Cyber Commerce

A Project Report

Submitted by

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In partial fulfillment for the award of the degree of

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In

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Government Engineering College, Bhavnagar





Gujarat Technological University, Ahmedabad April – 2023





Government Engineering College, Bhavnagar

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CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the project report submitted along with the project entitled **Cyber Commerce** has been carried out by **Bhargav Gohel** under my guidance in partial fulfilment for the degree of Bachelor of Engineering in Computer Engineering, 8th Semester of Gujarat Technological University, Ahmedabad during the academic year 2022-23.

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Project Certificate

This is to certify that Mr. Bhargav Gohel during his Industrial Training Program at Cybercom Creation from 2nd February, 2023 to 30th April, 2023 as PHP Developer Intern has developed CyberCommerce (An E-Commerce Application) under the guidance of Mr. Harishchandra Varma.

We wish him all the best for future endeavors.

Thanks & Regards,

Authorized Signatory.



GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

CERTIFICATE FOR COMPLETION OF ALL ACTIVITIES AT ONLINE PROJECT PORTAL
B.E. SEMESTER VIII, ACADEMIC YEAR 2022-2023

Date of certificate generation : 15 May 2023 (15:04:03)

This is to certify that, *Gohel Bhargav Mukeshbhai* (Enrolment Number - 190210107021) working on project entitled with *Cyber Commerce* from *Computer Engineering* department of *GOVERNMENT ENGINEERING COLLEGE, BHAVNAGAR* had submitted following details at online project portal.

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Signature of Student :		*Signature of Guid	de :

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DECLARATION

We hereby declare that the Internship / Project report submitted along with the Internship / Project entitled Cyber Commerce submitted in partial fulfilment for the degree of Bachelor of Engineering in Computer Engineering to Gujarat Technological University, Ahmedabad, is a bonafide record of original project work carried out by me at Cybercom Creation Pvt. Ltd. under the supervision of Mr. Harish Varma and that no part of this report has been directly copied from any students' reports or taken from any other source, without providing due reference.

Name of the Student

Sign of the Student

Bhargav Gohel

322630 Acknowledgement

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322630 Abstract

ABSTRACT

This project aims to develop Cyber Commerce, an online store that provides a platform for users to purchase various items securely and conveniently. The store allows users to browse products, view prices, read descriptions and reviews, and purchase items using a secure online payment system. The store provides a comprehensive list of products displayed online, organized into different categories for easy browsing. Users can add their preferred products to their shopping cart and choose from a variety of payment options to complete their purchase. The system consists of two main modules: the Admin Module and the User Module. The Admin Module can only be accessed with an administrator password, and allows the administrator to save, edit, or delete product and category details. The module also enables the administrator to view all product and order details. The User Module allows customers to view product details, make purchases, and pay for orders online. Customers must log in to the system before placing an order, and can pay using credit card transactions. Overall, Cyber Commerce provides a seamless and user-friendly online shopping experience for customers.

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322630 List of Abbreviations

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

HTML : Hypertext Markup Language

CSS : Cascading Style Sheets

SQL : Structured Query Language

MySql : My Structured Query Language

PHP : Hypertext Pre-processor

IT : Information Technology

B2B : Business to Business

B2C : Business to Consumer

API : Application Programming Interface

CMS : Content Management System

CRM : Customer Relationship Management

CV : Curriculum Vitae

MVC : Model-View-Controller

MVVM : Model-View-View-Model

ORM : Object-Relational Mapping

IDE : Integrated Development Environment

GUI : Graphical User Interface

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CHAPTER 1 OVERVIEW OF THE COMPANY

1.1 HISTORY

Cybercom Creation was commenced by an enterprising team of professionals with a strong focus on providing services and solutions. Today Cybercom has grown its team of dedicated specialists to more than 150+ employees.

With over 20 years of experience and 190+ employees on board, Cybercom serves startups to well-established companies globally. Over the years, we have succeeded in assembling a dedicated team of experts having extensive experience in various industry verticals. We stick to the latest industry trends and quality standards to deliver powerful and secure software that fits business requirements perfectly and brings a positive user experience. We have been delivering effective digital solutions with the use of innovative technologies, result-driven project management, and seamless communication. With our state-of-the-art facilities, high-tech IT infrastructure, dynamic team & superb work environment, Cybercom becomes an ideal IT partner for offshore software services as well as web & mobile app development projects.

We are an elite squad of digital commerce and have established a reputation for always bringing excellence to the table for every project. Bring to us your most intricate business challenges, and we will turn them into real digital commerce breakthroughs. Our team of certified developers can effortlessly execute the most complex integrations and help you develop rapidly growing, high-earning, and customer-centric eCommerce solutions. Developing new capabilities and responding to the technology needs of tomorrow, our team lives, breathes, and dreams about technology. The diversity, commitment, and expertise of our team working cohesively with our clients, and partners, inspire our vision: to be a global leader in IT solutions and services.



Fig1.1 Company Logo

1.2 SCOPE OF WORK

- Consulting: Providing expert advice and recommendations to clients regarding their business strategies, operations, or specific projects.
- Design: Creating visual and functional concepts and plans for various products or services.
- Development: Building and coding software, websites, or applications, using various programming languages and tools.
- Data: Collecting, analyzing, and interpreting large sets of data to draw meaningful insights and inform decision-making.
- Management: Planning, organizing, coordinating, and controlling resources and activities to achieve specific goals and objectives of a project or organization.

1.3 ORGANIZATION CHART

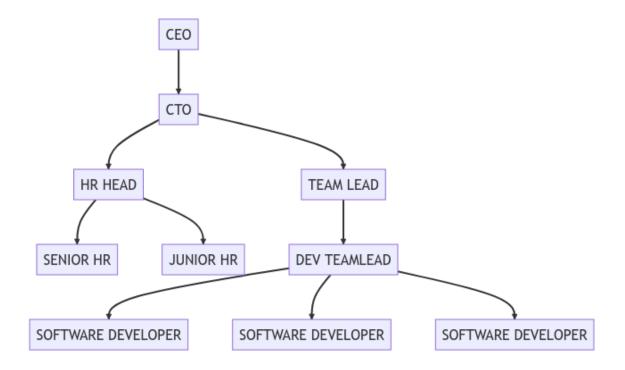


Fig 1.3.1 Organization Chart

1.4 CAPACITY OF PLANT

Currently, the company's capacity exceeds 180 personnel, and as part of its expansion efforts, it is actively adding new team members. It is anticipated that the company's workforce will reach or exceed 500 personnel in the future. The company's physical infrastructure can adequately accommodate up to 250 members, and as such, there is ample

room for the expected increase in staff numbers. The expansion plans entail the addition of new members to various departments such as Website Development, UI/UX design, Mobile App Development, Quality Assurance, among others.

CHAPTER 2 OVERVIEW OF DIFFERENT DEPARTMENT

2.1 WORK BEING CARRIED OUT IN EACH DEPARTMENT

2.1.1 E-Commerce - CMS Solutions

Cybercom provides consulting, design, and development services in the E-commerce department. They have excelled as one of the top Magento solution providers, having developed and launched over 700 successful E-commerce sites. Cybercom provides comprehensive services for the solid and long-term growth of your online business, whether it is B2C or B2B.

2.1.2 Mobile Application

The mobile application department at Cybercom Creation has successfully delivered over 100 mobile applications, showcasing their ability to build innovative and collaborative solutions. They specialize in developing customized and scalable mobile applications for both iOS and Android platforms. The team leverages cutting-edge technologies and follows a comprehensive development approach to deliver mobile applications that are user-friendly, intuitive, and responsive.

