

CS 771: Artificial Intelligence

Programming Assignment, Spring 2021: Due Fri, April 16

100 Points = 20% of Overall Grade

You will write a program to solve the 8-queens problem. The input to the program is a start state. The output is the sequence of states your program goes through; the *first state* in the output sequence is the start state; the **hope** is that the *last state* in this sequence provides a conflict-free solution to the problem.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1					X			
2	X							
3						X		X
4				X				
5		X						
6							X	
7			X					
8								

a

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1							X	
2					X			
3		X						
4				X				
5						X		
6								X
7			X					
8	X							

b

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1								
2								
3								
4				X				
5	X				X			
6		X				X		X
7			X				X	
8								

c

Input and output of states: A state $s = (Q_1, Q_2, \dots, Q_8)$, where Q_i is the row number of the queen in column i . It is input or output as a sequence of 8 digits, where each digit is between 1 and 8; the digits are separated by **single** blanks, with **NO** blank at the end. So, the input/output of a state takes exactly 15 spaces (8 digits plus 7 blanks). Each state should be output on a separate line, with the first digit appearing in column 1 (of the output file). For example, the states in Figures a, b and c, respectively, are:

2 5 7 4 1 3 6 3
 8 3 7 4 2 5 1 6
 5 6 7 4 5 6 7 6

Choosing the next state: For each queen, see how many other queens it attacks. Pick the queen Q with the largest number of attacked queens (say number of attacks is n_1). If there are several such queens, then you **must** pick the one with the smallest column. Now, consider moving this queen Q within its column to the row that minimizes the number of queens it attacks (say number of attacks is n_2). If there are several such rows, you **must** pick the smallest row; move Q to this row. This gives us our next state.

The process in the above para is repeated until we reach a state in which $n_1 = 0$ (success), or for all queens with n_1 attacks, n_2 is $\geq n_1$ (failure).

Special cases: If $n_1 = 0$, we have a solution, and we stop.

If $n_2 = n_1$, then we do not move this queen Q ; we look for another queen Q' that attacks n_1 queens; if there are several such queens, we pick the one with the next smallest column. If for all queens with n_1 attacks, n_2 is $\geq n_1$, we stop our search.

Checking if two queens attack each other: For $i \neq j$, Q_i and Q_j attack each other if either $Q_i = Q_j$ (same row), or $|Q_i - Q_j| = |i - j|$ (same diagonal).

Program Run: The input file has several start states, one per line. Your program should have a loop that starts with each of those start states.

For example, consider the following input file with three *start* states:

2 5 7 4 1 3 6 3
 8 3 7 4 2 5 1 6
 5 6 7 4 5 6 7 6

For start state 2 5 7 4 1 3 6 3 (Fig a): Q_6 and Q_8 have the most number of attacks, which is 1; so $n_1 = 1$. By our tie-breaking rule (pick the queen with the smallest column), we pick Q_6 to move. Moving

Q_6 to row 8 (within its 6th column) results in minimum of attacks $n_2 = 0$. So, we must move Q_6 to row 8; the next state is (2, 5, 7, 4, 1, 8, 6, 3).

In this resulting state, most number of attacks for any queen is $n_1 = 0$. So, we stop with success.

For start state 8 3 7 4 2 5 1 6 (Fig b): Q_4 and Q_7 have the most number of attacks, which is 1; so $n_1 = 1$. By our tie-breaking rule (pick the queen with the smallest column), we pick Q_4 to move. But moving Q_4 to any other row (within its 4th column) results in a minimum of two attacks; i.e., $n_2 = 2$. Since $n_2 \geq n_1$, we decide to not move Q_4 .

So, we next pick Q_7 to move. But moving Q_7 to any other row (within its 7th column) results in a minimum of two attacks; i.e., $n_2 = 2$. Since $n_2 \geq n_1$, we decide to not move Q_7 .

Since we have considered all queens with n_1 attacks, we stop (failure, since $n_1 > 0$).

For start state 5 6 7 4 5 6 7 6 (Fig c): The number of attacked queens are (3, 5, 4, 4, 5, 5, 5, 3). So, $n_1 = 5$; we need to consider Q_2, Q_5, Q_6, Q_7 for move, in that order. For Q_2 , moving it to rows 1 or 3 gives minimum number of attacks $n_2 = 0$. So, we must move Q_2 to row 1; the next state is (5, 1, 7, 4, 5, 6, 7, 6). Starting with this resulting state, compute the next state, and so on.

Overall, on the above input file, the output file looks like:

```
2 5 7 4 1 3 6 3
2 5 7 4 1 8 6 3
Success
```

```
8 3 7 4 2 5 1 6
Failure
```

```
5 6 7 4 5 6 7 6
5 1 7 4 5 6 7 6
:
5 1 7 4 2 3 8 6
Failure
```

In your output file, "Success" and "Failure" must appear exactly as shown above, starting in column 1, with no blanks at the end.

What to submit : You can write your program in any language you want. Submit:

- All files that are necessary to run your program . Name and WSU ID must appear on top of each file that you submit.
- A README.txt file that explains very clearly how to compile/execute your program. Without this README file your program will not be graded; you will get 0.

Late Submissions: Assignments after deadline will be accepted upto 3 days late. After that they will be rejected. Late penalty: 10 points per day.