

## Unification Algorithm:

7) Unification Algorithm

Function  $\text{Unify}(\psi_1, \psi_2)$

Step 1: If  $\psi_1$  or  $\psi_2$  is a variable or constant, then

- If  $\psi_1$  or  $\psi_2$  are identical, then return NIL
- Else if  $\psi_1$  is a variable,
  - If  $\psi_1$  occurs in  $\psi_2$ , then return FAILURE
  - Else return  $\{\psi_2/\psi_1\}$
- Else if  $\psi_2$  is a variable,
  - If  $\psi_2$  occurs in  $\psi_1$ , then return FAILURE
  - Else return  $\{\psi_1/\psi_2\}$
- Else return FAILURE

Step 2: If initial predicate symbol of  $\psi_1$  and  $\psi_2$  are not the same, return FAILURE

Step 3: If  $\psi_1$  and  $\psi_2$  have different number of arguments, return FAILURE

Step 4: Set Substitution set (SUBST) to NIL.

Step 5: For  $i = 1$  to length of  $\psi_1$ :

- Take the values of  $\psi_1$  and  $\psi_2$  at position  $i$  and put the values in Step 1 and store the result in  $S$ .
- If  $S == \text{FAILURE}$  return FAILURE
- If  $S$  is not NIL, Append  $S$  to SUBST

Step 6: Return SUBST

per row:

3

2

1

0

Output:

Unification Algorithm in First Order Logic

Enter the first expression (eg: 'x y'): Fxy

Enter the second expression (eg: 'P a b'): F a b

Unification Successful!

Substitution: {x: 'a', y: 'b'}

## Code:

```
def unify(s1, s2, theta={}):

    if theta is None:
        return None

    if s1 == s2:
        return theta

    if isinstance(s1, str) and s1.islower():
        return unify_var(s1, s2, theta)

    if isinstance(s2, str) and s2.islower():
        return unify_var(s2, s1, theta)

    if isinstance(s1, tuple) and isinstance(s2, tuple) and len(s1) == len(s2):
        return unify(s1[1:], s2[1:], unify(s1[0], s2[0], theta))

    return None

def unify_var(var, x, theta):
    if var in theta:
        return unify(theta[var], x, theta)
    elif x in theta:
        return unify(var, theta[x], theta)
    elif occurs_check(var, x, theta):
        return None
    else:
        theta[var] = x
        return theta

def occurs_check(var, x, theta):
    if var == x:
        return True
    elif isinstance(x, str) and x.islower() and x in theta:
        return occurs_check(var, theta[x], theta)
    elif isinstance(x, tuple):
        for arg in x:
            if occurs_check(var, arg, theta):
                return True
    return False

s1 = ('p', 'x', ('f', 'x'), ('y'))
s2 = ('p', 'a', 'y', ('f', 'x'))

substitution = unify(s1, s2)

if substitution:
```

```
    print("Unification successful:")
    print(f"Substitution: {substitution}")
else:
    print("Unification failed.")
```

**Output:**

**Unification successful:**

**Substitution: {'x': 'a', 'y': ('f', 'x')}**