Practical No. - 8

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Section- A
Semester- 6 th
Shift- 1st
Aim:
Introduction to Prolog [Family problem] and solve 8-queen problem by using prolog.
Code:
Family Tree
%Defining Males
male(bill).
male(john).
male(frank).
male(joe).
male(larrie).
male(philip).
male(kevin).
male(chris).
male(danny).
%Defining Females

```
female(anne).
female(dorothy).
female(sharon).
female(rochelle).
female(danelle).
female(marg).
female(connie).
female(corrie).
%Defining Parents
parent(bill,john).
parent(bill,frank).
parent(bill,joe).
parent(anne,john).
parent(anne,frank).
parent(anne,joe).
parent(john,larrie).
parent(john,sharon).
parent(john,philip).
parent(john,kevin).
parent(dorothy,larrie).
parent(dorothy,sharon).
parent(dorothy,philip).
```

```
parent(dorothy,kevin).
parent(larrie,connie).
parent(larrie,corrie).
parent(larrie,chris).
parent(marg,connie).
parent(marg,corrie).
parent(marg,chris).
parent(danny,rochelle).
parent(danny,danelle).
parent(sharon,rochelle).
parent(sharon,danelle).
%Defining father and mother predicates
father(X,Y) := parent(X,Y), male(X).
mother(X,Y) := parent(X,Y), female(X).
%Defining son and daughter predicates
son(X,Y) := parent(Y,X), male(X).
daughter(X,Y) := parent(Y,X), female(X).
%Defining brother and sister predicates
brother(X,Y):- parent(Z,X), son(Y,Z), X = Y.
sister(X,Y) := parent(Z,X), daughter(Y,Z), X = Y.
```

```
%Defining grandmother and grandfather predicates
grandfather(X,Y):- parent(Z,Y), father(X,Z).
grandmother(X,Y) := parent(Z,Y), mother(X,Z).
%Defining grandson and granddaughter predicates
grandson(X,Y) :- parent(Y,Z), parent(Z,X), male(X).
granddaughter(X,Y) := parent(Y,Z), parent(Z,X), female(X).
%Defining uncle and aunt predicates
uncle(X,Y) := parent(Z,Y), brother(Z,X).
aunt(X,Y) := parent(Z,Y), sister(Z,X).
%Defining nephew predicate
nephew(X,Y) :- brother(Z,Y), son(X,Z).
nephew(X,Y):- sister(Z,Y), son(X,Z).
%Defining niece predicate
niece(X,Y):-brother(Z,Y), daughter(X,Z).
niece(X,Y) := sister(Z,Y), daughter(X,Z).
%Defining cousin predicate
```

cousin(X,Y):- uncle(Z,Y), son(Z,X).

```
\begin{aligned} & \operatorname{cousin}(X,Y) := \operatorname{aunt}(Z,Y), \operatorname{son}(Z,X). \\ & \operatorname{cousin}(X,Y) := \operatorname{aunt}(Z,Y), \operatorname{daughter}(Z,X). \\ & \operatorname{cousin}(X,Y) := \operatorname{aunt}(Z,Y), \operatorname{daughter}(Z,X). \\ & \text{``Defining ancestor predicate} \\ & \operatorname{ancestor}(X,Y) := \operatorname{parent}(X,Y). \\ & \operatorname{ancestor}(X,Y) := \operatorname{parent}(Z,Y), \operatorname{ancestor}(X,Z). \\ & \text{``Defining descendant predicate} \\ & \operatorname{descendant}(X,Y) := \operatorname{son}(X,Y). \\ & \operatorname{descendant}(X,Y) := \operatorname{daughter}(X,Y). \\ & \operatorname{descendant}(X,Y) := \operatorname{daughter}(X,Z), \operatorname{descendant}(Z,Y). \\ & \operatorname{descendant}(X,Y) := \operatorname{daughter}(X,Z), \operatorname{descendant}(Z,Y). \end{aligned}
```

