RAPID INTEGRATED ASSESSMENT – BHUTAN SDG PROFILE CARD (updated on 27 October 2015)

| REGION | ASIA & PACIFIC |
|----------------------------|---------------------|
| HDI/Rank | 136 (2014) |
| Inequality adjusted HDI | 0.465 |
| Nationally established MPI | |
| Income Level | Lower middle income |
| GDP Per capita | US\$ 2,069.8 (2014) |
| Population size | 765,000 (2014) |

| | SDGs Goals/Targets | Thematic Area/Sector, as Identified in Key Government Planning Documents | National Development Plan Identify closest Goal/Target presented in Document addressing the issues in the corresponding SDG Goal/Target | Identify National Indicators for the Specific Targets | Institution Responsible for Target implementation (line ministries) | Any relevant comment related to this priority target area in the National Development Plan? |
|--------|---|--|---|---|---|---|
| | Goal 1. End poverty in all its forms everywhere | | | | | |
| Pe | 1.1 By 2030, eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere, currently measured as people living on less than \$1.25 a day | Emerging Social Challenges | Basic amenities developed ¹ | ✓ HHs with CGI Sheets for roofing (%) ✓ HHs with access to piped drinking water (%) ✓ HHs with access to sanitation (%) ✓ HHs with access to Electricity (%) | Gross National Happiness Commission | |
| People | | | Increased Income ² | ✓ HHs income greater than Nu. 46000 per year (%) | | |
| | | | Skills developed ³ | ✓ HHs with income generating skills (%) | | |
| | | | Enhance food and nutrition security ⁴ | ✓ Egg production (million Nos/annum) ✓ Milk production (mt/annum) ✓ Vegetable production (mt/annum) | | |

| 4 0 D 0000 | December 1 | Occasion LPC calculated to the Company | ZA | NATIONAL CALL IN | |
|--|--------------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| 1.2 By 2030, reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions | Renewable Natural Resources | Generate additional employment opportunities and increase mean annual rural household cash income ⁵ | ✓ Annual cash income from sale of RNR products (Nu. in millions/ annum) ✓ Percent contribution of agriculture income to total HH income (%) | Ministry of Agriculture and Forests | |
| asimilas/is | | Preventative, Promotive and Rehabilitative Healthcare services ⁶ | ✓ Stunting (Height for age) | | |
| | Education | MDGs+ Achieved ⁷ | ✓ Adjusted Primary Net Enrollment Ratio ✓ Basic Net Enrolment Ratio(13-16yrs) ✓ Net Primary enrolment (6- 12 yrs) | Ministry of Education | |
| | | Health and wellbeing of school children improved8 | ✓ Attendance rate ✓ Clean toilet initiatives in all schools ✓ Schools/Institutes with sporting calendar/sporting event | | |
| | | Students performance outcome improved ⁹ | ✓ Completion Rates (Secondary) ✓ Completion Rates (Primary) ✓ Learning outcome scores ✓ Survival Rates (to class VI) ✓ Survival Rates (to class X) | | |
| | | MDGs+ Achieved ¹⁰ | ✓ GER at tertiary level (19- 21yrs) both within and outside Bhutan ✓ Ratio of females to males in tertiary education ¹⁶ ✓ Adult literacy rate 15 yrs+ ¹⁷ | | |
| | | Teacher performance outcome improved ¹¹ | ✓ % of teacher satisfied with teaching profession | | |
| | Health | Curative and Rehabilitative Healthcare Services Provided ¹² | ✓ % of population within 3 hrs walking distance | Ministry of Health | |

| Employment and Human Resource Development | Preventative, Promotive and Rehabilitative Healthcare services ¹³ Quality and Relevance of TVET improved ¹⁴ | ✓ Average Nationwide OPD waiting time from 9 AM to 11 AM ✓ Independent Patient satisfaction rate ✓ Nurse to bed ratio ✓ Nurse to Doctor Ratio ✓ IMR per 1000 live births ✓ Malaria incidence per 10,000 population ✓ Percentage of rural pop with access to improved sanitation ✓ U5 MR per 1000 live birth ✓ TB Prevalence rate per 100,000 population ✓ Diabetes incidence per 10,000 population ✓ Hypertension incidence 10,000 population ✓ MMR per 100,000 live births ✓ Stunting (Height for age) ✓ Competency based TVET curricula developed based on NOSS ✓ performance of the instructors ✓ Ratio to local worker to foreign worker ✓ TVET graduates employed | Ministry of Labour and Human Resources |
|---|---|--|--|
| Preservation and Promotion of Culture | Contribution to employment enhanced ¹⁵ | | Ministry of Home and Cultural Affairs |

| 1.3 Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, including floors, and by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable | Emerging Social Challenges | Landless/ economically disadvantaged resettled and poverty reduced ¹⁸ Child's Right to Protection Enhanced ¹⁹ | ✓ Area of land allocated for resettlement (acres) ✓ % of hhs with the required child care and house help services ✓ No of day-care centres/crèches ✓ No. of institutional mechanisms and support services in place | National Land Commission National Commission for Women and Children | |
|---|---------------------------------|---|---|---|--|
| 1.4 By 2030, ensure that all men and women, in particular the poor and the vulnerable, have equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to basic services, ownership and control over land and other forms of | Emerging Social Challenges | Basic amenities developed ²⁰ | ✓ HHs with CGI Sheets for roofing (%) ✓ HHs with access to piped drinking water (%) ✓ HHs with access to sanitation (%) ✓ HHs with access to Electricity (%) | Gross National Happiness Commission | |
| property, inheritance, natural resources, appropriate new technology | Tourism | Employment increased ²¹ | ✓ No. of Bhutanese employed | Ministry of Economic Affairs | |
| and financial services, including microfinance | Construction | Employment opportunities created ²² | ✓ No. Bhutanese employed in construction industry (CDB) | Ministry of Works and Human Settlement | |
| | Human Settlement and Housing | Poverty reduced ²³ | ✓ Access to affordable housing enhanced ✓ Develop aesthetic, culturally and socially ambient houses/ housing complexes | Ministry of Works and Human Settlement | |
| | | Strategic Human Settlements developed for regionally balanced development and improved quality of life and socioeconomic status of both urban and rural residents ²⁴ | ✓ Regional hubs developed (Nos.) ✓ Population residing region wise (western Region) (%) ✓ Population residing region wise (Central Region) (%) ✓ Population residing region | | |

| | | Trade, Industries and Mines | Geological mapping, mineral exploration and mineral development in sustainable and environment friendly manner carried out ²⁵ | wise (Central-eastern Region) (%) ✓ Population residing region wise (Eastern Region) (%) ✓ Contribution to community development by mining sector (Million Nu.) | Ministry of Economic Affairs |
|--------|--|--------------------------------|--|---|-------------------------------------|
| People | 1.5 By 2030, build the resilience of the poor and those in vulnerable situations and reduce their exposure and vulnerability to climate-related extreme events and other economic, social and environmental shocks and disasters | Renewable Natural Resources | Enhanced capacity of the local communities to adapt to changing climate ²⁶ | ✓ Resilient local crop varieties promoted in selected sites (Nos) ✓ Functional community seed banks(Nos) ✓ Farmers trained on local genetic resources(Nos) | Ministry of Agriculture and Forests |
| | Goal 2. End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture | | | | |
| People | 2.1 By 2030, end hunger and ensure access by all people, in particular the poor and people in vulnerable situations, including infants, to safe, nutritious and sufficient food all year round | Renewable Natural Resources | Enhanced self-sufficiency of livestock products ²⁷ ; | ✓ Milk Production(mt/year) ✓ Egg production (Nos. in million/ year) ✓ Chicken production(mt/year) ✓ Pork production(mt/year) ✓ Fish production (mt/year) ✓ Chevon production (mt/year) ✓ Beef production(mt/year) ✓ Honey production(mt/year) | Ministry of Agriculture and Forests |
| | | Education | Nutritional standards and sustainability of school feeding programme enhanced ²⁸ ; | ✓ Transition strategy for school feeding programme implemented | Ministry of Education |

| | | | | ✓ % of schools (boarding and with day meal program) providing school meals as per the standard menu for balanced diet ✓ % of schools augmenting vegetables and livestock requirement met from SAP ✓ % of schools buying local farm products for school mess | |
|--------|--|-----------|---|--|-----------------------|
| | | Health | Nutritional status of general population improved ²⁹ | ✓ Weight for height ✓ Weight for age ✓ Exclusive breastfeeding for 6 months (%) ✓ Prevalence of anemia among 6-36 months children (%) ✓ Low birth weight infant (%) | Ministry of Health |
| People | 2.2 By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age, and address the nutritional needs of adolescent girls, pregnant and lactating women and older persons | Education | Nutritional standards and sustainability of school feeding programme enhanced ³⁰ ; | ✓ Transition strategy for school feeding programme implemented ✓ % of schools (boarding and with day meal program) providing school meals as per the standard menu for balanced diet ✓ % of schools augmenting vegetables and livestock requirement met from SAP ✓ % of schools buying local farm products for school mess | Ministry of Education |
| | | Health | Nutritional status of general population improved ³¹ | ✓ Weight for height ✓ Weight for age ✓ Exclusive breastfeeding for 6 months (%) ✓ Prevalence of anemia among 6-36 months children (%) ✓ Low birth weight infant (%) | Ministry of Health |

| 2.3 By 2030, double the agricultural productivity and incomes of small-scale food producers, in particular women, indigenous peoples, family farmers, pastoralists and fishers, including through secure and equal access to | Renewable Natural Resources | Enhance food and nutrition security; Improve Rural Livelihood ³² | ✓ Cereal production ✓ Paddy production ✓ Milk production ✓ Egg production ✓ Vegetable Production ✓ Fruits & Nuts production ✓ Annual cash income from sale of RNR products (Nu. in millions/annum) | Ministry of Agriculture & Forests |
|--|--------------------------------|---|---|--------------------------------------|
| land, other productive resources and inputs, knowledge, financial services, markets and | | | Percent contribution of agriculture income to total hh income (%) | |
| opportunities for value addition and non-farm employment | Emerging Social Challenges | Self-Help Groups formed ³³ Commercial farming enhanced ³⁴ | ✓ Number of self-help groups ✓ Number of self-help groups engaged in commercial farming | Ministry of Agriculture & Forests |
| 2.4 By 2030, ensure sustainable food production systems and implement resilient agricultural | Renewable Natural Resources | Promote sustainable management and utilization of natural resources ³⁵ | ✓ Land area under organic/natural production (acres) | Ministry of Agriculture & Forests |
| practices that increase productivity and production, that help maintain ecosystems, that strengthen capacity for adaptation to climate change, extreme weather, drought, flooding and other disasters and that progressively improve land and soil quality | Emerging Social Challenges | Enhance food and nutrition security ³⁶ | ✓ Egg production (million Nos/annum) ✓ Milk production (mt/annum) ✓ Vegetable production (mt/annum) | Ministry of Agriculture & Forests |
| 2.5 By 2020, maintain the genetic diversity of seeds, cultivated plants and farmed and domesticated animals and their related wild species, including through soundly managed and diversified seed and | Renewable Natural Resources | Increased and diversified ex-situ conservation of biodiversity ³⁷ | ✓ Accessions of PGRFA germ-plasm at the crop gene bank including field Gene Bank(Nos) ✓ Functional backup facility for ex-situ collection of plant genetic resources for food and agriculture(Nos.) | Ministry of Agriculture & Forests |

| | plant banks at the national, regional and international levels, and ensure access to and fair and equitable sharing of benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and associated traditional knowledge, as internationally agreed | | | ✓ Functional invitro and cryo bank facilities for plant genetic resources(Nos) ✓ Doses of animal germplasm (semen)at the animal gene bank (Nos) ✓ Animal germ-plasm (embryos)of domestic animal breeds in animal gene bank(Nos) ✓ Animal germ-plasm(DNA)of domestic animal breeds (Nos) ✓ Nucleus farms of selected local breeds(Nos) ✓ Living collection diversity in ex situ conservation at the botanical garden(Nos) ✓ Species of animal genetic resources characterized (Nos) | | |
|--------|---|--------|---|--|--------------------|--|
| | Goal 3. Ensure healthy lives and promote wellbeing for all at all ages 3.1 By 2030, reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100,000 live births | Health | Morbidity and Mortality due to Non-communicable diseases controlled ³⁸ | ✓ Maternal Mortality Rate per 100,000 live birth | Ministry of Health | |
| People | 3.2 By 2030, end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age, with all countries aiming to reduce neonatal mortality to at least as low as 12 per 1,000 live births and under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1,000 live births | Health | Morbidity & mortality due to communicable diseases reduced ³⁹ | ✓ Under 5 Mortality Rate ✓ Infant Mortality rate per 1000 live birth ✓ Immunization coverage (%) | Ministry of Health | |
| | 3.3 By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and neglected tropical diseases | Health | Morbidity & mortality due to communicable diseases reduced ⁴⁰ | ✓ HIV Prevalence (%) ✓ Malaria incidence per 10000 population at risk ✓ Tuberculosis prevalence | Ministry of Health | |

