



DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

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Experiment 6

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Semester: 5

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1. Problem Description/Aim:

Medium-Problem Title: Gender Diversity Tracking-Create a PostgreSQL stored procedure to track gender diversity in the workforce. The procedure takes a gender as input and returns the total number of employees of that gender, providing HR with instant and secure reporting.

Procedure (Step-by-Step):

- Create a table employees with columns like emp_id,emp_name and gender.
- Insert sample data with varying genders.
- Create a stored procedure ‘count_employees_by_gender’ that:- Takes a gender as input- Counts the number of employees with that gender.- Returns the result as an OUT parameter.
- Call the procedure in a DO block to capture and display the result.

Sample Output Description:

Input: ‘Male’---- Output: 3

Input: ‘Female’---- Output: 2-HRsees results instantly without accessing full employee data.

Hard Problem Title: Order Placement and Inventory Management-Automate the ordering process in a retail company. The procedure validates stock availability, logs sales, updates inventory, and provides real-time confirmation or rejection messages.

Procedure (Step-by-Step):



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products table with columns: product_id, product_name, price, quantity_remaining, quantity_sold.

- Create sales table with columns: sale_id, product_id, quantity, total_price, sale_date.
- Create a stored procedure place_order that:- Takes product_id and quantity as input.- Checks if quantity_remaining is sufficient.- If yes:- Logs the sale in sales table.- Updates products(decrease quantity_remaining, increase quantity_sold).- Display "Product sold successfully!!".- If no:- Display "Insufficient quantity available!!"
- Call the procedure for different orders to validate functionality.

Sample Output Description: Order 5 units of Smartphone (stock available): "Product sold successfully!"- Order 100 units of Tablet (insufficient stock): "Insufficient Quantity Available!"- Inventory updates automatically for successful orders.

2. Objective: The objective is to automate critical business operations using PostgreSQL stored procedures. For HR, it tracks gender diversity by returning the total count of employees by gender. For retail, it manages orders by validating stock, logging sales, updating inventory, and providing real-time confirmation or rejection messages. This ensures efficiency, accuracy, and real-time insights in both workforce and inventory management.

2. Codes

-----EXPERIMENT-6-----

-----MEDIUM PROBLEM-----

```
CREATE TABLE employees (    emp_id SERIAL PRIMARY
KEY,    emp_name VARCHAR(100),    gender VARCHAR(10)
);
```

-- Sample data

```
INSERT INTO employees (emp_name, gender) VALUES
('Tanmay', 'Male'),
('Aniket', 'Female'),
```



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'Jyoti', 'Male'), Empower.

('Rohan', 'Female'),

('Keshav', 'Male');

select * from EMPLOYEES;

----CREATING A PROCEDURE----

CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE count_employees_by_gender(

IN input_gender VARCHAR,

OUT total_count int

)

LANGUAGE plpgsql

AS \$\$

BEGIN

SELECT COUNT(*) INTO total_count

FROM employees

WHERE gender = input_gender;

END;

\$\$;

---CALLING THE PROCEDURE----

DO \$\$ DECLARE

result INT;

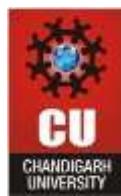
BEGIN

CALL count_employees_by_gender('Male', result);

RAISE NOTICE 'TOTAL EMPLOYEES OF GENDER Male ARE %', result;

END;

\$\$;



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```
33  DO $$  
34  DECLARE  
35      result INT;  
36  BEGIN  
37      CALL count_employees_by_gender('Male', result);  
38      RAISE NOTICE 'TOTAL EMPLOYEES OF GENDER Male ARE %', result;  
39  END;
```

Data Output Messages Notifications

NOTICE: TOTAL EMPLOYEES OF GENDER Male ARE 3

DO

Query returned successfully in 104 msec.

-----HARD PROBLEM -----

```
CREATE TABLE products (  product_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,  
product_name VARCHAR(100),  price NUMERIC(10,2),  
quantity_remaining INT,  quantity_sold INT DEFAULT 0  
)
```

```
INSERT INTO products (product_name, price, quantity_remaining) VALUES  
('Smartphone', 30000, 50),  
('Tablet', 20000, 30),  
('Laptop', 60000, 20);
```

```
CREATE TABLE sales (  sale_id SERIAL PRIMARY  
KEY,  product_id INT REFERENCES  
products(product_id),  quantity INT,  total_price
```



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NUMERIC(10,2) sale_date TIMESTAMP

DEFAULT NOW()

);

CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE place_order(

IN p_product_id INT,

IN p_quantity INT

)

LANGUAGE plpgsql

AS \$\$ DECLARE

available_stock INT;

product_price NUMERIC(10,2);

BEGIN

SELECT quantity_remaining, price

INTO available_stock, product_price

FROM products

WHERE product_id = p_product_id;

IF available_stock IS NULL THEN

RAISE NOTICE 'Product ID % does not exist!', p_product_id;

ELSIF available_stock >= p_quantity THEN

-- LOGGING THE ORDER

INSERT INTO sales (product_id, quantity, total_price)

VALUES (p_product_id, p_quantity, p_quantity * product_price);

UPDATE products

SET quantity_remaining = quantity_remaining - p_quantity,

quantity_sold = quantity_sold + p_quantity



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```
RAISE NOTICE 'Product sold successfully!';

ELSE

    RAISE NOTICE 'Insufficient Quantity Available!';

END IF;

END;

$$;
```

```
CALL PLACE_ORDER(2,20); --PRODUCT SOLD SUCCESSFULLY AND
QUANTITY_REMAINING COLUMN SET TO -20 AND DATA LOGGED TO SALES TABLE
SELECT * FROM SALES;
SELECT * FROM PRODUCTS;
CALL PLACE_ORDER(3,100); --INSUFFICIENT QUANTITY AVAILABLE
```



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```
100 CALL PLACE_ORDER(2,20); --PRODUCT SOLD SUCCESSFULLY AND QUANTITY_REMAINING COLUMN
101 SELECT * FROM SALES;
102 SELECT * FROM PRODUCTS;
103 CALL PLACE_ORDER(3,100); --INSUFFICIENT QUANTITY AVAILABLE
104
```

Data Output Messages Notifications

Showing rows: 1 to 1

	sale_id [PK] integer	product_id integer	quantity integer	total_price numeric (10,2)	sale_date timestamp without time zone
1	1	2	20	400000.00	2025-09-25 23:12:19.653032

```
101 SELECT * FROM SALES;
102 SELECT * FROM PRODUCTS;
103 CALL PLACE_ORDER(3,100); --INSUFFICIENT QUANTITY AVAILABLE
104
```

Data Output Messages Notifications

Showing rows: 1 to 3

	product_id [PK] integer	product_name character varying (100)	price numeric (10,2)	quantity_remaining integer	quantity_sold integer
1	1	Smartphone	30000.00	50	0
2	3	Laptop	60000.00	20	0
3	2	Tablet	20000.00	10	20

```
101
102
103 CALL PLACE_ORDER(3,100); --INSUFFICIENT QUANTITY AVAILABLE
104
```

Data Output Messages Notifications

NOTICE: Insufficient Quantity Available!

CALL

Query returned successfully in 158 msec.