2.2 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

- Service
 - Web App Development
 - Mobile App Development
 - Testing and QA
- E-Commerce
 - Magento
 - Prestashop
 - OsCommerce
 - X-Cart
- Mobile
 - Android
 - IOS
- Framework
 - CakePhp
 - Codegniter
 - Microsoft .net MVC 3.0
- Cloud
 - AWS
 - Rackspace

2.3 SCHEMATIC PROCEDURE FOR MANUFACTURING A ECOMMERCE PROJECT

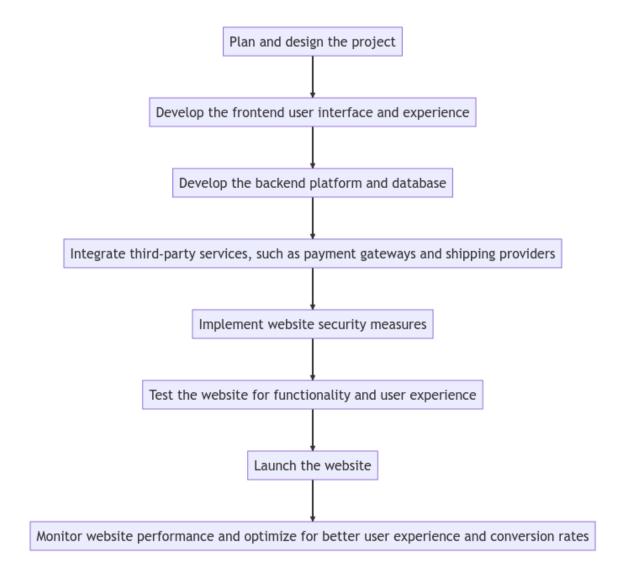


Fig 2.3.1 Project Scheduling

CHAPTER 3 INTRODUCTION TO INTERNSHIP

3.1 INTERNSHIP SUMMARY

During my internship at Cybercom Creation, I gained practical experience in software development, learned new technical and soft skills, and completed projects that contributed to the company's products. As a backend developer in PHP during my internship I gained hands-on experience in developing robust and secure web applications, implemented new features to existing products, and collaborated with the team to ensure smooth deployment of the software.

As an intern gained valuable experience in backend development and learned about new industry standards and best practices and successfully contributed to the development of the e-commerce website project, particularly in the implementation of product categorization and secure payment processing features and also learned new programming concepts and best practices and applied them to improve code quality and efficiency. Throughout the internship, I completed assigned tasks and delivered high-quality work within the given timeframes. I demonstrated strong collaboration skills by actively participating in team meetings, providing updates on project progress, and supporting other team members as needed. As a result of my contributions, I received positive feedback from team members and supervisor on the quality of work and the impact of my contributions to the project.

In conclusion, my internship was a valuable learning experience that allowed me to develop my skills as a developer and gain practical experience in developing an e-commerce website. Through my work in the team, I was able to contribute to the development of the project and learned about new programming concepts and best practices. I also demonstrated strong collaboration skills and received positive feedback from my team members and supervisor. Overall, the internship provided me with a solid foundation in development and a greater understanding of the importance of teamwork and collaboration in software development projects. I am grateful for the opportunity and look forward to applying the skills and knowledge I gained in future endeavors.

3.2 PURPOSE

The purpose of my internship at Cybercom Creation was to gain practical experience in software development industry and contribute to the development of an e-commerce website project. Through this internship, I aimed to enhance my technical skills and gain a greater understanding of the software development process. Additionally, I wanted to develop my collaboration and communication skills by working with a team of experienced developers and learning from their expertise. Overall, the purpose of the internship was to gain real-world experience and knowledge that would help me in my future career as a developer.

The purpose of the project is to develop a fully functional online platform for selling products and services, catering to a wide range of customers. The project aims to provide an intuitive user interface for browsing and purchasing products, as well as secure payment processing and order management functionalities. The platform will incorporate modern web technologies and frameworks to ensure optimal performance across different devices and screen sizes. The project's ultimate goal is to provide a convenient and safe online shopping experience for customers and increase the revenue of the business.

3.3 OBJECTIVE

The main objective of Cyber Commerce project is to provide an e-commerce website platform that allows customers to browse and purchase products online, anytime and anywhere. The website aims to offer an intuitive user interface, easy navigation, and search functionalities to enhance the shopping experience for customers.

In addition, the project aims to develop a robust and secure website with SSL encryption and multiple payment gateways integrated for safe online transactions. The website will have a responsive design that ensures optimal performance across different devices and screen sizes.

Furthermore, the project includes the development of an admin panel that will allow the site administrator to manage the customer, catalog, sales, and generate reports. The admin panel will be designed with a bootstrap theme, providing a user-friendly interface and easy access to all data related to the site.

Overall, the objective of Cyber Commerce project is to create a user-friendly and secure ecommerce platform that meets the needs and expectations of customers, providing a seamless shopping experience.

3.4 SCOPE

What you can do:

- Develop a fully functional e-commerce website for selling products and services
- Build an intuitive user interface for browsing and purchasing products
- Implement secure payment processing and order management functionalities
- Integrate multiple payment gateways to provide convenient and secure payment options for customers
- Develop an admin panel with various sections for managing customer, catalog, sales, reports, etc.
- Ensure the website has a responsive design that performs optimally across different devices and screen sizes
- Use modern web technologies and frameworks to develop the website

What you cannot do:

- Develop features or functionalities that are beyond the scope of the project
- Deviate from the project's objectives and requirements
- Implement designs or functionalities that are not approved by the project manager or client
- Delay the project timeline without valid reasons or without consulting with the project manager or client
- Use unauthorized or unlicensed software, tools, or resources

3.5 TECHNOLOGY AND LITERATURE REVIEW

1. PHP:

PHP is a server-side scripting language used to develop dynamic web pages and web applications. It is widely used for developing e-commerce websites due to its scalability and security features.

2. HTML:

HTML stands for Hypertext Markup Language and is used for creating web pages. It provides a structure to the content of web pages and defines the layout and appearance of the content.

3. CSS:

CSS stands for Cascading Style Sheets and is used for styling web pages. It allows developers to control the layout and appearance of HTML content.

4. JavaScript:

JavaScript is a programming language used to create interactive and dynamic web pages. It is used for adding behavior to web pages, such as user input validation, animations, and page navigation.

5. jQuery:

jQuery is a JavaScript library that simplifies client-side scripting of HTML. It provides a variety of features, including DOM manipulation, event handling, and AJAX.

6. AJAX:

AJAX stands for Asynchronous JavaScript and XML and is a technique used to create asynchronous web applications. It allows web pages to update dynamically without requiring a page refresh.

7. MySQL:

MySQL is a popular open-source relational database management system used for storing and retrieving data. It is widely used in web development for storing data related to websites and web applications.

8. Bootstrap:

Bootstrap is a popular front-end framework for building responsive websites and web applications. It includes pre-designed HTML and CSS templates for various UI components, such as forms, buttons, navigation menus, and more. Bootstrap helps developers create consistent and user-friendly designs quickly and efficiently. It is based on HTML, CSS, and JavaScript and is open-source.

9.Sublime

Sublime is a text editor that is widely used by developers for writing and editing code. It has features like syntax highlighting, auto-completion, and customization options that make it a popular choice for web development.

10.XAMPP

XAMPP is a software package that includes Apache web server, MySQL database, and PHP interpreter, which are essential components for building and testing web applications. It provides a local development environment on a personal computer, making it easy for developers to work on their projects without needing to upload them to a live server.

11.Git

Git is a version control system used to track changes in source code during software development. It allows multiple developers to work on the same codebase simultaneously and merge their changes seamlessly. Git is widely used in the industry and has become an essential tool for software development teams.