| | and combat hepatitis, water-borne diseases and other communicable diseases | | | rate Per 10000 population | |
|--------|---|-----------|--|---|---|
| | 3.4 By 2030, reduce by one third premature mortality from non-communicable diseases through prevention and treatment and promote mental health and well-being | Health | Morbidity and Mortality due to Non-communicable diseases controlled ⁴¹ | ✓ Incidence of Diabetes per 10,000 population ✓ Elimination of Iodine Deficiency Disorder ✓ Hypertension Incidence per 10,000 population | Ministry of Health |
| | and won boning | Sports | Health Education and Advocacy strengthened ⁴² | ✓ % of students with student health hand book (class PP-VII) ✓ % of schools with trained school health coordinators ✓ % of school implementing Life Skill Education (LSE) | Ministry of Health |
| People | 3.5 Strengthen the prevention and treatment of substance abuse, including narcotic drug abuse and harmful use of alcohol | Health | Increased access to improved adolescent health services ⁴³ ; Healthy lifestyle achieved through health promotion ⁴⁴ | ✓ Reduce prevalence of alcohol use among adolescents and youth (10- 24 yrs) (%) ✓ % reduction in the number of alcohol users among youth and adult | Ministry of Health |
| | 3.6 By 2020, halve the number of global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents | Health | Reduced disability and injuries ⁴⁵ | ✓ Reduce deaths and injuries due to road traffic crashes per 100,000 population (%) | Ministry of Health |
| | | Transport | Eco-friendly, safe, reliable and affordable surface/ air transport increased.46 | ✓ Reduction of annual of road fatalities per 10,000 vehicles | Ministry of Information and Communication |
| | | | Road Safety enhanced ⁴⁷ | ✓ Reduction in number of road crashes ✓ Annual reduction in road crashes (%) | |
| | 3.7 By 2030, ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive healthcare services, including for | Health | Reproductive and child health services improved ⁴⁸ | ✓ ANC coverage (at least 4 visits) (%) ✓ Contraceptive prevalence rate (%) | Ministry of Health |

| | family planning, information | | | √ % of mother attending 1st | | |
|--------|---|-----------|---|--|---------------------------------|--|
| | and education, and the | | | PNC visit (within 1 week) | | |
| | integration of reproductive | | | ✓ % Women aged 20–60 | | |
| | health into national strategies and programmes | | | screened by pap smear for at least once for detecting | | |
| | strategies and programmes | | | cervical cancer | | |
| | 3.8 Achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all | Health | Availability of adequate, reliable and cost effective medical supplies and functionality ensured ⁴⁹ ; Functionality of medical equipment ensured | ✓ Proportion of health facilities with 95% of essential medicines available at any point of time (%) ✓ Proportion of equipment uptime at all point of time (%) ✓ Proportion of equipment functional in all centers at all times (%) | Ministry of Health | |
| | 3.9 By 2030, substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination | Industry | Reduction in industrial pollution ⁵⁰ | ✓ Pollutant/discharge level within national level (Nos) | Ministry of Economic Affairs | |
| | Goal 4. Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all | | | | | |
| People | 4.1 By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to relevant and effective learning outcomes | Education | Enrollment in ECCD and school education enhanced ⁵¹ ; Relevance and quality of education improved ⁵² | ✓ Adjusted Primary Net Enrolment Ratio (%) m/f ✓ Net Primary Enrolment ratio (%)m/f ✓ Basic Net Enrolment Ratio (13- 16yrs old) -m/f ✓ No. of children with special needs enrolled in schools ✓ Survival rates in % (to class VI) (m- 96.2 & f- 99.2) ✓ Survival rates in % (to class X) (m-83.8 & f - 85.4) ✓ Completion rates in % (primary) ✓ Completion rates in % | Ministry of Education | |

| | Preservation and Promotion of Culture | Quality of spiritual education enhanced ⁵³ | (secondary) ✓ Learning outcome scores (average/% taken across Math, English, Science and Dzongkha) for class III ✓ Learning outcome scores (average taken across Math, English, Science and Dzongkha) for class VI ✓ Learning outcome scores (average/% taken across Math, English, Science and Dzongkha) for class X ✓ % of students scoring above 60% in Dzongkha ✓ % of schools achieving at least 60% in Academic learning scorecard(ALS) ✓ % of schools achieving at least 70% in Enabling Practices Scorecard(EPS) ✓ % of completion rates for primary and secondary level religious education | Ministry of Education |
|--|---|---|---|--|
| 4.2 By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys have access to quality early childhood development, care and preprimary education so that they are ready for primary education | Education | Enrollment in ECCD and school education enhanced ⁵⁴ ; Increased access to Special Education and ECCD ⁵⁵ | ✓ ECCD Enrolment rate (%) m/f ✓ No. of ECCD centers in place | Ministry of Education |
| 4.3 By 2030, ensure equal access for all women and men to affordable and quality technical, vocational and tertiary education, including university | Education | Opportunities for higher education enhanced including lateral entry into tertiary education ⁵⁶ | ✓ GER at tertiary level (%) ✓ % of tertiary students studying in Bhutan (%) ✓ Ratio of females to males in tertiary education (%) ✓ Extent to which National HR gap narrowed in critical sectors (% of scholarship slots matching HR requirement.) | Ministry of Education; Ministry of Labour and Human Resources |

| | | | ✓ % of TTI graduates availing | |
|--|-----------------|---|--|---|
| | | | tertiary education | |
| 4.4 By 2030, substantially increase the number of youth and adults who have relevant skills, including technical and vocational skills, for employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship | Education | Youth empowered with appropriate knowledge, skills, attitudes and values ⁵⁷ ; Basic vocational skills promoted ⁵⁸ ; Quality and relevance of tertiary education (learners' experience) enhanced ⁵⁹ | ✓ % of youth engaged in productive activities (internship programs, temporary jobs) during holidays etc. ✓ % of secondary schools with vocational clubs ✓ % of graduates employed within 6 months after graduation ✓ No. of students recruited on campus annually ✓ % of students under professional programmes undergone field attachments ✓ % of students participated in mindfulness practices ✓ % of students participated in community services ✓ % of students taking GNH/value education modules | Ministry of Education; Ministry of Labour and Human Resources |
| | Tourism | Tourism and Hospitality professionals trained at international standards ⁶⁰ | ✓ Tour guides trained (Nos) ✓ Institutional linkages formalized (Nos) ✓ In-service employees trained through BMMHP (Nos) ✓ People attended certificate course(Nos) | Ministry of Economic Affairs |
| | Good Governance | Ensured value provider for efficient, safe and humane correctional services ⁶¹ | ✓ No. of skills development programs (eg. Vocational) initiated | Ministry of Education |
| 4.5 By 2030, eliminate gender disparities in | Education | Opportunities for higher education enhanced including lateral entry into tertiary education ⁶² ; | ✓ Ratio of females to males in tertiary education (%) | Ministry of Education |

| | education and ensure equal access to all levels of education and vocational training for the vulnerable, including persons with disabilities, indigenous peoples and children in vulnerable situations | | Enrollment in ECCD and school education enhanced ⁶³ ; Increased access to Special Education and ECCD ⁶⁴ | ✓ No. of children with special needs enrolled in schools ✓ No. of special education centers | | |
|--------|---|-----------|--|--|-----------------------|--|
| | 4.6 By 2030, ensure that all youth and a substantial proportion of adults, both men and women, achieve literacy and numeracy | Education | Adult literacy improved ⁶⁵ ; | ✓ Adult literacy rate 15 years + (UNESCO Definition) (66m/45.2f) ✓ Drop out rate (%) ✓ Completion rate (%) | Ministry of Education | |
| People | 4.7 By 2030, ensure that all learners acquire the knowledge and skills needed to promote sustainable development, including, among others, through education for sustainable development and sustainable lifestyles, human rights, gender equality, promotion of a culture of peace and nonviolence, global citizenship and appreciation of cultural diversity and of culture's contribution to sustainable development | Education | Culture and values education programme expanded and strengthened ⁶⁶ ; GNH based education promoted ⁶⁷ ; Environmental education strengthened ⁶⁸ ; | ✓ No. of Youth Participating in exchange programmes (regional and international) ✓ % of students who can perform at least one traditional dance/songs ✓ No. of MSS and HSS availing choeshey programme ✓ Cultural guide line for schools in place ✓ No. of GNH related activities organized ✓ % of staff covered by critical pedagogy and contemplative education workshops ✓ GNH values and holistic education modules introduced as foundation in all courses ✓ No. of development activities consistent with green practices ✓ % of school practicing green initiatives | Ministry of Education | |
| | | Sports | School Sports Program Standardized across the schools ⁶⁹ | ✓ National Strategy Framework for School | Ministry of Education | |

| | | | | Sports and Physical Activities developed (No.) ✓ No. of technical books and guidelines developed | |
|--------|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | Mass participation of children and youth in sports and physical activities enhanced ⁷⁰ | ✓ % of students participating in sports and physical activities ✓ School have Wellness Policy and sport calendars | Ministry of Education |
| | | | Capacity building in delivery of School Sports Program supported ⁷¹ | ✓ No. of Schools Sports Instructors Recruited and trained ✓ No of invitations/offers received to participate in educational sports forums/courses | |
| | | | A comprehensive sports in education policy developed ⁷² | ✓ Policy enacted.✓ No. of school implementing the Policy | |
| | | Preservation and Promotion of Culture | Strengthened spiritual institutions ⁷³ | ✓ No. of spiritual education institutions consolidated and centralized. ✓ No. of students enrolled in formal monastic institutions | Ministry of Home and Cultural Affairs |
| | Goal 5. Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls | | | | |
| People | 5.1 End all forms of discrimination against all women and girls | Education | Opportunities for higher education enhanced including lateral entry into tertiary education ⁷⁴ ; | ✓ Ratio of females to males in tertiary education (%) | Ministry of Education |
| | everywhere | Construction | Efficient and effective planning and coordination system75 | ✓ Trainings/workshops on gender conducted (Nos.) | Ministry of Works and Human Settlement |
| | | Emerging Social | Strengthened enabling environment for women and children | ✓ No. of agencies (Govt., | National Commission |

| | Challenges | participation in all spheres ⁷⁶ | NGOs and private) with gender/child sensitive policies ✓ No. of agencies with gender mainstreaming strategies (NPAG/ Gender Action Plan) ✓ No of legislations promoting women's participation (gender equality law/quota legislation/ Legislation for special temporary measures ✓ % of children with the capacity to claim their right to protection ✓ Proportion of people who take up messages and adopt gender/child sensitive attitudes (%) ✓ Proportion of trained personnel who integrate knowledge and skills gained and implement plans (%) | for Women and Children | |
|---|-------------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| | Good Governance | Gender responsive budgeting instituted in annual budget ⁷⁷ | ✓ Number of Gender budgeting in annual budget report | Ministry of Finance | |
| | | Strengthened security and safety of the inmates ⁷⁸ | ✓ No. of gender friendly prison constructed | Ministry of Home and Cultural Affairs | |
| 5.2 Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation | Emerging Social Challenges | Increased safety and security for women and children ⁷⁹ | ✓ Reduction in acceptance of domestic violence (%) ✓ Prevalence of domestic violence against women and girls (%) | National Commission for Women and Children | |

| | | | ✓ Proportion and type of women and child related cases resolved (%) | | |
|--|--|--|--|---|---|
| 5.3 Eliminate all harmful practices, such as child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation | Emerging Social Challenges | Legislation, policies, Rules and Standard of procedures reviewed, disseminated, formulated and implemented ⁸⁰ Child's Right to Protection Enhanced ⁸¹ | ✓ No. of policies responsive to gender needs ✓ No of legislations reviewed and formulated from gender and child responsive perspective ✓ No. of implementing rules and regulations for women empowerment and child protection (for the acts) ✓ % of girls who are married before 18 years of age | National Commission for Women and Children | |
| 5.4 Recognize and value unpaid care and domestic work through the provision of public services, infrastructure and social protection policies and the promotion of shared responsibility within the household and the family as nationally appropriate | | | | | |
| 5.5 Ensure women's full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision making in political, economic and public life | Education Construction Emerging Social Challenges | Opportunities for higher education enhanced including lateral entry into tertiary education ⁸² ; Participation in democratic governance deepened and strengthened ⁸³ Increased involvement of women and children in policy making, strategy development and governance ⁸⁴ | ✓ Ratio of females to males in tertiary education (%) ✓ Agencies implementing gender sensitive policies/strategies (NCWC) ✓ % participation of women and children in policy | Ministry of Education Ministry of Works and Human Settlement National Commission for Women and | |
| | practices, such as child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation 5.4 Recognize and value unpaid care and domestic work through the provision of public services, infrastructure and social protection policies and the promotion of shared responsibility within the household and the family as nationally appropriate 5.5 Ensure women's full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision making in political, | 5.4 Recognize and value unpaid care and domestic work through the provision of public services, infrastructure and social protection policies and the promotion of shared responsibility within the household and the family as nationally appropriate 5.5 Ensure women's full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision making in political, economic and public life Challenges Challenges Challenges Challenges Challenges | practices, such as child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation Challenges Challenges reviewed, disseminated, formulated and implemented®0 Child's Right to Protection Enhanced®1 Education Opportunities for higher education enhanced including lateral entry into tertiary education®2; Construction Construction Emerging Social Increased involvement of women and children in policy | 5.3 Eliminate all harmful practices, such as child, early and forede marriage and female genital mutilation Emerging Social Challenges Legislation, policies, Rules and Standard of procedures reviewed, disseminated, formulated and implemented ⁶⁰¹ No of legislations reviewed and formulated from gender and child responsive perspective No. of implementing rules and regulations for women and regulations for women empowerment and child protection (for the acts) **Or of legislations reviewed and formulated from gender and child responsive perspective No. of implementing rules and regulations for women empowerment and child protection (for the acts) **Or of girls who are married before 18 years of age **Defore 18 years of age **Defore 18 years of age **Deportunities for higher education enhanced including lateral entry into tertiary edu | 5.3 Eliminate all harmful practices, such as child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation 5.4 Recognize and value unpaid care and domestic work through the provision of public services, infrastructure and social protection policies and the family as nationally appropriate responsibility within the busehold and the family as nationally appropriate occurred and effective participation and epical disposal continuity in the family as nationally appropriate economic and public life Emerging Social Challenges Legislation, policies, Rules and Standard of procedures reviewed, disseminated, formulated and implemented** Vo. of policies responsive to gender needs No of legislations reviewed and formulated and implemented** Vo. of implementing rules and regulations for women empowerment and child responsive perspective vo. No. of implementing rules and regulations for women empowerment and child responsive perspective vo. No. of implementing rules and regulations for women and effective participation and equal opportunities for legislations reviewed, disseminated, formulated and implemented** Child's Right to Protection Enhanced** Child's Right to Protection Enhanced** Child's Right to Protection Enhanced** Vo. of implementing rules and regulations for women and effective participation and female and female and female and female and female perspective. No. of legislations reviewed and responsibility within the lateral entry into tertiary education** Participation in democratic governance deepened and strengthened** No. of policies responsive to gender needs* No. of legislations reviewed and forwomen and children in policy and report to gender sensitive policies/strategies (NCWC). Increased involvement of women and children in policy and children in policy and children in policy. |