Output:

```
% c:/Users/bhave/OneDrive/Desktop/prolog/family.pl compiled 0.00 sec, 67 clauses
% C:/Users/bnave/
[1] ?- son(X,Y).
X = john,
Y = bill;
X = frank,
Y = bill;
X = joe,
Y = bill;
Y = bill;
X = john,
Y = anne;
X = frank,
Y = anne;
X = joe,
Y = anne;
X = larrie,
Y = philip
X = philip,
Y = john;
X = philip,
Y = john;
X = kevin,
Y = john;
X = larrie,
Y = dorothy;
X = philip,
Y = dorothy;
X = kevin,
Y = dorothy;
X = chris.
X = chris,
Y = larrie;
X = chris,
 Y = marg ;
 false.
  [1] ?- granddaughter(X,Y).
X = sharon,
  Y = bill;
  X = sharon,
Y = anne;
  X = connie,
  Y = john;
  X = corrie,
Y = john;
  X = rochelle,
Y = john ;
  X = danelle,
Y = john;
  X = connie,
  Y = dorothy ;
  X = corrie,
Y = dorothy;
  X = rochelle,
  Y = dorothy ;
  X = danelle,
Y = dorothy;
```

false.

8-Queen's Problem

```
%Depth First Search strategy.
:- dynamic dfs/2, depth first/3, check safety/2, move/3.
%predicate to solve the depth first of a list of nodes.
dfs(Node, Result):-
  depth first(Node, Path list, 8), %This returns a list of lists of nodes visited in
the path.
  last(Path list, Result). %since last list will be our output, returning that.
%predicate to solve this problem using DFS strategy.
% If current node is a goal state, then stop.
depth first(,[],0).
%Else continue to search, move to NextNode and collect all the nodes in the path.
% here 'V' is an accumulator.
depth first(Node, [NextNode|Path], V):-
  move(Node, NextNode, V),
  V1 is V-1,
  depth first(NextNode, Path, V1).
```

```
%predicate to check whether the queen position is safe or not. check_safety(_,[]). %base case. check_safety(X/Y, [X1/Y1|Rs]):-
    not(Y = Y1), %not in same row
    not(X = X1), %not in same column
    X1-X =\= Y1-Y, %not in ascending diagonal
    X1-X =\= Y-Y1, %not in descending diagonal
    check_safety(X/Y, Rs).
```

%predicate which adds safe position (X/Y) of a queen each time to the resultant list.

```
move(Qlist, [X/Y|Qlist], V):-

X is V, %each X takes the values from 8 to 1.

member(Y, [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8]), %getting some value for y.

check safety(X/Y, Qlist). %checking if position is safe or not.
```

