## 1141. User Activity for the Past 30 Days I

Table: Activity
+-----+
| Column Name | Type |
+-----+
user\_id	int
session\_id	int
activity\_date	date
activity\_type	enum
+------+

This table may have duplicate rows.

The activity\_type column is an ENUM (category) of type ('open\_session', 'end\_session', 'scroll\_down', 'send\_message').

The table shows the user activities for a social media website.

Note that each session belongs to exactly one user.

Write a solution to find the daily active user count for a period of 30 days ending 2019-07-27 inclusively. A user was active on someday if they made at least one activity on that day.

Return the result table in any order.

The result format is in the following example.

## Example 1:

## Input:

Activity table:

```
+----+
| user_id | session_id | activity_date | activity_type |
+----+
      | 2019-07-20 | open session |
| 1 | 1
| 2 | 4 | 2019-07-20 | open_session |
| 4 | 2019-07-21 | end_session |
12
| 3 | 2 | 2019-07-21 | open_session |
| 3 | 2 | 2019-07-21 | send message |
| 3 | 2 | 2019-07-21 | end_session |
| 4
  | 3 | 2019-06-25 | open_session |
4 | 3 | 2019-06-25 | end session |
+----+
```

## Output:

**Explanation:** Note that we do not care about days with zero active users.

```
# Write your MySQL query statement below select activity_date as day,count(distinct user_id) as active_users from Activity where activity_date between date_sub('2019-07-28', interval 30 DAY) and '2019-07-27' group by (activity_date)
```