3.5.2 Literature Review

The literature review for this project focused on studying various existing e-commerce websites, including Amazon, Flipkart, Myntra, Ajio, and others. The purpose was to analyze their features and drawbacks to identify best practices and areas for improvement in the development of Cyber Commerce.

1. Amazon:

- **Features:** Wide range of products, fast delivery, easy returns and refunds, personalized product recommendations, Amazon Prime membership for additional benefits.
- **Drawbacks:** High competition from other sellers, some products may be of lower quality from third-party sellers, counterfeit products may be sold.

2. Flipkart:

- **Features**: vast product range, easy returns and exchanges, fast and reliable delivery, user-friendly interface, various payment options, customer reviews and ratings.
- **Drawbacks:** quality control issues, fake reviews, poor customer service, frequent website crashes, product delivery delays.

3. Myntra:

- **Features**: huge selection of clothing and accessories, easy returns and exchanges, user-friendly interface, multiple payment options, customer reviews and ratings.
- **Drawbacks**: high pricing, limited product range (only clothing and accessories), poor customer service, frequent website crashes.

Overall, while these ecommerce sites have their unique features and advantages, they also have their own set of drawbacks and limitations. It is important to consider all of these factors when building an ecommerce website in order to provide the best possible user experience and address common issues faced by customers.

3.6 PROJECT PLANNING

3.6.1 Project Development Approach and Justification

For the development of Cyber Commerce, we used the agile methodology which involved the following steps:

- 1. Planning and setting the goals for the project
- 2. Breaking down the project into smaller tasks and prioritizing them
- 3. Assigning the tasks to the team members
- 4. Developing and testing the features incrementally
- 5. Reviewing the progress regularly and making necessary changes to meet the project goals.

Using agile methodology helped us to complete the project efficiently and effectively, by providing a flexible and iterative approach to the development process.

3.6.2 Project Effort and Time, Cost Estimation

Here are the steps for project effort and time, cost estimation in the context of Cyber Commerce:

- 1. Identify project requirements: The first step is to identify the project requirements, including functional and non-functional requirements.
- 2. Determine project scope: Define the scope of the project, including the features and functionalities of Green Mart.
- 3. Develop work breakdown structure (WBS): Break down the project into smaller, more manageable tasks using a work breakdown structure.
- 4. Estimate task duration: Estimate the amount of time each task will take, based on historical data or expert judgment.
- 5. Estimate resource requirements: Determine the resources required for each task, including personnel, equipment, and materials.
- 6. Develop project schedule: Develop a project schedule that outlines the start and end dates for each task, as well as the overall project timeline.
- Estimate project cost: Estimate the project cost by determining the cost of each
 resource required for the project, as well as any other expenses such as equipment
 or software.
- 8. Monitor project progress: Continuously monitor the project's progress and adjust the schedule and cost estimates as necessary.

By following these steps, the project team can effectively estimate the effort and time required to complete Green Mart, as well as the associated costs.

3.6.3 Roles and Responsibilities

In the context of Cyber Commerce project, the following are the roles and responsibilities:

- 1. Project Manager: responsible for planning, coordinating, and executing the project, ensuring that it meets its objectives, and monitoring project progress.
- 2. Front-end Developer: responsible for designing and developing the user interface of the website using HTML, CSS, JavaScript, and jQuery.
- 3. Back-end Developer: responsible for developing the server-side of the application using PHP, MySQL, and other related technologies.

- 4. Quality Assurance Engineer: responsible for testing the website's functionality, performance, and security to ensure that it meets the project's requirements.
- 5. Database Administrator: responsible for maintaining the database and ensuring that it is reliable, secure, and efficient.
- 6. Content Creator: responsible for creating and managing the website's content, including product descriptions, images, and other relevant information.
- 7. Technical Writer: responsible for creating project documentation, including user manuals, technical specifications, and other relevant documents.
- 8. System Administrator: responsible for managing the website's server, ensuring that it is reliable, secure, and performs optimally.

Each team member has a crucial role in ensuring the project's success, and their responsibilities are clearly defined to ensure that they work cohesively towards achieving the project's objectives.

3.6.4 Group Dependencies

In the development of Green Mart, there were several group dependencies that needed to be considered:

- 1. **Development team**: The development team was responsible for designing and implementing the website, including the front-end and back-end development.
- 2. **Testing team**: The testing team was responsible for ensuring that the website was functioning properly and meeting the project requirements.
- 3. **Content team**: The content team was responsible for creating and managing the content on the website, including product descriptions, images, and other information.
- 4. **Design team**: The design team was responsible for creating the overall look and feel of the website, including the layout, color scheme, and user interface.
- 5. **Marketing team**: The marketing team was responsible for promoting the website and attracting customers through various channels, such as social media, email marketing, and advertising.
- 6. **Management team**: The management team was responsible for overseeing the entire project, ensuring that it was completed on time and within budget, and making key decisions throughout the development process.

3.7 PROJECT SCHEDULING (GANTT CHART)

An elementary Gantt chart or Timeline chart for the development plan is given below.

The plan explains the tasks versus the time (in weeks) they will take to complete.

CyberCommerce

GANTT CHART

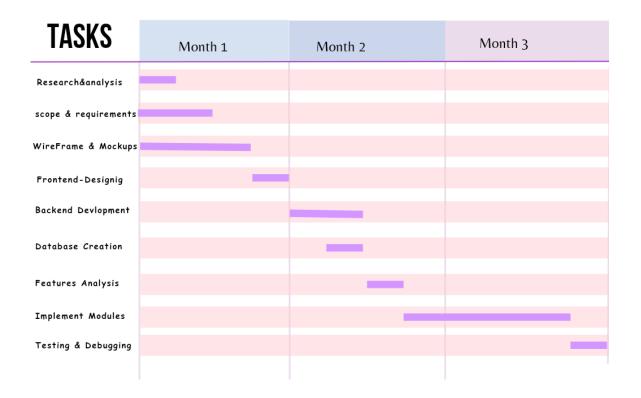


Fig 3.7.1 Gantt Chart

CHAPTER 4 SYSTEM ANALYSIS

4.1 STUDY OF CURRENT SYSTEM

Ecommerce, or electronic commerce, is the buying and selling of goods or services over the internet. In recent years, the ecommerce industry has experienced significant growth, and the current system of ecommerce has evolved to become more efficient and userfriendly.

One of the main components of the current system of ecommerce is the online marketplace. Online marketplaces are platforms that connect buyers and sellers, allowing them to transact business over the internet. Popular online marketplaces include Amazon, eBay, and Alibaba.

Another important aspect of ecommerce is the payment processing system. Payment processors like PayPal, Stripe, and Square enable buyers to securely make purchases using their credit or debit cards, while also protecting their sensitive financial information.

Logistics and shipping are also key components of the current system of ecommerce. Ecommerce companies often partner with third-party logistics providers (3PLs) to manage the storage, transportation, and delivery of goods. These 3PLs can help ecommerce companies to streamline their supply chain processes, reduce costs, and improve delivery times.

4.2 PROBLEM AND WEAKNESSES OF CURRENT SYSTEM

Cybersecurity: Ecommerce transactions involve the exchange of sensitive information such as credit card numbers, addresses, and personal details. As a result, the risk of cyberattacks and data breaches is a major concern for ecommerce businesses and consumers alike.

Shipping and logistics: Despite improvements in logistics and shipping, many ecommerce companies still struggle with issues such as shipping delays, incorrect or damaged shipments, and high shipping costs. These issues can lead to customer dissatisfaction and lost sales.

Returns and refunds: Ecommerce companies often have complex return and refund policies that can be difficult for consumers to navigate. This can result in frustration and a lack of trust in the ecommerce business.