| | | | | development | |
|--------|--|-----------------|--|---|---|
| | | Good Governance | Participation in Electoral and Political Processes Sustained/ Improved ⁸⁵ | ✓ Number of women candidates contesting in election | Election Commission of Bhutan |
| | 5.6 Ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights as agreed in accordance with the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development and the Beijing Platform for Action and the outcome documents of their review conferences | Health | Reproductive and child health services improved ⁸⁶ | ✓ ANC coverage (at least 4 visits) (%) ✓ Contraceptive prevalence rate (%) ✓ % of mother attending 1st PNC visit (within 1 week) ✓ % Women aged 20–60 screened by pap smear for at least once for detecting cervical cancer | Ministry of Health |
| | Goal 6. Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all | | | | |
| | 6.1 By 2030, achieve universal and equitable access to safe and | Education | WASH facilities strengthened ⁸⁷ | ✓ % of schools with functional water taps | Ministry of Education |
| Planet | affordable drinking water for all | Health | Improved water, sanitation and hygienic facilities88 | ✓ % of rural population with access to improved and functional drinking water supply | Ministry of Health |
| | | | Morbidity & mortality due to communicable diseases reduced89 | ✓ Percentage of rural population with access to improved drinking water supply(coverage) | |
| | | Construction | Access to safe and adequate water supply increased90 | ✓ Functionality of RWSS (%) | Ministry of Works and Human Settlement |
| | | | Eco-efficient, quality and sustainable urban infrastructure facilities developed ⁹¹ | ✓ Water supply infrastructure constructed (Nos.) | |

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| | Human Settlement and Housing | Improved quality of infrastructure facilities and services ⁹² | % of population with access to safe, clean and reliable drinking water and sanitation | Ministry of Works and Human Settlement |
| | Emerging Social Challenges | Preventative, Promotive and Rehabilitative Healthcare services ⁹³ | ✓ Percentage of rural pop with access to safe drinking water supply | Ministry of Works and Human Settlement |
| | Sports | WASH facilities strengthened94 | ✓ % of schools with functional water taps | Ministry of Works and Human Settlement |
| 6.2 By 2030, achieve access to adequate and | Education | WASH facilities strengthened ⁹⁵ | ✓ % of schools with functional toilet facilities | Ministry of Education |
| equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls | Health | Improved water, sanitation and hygienic facilities ⁹⁶ | ✓ Percentage of rural population with access to improved sanitation | Ministry of Health |
| and those in vulnerable situations | | Morbidity & mortality due to communicable diseases reduced 97 | ✓ Percentage of rural population with access to improved sanitation | |
| | Human Settlement and Housing | Strategic and smart human settlements developed with high liveability index for balanced regional development98 | ✓ % of solid waste reduced, reused and recycled ✓ No. of waste management measures instituted | Ministry of Works and Human Settlement |
| | Emerging Social Challenges | Preventative, Promotive and Rehabilitative Healthcare services ⁹⁹ | ✓ Percentage of rural pop with access to improved sanitation | Ministry of Works and Human Settlement |
| | Sports | WASH facilities strengthened ¹⁰⁰ | ✓ % of schools with functional toilet facilities ✓ % of boarding schools with bathing facilities ✓ Proportion of schools promoting key health and | Ministry of Works and Human Settlement |

| | | | hygiene behavior (%) | | |
|--|-------------|---|--|------------------------------------|--|
| 6.3 By 2030, improve water quality by reducing pollution, eliminating dumping and minimizing release of hazardous chemicals and materials, halving the proportion of untreated wastewater and substantially increasing recycling and safe reuse globally | Environment | Negative impact on environment from development activities minimized or avoided 101 Riverine ecosystem conserved and water resource management and coordination strengthened | ✓ Ambient water quality ✓ Protect river system from all development activities ✓ Ambient Water Quality Standards (WQS) ✓ No. of water monitoring sampling stations ✓ National drinking water quality standards developed | National Environment Commission | |
| | Health | Strengthened capacity and services public health laboratory ¹⁰² | ✓ Laboratory data available on water quality (%) | Ministry of Health | |
| | Industry | Reduction in industrial pollution ¹⁰³ ; Improved environmental compliance ¹⁰⁴ | ✓ Pollutant/discharge level within national level (Nos) ✓ Functional solid waste management facilities (Nos) ✓ Compliance of environmental rules and regulations by industries (Nos) | Ministry of Economic Affairs | |
| 6.4 By 2030, substantially increase water-use efficiency across all sectors and ensure sustainable withdrawals and supply of freshwater to address water scarcity and substantially reduce the number of people suffering from water scarcity | | | | | |
| 6.5 By 2030, implement integrated water resources management at all levels, including through | Environment | Negative impact on environment from development activities minimized or avoided 105 | ✓ Integrated Water Resources Management Plan (IWRM) Developed | National Environment Commission | |
| transboundary cooperation as appropriate | | Water security and ecosystem services ensured through effective IWRM practices in selected watersheds ¹⁰⁶ | ✓ Landscapes under Integrated Water Resource | | |

| | | | Management Plan (Nos.) ✓ Forest fire incidences per year (Nos.) ✓ Forestry offence cases per year (Nos) ✓ Areas under afforestation and reforestation in watersheds (ha) | | |
|---|-------------|---|---|------------------------------------|--|
| 6.6 By 2020, protect and restore water-related ecosystems, including mountains, forests, wetlands, rivers, aquifers and lakes | Environment | Promoted sustainable management and utilization of state forests ¹⁰⁷ | ✓ Forest area under sustainable management (ha) ✓ Proportion of local communities and institutions participating in sustainable forest management (%) ✓ Proportion of wood recovery increased by using upgraded technology in forest based enterprises (%) ✓ Income from sale of forest products from CF & NWFP groups (Nu/HH/ Annum) ✓ Employment generated through NWFP based enterprises | National Environment Commission | |
| | | Conservation and management of wetlands enhanced | ✓ Wetland inventory conducted (Nos) ✓ Ramsar site declared (Nos) ✓ Wetland complex (Nos) | | |
| | | Riverine ecosystem conserved and water resource management and coordination strengthened ¹⁰⁸ | ✓ Protect river system from all development activities ✓ Water resources inventory conducted ✓ River basin management plan developed ✓ Ambient Water Quality Standards (WQS) ✓ No. of water monitoring sampling stations | | |

| | | | | ✓ National drinking water quality standards developed | | |
|--------|--|--------------------------------|---|---|-------------------------------------|--|
| | Goal 12. Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns | | | чотогороч | | |
| | 12.1 Implement the 10-year framework of programmes on sustainable consumption and production, all countries taking action, with developed countries taking the lead, taking into | Renewable Natural Resources | Promote organic production for sustainable agriculture growth and rural income ¹⁰⁹ ; | ✓ Organic production (Livestock, Agriculture) (MT/annum) ✓ Income from organic production(Nu. in million) ✓ Employment from organic sector(Nos) | Ministry of Agriculture and Forests | |
| | account the development and capabilities of developing countries | | Increased organic agriculture production ¹¹⁰ ; | ✓ Area under organic cultivation (acres) ✓ Average productivity of asparagus (kg/acres) ✓ Average productivity buckwheat (kg/acres) | | |
| Planet | | | Increased organic livestock production ¹¹¹ ; | ✓ Organic honey production(MT) ✓ Organic diary production-butter & cheese (MT) ✓ Organic fish production(MT) | | |
| | | | Promote sustainable management and production of organic NWFPs ¹¹² ; | ✓ Collection of 5NWFPs under SFED compact (MT) ✓ Area of common property resources under organic management practices (acres) | | |
| | | | Increased trade of organic produce and products ¹¹³ | ✓ Organic regulation and certification system established and functional (Nos) ✓ Products developed and marketed with organic brand(Nos) | | |

| Environment | Enhanced sustainable harvesting of timber and NWFP114 | ✓ Forest management units & working schemes (Nos) ✓ Forest areas managed outside FMU (Nos) ✓ Forest areas under scientific thinning plan (hac) | Ministry of Agriculture and Forests | |
|-------------|--|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| | Negative impact on environment from development activities minimized or avoided ¹¹⁵ | ✓ All activities undergo EA process as per the regulation for environmental clearance projects 2002 | | |
| Industry | Reduction in industrial pollution ¹¹⁶ | ✓ Pollutant/discharge level within national level (Nos) | Ministry of Economic Affairs | |
| | Improved environmental compliance ¹¹⁷ | ✓ Compliance of environmental rules and regulations by industries (Nos) | | |
| Energy | Social and Environmental integrated in HPP construction ¹¹⁸ | ✓ Amount incurred towards environment management and development of social infrastructures (million Nu) | Ministry of Economic Affairs | |
| | Natural resources utilized and managed sustainably ¹¹⁹ | ✓ Contribution to environmental& social services (%) | | |
| | Alternate/ renewable energy diversified/promoted ¹²⁰ | ✓ Wind power plant (Nos) ✓ Small hydro power plant (Nos) ✓ Biomass power project (Nos) ✓ Improved cook stoves (Nos) ✓ Biogas plant in place (Nos) ✓ Solar water heating system in place (Nos) ✓ RE Policy, rules and | | |

| | | | ✓ Renewable Energy Development Fund management and operational frame work in place (Nos) ✓ Solar power plant (Nos) ✓ Energy efficiency policy and its rules& Regulation (Nos) | | |
|---|--------------------------------|---|--|--------------------------------------|--|
| | | Improved access to clean and affordable energy ¹²¹ | ✓ HHs electrified through solar (Nos) ✓ Village entrepreneurs knowledge enhanced on O&M of Renewable Energy Technologies (Nos) | | |
| | | Applied Research and Development on RE Technologies initiated ¹²² | ✓ Research activities initiated and its reports/journal produced (Nos) ✓ Appropriate standards and labels developed for import of energy consuming products and appliances (Nos) ✓ Advocacy events on renewable energy and energy efficiency (Nos) | | |
| 12.2 By 2030, achieve the sustainable management and efficient use of natural resources | Renewable Natural Resources | Promote sustainable management and utilization of natural resources 123 | ✓ Land area under organic/natural production (acres) | Ministry of Agriculture & Forests | |
| | Environment | Promoted sustainable management and utilization of state forests ¹²⁴ | ✓ Forest area under sustainable management (ha) ✓ Proportion of local communities and institutions participating in sustainable forest management (%) ✓ Proportion of wood recovery increased by using upgraded technology | National Environment Commission | |

| | | in forest based enterprises (%) ✓ Income from sale of forest products from CF & NWFP groups (Nu/HH/ Annum) ✓ Employment generated | | |
|----------|---|--|---------------------------------|--|
| | | through NWFP based enterprises | | |
| Energy | Natural resources utilized and managed sustainably 125 | ✓ Contribution to environmental& social services (%) | Ministry of Economic Affairs | |
| Industry | Carbon Neutral/ Green Climate resilient development 126 | ✓ Promote Green industries and eco-efficient Technologies | Ministry of Economic Affairs | |
| | Reduction in industrial pollution ¹²⁷ | ✓ Pollutant/discharge level within national level (Nos) | | |
| | Improved environmental compliance ¹²⁸ | ✓ Functional solid waste management facilities (Nos) ✓ Compliance of environmental rules and regulations by industries (Nos) | | |
| Mining | Geological mapping, mineral exploration and mineral development in sustainable and environment friendly manner carried out ¹²⁹ | ✓ Laws amended/revised to promote scientific method, sustainable and environmental friendly mining (Nos) ✓ Mines receiving full tax credit for complying beyond environmental standards (Nos) | Ministry of Economic Affairs | |
| | Enabled legal and regulatory framework for sustainable and environment friendly mineral development ¹³⁰ | ✓ Laws/regulations amended (Nos) | | |
| Tourism | Environment conservation promoted and well being of rural communities improved through eco-tourism ¹³¹ | √ % of tourists on eco- tourism | Ministry of Economic Affairs | |

