

- difference b/w macro & function
- what is recursive c?
- implement length of string in generic pgm
- count the how many zero's & 1's in a given number
- what is circular tree
- storage class
- linked list

Niranjana

1. storage classes importance.
2. structure and union differences.
3. Write reverse string
4. Importance of sizeof().
5. When we get segmentation fault errors.
6. Draw and explain each and every memory segments and importance.
7. Why we use structures.
8. Single & double linked list differences.
9. Arrays and pointers, dif like Array creation and memory allocation.

Ankitha

1. Storage class classification
2. memory segments → stack, heap importance
3. I/p: - ankitha - anusha O/p: - ankithaanusha
4. Clear a bit
5. Set a bit
6. Little endian & big endian. Ex: 11 22 33 44

Sarojini and Akhil same questions

- Compilation stages.
- Storage classes

- Call by value and call by reference
- Recursive call
- Stack and Queue
- Why do we use DS?
- Code on no. of zeroes and no. of ones using bitwise.
- Code on reversing the elements in matrix using one for loop.

Ex: ilp: $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 8 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$ o/p: $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 & 1 \\ 6 & 5 & 4 \\ 9 & 8 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$

- Macro and function differences

Anusha Grajjeli (1407)

- 1) compilation stages
- 2) storage classes, Importance of extern & static keywords
- 3) Memory segments
- 4) Little Endian and Big Endian
- 5) Program related to Little Endian & Big Endian
- 6) Program on bitwise — $\text{ILP} : x = 0x11223344$
 $\text{OIP} : y = 0x44332211$

- 7) Program on bitwise —

ILP — 0xAA113366

OIP — 0x55118866

- 8) WAP on ~~mystr~~ length function
- 9) WAP on ~~mystr~~ reverse function

- 10) Program — ILP: Anusha123@##\$
OIP — anusha

Yamini

1. memory segments
2. compilation stages
3. string concatenation
4. function recursion program [largest number, factorial]
5. stack overflow
6. Bitwise operation
 - set n^{th} bit
 - clear n^{th} bit
 - toggle n^{th} bit
7. swap the bits.

Surya

- Explain trees?
- write 32 keywords
- given string "Hi good morning" reverse "morning good Hi"?
- find second biggest, biggest numbers in given array?
↳ consider \geq values also
- Structure padding? why?
- what is data structure?
- Auto storage on global variable works?
- class
- static keyword?
- extern keyword?
- what happens if there is same variable names globally and locally?

→ swap bits in given data (write function);
→ write program to access data from a static keyword
used variable in another file.

→ Can we assign data to structure members while
declaration and definition.

→ what is linear data structure and non-linear
data structure.

Pranav

- (1) Add at last in single linked list
- (2) explain all storage classes.
- (3) operation on arrays

Input

1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

arrange the all zeros in left side
" " " all ones in right side

output →

0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

- (4) Difference between static and dynamic library.
- (5) Example

```
printf("sample");
```

↓
print the above string without semicolon

- (6) PMA calls

Difference between malloc and calloc

- (7) Explain about free()

(8) write a program to access data from a static keyboard used variable in another file;

(9) string compare function

(10) Reverse a string using pointers

(11) swap the data using bitwise operator

(12) How page fault error is occurred?

(13) How to create floating point exception error;

Venu

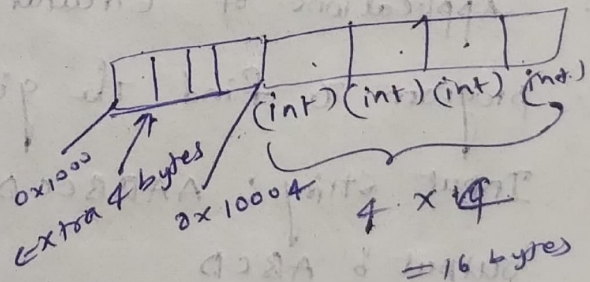
1. How free function knows how many bytes to de-allocate.

2. malloc v/s calloc

3. Can we declare structure without a tag name?

4. What are self ~~referential~~ structure

malloc(4 * size_of(int))



Dharmendra

① compilation stages

② Difference b/w structure & union

③ difference b/w Array & structure

④ implementation of printf ~~function~~ without including any headerfile & ~~compit~~ 'c' library functions without any warning or error

⑤ difference b/w inline functions & normal functions

⑥ difference b/w macros & functions

⑦ program based on strings

Aray

- 1) difference between macro and function
- 2) difference between macro and constant
- 3) what is inline function
- 4) write a program to delete n^{th} node from last
- 5) How do you invoke a static function into another file
- 6) difference between inline and macro function
- 7) what is recursion, advantages and disadvantages
- 8) How do you deallocate memory without using free
- 9) how does you delete last 3rd node with head in ~~deleted~~ ^{out} single linked list

mani

1. Difference between macro & function.
2. Difference b/w array & linked list
3. Applications of circular linked list
4. program to find the given number is powers of 2 or not.
5. Input string: AABBCDD
output: ABCD

S.MALI

- ① What is padding
- ② What can we remove here from the memory in structure storage
- ③ set a particular bit no 5 / clear that same bit in bitwise operator

Q) we know can we swap the content of two variable without third variable

5) ~~int~~ int add (int) -> f1.c

```
{
    static int x;
```

```
}
```

void sub (int) -> f2.c

change the value of x
in f2.c without using

```
{
```

extern

```
}
```

5) Write a program in structure (single link list) where we have one int variable length and

struct ptr * head,

struct Node

```
{
```

int len;

struct Node * head;

```
};
```

if I give

write a function in which if give the argument value as 3 i we get 3rd node from last

Bhargavi

- 1) What is keywords, constants
- 2) Why we use constant keyword?
- 3) program for reverse the digits
- 4) Clear bit, set bit
- 5) reverse the bits
- 6) bubble sort program
- 6) Array to pointer, pointer to Array
- 7) program for powers of n
- 8) powers of n in recursion
- 9) Structure padding
- 10) methods to reduce holes
- 11) what happens when we return in main

G. Kumar

⇒ what header files contain?

⇒ steps to construct static & dynamic libraries

⇒ Reverse the string without using index values
only by using pointers.

⇒

Exam platform :-

Kernel :-

1. How to develop the kernel module.
2. which content write the kconfig file?
/ How to write the kconfig file?

3. what difference in --init and --exit and
-init and -exit?

4. difference bit kconfig and .config file.

5. Difference bit gcc and make.

6. why kernel logs are used?

Because when module is load the related
information available in kernel log.

we can see the kernel log by using command

\$ dmesg \rightarrow diagnostic message

7. what is make file and make utilities?

8. what is the difference bit make & gcc command?

Character driver (PPT) :-

slides 1-2 $\xrightarrow{\text{capital}}$ To create the log levels.
 \Rightarrow Sudo dmesg -C (why are using)

9. Difference OS and kernel?

3. what is i/o activity?

4. importance of a device driver?

5. Booting process?

6. what is kernel object?

A. kernel object is a structure. it has different members containing information about the object.