Lack of physical interaction: One of the key benefits of traditional brick-and-mortar stores is the ability to physically interact with products before making a purchase. Ecommerce businesses are often unable to offer this experience, which can lead to lower sales and customer satisfaction.

Platform monopolies: A few dominant online marketplaces, such as Amazon and Alibaba, have significant control over the ecommerce industry. This can lead to limited competition and reduced innovation, as smaller businesses struggle to compete.

Environmental impact: The growth of ecommerce has led to an increase in packaging waste and carbon emissions from shipping. This can have a negative impact on the environment.

4.3 REQUIREMENTS OF NEW SYSTEM

Stronger cybersecurity: The new ecommerce system should prioritize the security of customer data by implementing advanced cybersecurity measures to prevent cyberattacks and data breaches.

Improved logistics and shipping: The new ecommerce system should prioritize efficient and cost-effective logistics and shipping to ensure timely delivery of products while keeping costs low for both the business and the customer.

Streamlined returns and refunds: The new ecommerce system should provide consumers with an easy and transparent returns and refunds process to improve customer satisfaction and trust.

Enhanced customer experience: The new ecommerce system should provide customers with an engaging and personalized shopping experience, such as allowing them to interact with products virtually, chat with customer service representatives, and receive personalized recommendations based on their preferences.

Increased competition: The new ecommerce system should encourage healthy competition and innovation by supporting small and medium-sized businesses and preventing monopolies by dominant players in the market.

Sustainable practices: The new ecommerce system should prioritize sustainability by reducing packaging waste and carbon emissions from shipping, promoting eco-friendly packaging, and encouraging responsible sourcing and production practices.

4.4 SYSTEM FEASIBILITY

4.4.1 Does the system contribute to the overall objectives of the organization?

The extent to which the ecommerce system contributes to the overall objectives of an organization depends on the specific goals and priorities of that organization. However, in general, the ecommerce system can contribute to the overall objectives of an organization in several ways:

Increased revenue: Ecommerce can significantly increase an organization's revenue by expanding its customer base and providing customers with convenient and accessible ways to purchase products or services.

Cost savings: Ecommerce can also help an organization to save costs by reducing the need for physical stores and associated expenses such as rent, utilities, and staffing.

Improved customer satisfaction: A well-designed ecommerce system can provide customers with a seamless and personalized shopping experience, leading to increased customer satisfaction and loyalty.

Data-driven insights: The ecommerce system can also provide an organization with valuable data and insights into customer behaviour and preferences, enabling it to make data-driven decisions that improve its overall performance.

Global reach: Ecommerce can help an organization to expand its reach beyond traditional geographic boundaries, allowing it to reach customers worldwide and tap into new markets.

4.4.2 Can the system be implemented using the current technology and within the given cost and schedule constraints.

The feasibility of implementing the ecommerce system within the given technology, cost, and schedule constraints will depend on several factors, such as the complexity of the system, the availability of suitable technology, the expertise of the development team, and the resources available to the organization.

If the organization has a team of experienced developers with the necessary skills and expertise, and the required technology is readily available, then it is possible to implement the ecommerce system within the given constraints. However, if the technology is not readily available, or the development team lacks the necessary expertise, then the cost and schedule may be impacted.

Additionally, the complexity of the ecommerce system may also affect the cost and schedule. A more complex system may require more resources and time to develop, leading to increased costs and a longer development schedule.

Therefore, before implementing the ecommerce system, it is important for the organization to conduct a feasibility study to assess the cost and schedule requirements and ensure that the available technology and expertise are sufficient to implement the system within the given constraints.

4.4.3 Can the system be integrated with other systems which are already in place?

The ability to integrate the ecommerce system with other systems that are already in place will depend on several factors, such as the compatibility of the technology used in the ecommerce system and the existing systems, the data formats used by the systems, and the availability of APIs and other integration tools.

If the technology used in the ecommerce system is compatible with the existing systems, and the data formats used by the systems are compatible, then it should be possible to integrate the ecommerce system with the other systems. Additionally, if APIs or other integration tools are available, this can simplify the integration process and make it easier to connect the ecommerce system with the other systems.

However, if the technology used in the ecommerce system is not compatible with the existing systems, or the data formats used by the systems are not compatible, then it may be difficult or even impossible to integrate the ecommerce system with the other systems.

Therefore, it is important for the organization to conduct a thorough analysis of the existing systems and their compatibility with the ecommerce system before attempting to integrate them. This analysis will help to identify any potential compatibility issues and determine the feasibility of integrating the ecommerce system with the other systems.

4.5 PROPOSED SYSTEM

When a new project is proposed, it normally goes through feasibility assessment. Feasibility study is carried out to determine whether the proposed system is possible to develop with available resources and what should be the cost consideration. Facts considered in the feasibility analysis were.

- Technical Feasibility
- Economic Feasibility
- Behavioural Feasibility

4.6 FEATURES OF PROPOSED SYSTEM

- Product catalog with descriptions, prices, and availability
- Shopping cart for customers to add products and proceed to checkout
- Secure payment processing options
- Shipping and delivery options for customers to select their preferred method
- Customer service portal or chatbot for assistance
- Built-in marketing and promotional tools
- Analytics and reporting tools for tracking sales and customer behaviour

4.7 LIST OF MAIN MODULES

- Product Management: This module includes functions for adding, editing, and managing products, including their descriptions, images, prices, and inventory.
- Order Management: This module handles the processing of orders, including order tracking, payment processing, and shipping management.
- Customer Management: This module manages customer accounts, including customer registration, account login, and account details.
- Marketing Management: This module includes tools for managing promotions, discounts, coupons, and other marketing campaigns to attract and retain customers.
- Payment Management: This module handles payment processing, including the integration of payment gateways and transaction management.
- Shipping Management: This module handles shipping and delivery options, including tracking of shipments and management of shipping providers.

 Analytics and Reporting: This module provides data analytics and reporting tools for tracking sales, customer behaviour, and other key performance indicators (KPIs).

- Security Management: This module includes functions for managing security features, such as user authentication, data encryption, and SSL certificates.
- Content Management: This module manages the content of the ecommerce system, including product descriptions, images, and other marketing materials.

4.8 SELECTION OF HARDWARE / SOFTWARE

Software Requirement

The S/W for developing and deployment of this project was

- Xampp
- MySQL
- Git
- GitHub
- Sublime Text

Hardware Requirement

The H/W for developing and deployment of this project was

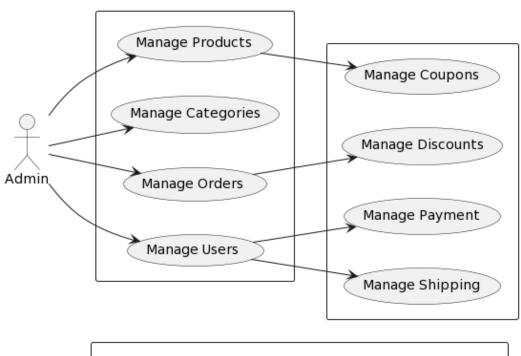
- 8GB Ram
- i5 or equivalent processor
- SSD (preferable)
- Server

