom$ echo 11-0070 > unbind  
kaiden@debian:~/sys/bus/i2c/drivers/eeeprom$ ls  
0-0052 4-0050 bind module uevent unbind  
kaiden@debian:~/sys/bus/i2c/drivers/eeeprom$ echo 11-0070 > bind  
kaiden@debian:~/sys/bus/i2c/drivers/eeeprom$ ls  
0-0052 11-0070 4-0050 bind module uevent unbind  
kaiden@debian:~/sys/bus/i2c/drivers/eeeprom$
```

```
Terminal - kaiden@debian: ~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools$  
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help  
kaiden@debian:~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools$ sudo ./i2cdetect -ya 11  
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 a b c d e f  
00:  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  
10:  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  
20:  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  
30:  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  
40:  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  
50:  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  
60:  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  
70: 70  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  
kaiden@debian:~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools$ sudo ./i2cdetect -ya 11  
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 a b c d e f  
00:  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  
10:  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  
20:  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  
30:  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  
40:  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  
50:  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  
60:  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  
70: UU  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  ..  
kaiden@debian:~/Kaidenspace/i2c-tools-4.1/tools$
```

- Introduction to I2C
  - Basics
  - I2C/SMBus Protocol
- **Linux I2C**
  - Linux I2C Subsystem
  - I2C Bus Driver
  - I2C Adapter Driver
  - I2C-Dev Driver
  - I2C-Tools
  - I2C-Stub Driver
  - **I2C Client Driver**



## Linux I2C – I2C Client Driver

- Client driver (/drivers/mfd/tps65086.c)
  - `tps65086_probe()`
  - `tps65086_remove()`
  - `struct i2c_driver tps65086_driver`
  - `module_i2c_driver(tps65086_driver)`

# Linux I2C – I2C Client Driver

- Probe / remove

```
static int tps65086_probe(struct i2c_client *client,
                          const struct i2c_device_id *ids)
{
    struct tps65086 *tps;
    unsigned int version;
    int ret;

    tps = devm_kzalloc(&client->dev, sizeof(*tps), GFP_KERNEL);
    if (!tps)
        return -ENOMEM;

    i2c_set_clientdata(client, tps);
    tps->dev = &client->dev;
    tps->irq = client->irq;

    tps->regmap = devm_regmap_init_i2c(client, &tps65086_regmap_config);
    ...
    ret = regmap_read(tps->regmap, TPS65086_DEVICEID, &version);
    ...
    ret = regmap_add_irq_chip(tps->regmap, tps->irq, IRQF_ONESHOT, 0,
                             &tps65086_irq_chip, &tps->irq_data);
    ...
    ret = mfd_add_devices(tps->dev, PLATFORM_DEVID_AUTO, tps65086_cells,
                          ARRAY_SIZE(tps65086_cells), NULL, 0,
                          regmap_irq_get_domain(tps->irq_data));
}
```

```
static int tps65086_remove(struct i2c_client *client)
{
    struct tps65086 *tps = i2c_get_clientdata(client);

    regmap_del_irq_chip(tps->irq, tps->irq_data);

    return 0;
}
```

# Linux I2C – I2C Client Driver

- i2c\_get\_clientdata() / i2c\_set\_clientdata()

```
static inline void *i2c_get_clientdata(const struct i2c_client *dev)
{
    return dev_get_drvdata(&dev->dev);
}
```



```
static inline void *dev_get_drvdata(const struct device *dev)
{
    return dev->driver_data;
}
```


```
static inline void i2c_set_clientdata(struct i2c_client *dev, void *data)
{
    dev_set_drvdata(&dev->dev, data);
}
```



```
static inline void dev_set_drvdata(struct device *dev, void *data)
{
    dev->driver_data = data;
}
```

# Linux I2C – I2C Client Driver

- devmem\_regmap\_init\_i2c()
  - \_\_regmap\_lockdep\_wrapper()
    - \_\_regmap\_init\_i2c()
      - regmap\_get\_i2c\_bus()
        - i2c\_check\_functionality()
        - return
      - \_\_regmap\_init()

  
&regmap\_i2c  
&regmap\_i2c\_smbus\_i2c\_block  
&regmap\_smbus\_word\_swapped  
&regmap\_smbus\_word  
&regmap\_smbus\_byte

