sets

```
In [6]:
          1 #create a set
          2 | empty_set=set() #empty set with only set() ortherwise it will be an empty di
          3 print(empty set)
          4 | set_name = {"bharu", "lovely", "bbp", "rasna", 12345, 100.00, "bharu"}
          5 print(set_name)
        set()
        {100.0, 'bharu', 'rasna', 'bbp', 12345, 'lovely'}
          1 set1= {("bbp","angry"), "1234"}
In [3]:
          2 print(set1)
        {'1234', ('bbp', 'angry')}
In [4]:
          1 | set2=set((['1',34,"bbp"]))
          2 print(set2)
        {34, 'bbp', '1'}
In [8]:
          1 # set elements are immutable, so a list cannot be a member of a set
          2 x=set()
          3 x={"abc",[1,2,3,4]}
             print(x)
        TypeError
                                                   Traceback (most recent call last)
        <ipython-input-8-1b4e510c6274> in <module>
              1 # set elements are immutable, so a listor dictionary cannot be a member
        of a set
              2 x=set()
        ----> 3 x={\text{"abc"},[1,2,3,4]}
              4 y={'a':"apple", "b":"Ball"}
              5 print({y})
        TypeError: unhashable type: 'list'
In [9]:
          1 y={'a':"apple", "b":"Ball"} # dictionary cannot be a member of a set
          2 | print({y})
                                                   Traceback (most recent call last)
        <ipython-input-9-3c54dc1ad202> in <module>
              1 y={'a':"apple", "b":"Ball"}
        ----> 2 print({y})
        TypeError: unhashable type: 'dict'
```

True

Operations

```
In [15]:
           1 # Union operator is '|' and method is union() no duplicates all the elements
           2 a={"abcd",12,"efgh"}
           3 b={"efgh",13,56}
           4 print(a.union(b))
           5 print(a|b)
           6 print(a.union(('bbp','lovely',123)))
             print(a|('bbp','lovely',123))
         {'efgh', 56, 'abcd', 12, 13}
         {'efgh', 56, 'abcd', 12, 13}
         {12, 'efgh', 'bbp', 'abcd', 123, 'lovely'}
         TypeError
                                                   Traceback (most recent call last)
         <ipython-input-15-07afca3d345a> in <module>
               5 print(a|b)
               6 print(a.union(('bbp', 'lovely',123)))
         ----> 7 print(a|('bbp', 'lovely', 123))
         TypeError: unsupported operand type(s) for |: 'set' and 'tuple'
In [17]:
           1 #Intersection '&' , intersection() common elements
           2 a={"abcd",12,"efgh"}
           3 | b={"efgh",13,56}
           4 print(a&b)
             print(a.intersection(b))
         {'efgh'}
         {'efgh'}
           1 #difference '-' , method is difference() only first with no common elements
In [20]:
           2 p={'a',1,'b',3,'cd'}
           3 q={'cd','a',1,13}
           4 print(p-q)
           5 print(q-p)
         {3, 'b'}
         {13}
```

```
In [24]:
           1 #symmetric difference all elements with no common elements
           2 p={'a',1,'b',3,'cd'}
           3 | q={'cd','a',1,13}
           4 r={'ef','b',78,13}
           5 | print(p^q)
           6 print(p^q^r)
           7
              print(p.symmetric_difference(q))
           8 print(p.symmetric_difference(q,r)) #method takes only one argument
         {3, 13, 'b'}
         {3, 78, 'ef'}
         {3, 13, 'b'}
         TypeError
                                                     Traceback (most recent call last)
         <ipython-input-24-9cf72f85c63d> in <module>
                6 print(p^q^r)
                7 print(p.symmetric difference(q))
          ----> 8 print(p.symmetric_difference(q,r))
         TypeError: symmetric_difference() takes exactly one argument (2 given)
In [27]:
           1 #to find any common elements or not disjoint returns boolean
           2 p={'a',1,'b',3,'cd'}
           3 q={'cd','a',1,13}
           4 r=\{'x', 9, 'y'\}
           5 print(p.isdisjoint(q))
             print(p.isdisjoint(r))
         False
         True
In [33]:
           1 #issubset '<=' every element of first shoulb be in second
           2 s={'a','b'}
           3 print(r <= q)</pre>
           4 print(q <= p)
           5 print(s <= p)</pre>
           6 print(p.issubset(p))
         False
         False
         True
         True
           1 | # a proper subset (sets should not be identical )
In [37]:
           2 | i={'a',1,'b',2,'c',3}
           3 \mid j=\{'a',1,'b',2,'c',3,'d',4\}
           4 k={'a',1,'b',2,'c',3}
           5 print(i < j) # i is a properset of j</pre>
              print(i < k) # i and k are identical</pre>
         True
         False
```

localhost:8889/notebooks/Downloads/Sets.ipynb

Modifications cannot modify individual elements but can modify the set

```
In [44]:
           1 # adding elements using the add()
           2 u={'a','b','c','d',1,2,3}
           3 u.add(4)
           4 print(u)
         {1, 2, 3, 4, 'c', 'a', 'b', 'd'}
In [46]:
          1 #using update to add elements
           2 v={'p'}
           3 v.update(['q','r'])
           4 print(v)
         {'r', 'q', 'p'}
In [48]:
           1 #remove throws an exception if ele not found
           2 u.remove('d')
           3 print(u)
         {1, 2, 3, 4, 'c', 'a', 'b'}
In [53]:
           1 #pop , removes the ele and returns the popped element and throws an error
           2 u.pop()
           3 \mid \#w = \{\}
           4 #w.pop()
           5 print(u)
         {'a', 'b'}
```

```
In [58]:
           1 #discard
           2 w={'a'}
           3 w.pop()
           4 print(w)
           5 w.discard(1)
         set()
In [59]:
           1 #clear is used to clear
           2 u.clear()
           3
             print(u)
         set()
         modifications using operations
             #update intersection updates the first set with intersection of 1 and 2
In [63]:
           2 | one={'a','b','c','d'}
           3 two={'c','d'}
           4 two.intersection update(one)
           5 print(two)
         {'c', 'd'}
In [68]:
             #difference update, updates the first set with difference of 1-2
           2 one={'a','b','c','d'}
           3 print(id(one))
           4 two={'c','d'}
           5 one.difference_update(two)
           6 print(one)
             print(id(one))
         97989576
         {'b', 'a'}
         97989576
In [69]:
           1 #symmetric_update, updates the
           2 three={'a','b','p','q','r'}
           3 four={'i','j','a','b','p'}
           4 five=set()
           5 #five.symmetric difference update(three)
           6 | five = three ^ four
           7 print(five)
         {'q', 'i', 'r', 'j'}
```

Frozen sets

```
In [75]:
          1 #a frozen set is an immutable set
           2 f1=frozenset(['angry','bird','bhargavi',13])
           3 print(f1)
             print(id(f1))
         frozenset({'angry', 'bhargavi', 13, 'bird'})
         97991592
In [74]:
           1 f2=set((1,2,3))
           2 f1^=f2
                       # the id of f1 changes here since, a new object is created for f1
           3 print(f1)
             print(id(f1))
         frozenset({'angry', 'bird', 13, 'bhargavi'})
         97991816
In [77]:
           1 | #if we want to pass sets as dictionary key we can use frozen sets
           2 d1=frozenset('dsgf')
           3 print(d1)
           4 d2=frozenset({'abcd'})
             print(d2)
         frozenset({'s', 'g', 'f', 'd'})
         frozenset({'abcd'})
In [ ]:
```