| | | | ✓ Rural communities benefitting from ecotourism (project areas) | |
|--|---|---|--|---|
| 12.3 By 2030, halve per capita global food waste at the retail and consumer levels and reduce food losses along production and supply chains, including post-harvest losses | | | | |
| 12.4 By 2020, achieve the environmentally sound management of chemicals and all wastes throughout their life cycle, in accordance with agreed international frameworks, and significantly reduce their release to air, water and soil in order to minimize their adverse | Industry | Reduction in industrial pollution ¹³² Improved environmental compliance ¹³³ | ✓ Pollutant/discharge level within national level (Nos) ✓ Functional solid waste management facilities (Nos) ✓ Compliance of environmental rules and regulations by industries (Nos) | Ministry of Economic Affairs |
| impacts on human health and the environment | Health | Improved Infection Control and waste management practices in Health Facilities ¹³⁴ | ✓ No. of hospitals with waste treatment facility | Ministry of Health |
| | Environment | Negative impact on environment from development activities minimized or avoided 135 Waste management in GRF & PAs improved 136 | ✓ Waste management strengthened✓ Waste management plans | National Environment Commission Ministry of Agriculture |
| 12.5 By 2030, substantially reduce waste generation through prevention, reduction, recycling and reuse | Industry | Reduction in industrial pollution ¹³⁷ Improved environmental compliance ¹³⁸ | implemented (Nos.) ✓ Pollutant/discharge level within national level (Nos) ✓ Compliance of environmental rules and regulations by industries (Nos) | & Forests Ministry of Economic Affairs |
| | Information & Communication Technology & Media | E-Waste reduced ¹³⁹ E-Waste management plan operationalized ¹⁴⁰ | ✓ Amount of E-Waste managed✓ No. of eWaste dealer registered | Ministry of Information & Communication |

| ✓ SOPs, manuals, guidelines notifications, ToR drafted | |
|--|---|
| and implemented ✓ No. of agreements signed | |
| Education Environmental education strengthened¹⁴¹ ✓ % of school practicing green initiatives | Ministry of Education |
| Construction Strategic and smart human settlements developed with high livability index for balanced regional development development 142 ✓ % of solid waste reduced, reused and recycled (DES) ✓ No. of waste management measures instituted (DES) | Ministry of Works and Human Settlement |
| 12.6 Encourage Companies, especially large and transnational companies, to adopt sustainable practices and to integrate sustainability information into their reporting cycle Mining Geological mapping, mineral exploration and mineral development in sustainable and environment friendly manner carried out¹⁴³ ✓ Laws amended/revised to promote scientific method, sustainable and environmental friendly mining (Nos) ✓ Mines receiving full tax credit for complying beyond environmental standards (Nos) | |
| 12.7 Promote public procurement practices that are sustainable, in accordance with national policies and priorities Good Governance Environmental concerns integrated into procurement system¹⁴⁴ System¹⁴⁴ Environmental concerns integrated into procurement system¹⁴⁴ System¹⁴⁴ System¹⁴⁴ Environmental concerns integrated into procurement system¹⁴⁴ PRR & SBDs regarding environmental concerns | Ministry of Finance |
| 12.8 By 2030, ensure that people everywhere have the relevant information and awareness for sustainable development and lifestyles in harmony with nature Education Environmental education strengthened ✓ % of school practicing green initiatives ✓ % of students with student health hand book (class PP-VII) ✓ % of schools with trained school health coordinators | Ministry of Education |
| ✓ % of school implementing Life Skill Education (LSE) GNH based education promoted ✓ No. of GNH related activities organized ✓ % of staff covered by | |

| | | Environment | Quality and relevance of tertiary education (learners' experience) enhanced 146 Institutional capacity in natural resources management strengthened 147 Education and awareness activities on sustainable use of biological resources improved 148 Strengthened environmental monitoring, information management and communication 149 | critical pedagogy and contemplative education workshops GNH values and holistic education modules introduced as foundation in all courses No. of development activities consistent with green practices % of students taking GNH/value education modules Graduates with certificate in forestry and environmental studies (Nos) Training on other ecological themes conducted (Nos) EE Master plan for GRFs developed and implemented (Nos) People made aware of conservation significance (%) No. of environmental awareness conducted/ Global Environmental events observed Bhutan Environment Outlook and State of Environment Report for Dzongkhags published | Ministry of Agriculture and Forests National Environment Commission | |
|--------|--|-------------|---|--|--|--|
| Planet | Goal 13. Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts | | | | | |

| 13.1 Strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate-related hazards and natural disasters in all countries | Renewable Natural Resources | Enhanced capacity of the local communities to adapt to changing climate ¹⁵⁰ | ✓ Resilient local crop varieties promoted in selected sites (Nos) ✓ Functional community seed banks(Nos) ✓ Farmers trained on local genetic resources(Nos) | Ministry of Agriculture and Forests |
|--|--------------------------------|--|--|---|
| | Health | Response to Health impact due to environmental and climate change strengthened ¹⁵¹ | ✓ Establishment of integrated surveillance system for monitoring climate sensitive health risk ✓ Climate change and health adaptation developed and implemented | Ministry of Health |
| | Construction | Eco-friendly/disaster resilient, innovative and good quality construction promoted ¹⁵² | ✓ No. of flood preventive infrastructures in place (DES) | Ministry of Works and Human Settlement |
| 13.2 Integrate climate change measures into national policies, strategies and planning | Environment | National policies, plans and capacity strengthened to achieve carbon neutral and climate resilient development 153 | ✓ Nationally appropriate mitigations actions (NAMAs) Developed ✓ National Adaptation Plans (NAP) developed ✓ National Strategy for Climate Resilient and Carbon Neutral Development developed ✓ ECP mainstreamed in polices, plans and projects at the central and local level | National Environment Commission |
| | | REDD+ Readiness activities initiated to implement climate change adaptation in watersheds ¹⁵⁴ | ✓ Experimental or observatory plots in different ecological zones established (Nos.) ✓ National REDD+ strategy developed ✓ REDD+ scheme piloted | Ministry of Agriculture and Forests |

| | | Enhanced disaster preparedness at all levels ¹⁵⁵ | ✓ Disaster risk reduction mainstreamed in key sectors ✓ No. of Dzongkhags with Disaster Management and Contingency Plan ✓ Functional National Disaster Management Authority ✓ No. of Dzongkhag Disaster Management Committee | Ministry of Home and Cultural Affairs | |
|---|--------------|--|--|---|--|
| | Construction | Eco-friendly/disaster resilient, innovative and good quality construction promoted ¹⁵⁶ | ✓ % coverage of eco- efficient/ disaster resilient technologies (DES) | Ministry of Works and Human Settlement | |
| 13.3 Improve education, awareness-raising and human and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early | | Improved flood/ GLOF early warning services to minimize the loss of live and property ¹⁵⁷ | ✓ Daily river flow forecasting (Nos) ✓ Basin wise Flood/GLOF early warning systems (Nos) | Ministry of Economic Affairs | |
| warning | | Delivery of hydrological and related environmental information & services to the public, government and other users enhanced 158 | ✓ Access to online hydrological information (%) ✓ Climate and water resources studies (Nos) | | |
| | | Flood Warning Network and Infrastructure expanded 159 | ✓ New real time flood warning station installed and operational (Nos) ✓ Existing flood warning station upgraded to real time (Nos) | | |
| | | GLOF Early Warning System installed and operational 160 | ✓ GLOF EWS in river basin (Nos) ✓ Flood forecasting and warning center established (Nos) | | |

| Capacity in hydrological modeling and glacier mass balance monitoring enhanced ¹⁶¹ | ✓ Data quality control (%) ✓ Hydrological models run and operated (Nos) ✓ Glacier monitoring field station established (Nos) |
|---|---|
| Hydrological data book and research papers published ¹⁶² | ✓ Data book published (Nos) ✓ Pamphlets related to flood advisories printed and uploaded (Nos) |
| Improved weather & climate monitoring services with good national coverage 163 | ✓ Modernised meteorological observing & monitoring network/infrastructure (Nos) ✓ Access to timely& accurate meteorological information (%) ✓ Daily Weather & climate forecasting (Days) |
| Improved delivery of weather, climate & related environmental information & services to the public, government and other users ¹⁶⁴ | ✓ Research, modeling, climate prediction products for climate change, disaster risks reduction &socio- economic benefits (Nos) ✓ Climate & weather and other meteorological studies (Nos) |
| Weather, climate information & prediction products are improved 165 | ✓ Models installed and used (Nos) ✓ Operational access to NWP products including effective use & interpretations (Nos) ✓ Route and aviation advisories (Nos) ✓ Seasonal prediction for socioeconomic sector (Nos) |
| Improved availability & access to reliable, high quality hydro-meteorological data ¹⁶⁶ | ✓ Central Data base system with GIS (Nos) |

| | | Environment | Strengthened capacities for DRR at all levels ¹⁶⁷ Planning and disaster preparedness strategies strengthened ¹⁶⁸ Response and reporting mechanisms enhanced ¹⁶⁹ | ✓ Availability of observational data to users (%) ✓ Real time delivery of collected observational data from remote station (%) ✓ Historical climate data (Nos) ✓ No. of disaster preparedness & response training/awareness for institutions conducted ✓ No. of agencies and focal persons trained on Mainstreaming DRR into plans and policies ✓ No. of Disaster Management and Contingency Planning Guidelines developed ✓ No. of institutions networked with functional DM information and reporting system at all level | Ministry of Home and Cultural Affairs | |
|--------|--|-------------|--|---|--|--|
| | | | Strengthened capacity of DDM ¹⁷⁰ | ✓ No. of Disaster rapid response team constituted and equipped with SAR equipments ✓ No. of functional Emergency Operation Centre established ✓ No. of infrastructure established | | |
| Planet | Goal 15. Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt | | | | | |

| and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss | | | | |
|---|-------------|--|---|-------------------------------------|
| 15.1 By 2020, ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of | Environment | Obligations under Multilateral Environment Agreements fulfilled ¹⁷¹ | ✓ 35% reduction of HCFC use in Bhutan by 2018 | National Environment Commission |
| terrestrial and inland freshwater ecosystems and their services, in particular forests, wetlands, | | Commitment to international and regional conventions maintained 172 | ✓ Transboundary conservation initiatives (Nos.) | |
| mountains and drylands, in line with obligations under international agreements | | Negative impact on environment from development activities minimized or avoided 173 | ✓ All activities undergo EA process as per the regulation for environmental clearance projects 2002 | |
| | | Environmental management services improved ¹⁷⁴ | ✓ Anti-Corruption Strategy implemented | |
| | | Legal framework and law enforcement strengthened 175 | ✓ EA Act and regulation implemented and enforced ✓ No. of environmental laws developed and revised ✓ Sensitization on environmental laws conducted in all dzongkhags | |
| | | Natural resources utilized and managed sustainably ¹⁷⁶ | ✓ Contribution to environmental& social services (%) | Ministry of Economic Affairs |
| 15.2 By 2020, promote the implementation of sustainable management of all types of forests, halt | Environment | Enhanced biodiversity conservation to improve natural habitats and maintain species persistence ¹⁷⁷ | ✓ Proportion of land area under effective protected area management (%) | Ministry of Agriculture and Forests |
| deforestation, restore degraded forests and substantially increase afforestation and reforestation globally | | Management plans for protected areas, biological corridors and recreational areas prepared 178 | ✓ Management plans for PAs developed/ revised (Nos) ✓ Protected areas managed based on functional zones to integrate conservation and development (Nos) ✓ Community Based | |

| Natural heritage, nature recreation, heritage forests and greening zones increased ¹⁷⁹ | Conservation Program (CBCP) implemented in PAs (Nos) Management plans for nature parks with Environment Education model developed (Nos) New nature recreation, cultural sites, and heritage forests identified and operationalized (Nos) Man and biosphere reserve established (Nos) |
|---|---|
| Promoted sustainable management and utilization of state forests ¹⁸⁰ | ✓ Forest area under sustainable management (ha) ✓ Proportion of local communities and institutions participating in sustainable forest management (%) ✓ Proportion of wood recovery increased by using upgraded technology in forest based enterprises (%) ✓ Income from sale of forest products from CF & NWFP groups (Nu/HH/ Annum) ✓ Employment generated through NWFP based enterprises |
| Enhanced sustainable harvesting of timber and NWFP ¹⁸¹ | ✓ Forest management units & working schemes (Nos) ✓ Forest areas managed outside FMU (Nos) ✓ Forest areas under scientific thinning plan (hac) |