```
static const struct regmap_bus *regmap_get_i2c_bus(struct i2c_client *i2c,
                                                    const struct regmap_config *config)
{
    if (i2c_check_functionality(i2c->adapter, I2C_FUNC_I2C))
        return &regmap_i2c;
    else if (config->val_bits == 0 && config->reg_bits == 0 &&
             i2c_check_functionality(i2c->adapter,
                                     I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_I2C_BLOCK))
        return &regmap_i2c_smbus_i2c_block;
    else if (config->val_bits == 16 && config->reg_bits == 0 &&
             i2c_check_functionality(i2c->adapter,
                                     I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_WORD_DATA))
        switch (regmap_get_val_endian(i2c->dev, NULL, config)) {
            case REGMAP_ENDIAN_LITTLE:
                return &regmap_smbus_word;
            case REGMAP_ENDIAN_BIG:
                return &regmap_smbus_word_swapped;
            default:
                /* everything else is not supported */
                break;
        }
    else if (config->val_bits == 0 && config->reg_bits == 0 &&
             i2c_check_functionality(i2c->adapter,
                                     I2C_FUNC_SMBUS_BYTE_DATA))
        return &regmap_smbus_byte;

    return ERR_PTR(-ENOTSUPP);
}
```

# Linux I2C – I2C Client Driver

- regmap\_i2c

```
static struct regmap_bus regmap_i2c = {  
    .write = regmap_i2c_write,  
    .gather_write = regmap_i2c_gather_write,  
    .read = regmap_i2c_read,  
    .reg_format_endian_default = REGMAP_ENDIAN_BIG,  
    .val_format_endian_default = REGMAP_ENDIAN_BIG,  
};
```



```
static int regmap_i2c_read(void *context,  
                           const void *reg, size_t reg_size,  
                           void *val, size_t val_size)  
{  
    struct device *dev = context;  
    struct i2c_client *i2c = to_i2c_client(dev);  
    struct i2c_msg xfer[2];  
    int ret;  
  
    xfer[0].addr = i2c->addr;  
    xfer[0].flags = 0;  
    xfer[0].len = reg_size;  
    xfer[0].buf = (void *)reg;  
  
    xfer[1].addr = i2c->addr;  
    xfer[1].flags = I2C_M_RD;  
    xfer[1].len = val_size;  
    xfer[1].buf = val;  
  
    ret = i2c_transfer(i2c->adapter, xfer, 2);  
    if (ret == 2)  
        return 0;  
    else if (ret == 0)  
        return ret;  
    else  
        return -EIO;  
}
```

# Linux I2C – I2C Client Driver

- mfd\_add\_devices()
  - mfd\_add\_device()
    - platform\_device\_add()
      - device\_add()

# Linux I2C – I2C Client Driver

- Matching

/arch/arm64/boot/dts/xilinx/zynqmp-zcu100-recvC.dts

```
static const struct of_device_id tps65086_of_match_table[] = {  
    { compatible = "ti,tps65086",  
      /* sentinel */  
    },  
};  
MODULE_DEVICE_TABLE(of, tps65086_of_match_table);
```

```
i2csw_4: i2c@4 {  
    #address-cells = <1>;  
    #size-cells = <0>;  
    reg = <0x4>;  
  
    pmic: pmic@5e { /* Custom TI PMIC u33 */  
        compatible = "ti,tps65086";  
        reg = <0x5e>;  
        interrupt-parent = <8gpio>;  
        interrupts = <77 GPIO_ACTIVE_LOW>;  
        #gpio-cells = <2>;  
        gpio-controller;  
    };  
};
```

# Linux I2C – I2C Client Driver

- Device driver structure

```
static struct i2c_driver tps65086_driver = {  
    .driver = {  
        .name = "tps65086",  
        .of_match_table = tps65086_of_match_table,  
    },  
    .probe = tps65086_probe,  
    .remove = tps65086_remove,  
    .id_table = tps65086_id_table,  
};  
module_i2c_driver(tps65086_driver);
```




# Linux I2C – I2C Client Driver

- Driver registration/unregistration

```
#define module_i2c_driver(__i2c_driver) \  
    module_driver(__i2c_driver, i2c_add_driver, \  
        i2c_del_driver)
```

```
#define module_driver(__driver, __register, __unregister, ...) \  
static int __init __driver##_init(void) \  
{ \  
    return __register(&(__driver), ##_VA_ARGS__); \  
} \  
module_init(__driver##_init); \  
static void __exit __driver##_exit(void) \  
{ \  
    __unregister(&(__driver), ##_VA_ARGS__); \  
} \  
module_exit(__driver##_exit);
```



```
static int __init tps65086_driver_init(void) \  
{ \  
    return i2c_add_driver(&(tps65086_driver)); \  
} \  
module_init(tps65086_driver_init); \  
static void __exit tps65086_driver_exit(void) \  
{ \  
    i2c_del_driver(&(tps65086_driver)); \  
} \  
module_exit(tps65086_driver_exit);
```

# Linux I2C – I2C Client Driver

- i2c\_add\_driver() / i2c\_del\_driver()

```
#define i2c_add_driver(driver) \  
    i2c_register_driver(THIS_MODULE, driver)
```

```
int i2c_register_driver(struct module *owner, struct i2c_driver *driver)  
{  
    int res;  
  
