Assignment 2

Distributed Appointment Management System

Subject: Distributed Systems Design (Comp

6231)

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1. About System

• Appointment management is implemented as a distributed system to book and manage appointments across different branches of a corporate appointment management company. The system is built using CORBA architecture and the users can see a single system handling user requests providing location and language transparency. It also manages simultaneous requests with adequate synchronization with the help of multithreading.

Also this system has 3 servers: Montreal, Quebec and Sherbrook and they handle their events individually.

2. Methods used in this system

- a. Methods for Patient
 - i. **Book Appointment:** Patient can book appointments in their own city multiple time if there is enough booking capacity available for the particular appointment. They can also book appointments from the other city but for the particular customer, they can only book 3 appointments outside their own city in a given week.
 - ii. Cancel Appointment: Patient can also cancel appointments from their booked appointments.
 - iii. **Get Schedule:** Patient can also see their booked appointments in this section.
- b. Methods for Admin

- i. **Add Appointment:** Admin of one city can add appointments in their database with appointment Type as Physician, Surgeon and Dental shows and their respective booking capacity.
- ii. **Remove Appointment:** Admin can also remove any appointment from their database at any time.
- iii. **List Availability:** Admin can see the availability for any appointment Type from the all servers.

3. Protocols Followed

a. In this system, Common Object Request Broker Architecture is used to communicate between server and client. Also, the UDP Protocol is used to do inter-server communication.

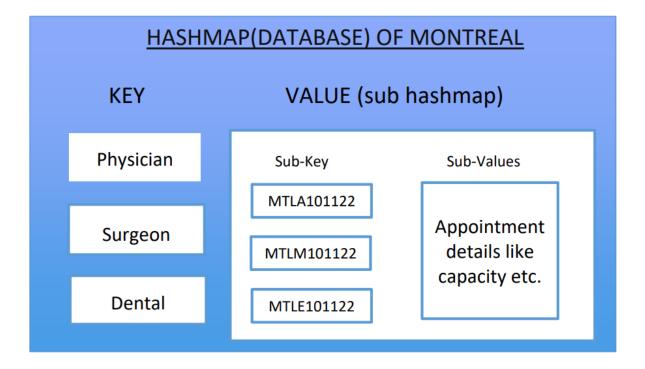
4. Architecture

- a. The architecture used is client-server method. Client can be manager or a customer. There are three servers for three cities: Montreal, Quebec and Sherbrook.
 - i. **Appointments.idl** contains interfaces for CORBA, it allows transparency as if client is calling its own local methods but instead client calls methods of the server through it.
 - ii. **Client.java** handles all the operations to be performed by customer and manager. It makes necessary calls with servers and the message from it.
 - iii. **Mtl_server.java** is responsible for doing all the operations related to the Montreal city and giving the final message output to the client.

- iv. **Que_Server.java** is responsible for doing all the operations related to the Quebec City and giving the final message output to the client.
- v. **She_Server.java** is responsible for doing all the operations related to the Sherbrook city and giving the final message output to the client.

5. Data Structure

a. We have used Hash Map to store data on server side; it stores data in form of key-value pair. We have also used Array list for storing multiple values for the same key.



6. Logger

a. We have also maintain log for each client (Patient as well as Admin as well as Server). This log will have all the data from client entering the database till leaving the server The

log will have all the activities recorded for the server client and manager.

b. Log Format

- i. Log Data consist of following details:
 - 1. Date and type the request was sent.
 - 2. Request Type
 - 3. Request Parameter
 - 4. Request successful/fail
 - 5. Server response for the particular request

7. Flow

- a. The client sends the request to the respective server.
- b. Server fetches the request data.
- c. It checks if there is any request for another server, if yes then it forwards the request to the request to respective server.
- d. The servers of different location receive the request and creates the thread to process the request.
- e. The server then responds to the client with appropriate data.

8. Challenges Faced

a. Implementation of synchronization while managing multiple event requests at the same time has been challenging.

9. Test Cases

Scenario	Actual Output	Expected	
Dadianda ann barata	A 1 1 - 1 1 - 2	Output	
Patients can book	Already booked 3	Already booked 3	
any number of	appointments	appointments	
appointments in	outside your city	outside your city	
their own city but			
they cannot book			
more than 3			
appointments			
outside their city.			
If the user tries to	Enter the valid	Enter the valid	
book the	appointment type	appointment type	
appointment that			
is not added by			
the admin then			
the error occurs.			
If the book is full	No appointment	No appointment	
patients cannot	found	found	
book the			
appointments.			
Patient can	1.Book	1.Book	
perform only	Appointment	Appointment	
patient operations	2. List	2. List	
they cannot	Appointment	Appointment	
perform admin	Schedule	Schedule	
operations.	3. Cancel	3. Cancel	
	Appointment	Appointment	
	4. Swap	4. Swap	
	Appointment	Appointment	
If old/new event	Unable to book	Unable to book	
does not exist for	new appointment	new appointment	
swap event, an			

error message is		
shown.		
The swap event	Cannot book	Cannot book
throws an error if	appointment	appointment
new event add	already reached	already reached
operation exceeds	maximum limit	maximum limit
the month's max		
limit.		

10. Code Structure