| National forest inventory & carbon stock assessment conducted ¹⁸² | ✓ Carbon assessment report produced (Nos) ✓ Cluster plots surveyed (Nos) |
|--|---|
| Community participation in forest management and conservation increased ¹⁸³ | ✓ CFs established and functional (Nos) ✓ CFs & NWFP groups registered as Farmers Groups/Cooperatives ✓ New NWFP management groups formed and functioning |
| Income and employment generation through NWFP based enterprise supported ¹⁸⁴ | ✓ New NWFP products developed (Nos) |
| Forest information system streamlined and strengthened 185 | ✓ Functional forest information database (Nos) ✓ G2C services functional in all Dzongkhags (Nos) |
| Institutional capacity in natural resources management strengthened ¹⁸⁶ | ✓ Graduates with certificate in forestry and environmental studies (Nos) |
| Water security and ecosystem services ensured through effective IWRM practices in selected watersheds ¹⁸⁷ | ✓ Landscapes under Integrated Water Resource Management Plan (Nos.) ✓ Forest fire incidences per year (Nos.) ✓ Forestry offence cases per year (Nos) ✓ Areas under afforestation and reforestation in watersheds (ha) |
| REDD+ Readiness activities initiated to implement climate change adaptation in watersheds ¹⁸⁸ | ✓ Experimental or observatory plots in different ecological zones established (Nos.) ✓ National REDD+ strategy |

| | | | | | - |
|---|-------------|---|---|-------------------------------------|---|
| | | | developed ✓ REDD+ scheme piloted | | |
| | | Conservation and management of wetlands enhanced 189 | ✓ Wetland inventory conducted (Nos)✓ Ramsar site declared (Nos)✓ Wetland complex (Nos) | | |
| | | Payment for Environmental Services (PES) schemes in selected watersheds increased 190 | ✓ PES Framework in place (Nos)✓ Functional PES scheme (Nos) | | |
| | | Plantation in barren and degraded forest areas increased ¹⁹¹ | ✓ Plantation established and managed sustainably in GRF land ✓ Plantation in FMU | | |
| | | Education and awareness activities on sustainable use of biological resources improved ¹⁹² | ✓ EE Master plan for GRFs developed and implemented (Nos) ✓ People made aware of conservation significance (%) | | |
| | | Forest Legislations revised ¹⁹³ | ✓ Forest Act, Rules and Strategies revised | | |
| | | Forest Research on various theme conducted to generate knowledge, information and technology ¹⁹⁴ | ✓ Sustainable forest management researches conducted n(Nos) | | |
| | | Community based ecotourism promoted ¹⁹⁵ | ✓ Community based ecotourism sites in GRFs (Nos) | | |
| 15.3 By 2030, combat desertification, restore degraded land and soil, including land affected by desertification, drought and floods, and strive to | Environment | Management plans for watersheds within major river basins developed and implemented ¹⁹⁶ | ✓ Management plans for degraded watersheds developed (Mangdechhu, Kurichu, Punatsangchhu and Wangchhu) (Nos) | Ministry of Agriculture and Forests | |
| achieve a land degradation-neutral world | | Plantation in barren and degraded forest areas increased 197 | ✓ Plantation established and managed sustainably in | | |

| | | | | GRF land | | |
|-----|---|---------------|--|---|-------------------------|------------------------------------|
| | | | | ✓ Plantation in FMU | | |
| | 15.4 By 2030, ensure the conservation of mountain | | | | | No explicit reference to 'mountain |
| | ecosystems, including their | | | | | ecosystems' in the |
| | biodiversity, in order to | | | | | NDP. As Bhutan is a |
| | enhance their capacity to | | | | | mountainous country, |
| | provide benefits that are | | | | | the work on |
| | essential for sustainable | | | | | ecosystems & |
| | development | | | | | biodiversity as |
| | a croiopinion | | | | | reflected in the NDP |
| | | | | | | most likely also |
| | | | | | | relates to mountain |
| | | | | | | ecosystems. |
| 1 1 | 15.5 Take urgent and | Environment | Management plans for protected areas, biological corridors | ✓ Conservation programs for | Ministry of Agriculture | , |
| | significant action to reduce | Liviioiiiioii | and recreational areas prepared ¹⁹⁸ | endangered and endemic | and Forests | |
| | the degradation of natural | | The second and the second property of the sec | species developed (Nos) | | |
| | habitats, halt the loss of | | | ., | | |
| | biodiversity and, by 2020, | | Conservation of endangered and endemic species | ✓ Faunal population status | | |
| | protect and prevent the | | enhanced ¹⁹⁹ | updated (Nos) | | |
| | extinction of threatened | | | ✓ National Tiger population | | |
| | species | | | revalidated region-wise | | |
| | | | | (Nos) | | |
| | | | | ✓ Endemic floral population | | |
| | | | | status updated (Nos) | | |
| | | | | ✓ Predator -prey dynamics | | |
| | | | | for species established | | |
| | | | | (Nos) | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | Enhanced biodiversity conservation to improve natural | ✓ Population status of | | |
| | | | habitats and maintain species persistence ²⁰⁰ | selected endangered | | |
| | | | | species [mammals] - (Nos) | | |
| | | | | ✓ Population status of | | |
| | | | | selected endemic species- | | |
| | | | | birds - (Nos) | | |
| | | | | ✓ Proportion of land area | | |
| | | | | under effective protected | | |
| | | | | area management (%) ✓ Proportion of Nature Based | | |
| | | | | Tourists increased through | | |
| | | | | Nature Recreation and | | |
| | | | | Community Based | | |
| | | | | Ecotourism (%) | | |
| | | | | Ecotourisiii (70) | | |

| | | | | ✓ Human Wildlife Conflict | | |
|------------------|---|--------------------------------|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|
| | | | | incidences reduced (number of cases in a year) | | |
| | | | Forest Research on various theme conducted to generate knowledge, information and technology ²⁰¹ | ✓ Species conservation researches conducted (Nos) | | |
| | | | Social and Environmental integrated in HPP construction | ✓ Amount incurred towards environment management and development of social infrastructures (million Nu) | Ministry of Economic Affairs | |
| | | | Reduction in industrial pollution ²⁰² | ✓ Pollutant/discharge level within national level (Nos) | | |
| | | | Improved environmental compliance ²⁰³ | ✓ Compliance of environmental rules and regulations by industries (Nos) | | |
| e t u r | 15.6 Ensure fair and equitable sharing of the benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and promote appropriate access to such resources | Renewable Natural Resources | Enabling legal and policy environment for biodiversity conservation and sustainable use program developed ²⁰⁴ | ✓ Policies addressing agrobiodiversity and access and benefit-sharing in place(Nos) ✓ National implementation mechanism for agrobiodiversity and access and benefit sharing in place(Nos) | Ministry of Agriculture and Forests | |
| | | | Sustainable utilization of biological resources promoted ²⁰⁵ | ✓ Proportion of TK associated with biological resources available on the National TK database (%) ✓ ABS agreements formalized (Nos) ✓ Community based biological resources management groups supported through Bhutan access and benefit sharing funds(Nos) | | |

| 15.7 Take urgent action to end poaching and trafficking of protected | Environment | Management plans for protected areas, biological corridors and recreational areas prepared ²⁰⁶ | ✓ Conservation programs for endangered and endemic species developed (Nos) | Ministry of Agriculture and Forests | |
|---|--------------------------------|---|---|-------------------------------------|--|
| species of flora and fauna and address both demand and supply of illegal wildlife products | | Conservation of endangered and endemic species enhanced ²⁰⁷ | ✓ Faunal population status updated (Nos) ✓ National Tiger population revalidated region-wise (Nos) ✓ Endemic floral population status updated (Nos) ✓ Predator -prey dynamics for species established (Nos) | | |
| | | Human Wildlife Conflict (HWC) mitigation measures enhanced ²⁰⁸ | ✓ HWC hotspots mapped for 9 parks and 10 TFDs (Nos.) ✓ Functional gewog HWC management committees (Nos) ✓ Pilot innovative biological measures initiatives (Nos.) | | |
| | | Incidences of forest fire, poaching and illegal trade of forests and wildlife products reduced ²⁰⁹ | ✓ Forest protection & service delivery improved (Rating) ✓ People made aware of watershed management significance (%) | | |
| 15.8 By 2020, introduce measures to prevent the introduction and significantly reduce the impact of invasive alien species on land and water ecosystems and control or eradicate the priority species | Renewable Natural Resources | National Biosecurity and Biosafety Enhanced ²¹⁰ | ✓ Proportion of known exotic pests and diseases of animals prevalent in neighboring countries/world prevented from entry into the country (%) ✓ Proportion of known exotic pests and diseases of plants prevalent in neighboring countries/world prevented from entry into the country (%) ✓ Percent of genetically modified plants and | Ministry of Agriculture and Forests | |

| | | Regulatory and Quarantine System strengthened ²¹¹ | animals prevented from introduction into the country (%) ✓ Percent of unauthorized genetically modified products prevented from entry into the country (%) ✓ Number of diagnostic labs established at the Quarantine Stations and Dzongkhags ✓ Number of Plant & Animal Quarantine Stations equipped with decontamination facilities | | |
|--|-------------|---|--|------------------------------------|--|
| | | Biosafety measures enhanced ²¹² | ✓ Functional biosafety regulatory system in place (Nos) ✓ Biosafety Technical Working Group (BTWG) established and functional (Nos) ✓ Fully functional GMO laboratory (Nos) ✓ Biosafety Act of Bhutan drafted (Nos) ✓ Guidelines and protocols for regulation of GMOs/LMOs and GM products developed (Nos) | | |
| 15.9 By 2020, integrate ecosystem and biodiversity values into national and local planning, development processes, poverty reduction strategies and accounts | Environment | National policies, plans and capacity strengthened to achieve carbon neutral and climate resilient development ²¹³ | ✓ ECP mainstreamed in polices, plans and projects at the central and local level ✓ Nationally appropriate mitigations actions (NAMAs) Developed ✓ National Adaptation Plans (NAP) developed ✓ National Strategy for | National Environment Commission | |

| | | | REDD+ Readiness activities initiated to implement climate change adaptation in watersheds ²¹⁴ Negative impact on environment from development activities minimized or avoided ²¹⁵ | Climate Resilient and Carbon Neutral Development developed National REDD+ strategy developed Integrated Water Resources Management Plan (IWRM) Developed | | |
|----------------|--|-------------------|---|---|---|--|
| | Goal 7. Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all | | | | | |
| | 7.1 By 2030, ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services | Energy | Improved access to clean and affordable energy ²¹⁶ | ✓ HHs connected with grid electricity (Nos) ✓ Village entrepreneurs knowledge enhanced on O&M of Renewable Energy Technologies (Nos) ✓ HHs electrified through solar (Nos) | Ministry of Economic Affairs | |
| Prospe rity | | Roads and Bridges | Timely start of the Hydropower Projects facilitated ²¹⁷ | ✓ New Hydro Power Project provided access (Nos.) | Ministry of Works and Human Settlement | |
| | 7.2 By 2030, increase substantially the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix | Energy | Energy security enhanced through diversification and promotion of renewable energy technologies ²¹⁸ | ✓ Electricity generation from Renewable Energy Technologies (kW) ✓ Alternate form of energy systems (improved cook stoves, biogas, solar water heater) (Nos) ✓ Policies and rules formulated and adopted (Nos) | Ministry of Economic Affairs | |
| | | | Alternate/ renewable energy diversified/promoted ²¹⁹ | ✓ Wind power plant (Nos)✓ Small hydro power plant (Nos) | | |

| | | | Improved access to clean and affordable energy ²²⁰ Applied Research and Development on RE Technologies initiated ²²¹ | ✓ Biomass power project (Nos) ✓ Improved cook stoves (Nos) ✓ Biogas plant in place (Nos) ✓ Solar water heating system in place (Nos) ✓ RE Policy, rules and regulation (Nos) ✓ Renewable Energy Development Fund management and operational frame work in place (Nos) ✓ Solar power plant (Nos) ✓ Village entrepreneurs knowledge enhanced on O&M of Renewable Energy Technologies (Nos) ✓ HHs electrified through solar (Nos) ✓ Functional laboratory in place (Nos) ✓ Research activities initiated and its reports/journal produced (Nos) ✓ National energy data directory in place (Nos) ✓ Appropriate standards and labels developed for import of energy consuming products and appliances (Nos) ✓ Advocacy events on renewable energy and energy efficiency (Nos) | | |
|--------|--|--------|--|---|---------------------------------|--|
| | 7.3 By 2030, double the global rate of improvement in energy efficiency Goal 8. Promote | Energy | Alternate/ renewable energy diversified/promoted ²²² | ✓ Energy efficiency policy and its rules& Regulation (Nos) | Ministry of Economic Affairs | |
| Prospe | sustained, inclusive and | | | | | |