    /* Can't register until after driver model init */  
    if (!WARN_ON(!ia_registered))  
        return -EINVAL;  
  
    /* add the driver to the list of i2c drivers in the driver core */  
    driver->driver.owner = owner;  
    driver->driver.bus = &i2c_bus_type;  
    INIT_LIST_HEAD(&driver->clients);  
  
    /* when registration returns, the driver core  
     * will have called probe() for all matching-but-unbound devices.  
     */  
    res = driver_register(&driver->driver);  
    if (res)  
        return res;  
  
    pr_debug("driver [%s] registered\n", driver->driver.name);  
  
    /* tell the subsystem that we already possess it  
     * i2c_for_each_dev(driver, __process_new_driver);  
     */  
    return 0;  
}  
EXPORT_SYMBOL(i2c_register_driver);
```

```
void i2c_del_driver(struct i2c_driver *driver)  
{  
    i2c_for_each_dev(driver, __process_removed_driver);  
  
    driver_unregister(&driver->driver);  
    pr_debug("driver [%s] unregistered\n", driver->driver.name);  
}  
EXPORT_SYMBOL(i2c_del_driver);
```

# Linux I2C – I2C Client Driver

- driver\_register()
  - bus\_add\_driver()
    - driver\_attach()
      - \_\_driver\_attach()
        - driver\_probe\_device()
          - really\_probe()



```
static int really_probe(struct device *dev, struct device_driver *drv)
{
    ...
    if (dev->bus->probe) {
        ret = dev->bus->probe(dev);
        if (ret)
            goto probe_failed;
    } else if (drv->probe) {
        ret = drv->probe(dev);
        if (ret)
            goto probe_failed;
    }
}
```

```
struct bus_type i2c_bus_type = {
    .name           = "i2c",
    .match          = i2c_device_match,
    .probe          = i2c_device_probe,
    .remove         = i2c_device_remove,
    .shutdown       = i2c_device_shutdown,
};
EXPORT_SYMBOL_GPL(i2c_bus_type);
```

probe is assigned in i2c\_bus\_type  
so bus->probe will be called

# Linux I2C – I2C Client Driver

- driver\_unregister()
  - Bus\_remove\_driver()
    - Driver\_detach()
      - Device\_release\_driver\_internal()
        - \_\_device\_release\_driver()



```
static void __device_release_driver(struct device *dev, struct device *parent)
{
    struct device_driver *drv;

    ...

    if (dev->bus && dev->bus->remove)
        dev->bus->remove(dev);
    else if (drv->remove)
        drv->remove(dev);
}
```

```
struct bus_type i2c_bus_type = {
    .name          = "i2c",
    .match         = i2c_device_match,
    .probe         = i2c_device_probe,
    .remove        = i2c_device_remove,
    .shutdown      = i2c_device_shutdown,
};
EXPORT_SYMBOL_GPL(i2c_bus_type);
```

# Linux I2C – I2C Client Driver

- i2c\_device\_probe() / i2c\_device\_remove()

```
static int i2c_device_probe(struct device *dev)
{
    struct i2c_client *client = i2c_verify_client(dev);
    struct i2c_driver *driver;
    int status;
    ...

    if (!driver->id_table ||
        i2c_acpi_match_device(dev->driver->acpi_match_table, client) ||
        i2c_of_match_device(dev->driver->of_match_table, client))
        return -ENODEV;

    ...

    if (driver->probe_new)
        status = driver->probe_new(client);
    else if (driver->probe)
        status = driver->probe(client,
                                i2c_match_id(driver->id_table, client));
    else
        status = -EINVAL;

    if (status)
        goto err_detach_pm_domain;
```

```
static int i2c_device_remove(struct device *dev)
{
    struct i2c_client *client = i2c_verify_client(dev);
    struct i2c_driver *driver;
    int status = 0;

    if (!client || !dev->driver)
        return 0;

    driver = to_i2c_driver(dev->driver);
    if (driver->remove) {
        dev_dbg(dev, "remove\n");
        status = driver->remove(client);
    }

    dev_pm_domain_detach(&client->dev, true);

    dev_pm_clear_wake_irq(&client->dev);
    device_init_wakeup(&client->dev, false);

    return status;
}
```

# Linux I2C – I2C Client Driver

- `__process_new_driver()`
  - `i2c_do_add_adapter()`
    - `i2c_detect()`
      - `i2c_detect_address()`
        - `i2c_default_probe()`
          - `i2c_check_functionality()`
          - `i2c_smbus_xfer()`
        - `driver->detect()`
        - `i2c_new_device()`
          - `device_register(&client->dev)`
            - `device_add()`
      - `driver->attach_adapter()`

- `__process_removed_driver()`
  - `i2c_do_del_adapter()`
    - `i2c_unregister_device()`
      - `device_unregister(&client->dev)`
        - `device_del()`

Thank you for your patience