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CHAPTER 5 SYSTEM DESIGN

5.1 SYSTEM DESIGN & METHODOLOGY

5.1.1 Use Case Diagram



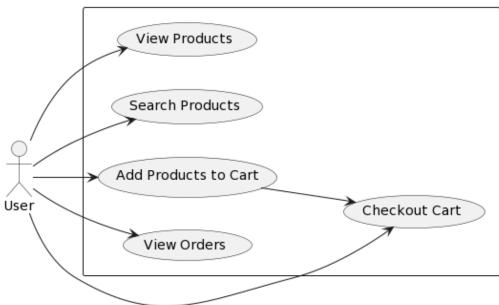


Fig 5.1.1.1 Use Case Diagram

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5.1.2 Activity Diagram

Activity Diagram for Admin Side

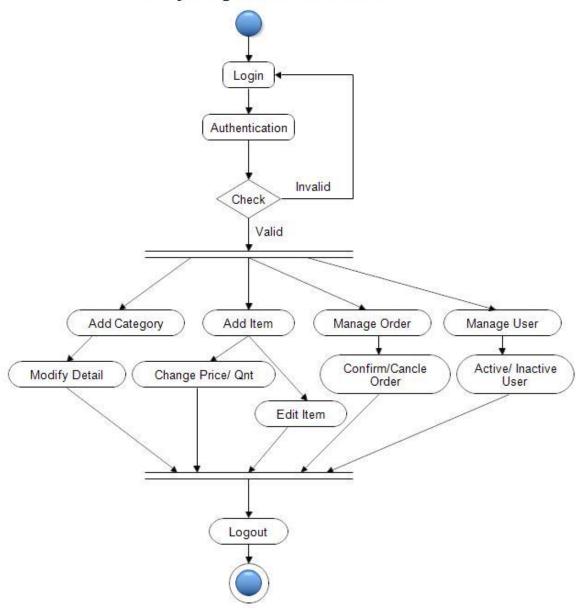


Fig 5.1.2.1 Activity Diagram

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5.1.3 Sequence Diagrams

5.1.3.1 Product Module

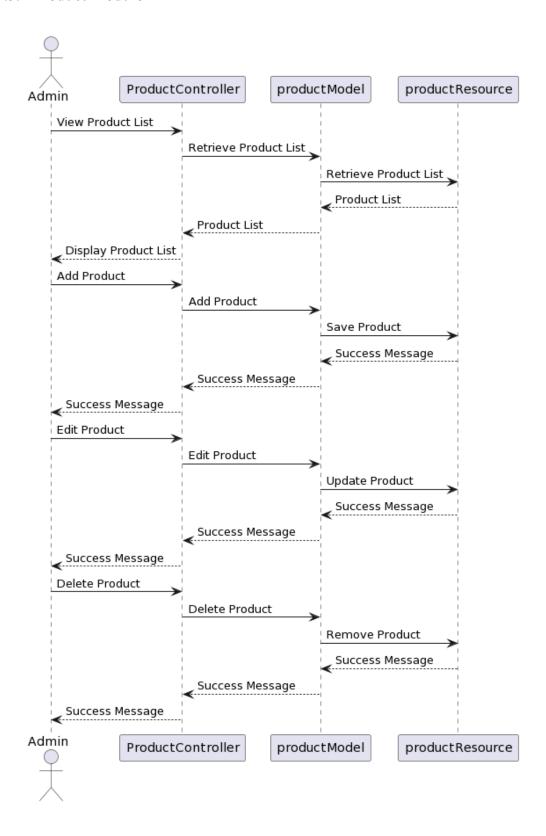


Fig 5.1.3.1 Sequence Diagram of Product Module

5.1.3.2 Eav Attribute Module

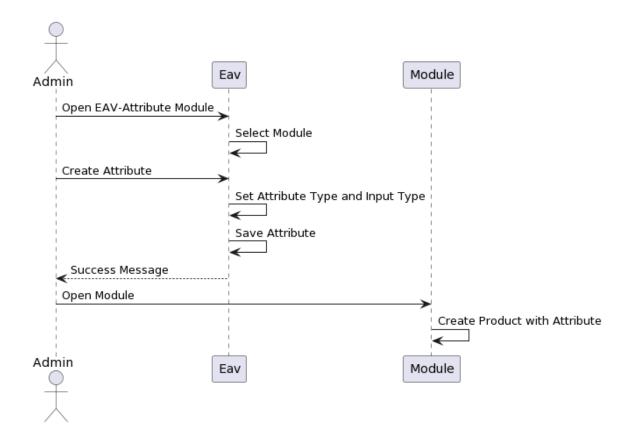


Fig 5.1.3.2 Sequence Diagram of Eav Attribute Module

5.1.3.3 Quote Module

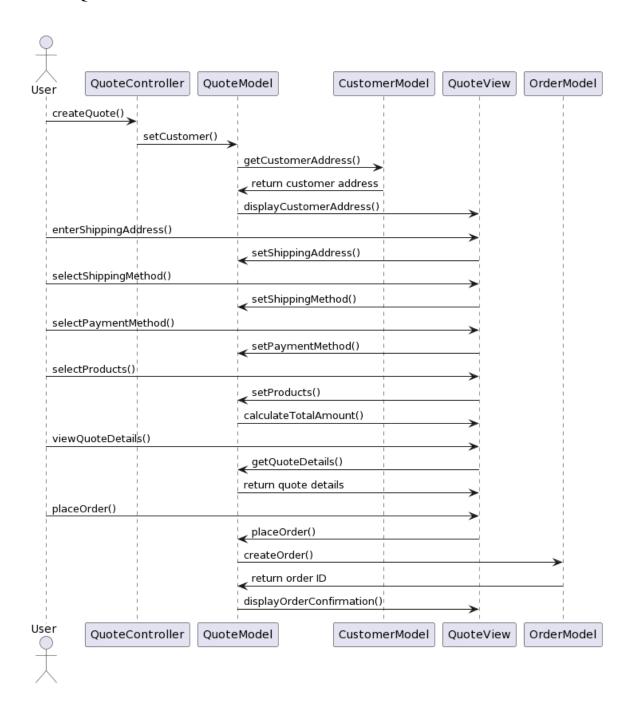


Fig 5.1.3.3 Sequence Diagram for Quote Module

5.2 DATABASE DESIGN

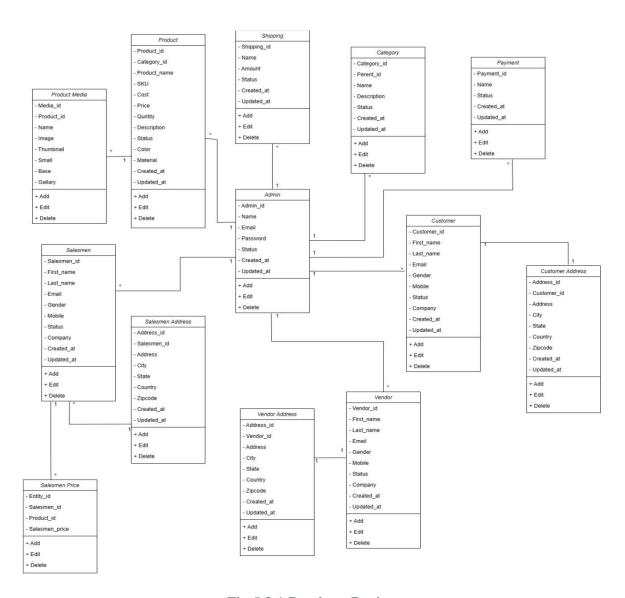


Fig 5.2.1 Database Design

5.3 INTERFACE DESIGN

5.3.1 State Transition Diagram

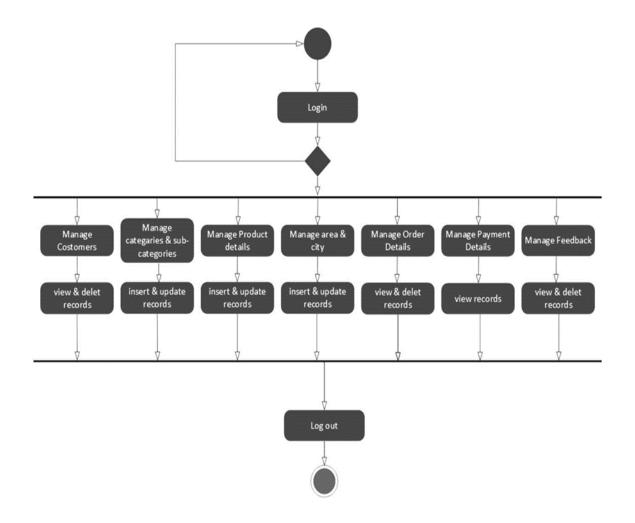


Fig 5.3.1 State Transition Diagram

5.3.2 Samples of Forms, Reports and Interface

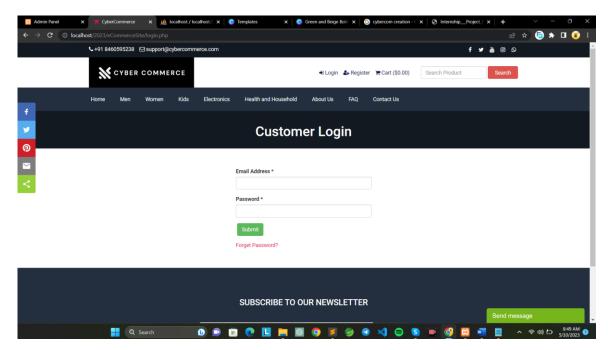


Fig 5.3.2.1 Customer Login

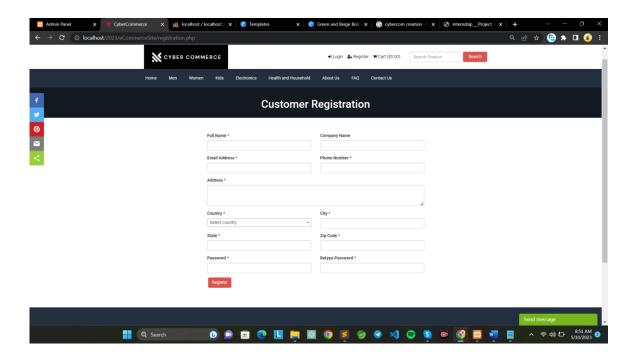


Fig 5.3.2.2 Customer Registration

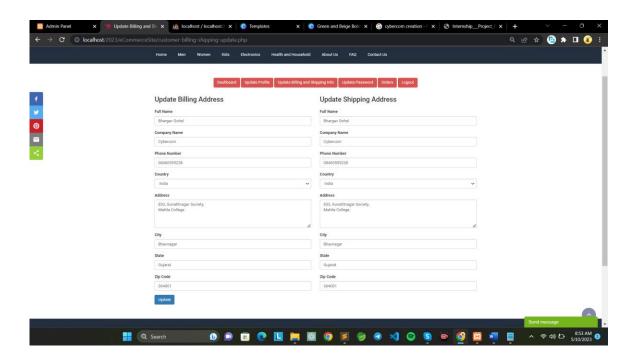


Fig 5.3.2.3 Update Customer Address

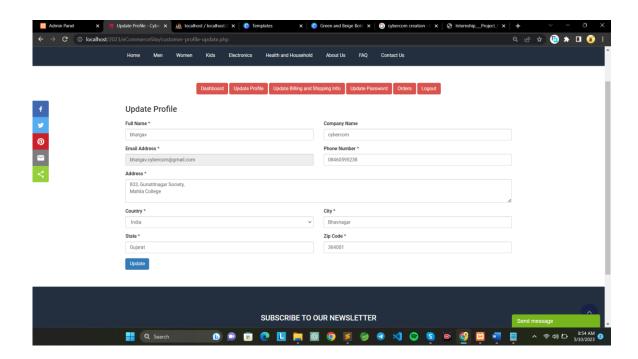


Fig 5.3.2.4 Update Profile

CHAPTER 6 IMPLEMENTATION

6.1 IMPLEMENTATION PLATFORM

