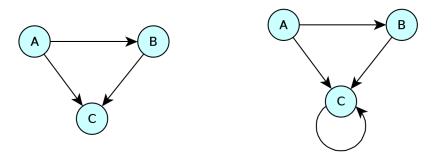
Big Data Analytics

Summer 2023

Number 04, Submission Deadline: May 29 2023, 11:59 PM

1. Page Rank:



- (a) Create transition matrices M_A and M_B for the graphs shown (2 P) above.
- (b) Perform 10 iterations (per graph) of iterative page rank as defined (2 P) in the lecture.
- (c) What can you observe in the results? (2 P)
- (d) Change your previous solution to:
 - eliminate dead ends recursively (remember to also delete the (3 P) edges connecting to them)
 - include the concept of taxation in order to counter-act spider (3 P) traps.

How do the results for the graphs above differ with one or both (2 P) mechanisms enabled?

2. Loading a real graph:

It is now time to apply the techniques to a larger graph from real data which you can find in the provided folder $material^1$

- (a) Create a transition matrix given the links in the datasets (ignore (2 P) the value column for this).
- (b) Calculate the PageRank for all nodes in the graph using the code (2 P) from Task 1.

3. Topic-sensitive PageRank:

Topic-sensitive (or topic-specific) PageRank is often used to compute personalized PageRank.

- (a) Implement a solution that calculates the topic-sensitive PageRank (4 P) for a given node in the graph and apply it to the graph you created in Task 2.
- (b) Output the topic-sensitive PageRank (TSPR) for each of the following nodes:
 - TSPR('css')['angularjs'] (meaning the TSPR value for 'angularjs' in the topic 'css')
 - \bullet TSPR('angularjs')['css']
 - \bullet TSPR('jquery')['bootstrap']
 - TSPR('bash')['linux']
- (c) For each of the topics above (css, angularjs, jquery, bash): output (2 P) the top 5 nodes and their respective TS-PR value.

Important:

Please submit your group solution via LernraumPlus. You are free to hand solutions in as PDFs or Jupyter Notebooks.

Or download the files: stack-overflow-tag-network