| rity | sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all | | | | | |
|------|---|--------|---|---|---------------------------------|--|
| | 8.1 Sustain per capita economic growth in accordance with national circumstances and, in particular, at least 7 per cent gross domestic product growth per annum in the least developed countries | Energy | Energy security enhanced ²²³ | ✓ Installed capacity of HPP ✓ Total HV transmission lines constructed ✓ Installed capacity of Biomass ²³³ ✓ Installed small HPP capacity ²³⁴ ✓ Installed solar power capacity ²³⁵ ✓ Installed wind power capacity ²³⁶ | Ministry of Economic Affairs | |
| | | | National Capacity to Design, Build, Operate and Manage HPP developed ²²⁴ | ✓ No. of Bhutanese contractors qualifying for bidding for HPP | | |
| | | | Contribution to GDP, revenue and employment increased ²²⁵ | ✓ Contribution to domestic revenue (in Mil. Nu) | | |
| | | Trade | Contribution to GDP and employment increased ²²⁶ | ✓ Trade sector contribution to annual GDP growth ✓ No. of Bhutanese employed over plan period | Ministry of Economic Affairs | |
| | | | Enabling environment created ²²⁷ | ✓ Ease of Doing Business improved in targeted areas ✓ Legal framework ✓ No. of dry Ports ✓ FDI inflow excluding Hydropower (in Nu.Mil)²³⁷ | | |
| | | | Export Promoted ²²⁸ | ✓ No. of new export products ✓ Value of exports of goods annually (without electricity) - Nu. Billion | | |
| | | | Economic expansion and diversification enhanced ²²⁹ | ✓ Industrial Estates/SEZ developed ✓ No. of large and medium | | |

| | | | industrias | |
|--|---|--|---|--|
| | Information & Communication Technology & Media | Access to reliable and affordable ICT and media services improved ²³⁰ | industries ✓ Dzongkhag with access to high speed internet services ✓ Villages with reliable mobile network | Ministry of Information & Communications |
| | Tourism | Contribution to GDP, Revenue and Employment increased ²³¹ Bhutan promoted as a high-end destination by ensuring improved service delivery, contribution to GDP and employment, and increased yield ²³² | ✓ Contribution to GDP (US\$ m) ✓ Revenue generation mil. US\$ ✓ Annual tourist arrivals (Nos) ✓ % of tourist visiting East, south and central circuits ✓ Yield per tourist/night (US\$) | Ministry of Economic Affairs |
| 8.2 Achieve higher levels of economic productivity through diversification, technological upgrading and innovation, including through a focus on high-value added and labour-intensive sectors | Energy | Energy security enhanced through diversification and promotion of renewable energy technologies ²³⁸ | ✓ Electricity generation from Renewable Energy Technologies (kW) ✓ Alternate form of energy systems (improved cook stoves, biogas, solar water heater) (Nos) ✓ Policies and rules formulated and adopted (Nos) | Ministry of Economic Affairs |
| | | Alternate/ renewable energy diversified/promoted ²³⁹ | ✓ Wind power plant (Nos) ✓ Small hydro power plant (Nos) ✓ Biomass power project (Nos) ✓ Improved cook stoves (Nos) ✓ Biogas plant in place (Nos) ✓ Solar water heating system in place (Nos) ✓ RE Policy, rules and regulation (Nos) | |

| | Information & Communication Technology & Media | Applied Research and Development on RE Technologies initiated ²⁴⁰ Bhutan Tech Village established ²⁴¹ | ✓ Renewable Energy Development Fund management and operational frame work in place (Nos) ✓ Solar power plant (Nos) ✓ Functional laboratory in place (Nos) ✓ Research activities initiated and its reports/journal produced (Nos) ✓ National energy data directory in place (Nos) ✓ Appropriate standards and labels developed for import of energy consuming products and appliances (Nos) ✓ No. of business incubates successfully incubated ✓ No. of Bhutanese employed | Ministry of Information & Communications |
|--|---|--|---|--|
| 8.3 Promote development- oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation, and encourage the formalization and growth of micro-, small- and medium- sized enterprises, including | | Enhanced employability of registered jobseekers ²⁴² Youth undertake entrepreneurship as a preferred career option ²⁴³ Social protection for private sector employees enhanced ²⁴⁴ | ✓ Implementation of National Employment Policy (NEP) ✓ No of National Entrepreneurship Strategy developed ✓ Social Protection Policy developed | Ministry of Labour and Human Resources |
| through access to financial services | Energy | Improved access to clean and affordable energy ²⁴⁵ | ✓ Village entrepreneurs knowledge enhanced on O&M of Renewable Energy Technologies (Nos) | Ministry of Economic Affairs |
| | Information & | ICT literacy enhanced ²⁴⁶ | √ % increase in ICT literacy | Ministry of |

| | Communication Technology & Media Environment Preservation and Promotion of Culture | Community based ecotourism promoted ²⁴⁷ Contribution to employment enhanced ²⁴⁸ | as a percentage of literate population ✓ No. of National/Regional Level ICT promotion programmes/activities conducted ✓ Community based ecotourism sites in GRFs (Nos) ✓ No of jobs created by Cultural industries | Information and Communications Ministry of Agriculture and Forests Ministry of Home and Cultural Affairs |
|--|--|---|--|--|
| 8.4 Improve progressively, through 2030, global resource efficiency in consumption and production and endeavor to decouple economic growth from environmental degradation, in accordance with the 10-year framework of programmes on | Mining | Geological mapping, mineral exploration and mineral development in sustainable and environment friendly manner carried out ²⁴⁹ | ✓ Laws amended/revised to promote scientific method, sustainable and environmental friendly mining (Nos) ✓ Mines receiving full tax credit for complying beyond environmental standards (Nos) | Ministry of Economic Affairs |
| sustainable consumption and production, with developed countries taking the lead | Energy | Energy security enhanced through diversification and promotion of renewable energy technologies ²⁵⁰ | ✓ Wind power plant (Nos) ✓ Small hydro power plant (Nos) ✓ Biomass power project (Nos) ✓ Improved cook stoves (Nos) ✓ Biogas plant in place (Nos) ✓ Solar water heating system in place (Nos) ✓ RE Policy, rules and regulation (Nos) ✓ Renewable Energy Development Fund management and operational frame work in place (Nos) ✓ Solar power plant (Nos) | |

| | Environment | Sustainable production and efficient utilization of timber enhanced | ✓ Percent recovery rate of wood from upgraded technology (RNR Stats. 2012) ✓ Forest area brought under sustainable forest management (RNR stats. 2012) | Ministry of Agriculture and Forests |
|--|---|---|--|--|
| | Industry | Reduction in industrial pollution ²⁵¹ | ✓ Pollutant/discharge level within national level (Nos) | Ministry of Economic Affairs |
| 8.5 By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value | Employment and Human Resource Development | Full employment achieved (97.5%) | ✓ Youth unemployment ✓ % of employee with education level of higher secondary and above ✓ % of job seeking graduates employed within 6 months of graduation ✓ % of regular paid employee ✓ Chronic/long term unemployment ✓ Female youth unemployment ✓ Rural unemployment maintained | Ministry of Labour and Human Resources |
| | | Enhanced employability of registered jobseekers ²⁵² | ✓ % of jobseekers employed in various agencies ✓ % of Job seekers placed directly by Employment Service Centres (ESC) ✓ % of youth placed through Apprenticeship Training Program (ATP) ✓ % of youth placed through Pre-employment Engagement Program (PEEP) ✓ % of youth placed through University Graduate | |

| Renewable Natural | Generate additional employment opportunities and increase | Internship Program (UGIP) ✓ No. of educated youth engaged in home based tourism activities in rural areas ✓ Implementation of National Employment Policy (NEP) ✓ Annual cash income from | Ministry of Agriculture | |
|-------------------|--|--|---------------------------------|--|
| Resources | mean annual rural household cash income ²⁵³ | sale of RNR products (Nu. in millions/annum) ✓ Percent contribution of agriculture income to total hh income (%) | and Forests | |
| Geology and Mines | GDP Contribution and employment increased ²⁵⁴ | ✓ No. of Bhutanese employed by gender | Ministry of Economic Affairs | |
| Energy | Contribution to GDP, revenue and employment increased ²⁵⁵ | ✓ No. of bhutanese employed | | |
| Trade | Contribution to GDP and employment increased ²⁵⁶ | ✓ No. of Bhutanese employed over plan period | | |
| | Contribution to GDP, revenue and employment increased ²⁵⁷ | ✓ Contribution to employment through promotion of creative industries (%) | | |
| Industry | Contribution of GDP and employment increased ²⁵⁸ | ✓ No. of Bhutanese employed over plan period | | |
| | CSIs contribute to National Employment and Alleviation of Poverty ²⁵⁹ | ✓ Operational CSIs (Nos) ✓ Additional People employed by CSIs (Nos) | | |
| | Enhanced human capital & develop culture of entrepreneurship ²⁶⁰ | ✓ Entrepreneurs trained on business management (Nos) ✓ Entrepreneurs trained on advance hard skills (Nos) ✓ Business advocacy workshops to potential entrepreneurs (Nos) | | |

| | | | Enhanced capacity of institutions (DCSI, NGO or private) supporting CSIs ²⁶¹ | ✓ Officials trained in strategic CSI development methodologies (nos) ✓ CSI entrepreneurs learning exchange tour to regional countries (Nos) | | |
|----------------------|--------------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| | E | Education | Full employment achieved (97.5%) ²⁶² | ✓ Youth unemployment ✓ % of job seeking graduates employed within 6 months of graduation | Ministry of Education/ Royal Institute of Management | |
| | (| Information and Communication Technology & Media | Contribution to GDP and number of job created ²⁶³ | ✓ No. of Bhutanese employed (IT/ ITES) by gender | Ministry of Information and Communications | |
| | (| Construction | Contribution to GDP and employment opportunities created ²⁶⁴ | ✓ No. Bhutanese employed in construction industry by gender | Ministry of Works and Human Settlement | |
| reduce the youth not | ne proportion of I | Employment and Human Resource Development | Maintain full employment ²⁶⁵ | ✓ Youth unemployment rate(%) ✓ Female youth unemployment rate(%) ✓ % of job seeking graduates employed within 6 months of graduation | Ministry of Labour and Human Resources | |
| | | | Youth undertake entrepreneurship as a preferred career option ²⁶⁶ | ✓ No. of youth trained in entrepreneurship (BEC, CEC and AEC) ✓ No. of new business startups ✓ No of Entrepreneurship course integrated in all TTIs & IZCs ✓ No of National | | |
| | | | | Entrepreneurship Strategy developed | | |

| 8.7 Take immediate and effective measures to eradicate forced labour, end modern slavery and human trafficking and secure the prohibition and elimination of the worst forms of child labour, including recruitment and use of child soldiers, and by 2025 end child labour in all its forms | Emerging Social Challenges | Enhanced employability of registered jobseekers ²⁶⁷ Child's Right to Protection Enhanced ²⁶⁸ | ✓ No of National Appreciation award system instituted ✓ % of youth placed through Apprenticeship Training Program (ATP) ✓ % of youth placed through Pre-employment Engagement Program (PEEP) ✓ % of youth placed through University Graduate Internship Program (UGIP) ✓ No. of educated youth engaged in home based tourism activities in rural areas ✓ % of children engaged in harmful child labour ✓ % of children with the capacity to claim their right to protection ✓ Child Care and Protection Act (CCPA) Operational Plan implemented ✓ No. of institutional mechanisms and support services in place ✓ No. of programmes developed to promote children's right to protection (by gender by sector) ✓ No. of vulnerable children/orphans reduced (by gender) | National Commission for Women and Children | |
|--|---|--|--|--|---|
| 8.8 Protect labour rights and promote safe and secure working environments for all workers, including migrant workers, in particular women migrants, and those | Employment and Human Resource Development | Working environment in private sector improved ²⁶⁹ | (by gender) ✓ Improved working conditions ✓ Social protection for private sector employees promoted | Ministry of Labour and Human Resources | No mention of promoting safe and secure working environments for migrants and those in precarious employment. Focus |

| | in precarious employment | | | | | is on private sector workers. |
|--------|---|---|--|--|--|-------------------------------|
| | 8.9 By 2030, devise and implement policies to promote sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products | Tourism | Environment conservation promoted and wellbeing of rural communities improved through eco-tourism ²⁷⁰ | ✓ % of tourists on ecotourism ✓ Rural communities benefitting from ecotourism (project areas) | Tourism Council of Bhutan | |
| | | Renewable Natural Resources | Increased alternate income generation sources ²⁷¹ | ✓ Livestock based ecotourism initiatives (Nos) | Ministry of Agriculture and Forests | |
| | | Employment and Human Resource Development | Enhanced employability of registered jobseekers ²⁷² | ✓ No. of educated youth engaged in home based tourism activities in rural areas | Ministry of Labour and Human Resources | |
| | | Environment | Enhanced efficiency and effectiveness of RNR service delivery ²⁷³ | ✓ Role of Park & Forest Services in protecting and promoting ecotourism developed | Ministry of Agriculture and Forests | |
| | | | Enhanced biodiversity conservation to improve natural habitats and maintain species persistence ²⁷⁴ | ✓ Proportion of Nature Based Tourists increased through Nature Recreation and Community Based Ecotourism (%) | | |
| | | | Community based ecotourism promoted ²⁷⁵ | ✓ Community based ecotourism sites in GRFs (Nos) | | |
| | 8.10 Strengthen the capacity of domestic financial institutions to encourage and expand access to banking, insurance and financial services for all | | | | | |
| Prospe | Goal 9. Build resilient infrastructure, promote | | | | | |