Cybercommerce is an ecommerce project built using PHP with MySQL database connectivity. The project allows users to browse and search for products, view pricing details, add products to their cart, and place orders. The admin can verify and manage orders, and customers receive their orders in a few days. The project was built using a XAMPP stack (Windows, Apache, MySQL, PHP), with HTML, CSS, and JavaScript used for the front-end. The project was developed using a local development environment before being deployed to a hosting provider. The project implements basic security measures, such as input validation and password hashing. As future enhancements, the project could include additional features such as user accounts, payment processing, shipping integration.

6.2 PROCESS AND TECHNOLOGY

Define project scope and requirements: Identify the objectives of the project, define the scope, and gather requirements for the ecommerce website. Choose the technology stack: Select the technology stack for developing the website, such as PHP for the server-side scripting language and MySQL for the database. Develop the website: Create the website's structure and user interface, design the database schema, and write the code for the website's functionality. Test the website: Perform functional testing, integration testing, and user acceptance testing to ensure the website is bug-free and user-friendly. Deploy the website: Deploy the website on a web server and configure it for production use. Maintain the website: Regularly update the website with new features, fix bugs, and improve performance to keep it running smoothly. Train users: Provide training to the website users on how to use the website, especially the admin, to manage orders and update product information.

The tools and technologies which is used in this project is as below:

