

Lecture : Schema Design -II

Agenda

- Recap: Tables, Attributes, Relations, Primary Keys & Foreign Keys
 - Relationships
 - 1:1 id of any side can go on other side
 - M:1 id of one side goes on many side (student - batch)
 - M:m mapping table
- Mapping Table / Separate Table
 - i) m : m cardinality (orders & products)
 - ii) Sparse Relation (students shifting batches)
- How to decide upon indexes?

TODO NETFLIX [9.30 PM]

Case Study:

Design Database Schema for a system like Netflix with following Use Cases.

Use Cases

1. Netflix has users.
2. Every user has an email and a password.
3. Users can create profiles to have separate independent environments.
4. Each profile has a name and a type. Type can be KID or ADULT.
5. There are multiple videos on netflix.
6. For each video, there will be a title, description and a cast.
7. A cast is a list of actors who were a part of the video. For each actor we need to know their name and list of videos they were a part of.
8. For every video, for any profile who watched that video, we need to know the status (COMPLETED/ IN PROGRESS).
9. For every profile for whom a video is in progress, we want to know their last watch timestamp.

1. Create Tables (Nouns)

- Users (**UserId**, Email, Password)

Primary Key: User Id

No foreign key

No additional index is needed

- Profiles (**ProfileId**, **UserId**, ProfileName, ProfileTypeId)

ProfileId - Primary Key

UserId - Foreign Key

Indexing : on **UserId** for the below use-case

Possible Use case -> A user logs in, he wants to see all the profiles that belong to the user.

```
SELECT *  
FROM profiles  
WHERE UserId = 5
```

- ProfileTypes (ProfileTypeId, ProfileTypeValue -> KID or ADULT)

PrimaryKey: ProfileTypeId

No foreign key

No index is needed

- Videos (**Video_Id**, Title, Description)

Videos : cast = m : m

PrimaryKey : Video_Id

Foreign Key : No

Index : Title column

- Actors (Actor_id, Name)
- Videos_Actors (Video_Id, Actor_Id)
 - Primary Key: Video_id + Actor_id
 - Foreign Key: Video_id, Actor_id
 - Index: Video_id + Actor_id , can have an additional index based upon "Actor_id"

Query Find actors who acted in video "DDLJ".

```
SELECT a.name  
FROM videos v  
JOIN videos_actors va  
  
USING (video_id)  
JOIN actors a  
  
USING (actor_id)  
WHERE v.name = "DDLJ"
```

Find all films acted by sharukh khan or actor_id = 5;

- Profiles_Videos [to store the videos watched or are being watch by every profile] [**profile_id**, **video_id**, timestamp, watch_status_type]
- Primary Key: profile_id + video_id
- Foreign Keys: profile_id, video_id , watch_status_type
- Indexes: profile_id for the user, video_id for the analytics platform
- Upon login, out of all shows you want to display of shows that you were watching

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- WatchStatus

1	IN PROGRESS
2	Completed

Profile Table

Me - Prateek	1
Father - ABC	1
Son - XYZ	2

Profile Types

1	ADULT
2	KID

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