| rity | inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation | | | | | | |
|------|--|-------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|---|--|
| | 9.1 Develop quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastructure, including regional and | Tourism | Infrastructures and facilities built ²⁷⁶ | ✓ | New and functional infrastructure in place (Nos) | Ministry of Works and Human Settlement | |
| | transborder infrastructure, to support economic development and human well-being, with a focus on affordable and equitable access for all | | Integrated Tourism infrastructures developed ²⁷⁷ | ✓✓ | New trekking routes operationalized (Nos) Road side amenities (Nos) Special interest tour (eg. bird watching, mountain biking, river rafting, butterfly tours etc.) related infrastructure developed (Nos) | | |
| | | Transport | Access to adequate, sustainable and inclusive public transport increased. ²⁷⁸ | ✓ ✓ ✓ | % of motorable roads provided with public transport services % of public transport services provided with facilities for differently-abled persons % of buses plying as per schedule Percentage of urban Public Transport Services (buses) with separate seats/sections for differently-abled and senior citizens. | Ministry of Works and Human Settlement | |
| | | Roads and Bridges | Improved access to socio-economic facilities for beneficiaries ²⁷⁹ | ✓ | Travel time in trucking hours along the Southern East West highway (Hrs) | Ministry of Works and Human Settlement | |
| | | | Roads connecting Hydropower Projects constructed and upgraded ²⁸⁰ | ✓ | New roads connecting hydropower projects constructed (Km) | | |

| | Construction | Safe, high quality and sustainable disaster resilient infrastructures in place ²⁸¹ | ✓ Roads connecting Hydropower projects upgraded/Improved (km) ✓ Sustainable infrastructure development technology introduced (%) | Ministry of Works and Human Settlement | |
|---|--------------|--|---|---|--|
| 9.2 Promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and, by 2030, significantly raise industry's share of employment and gross domestic product, in line with national circumstances, and double its share in least developed countries | Industry | Contribution of GDP and employment increased ²⁸² Promote Green industries and eco-efficient Technologies ²⁸³ | ✓ Contribution to GDP Annually (in Nu. Mil.) ✓ No. of Bhutanese employed over plan period ✓ Industries using low polluting and emission technology | Ministry of Economic Affairs | |
| 9.3 Increase the access of small-scale industrial and other enterprises, in particular in developing countries, to financial services, including affordable credit, and their integration into value chains and markets | Industry | Enhanced growth and development of CSIs ²⁸⁴ | ✓ Region specific resource inventory for business opportunity (Nos) ✓ Financial package developed and marketed by Fls (Nos) | Ministry of Economic Affairs | Challenges reported: limited access to finance by the CSIs, difficulty to access viable markets, limited industrial infrastructure, limited entrepreneurial talent/skills, use of outmoded technology, high transportation costs, low economy of scale and, poor R&D and innovation culture among enterprises. |
| 9.4 By 2030, upgrade infrastructure and retrofit industries to make them sustainable, with increased resource-use efficiency and greater adoption of clean and environmentally sound | Industry | Promote Green industries and eco-efficient Technologies ²⁸⁵ Improved environmental compliance ²⁸⁶ | ✓ Industries using low polluting and emission technology ✓ Compliance of environmental rules and regulations by industries | Ministry of Economic Affairs | |

| | technologies and industrial processes, with all countries taking action in accordance with their respective capabilities | Transport | Alternative modes of transport explored/ introduced ²⁸⁷ | (Nos) ✓ Number of feasibility studies on alternative modes of transport carried out by type ✓ Number of alternative modes introduced | Ministry of Works and Human Settlement |
|----------------|--|---|--|---|---|
| | 9.5 Enhance scientific research, upgrade the technological capabilities of industrial sectors in all | Industry | Assessments/ studies carried out ²⁸⁸ | ✓ Study on enhancement of productivity in existing industries (Nos) | Ministry of Economic Affairs |
| | countries, in particular developing countries, including, by 2030, encouraging innovation and substantially increasing the number of research and | Energy | Applied Research and Development on RE Technologies initiated ²⁸⁹ | ✓ Research activities initiated and its reports/journal produced (Nos) ✓ Functional laboratory in place (Nos) | |
| | development workers per 1 million people and public and private research and development spending | Education | Research and innovations developed and promoted ²⁹⁰ | ✓ No. of research projects/studies carried out annually ✓ No. of grants generated annually through research, innovation and services beside govt. allocation ✓ No. of papers presented and/or published annually ✓ No. of papers published in peer reviewed journal annually | Ministry of Education/ Royal University of Bhutan |
| | Goal 10. Reduce inequality within and among countries | | | | |
| Prospe rity | 10.1 By 2030, progressively achieve and sustain income growth of the bottom 40 per cent of the population at a rate higher than the national average | Employment and Human Resource Development | Maintain full employment ²⁹¹ | ✓ Unemployment rate(%) ✓ Youth unemployment rate(%) ✓ Female youth unemployment rate(%) ✓ % of job seeking graduates employed within 6 months | Ministry of Labour and Human Resources |

| | Emerging Social Challenges | Increased Income ²⁹² | of graduation ✓ Chronic unemployment reduced ✓ HHs income greater than Nu. 46000 per year (%) | Gross National Happiness Commission |
|--|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 10.2 By 2030, empower and promote the social, economic and political inclusion of all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, race, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status | Emerging Social Challenges | Strengthened enabling environment for women and children participation in all spheres ²⁹³ | ✓ No. of agencies (Govt., NGOs and private) with gender/child sensitive policies ✓ No. of agencies with gender mainstreaming strategies (NPAG/ Gender Action Plan) ✓ No of legislations promoting women's participation (gender equality law/quota legislation/ Legislation for special temporary measures | National Commission for Women and Children |
| | | Increased involvement of women and children in policy making, strategy development and governance ²⁹⁴ | ✓ % participation of women and children in policy making and strategy development | |
| | Transport | Facilities for senior citizens and those with special needs incorporated ²⁹⁵ | ✓ Number of wheel chair ramps constructed ✓ Number of urban Public Transport Services (buses) with separate seats/sections for differently-abled and senior citizens | Ministry of Works and Human Settlement |
| | | Rural accessibility enhanced ²⁹⁶ | ✓ % of geogs with public transport | |
| | Construction | Improved quality of infrastructure facilities and services ²⁹⁷ | ✓ Standards developed | Ministry of Works and |

| | | Enhanced safe and reliable access to rural communities ²⁹⁸ | and incorporated in government infrastructures for differently abled people (%) (DES) ✓ Technical backstopping provided for the construction of trail bridges (Nos.) ✓ Bazams constructed (Nos.) ✓ Existing bridges maintained/ rehabilitated (Nos.) | Human Settlement | |
|--|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Good Governance | Participation in democratic governance deepened and strengthened ²⁹⁹ | ✓ Agencies implementing gender sensitive policies/strategies | Ministry of Works and Human Settlement | |
| 10.3 Ensure equal opportunity and reduce inequalities of outcome, including by eliminating discriminatory laws, policies and practices and promoting appropriate legislation, policies and action in this regard | Emerging Social Challenges | Legislation, policies, Rules and Standard of procedures reviewed, disseminated, formulated and implemented 300 | ✓ No. of policies responsive to gender needs ✓ No of legislations reviewed and formulated from gender and child responsive perspective ✓ No. of implementing rules and regulations for women empowerment and child protection (for the acts) | National Commission for Women and Children | |
| | | Strengthened enabling environment for women and children participation in all spheres ³⁰¹ | ✓ No of legislations promoting women's participation (gender equality law/quota legislation/ Legislation for special temporary measures ✓ No. of agencies with gender mainstreaming | | |

| | | Good Governance | Gender responsive budgeting instituted in annual budget ³⁰² | strategies (NPAG/ Gender Action Plan) ✓ Number of Gender | Ministry of Finance | |
|----------------|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | budgeting in annual budget report | · | |
| | | Education | Opportunities for higher education enhanced including lateral entry into tertiary education ³⁰³ | ✓ Ratio of females to males in tertiary education (%) | Ministry of Education | |
| | 10.4 Adopt policies, especially fiscal, wage and social protection policies, | Emerging Social Challenges | Landless/ economically disadvantaged resettled and poverty reduced ³⁰⁴ | ✓ Area of land allocated for resettlement (acres) | National Land Commission | |
| | and progressively achieve greater equality | Employment and Human Resource Development | Working environment in private sector improved ³⁰⁵ | ✓ Social protection for private sector employees promoted | Ministry of labour and human resources | |
| | 10.5 Improve the regulation and monitoring of global financial markets and institutions and strengthen | | | | | |
| | the implementation of such regulations 10.6 Ensure enhanced | | | | | |
| | representation and voice for developing countries in decision-making in global | | | | | |
| | international economic and financial institutions in order to deliver more | | | | | |
| | effective, credible, accountable and legitimate institutions | | | | | |
| | 10.7 Facilitate orderly, safe, regular and responsible migration and mobility of | | | | | |
| | people, including through the implementation of planned and well-managed migration policies | | | | | |
| Prospe rity | Goal 11. Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient | | | | | |
| • | and sustainable | | | | | |

| 11.1 By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services and upgrade slums | Human Settlement and Housing | Access to affordable housing enhanced306 | ✓ No. (units) of affordable and quality housing constructed (through PPP) ✓ No. of housing units constructed in all Dzongkhags | Ministry of Works and Human Settlement |
|---|------------------------------|--|---|--|
| 11.2 By 2030, provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable transport systems for all, improving road safety, notably by expanding public transport, with special attention to the needs of those in vulnerable situations, women, children, persons with disabilities and older persons | Transport | Access to adequate, sustainable and inclusive public transport increased.307 | ✓ % of motorable roads provided with public transport services ✓ % of public transport services provided with facilities for differently-abled persons ✓ % of buses plying as per schedule ✓ Percentage of urban Public Transport Services (buses) with separate seats/sections for differently-abled and senior citizens. | Ministry of Information and Communications |
| 11.3 By 2030, enhance inclusive and sustainable urbanization and capacity for participatory, integrated and sustainable human settlement planning and management in all countries | Human Settlement and Housing | Strategic and smart human settlements developed with high liveability index for balanced regional development ³⁰⁸ | ✓ No. of development plans/ structural plans developed/Local Area Plans ✓ No. of growth centers developed | Ministry of Works and Human Settlement |
| 11.4 Strengthen efforts to protect and safeguard the world's cultural and natural heritage | Tourism | Sustainability standards developed and implemented with effective monitoring mechanisms ³⁰⁹ | ✓ Sustainability standards reviewed (Nos) ✓ Implementation of green growth proposal (Nos) | Ministry of Home and Cultural Affairs |
| 11.5 By 2030, significantly reduce the number of deaths and the number of people affected and substantially decrease the | Human Settlement and Housing | Innovative, affordable and eco efficient/disaster resilient housing construction technology adopted310 | ✓ No. of houses constructed using innovative and affordable construction technology ✓ No. of eco- | Ministry of Works and Human Settlement |

| direct economic losses relative to global gross domestic product caused by disasters, including water-related disasters, with a focus on protecting the poor and people in vulnerable situations | Environment | Enhanced disaster preparedness at all levels ³¹¹ | efficient/disaster resilient buildings constructed ✓ Disaster risk reduction mainstreamed in key sectors ✓ Functional National Disaster Management Authority ✓ No. of Dzongkhags with Disaster Management and Contingency Plan | Ministry of Home and Cultural Affairs |
|--|------------------------------|--|--|---|
| | | Strengthened capacity of disaster response and recovery coordination ³¹² | ✓ No. of trained response team formed ✓ Response time (No. of hours within which emergency team reaches site of disaster) | |
| | | Strengthened capacities for DRR at all levels ³¹³ | ✓ No. of disaster preparedness & response training/awareness for institutions conducted ✓ No. of agencies and focal persons trained on Mainstreaming DRR into plans and policies | |
| 11.6 By 2030, reduce the adverse per capita environmental impact of cities, including by paying special attention to air quality and municipal and other waste management | Human Settlement and Housing | Innovative, affordable and eco efficient/disaster resilient housing construction technology adopted314 | ✓ No. of houses constructed using innovative and affordable construction technology ✓ No. of eco- efficient/disaster resilient buildings constructed ✓ No. of housing complexes with waste management practices instituted | Ministry of Works and Human Settlement |
| 11.7 By 2030, provide universal access to safe, inclusive and accessible, | | | | |

| | green and public spaces, in particular for women and children, older persons and persons with disabilities | | | | | |
|-------|--|-------------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| | Goal 16. Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels | | | | | |
| | 16.1 Significantly reduce all forms of violence and related death rates everywhere | Good Governance | Security and safety of society enhanced315 | ✓ % of people who felt safe(GNH survey, 2010) ✓ No. of nationwide crime reported annually (RBP) | Ministry of Home and Cultural Affairs | |
| Peace | 16.2 End abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence against and torture of children | Emerging Social Challenges | Child's Right to Protection Enhanced316 | ✓ % of children engaged in harmful child labour ✓ % of children with the capacity to claim their right to protection ✓ % of girls who are married before 18 years of age ✓ Child Care and Protection Act (CCPA) Operational Plan implemented ✓ No. of institutional mechanisms and support services in place ✓ No. of programmes developed to promote children's right to protection (by gender by sector) ✓ No. of vulnerable children/orphans reduced (by gender) | National Commission for Women and Children | |
| | 16.3 Promote the rule of law at the national and international levels and ensure equal access to justice for all | Good Governance | Strengthened Accountability Transparency, Efficiency and Effectiveness in Governance ³¹⁷ | ✓ Litigants satisfaction with judicial services ✓ National Integrity Score | Ministry of Home and Cultural Affairs | |