Front-end: HTML, CSS, JavaScript

• Back-end: PHP, MySQL

• Web server: Apache

• Operating system: Windows

6.3 RESULTS

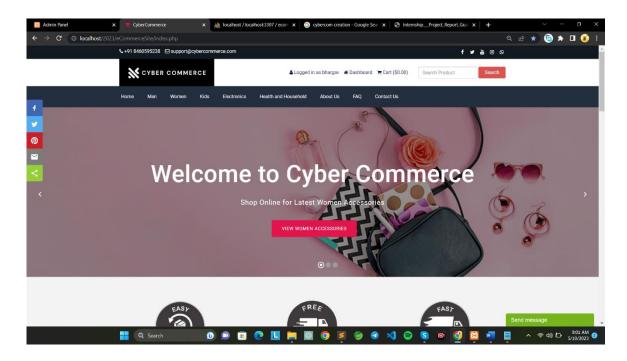


Fig 6.3.1 Home Screen

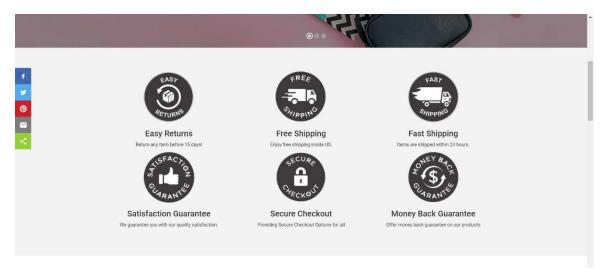


Fig 6.3.2 Services

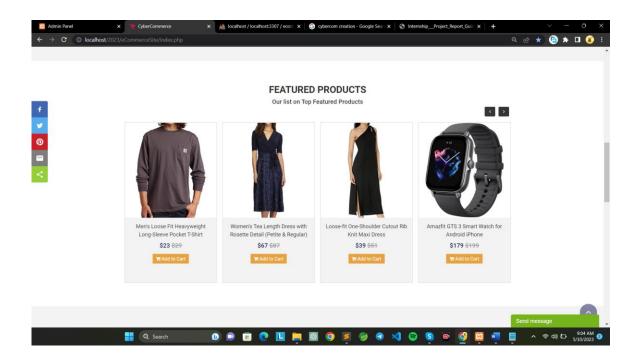


Fig 6.3.3 Featured Products

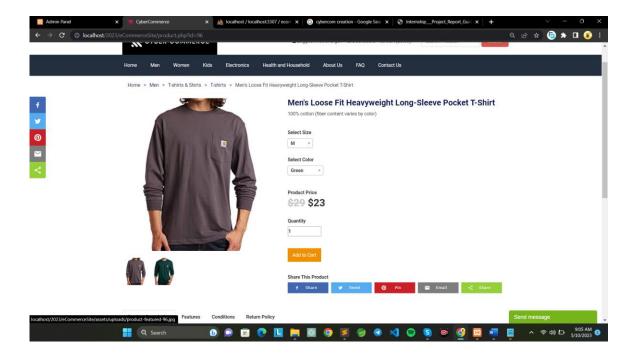


Fig 6.3.4 Product View

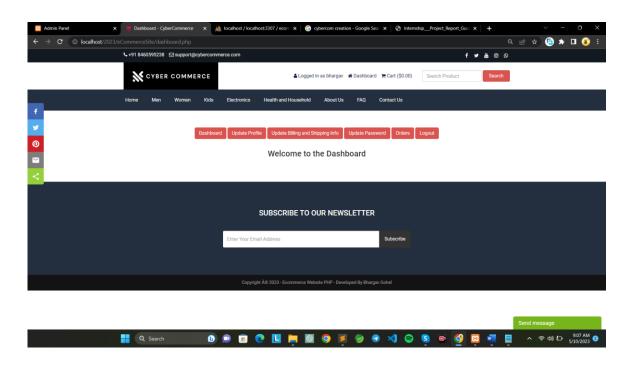


Fig 6.3.5 Customer Dashboard

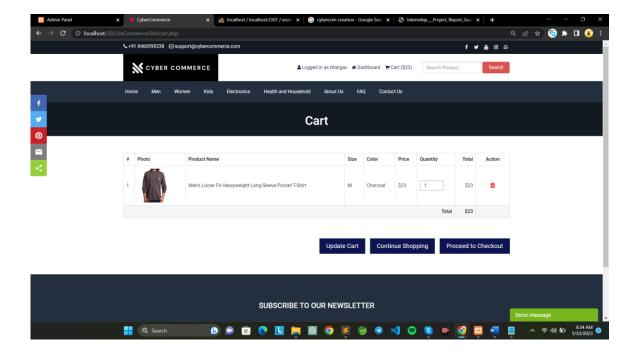


Fig 6.3.6 Cart

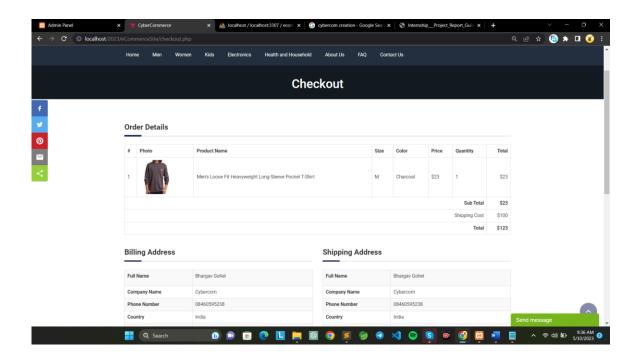


Fig 6.3.7 Checkout

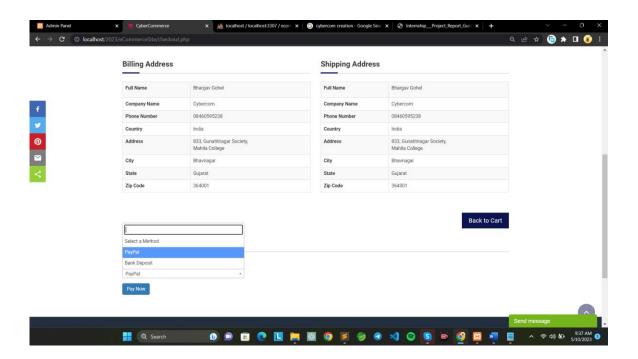


Fig 6.3.8 Payment Method

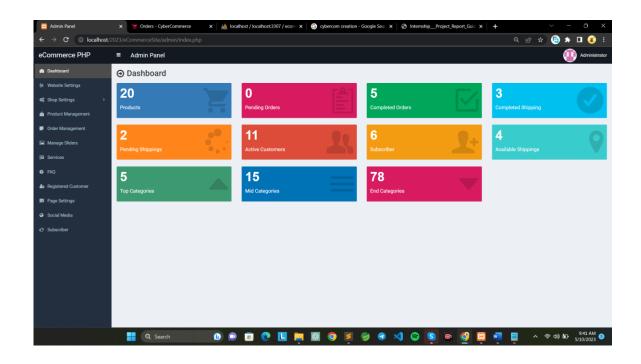


Fig 6.3.9 Admin Panel

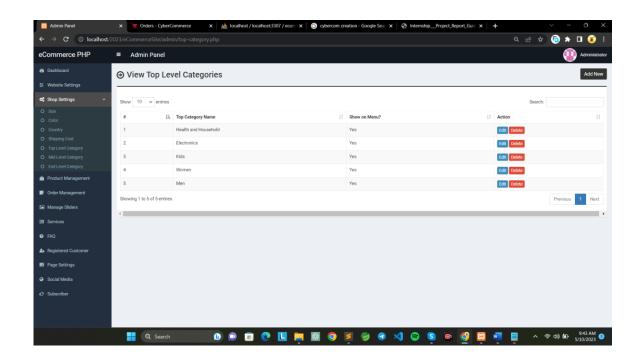


Fig 6.3.10 Manage Category

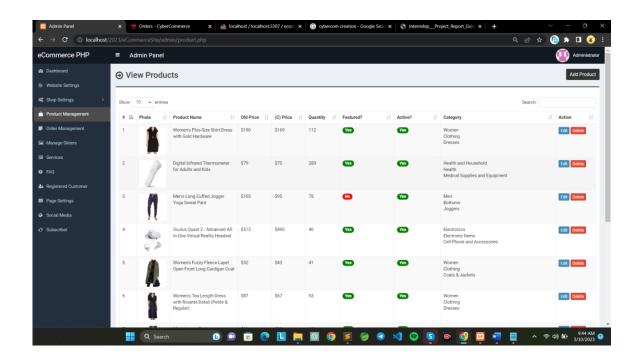


Fig 6.3.11 Manage Products

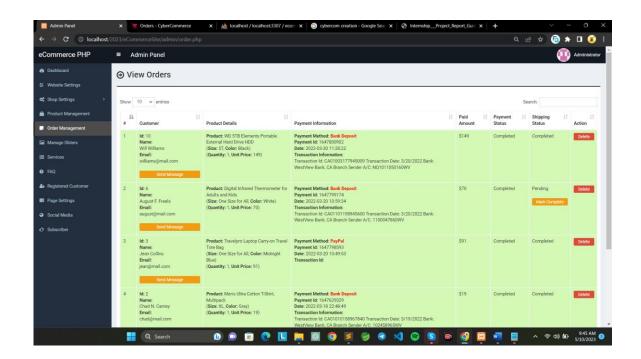


Fig 6.3.12 Manage Orders

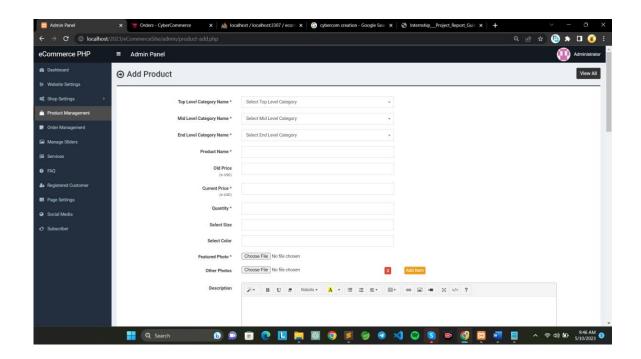


Fig 6.3.13 Add Product

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CHAPTER 7 TESTING

7.1 TESTING PLAN / STRATEGY

Testing is an important phase in the software development life cycle (SDLC) to ensure that the system functions as expected and meets the specified requirements. A testing plan or strategy outlines the approach to be taken for testing the software and the various types of tests to be performed.

