

1321. Restaurant Growth

Table: Customer

+-----+-----+	
Column Name	Type
+-----+-----+	
customer_id	int
name	varchar
visited_on	date
amount	int
+-----+-----+	

In SQL, (customer_id, visited_on) is the primary key for this table.

This table contains data about customer transactions in a restaurant.

visited_on is the date on which the customer with ID (customer_id) has visited the restaurant.

amount is the total paid by a customer.

You are the restaurant owner and you want to analyze a possible expansion (there will be at least one customer every day).

Compute the moving average of how much the customer paid in a seven days window (i.e., current day + 6 days before). average_amount should be **rounded to two decimal places**.

Return the result table ordered by visited_on **in ascending order**.

The result format is in the following example.

Example 1:

Input:

Customer table:

+-----+-----+-----+-----+			
customer_id	name	visited_on	amount
+-----+-----+-----+-----+			
1	Jhon	2019-01-01	100
2	Daniel	2019-01-02	110
3	Jade	2019-01-03	120
4	Khaled	2019-01-04	130
5	Winston	2019-01-05	110
6	Elvis	2019-01-06	140
7	Anna	2019-01-07	150
8	Maria	2019-01-08	80
9	Jaze	2019-01-09	110
1	Jhon	2019-01-10	130
3	Jade	2019-01-10	150
+-----+-----+-----+-----+			

Output:

visited_on	amount	average_amount
2019-01-07	860	122.86
2019-01-08	840	120
2019-01-09	840	120
2019-01-10	1000	142.86

Explanation:

1st moving average from 2019-01-01 to 2019-01-07 has an average_amount of $(100 + 110 + 120 + 130 + 110 + 140 + 150)/7 = 122.86$

2nd moving average from 2019-01-02 to 2019-01-08 has an average_amount of $(110 + 120 + 130 + 110 + 140 + 150 + 80)/7 = 120$

3rd moving average from 2019-01-03 to 2019-01-09 has an average_amount of $(120 + 130 + 110 + 140 + 150 + 80 + 110)/7 = 120$

4th moving average from 2019-01-04 to 2019-01-10 has an average_amount of $(130 + 110 + 140 + 150 + 80 + 110 + 130 + 150)/7 = 142.86$

Write your MySQL query statement below

```

SELECT
    visited_on,
    (
        SELECT SUM(amount)
        FROM customer
        WHERE visited_on BETWEEN DATE_SUB(c.visited_on, INTERVAL 6 DAY)
AND c.visited_on
    ) AS amount,
    ROUND(
        (
            SELECT SUM(amount) / 7
            FROM customer
            WHERE visited_on BETWEEN DATE_SUB(c.visited_on, INTERVAL 6 DAY)
AND c.visited_on
        ),
        2
    ) AS average_amount
FROM customer c
WHERE visited_on >= (
    SELECT DATE_ADD(MIN(visited_on), INTERVAL 6 DAY)
    FROM customer
)
GROUP BY visited_on
ORDER BY visited_on;

```