| 16.4 By 2030, significantly reduce illicit financial and arms flows, strengthen the recovery and return of stolen assets and combat all forms of organized crime | Good Governance | Strengthened Accountability Transparency, Efficiency and Effectiveness in Governance ³¹⁸ | √ | Public satisfaction on OAG's efforts in combating corruption cases | Ministry of Home and Cultural Affairs |
|--|---|---|----------|--|--|
| 16.5 Substantially reduce corruption and bribery in all their forms | Tourism | Enhance effectiveness and efficiency in delivery of public service ³¹⁹ | ✓ | Anticorruption Strategy implemented | Ministry of Home and Cultural Affairs |
| | Roads and Bridges | Enhanced efficiency and Effectiveness of in Public service delivery ³²⁰ | ✓ | Anti-corruption Strategy implemented | Ministry of Works and Human Settlement |
| | Construction | Strengthened Accountability Transparency, Efficiency and Effectiveness in Governance ³²¹ | ✓ | Implementation of National Anticorruption Strategy (ACC) | Ministry of Works and Human Settlement |
| | Human Settlement and Housing | Effective and efficient public service delivery ³²² | ✓ | National Anti-corruption strategy implemented | Ministry of Works and Human Settlement |
| | Good Governance | Strengthened Accountability Transparency, Efficiency and Effectiveness in Governance ³²³ | ✓ | Implementation of National Anticorruption Strategy | Ministry of Home and Cultural Affairs |
| | Environment | Environmental management services improved324 | ✓ | Anti-Corruption Strategy implemented | National Environment Commission |
| | Education | Enhanced efficiency and effectiveness in public service delivery ³²⁵ | ✓ | Anti-corruption strategy implemented | Ministry of Education |
| | Trade, Industries and Mines | Enhanced efficiency and effectiveness in public service delivery ³²⁶ | √ | Anti-corruption strategy implemented | Ministry of Economic Affairs |
| | Hydropower, Renewable Energy and Hydromet | Enhance effectiveness and efficiency in delivery of public service ³²⁷ | ✓ | Anti-corruption strategy implemented | |
| | ICT and Media | Effective and efficient public service delivery ³²⁸ | ✓ | Anti-corruption strategy implemented | Ministry of Information and Communications |
| | | | | | |

| 16.6 Develop effective, accountable and transparent institutions at all levels | Transport | Public service delivery improved ³²⁹ | √ | Carry out transport sector reorganization and restructuring exercise | Ministry of Information and Communications | |
|---|-------------------------------|---|----------|--|--|--|
| 16.7 Ensure responsive, inclusive, participatory and representative decision-making at all levels | Good Governance | Participation in democratic governance deepened and strengthened ³³⁰ | ✓ | % of female candidates in the elections sustained (ECB) % Voters turnout in Elections(ECB) | Election Commission of Bhutan | |
| | Emerging Social Challenges | Strengthened enabling environment for women and children participation in all spheres ³³¹ | | No of legislations promoting women's participation (gender equality law/quota legislation/ Legislation for special temporary measures No. of agencies with gender mainstreaming strategies (NPAG/ Gender Action Plan) No. of agencies (Govt., NGOs and private) with gender/child sensitive policies | National Commission for Women and Children | |
| | | Increased involvement of women and children in policy making, strategy development and governance ³³² | ✓ | % participation of women and children in policy making and strategy development | | |
| | | Legislation, policies, Rules and Standard of procedures reviewed, disseminated, formulated and implemented ³³³ | ✓ | No. of policies responsive to gender needs No. of implementing rules and regulations for women empowerment and child protection (for the acts) No of legislations reviewed and formulated from gender and child responsive perspective | | |

| | 16.8 Broaden and strengthen the participation of developing countries in the institutions of global governance | | | | | |
|-----------------|--|-----------------|--|--|--|--|
| | 16.9 By 2030, provide legal identity for all, including birth registration | Good Governance | Effective and efficient Civil Registration and Census Services ³³⁴ | ✓ % of civil registration and census application/requests processed within the same day. | Ministry of Home and Cultural Affairs | |
| | 16.10 Ensure public access to information and protect fundamental freedoms, in accordance with national legislation and international agreements | Good Governance | Bhutan Civil Registration System (BCRS) Database made fully web based application (Online system) ³³⁵ | ✓ No. of DCRC services provided effectively and efficiently through online system ✓ % of 3rd Generation (3G) Citizenship Identity Card issued to eligible Bhutanese citizen who had applied. ✓ % of Special Residence Permit (SRP) cards issued to eligible persons who had applied. | Ministry of Home and Cultural Affairs | |
| | Goal 17. Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the global partnership for sustainable development | | | | | |
| Partner ship | Finance 17.1 Strengthen domestic resource mobilization, including through international support to developing countries, to improve domestic capacity for tax and other revenue collection | | | | | |
| | Finance 17.2 Developed countries to implement fully their official development | | | | | |

| assistance commitments, | | | |
|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| including the commitment | | | |
| by many developed | | | |
| countries to achieve the | | | |
| target of 0.7 per cent of | | | |
| ODA/GNI to developing | | | |
| countries and 0.15 to 0.20 | | | |
| per cent of ODA/GNI to | | | |
| least developed countries; | | | |
| ODA providers are | | | |
| encouraged to consider | | | |
| encouraged to consider | | | |
| setting a target to provide | | | |
| at least 0.20 per cent of | | | |
| ODA/GNI to least | | | |
| developed countries | | | |
| <u>Finance</u> | | | |
| 17.3 Mobilize additional | | | |
| financial resources for | | | |
| developing countries from | | | |
| multiple sources | | | |
| Finance | | | |
| 17.4 Assist developing | | | |
| countries in attaining long- | | | |
| term debt sustainability | | | |
| through coordinated | | | |
| policies aimed at fostering | | | |
| debt financing, debt relief | | | |
| and debt restructuring, as | | | |
| appropriate, and address | | | |
| the external debt of highly | | | |
| indebted poor countries to | | | |
| reduce debt distress | | | |
| | | | |
| Finance | | | |
| 17.5 Adopt and implement | | | |
| investment promotion | | | |
| regimes for least developed | | | |
| countries | | | |
| <u>Technology</u> | | | |
| 17.6 Enhance North-South, | | | |
| South-South and triangular | | | |
| regional and international | | | |
| cooperation on and access | | | |
| to science, technology and | | | |

| innovation and enhance | | | |
|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| knowledge sharing on | | | |
| mutually agreed terms, | | | |
| including through improved | | | |
| coordination among | | | |
| | | | |
| existing mechanisms, in | | | |
| particular at the United | | | |
| Nations level, and through | | | |
| a global technology | | | |
| facilitation mechanism | | | |
| Technology | | | |
| 17.7 Promote the | | | |
| | | | |
| development, transfer, | | | |
| dissemination and diffusion | | | |
| of environmentally sound | | | |
| technologies to developing | | | |
| countries on favourable | | | |
| terms, including on | | | |
| concessional and | | | |
| preferential terms, as | | | |
| | | | |
| mutually agreed | | | |
| <u>Technology</u> | | | |
| 17.8 Fully operationalize | | | |
| the technology bank and | | | |
| science, technology and | | | |
| innovation capacity-building | | | |
| mechanism for least | | | |
| developed countries by | | | |
| 2017 and enhance the use | | | |
| | | | |
| of enabling technology, in | | | |
| particular information and | | | |
| communications | | | |
| technology | | | |
| Capacity-building | | | |
| 17.9 Enhance international | | | |
| support for implementing | | | |
| effective and targeted | | | |
| capacity-building in | | | |
| | | | |
| developing countries to | | | |
| support national plans to | | | |
| implement all the | | | |
| sustainable development | | | |
| goals, including through | | | |
| J , J = == J | | | |

| North-South, South-South and triangular cooperation | | | | | |
|--|-------|--|---|------------------------------|--|
| Trade | | | | | |
| 17.10 Promote a universal, | | | | | |
| rules-based, open, non- discriminatory and | | | | | |
| equitable multilateral | | | | | |
| trading system under the | | | | | |
| World Trade Organization, | | | | | |
| including through the conclusion of negotiations | | | | | |
| under its Doha | | | | | |
| Development Agenda | | | | | |
| Trade | Trade | Export enhanced ³³⁶ | ✓ Annual value of exports | Ministry of Economic Affairs | |
| 17.11 Significantly increase the exports of developing | , | | ✓ Export products (Nos)✓ New export market (Nos) | Allalis | |
| countries, in particular with | | | (110) | | |
| a view to doubling the least | | Export Promoted ³³⁷ | ✓ Exporters (Nos) | | |
| developed countries' share of global exports by 2020 | | | ✓ Functional dry ports (Nos) | | |
| or global experte by 2020 | | Capacity and understanding on trade mainstreaming | ✓ Projects implemented | | |
| | | enhanced ³³⁸ | under EIF (Nos) | | |
| | | Legal and institutional framework developed ³³⁹ | (Composition Law/Deliev | | |
| | | Logar and modulational namework developed | ✓ Competition Law/Policy and Trade Development | | |
| | | | Act in place (Nos) | | |
| | | | (A | | |
| | | | ✓ Awareness programs on consumer products (Nos) | | |
| | | Market Modernization ³⁴⁰ | ✓ Skill of women | | |
| | | | entrepreneur (Nos) | | |
| | | | ✓ Trading firms (Nos) | | |
| | | Ease of doing business improved ³⁴¹ | ✓ Wholesale centers in the | | |
| | | | border towns (Nos) | | |
| | | | ✓ Trade services automated | | |
| | | | (Nos) ✓ Simplified trade rules and | | |
| | | | procedures in place (Nos) | | |
| Trade | Trade | Improved market access ³⁴² | ✓ Bilateral, regional and | Ministry of Economic | |
| 17.12 Realize timely implementation of duty-free | | | multilateral agreements negotiated/renewed and | Affairs | |
| and quota-free market | | | concluded (Nos) | | |
| 10.000 0.0 0.000 | | · | \/ | | |

| access on a la | | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| for all least dev | eloped | | |
| countries, cons | | | |
| World Trade O | | | |
| decisions, inclu | | | |
| ensuring that p | referential | | |
| rules of origin a | innlicable to | | |
| imports from le | act | | |
| developed cou | | | |
| | | | |
| transparent an and contribute | to facilitating | | |
| | | | |
| market access | | | |
| issues Policy a | nd | | |
| institutional col | | | |
| Policy and inst | <u>tutional</u> | | |
| <u>coherence</u> | | | |
| 17.13 Enhance | | | |
| macroeconomi | c stability, | | |
| including throu | gh policy | | |
| coordination ar | d policy | | |
| coherence | | | |
| Policy and inst | tutional | | |
| coherence | | | |
| 17.14 Enhance | policy | | |
| coherence for | | | |
| development | a de la maria | | |
| Policy and inst | tutional | | |
| coherence | tutional | | |
| 17.15 Respect | oooh | | |
| country's policy | cacii | | |
| leadership to e | stablish and | | |
| implement poli | | | |
| | | | |
| poverty eradica | | | |
| sustainable de | | | |
| Multi-stakehold | <u>er</u> | | |
| <u>partnership</u> | | | |
| 17.16 Enhance | | | |
| partnership for | sustainable | | |
| development, | | | |
| complemented | | | |
| stakeholder pa | rtnerships | | |
| that mobilize a | | | |
| knowledge, ex | pertise, | | |
| | | | |

| technology and financial | | | |
|--------------------------------|--|---|--|
| resources, to support the | | | |
| achievement of the | | | |
| sustainable development | | | |
| goals in all countries, in | | | |
| particular developing | | | |
| countries | | | |
| Multi-stakeholder | | | |
| <u>partnership</u> | | | |
| 17.17 Encourage and | | | |
| promote effective public, | | | |
| public-private and civil | | | |
| society partnerships, | | | |
| building on the experience | | | |
| and resourcing strategies | | | |
| of partnerships | | | |
| | | | |
| Data, monitoring and | | | |
| accountability | | | |
| 17.18 By 2020, enhance | | | |
| capacity-building support to | | | |
| developing countries, | | | |
| including for least | | | |
| developed countries and | | | |
| small island developing | | | |
| States, to increase | | | |
| significantly the availability | | | |
| of high-quality, timely and | | | |
| reliable data disaggregated | | | |
| by income, gender, age, | | | |
| race, ethnicity, migratory | | | |
| status, disability, | | | |
| geographic location and | | | |
| other characteristics | | | |
| relevant in national | | | |
| contexts | | | |
| Data, monitoring and | | | |
| accountability | | | |
| 17.19 By 2030, build on | | | |
| existing initiatives to | | | |
| develop measurements of | | | |
| progress on sustainable | | | |
| development that | | | |
| ac.c.spinone and | | 1 | |

| support st | nt gross oroduct, and atistical capacity- developing | | |
|------------|---|--|--|
| countries | | | |

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