For our ecommerce project, the testing plan/strategy can include the following points:

- A testing plan that outlines the scope, objectives, and approach to testing the ecommerce website.
- Test cases for each module of the website, including product, customer, sales, cart, admin, vendor, salesman, shipping methods, and payment methods.
- Ensure that all test cases cover both positive and negative scenarios to ensure comprehensive testing.
- Use tools like PHPUnit for unit testing and Selenium for functional testing.
- Performing integration testing to verify that all modules are functioning correctly when integrated with one another.
- Conduct performance testing to check how the website performs under high traffic loads.
- Use manual testing to identify any usability issues that may impact the user experience.
- Document all test results and report any defects or issues to the development team for resolution.
- Make sure that the testing process follows the agile methodology and includes continuous testing throughout the development process to ensure the timely delivery of a quality product.

7.2 TEST RESULTS AND ANALYSIS

In the case of our ecommerce backend project, the test results and analysis should cover all the modules and components, including product, customer, sales, cart, admin, shipping methods, and payment methods. 322630 Testing

The test results and analysis should focus on ensuring the proper functioning of the system, including data validation. It should also evaluate the ability of the system to handle large data sets.

Any defects or issues found during testing should be addressed promptly to ensure the quality and stability of the system. The test results and analysis should also provide insight into future improvements and enhancements that could be made to the system.

7.2.1 Test Cases for Product Module

Table 7.2.1 Test Cases for Product Module

Test Id	Test Condition	Expected Output	Actual Output	Remarks
TC-01	When admin	Product should be	Product added	Pass
	adds a new	added successfully and	successfully and is	
	product	should be visible in	visible in the list	
		the list		
TC-02	When admin	All the products	All the products	Pass
	views the list of	should be displayed in	displayed in a tabular	
	products	a tabular form	form	
TC-03	When admin	Product details should	Product details	Pass
	edits an existing	be updated	updated successfully	
	product	successfully		

7.2.2 Test Cases for Order Module

Table 7.2.2 Test Cases for Order Module

Test Id	Test Condition	Expected Output	Actual Output	Remarks
TC-01	Update quantity	Product quantity is	Product quantity is	Pass
	of product in	updated in the cart	successfully updated	
	cart		in the cart	

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TC-02	Calculate total	Total price is	Total price is	Pass
	price of items in	calculated correctly	calculated correctly	
	the cart			
TC-03	Select shipping	Shipping method is	Shipping method is	Pass
	method	selected	successfully selected	
TC-04	Place order	Order is placed	Order is placed	Pass
		successfully	successfully	
TC-05	Generate order	Order confirmation is	Order confirmation	Pass
	confirmation	generated with order	is generated with	
		details	order details	

7.2.3 Test Cases for Customer Module

Table 7.2.3 Test Cases for Customer Module

Test Id	Test Condition	Expected Output	Actual Output	Remarks
TC-01	Add a new customer	The new customer	The new	Pass
	with valid details	is successfully	customer is	
		added to the	added to the	
		database	database	
TC-02	Add a new customer	Display an error	An error	Pass
	with missing required	message prompting	message is	
	information	to fill all fields	displayed for	
			missing	
			information	
TC-03	Attempt to add a	Display an error	An error	Pass
	customer with a	message for	message is	
	duplicate email address	duplicate email	displayed for	
		address	duplicate email	

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CHAPTER 8 CONCLUSION AND DISCUSSION

8.1 OVERALL ANALYSIS OF INTERNSHIP

During my internship, I worked as a Marketing Intern in the company's Marketing Department, where I was able to gain valuable skills and knowledge in various aspects of marketing. I was involved in several projects, including market research, content creation, and social media management.

Overall, my internship with Cybercom Creation company was a rewarding experience. It allowed me to apply the theoretical knowledge I gained in college to practical, real-world situations. I was able to learn from experienced professionals in the industry and develop new skills that will be useful in my future career. The internship also helped me to better understand my career goals and what I want to pursue in the future.

8.2 DATES OF CONTINUOUS EVALUATION

CE-I: 4th March, 2023

• **CE-II:** 15th April, 2023

CE-III: 11th May, 2023

8.3 SUMMARY OF INTERNSHIP

During my internship at Cybercom Creation, I worked on the development of an ecommerce website named Cybercommerce. This project was built using pure PHP with MySQL database connectivity and featured product information and listings with pricing details. Users were able to add products to their cart and place orders, which were then verified by the admin and delivered to the customer.

Throughout the project, I was involved in the design, development, and implementation stages, and gained valuable experience in PHP development, database connectivity, and project management. I also worked on creating a testing plan to ensure that the website was thoroughly tested before being deployed.

I received guidance and support from my mentors and peers, who helped me develop my skills and provided feedback on my work. I appreciated the opportunity to work in a professional environment where I could apply my knowledge and skills to real-world problems.

Overall, my internship at Cybercom Creation provided me with hands-on experience in ecommerce website development, as well as exposure to project management and testing methodologies. I am grateful for the opportunity to have worked on such a project and for the guidance and support provided by the team at Cybercom Creation.

8.4 LIMITATION AND FUTURE ENHANCEMENT

8.4.1 Limitations

- Limited scalability: Since the website is built using pure PHP and MySQL, it may
 not be able to handle a large volume of traffic and may become slow or
 unresponsive.
- Limited functionality: Although Cybercommerce has basic e-commerce functionality, it may not have all the features that are available on more advanced e-commerce platforms.
- Security concerns: Since Cybercommerce was built by an individual or small team, there may be security vulnerabilities that could be exploited by malicious actors.
- Lack of support: As a small-scale project, Cybercommerce may not have the same level of support as larger e-commerce platforms. This could result in slower response times for bug fixes and other issues.
- Limited payment options: The payment options available on Cybercommerce may be limited, which could limit its appeal to customers who prefer to use specific payment methods.

8.4.2 Future Enhancement

- Mobile Optimization: As more and more people use their smartphones and tablets
 to shop online, it is important to ensure that Cybercommerce is fully optimized for
 mobile devices. This could include creating a responsive design that adapts to
 different screen sizes, as well as developing a mobile app that makes it easy for
 customers to browse and buy products on the go.
- Personalization: Personalization is becoming an increasingly important aspect of ecommerce, as customers expect a personalized experience that caters to their

- individual needs and preferences. Adding features like product recommendations based on past purchases, personalized emails, and targeted promotions could help Cybercommerce stand out from the competition.
- Social Media Integration: Social media platforms like Facebook, Instagram, and
 Twitter are powerful tools for driving traffic and sales to ecommerce sites.
 Integrating Cybercommerce with social media could include adding social media
 sharing buttons to product pages, allowing customers to log in using their social
 media accounts, and creating social media campaigns to promote products and
 sales.
- Advanced Analytics: To make informed decisions about how to grow and improve Cybercommerce, it is important to have access to detailed analytics about how customers are using the site. Adding advanced analytics tools like heatmaps, A/B testing, and funnel analysis could help Cybercommerce better understand customer behaviour and optimize the user experience.
- Expanded Product Offerings: While Cybercommerce currently offers a range of
 products, there is always room for expansion. Adding new product categories or
 partnering with other companies to offer complementary products could help
 Cybercommerce attract new customers and increase revenue.

322630 References

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- jQuery documentation (https://jquery.com/)
- Ajax documentation (https://api.jquery.com/jquery.ajax)