Output:

```
?- dfs(X,Y).
X = Y
    [],
[1/4, 2/2, 3/7, 4/3, 5/6, 6/8, 7/5, 8/1];
X = Y =
  = [1/5, 2/2, 3/4, 4/7, 5/3, 6/8, 7/6, 8/1];
Х
Ч
    [],
[1/3, 2/5, 3/2, 4/8, 5/6, 6/4, 7/7, 8/1];
Y
X
Y
    [1/3, 2/6, 3/4, 4/2, 5/8, 6/5, 7/7, 8/1];
    [1/5, 2/7, 3/1, 4/3, 5/8, 6/6, 7/4, 8/2];
Х
У
У
Х
У
    [],
[1/4, 2/6, 3/8, 4/3, 5/1, 6/7, 7/5, 8/2];
    [1/3, 2/6, 3/8, 4/1, 5/4, 6/7, 7/5, 8/2];
    [],
[1/5, 2/3, 3/8, 4/4, 5/7, 6/1, 7/6, 8/2];
X
Y
X
    [1/5, 2/7, 3/4, 4/1, 5/3, 6/8, 7/6, 8/2];
Υ
    [1/4, 2/1, 3/5, 4/8, 5/6, 6/3, 7/7, 8/2];
х
Ч
    [1/3, 2/6, 3/4, 4/1, 5/8, 6/5, 7/7, 8/2];
Y
X
Y
  =
    [1/4, 2/7, 3/5, 4/3, 5/1, 6/6, 7/8, 8/2];
    [],
[1/6, 2/4, 3/2, 4/8, 5/5, 6/7, 7/1, 8/3];
Y
X
Y
    [1/6, 2/4, 3/7, 4/1, 5/8, 6/2, 7/5, 8/3];
    [1/1, 2/7, 3/4, 4/6, 5/8, 6/2, 7/5, 8/3];
X
Y
    [1/6, 2/8, 3/2, 4/4, 5/1, 6/7, 7/5, 8/3];
X
Y
X
Y
    [1/6, 2/2, 3/7, 4/1, 5/4, 6/8, 7/5, 8/3];
    [],
[1/4, 2/7, 3/1, 4/8, 5/5, 6/2, 7/6, 8/3];
X
Y
X
    [1/5, 2/8, 3/4, 4/1, 5/7, 6/2, 7/6, 8/3];
Ÿ
    [1/4, 2/8, 3/1, 4/5, 5/7, 6/2, 7/6, 8/3];
X
Y
    [1/2, 2/7, 3/5, 4/8, 5/1, 6/4, 7/6, 8/3];
X
Y
    [1/1, 2/7, 3/5, 4/8, 5/2, 6/4, 7/6, 8/3];
    [],
[1/2, 2/5, 3/7, 4/4, 5/1, 6/8, 7/6, 8/3];
```

```
[],
[1/5, 2/1, 3/8, 4/6, 5/3, 6/7, 7/2, 8/4];
    [1/1, 2/5, 3/8, 4/6, 5/3, 6/7, 7/2, 8/4];
[1/3, 2/6, 3/8, 4/1, 5/5, 6/7, 7/2, 8/4];
    [1/6, 2/3, 3/1, 4/7, 5/5, 6/8, 7/2, 8/4];
    [],
[1/7, 2/5, 3/3, 4/1, 5/6, 6/8, 7/2, 8/4];
    [1/7, 2/3, 3/8, 4/2, 5/5, 6/1, 7/6, 8/4];
    [1/5, 2/3, 3/1, 4/7, 5/2, 6/8, 7/6, 8/4];
    [1/2, 2/5, 3/7, 4/1, 5/3, 6/8, 7/6, 8/4];
    [],
[1/3, 2/6, 3/2, 4/5, 5/8, 6/1, 7/7, 8/4];
X
Y
X
Y
X
Y
    [1/6, 2/1, 3/5, 4/2, 5/8, 6/3, 7/7, 8/4];
    [1/8, 2/3, 3/1, 4/6, 5/2, 6/5, 7/7, 8/4];
    [1/2, 2/8, 3/6, 4/1, 5/3, 6/5, 7/7, 8/4];
    [1/5, 2/7, 3/2, 4/6, 5/3, 6/1, 7/8, 8/4];
X
Y
X
    [1/3, 2/6, 3/2, 4/7, 5/5, 6/1, 7/8, 8/4];
[1/6, 2/2, 3/7, 4/1, 5/3, 6/5, 7/8, 8/4];
    [1/3, 2/7, 3/2, 4/8, 5/6, 6/4, 7/1, 8/5];
    [1/6, 2/3, 3/7, 4/2, 5/4, 6/8, 7/1, 8/5];
    [1/4, 2/2, 3/7, 4/3, 5/6, 6/8, 7/1, 8/5];
    [1/7, 2/1, 3/3, 4/8, 5/6, 6/4, 7/2, 8/5];
    [1/1, 2/6, 3/8, 4/3, 5/7, 6/4, 7/2, 8/5];
    [1/3, 2/8, 3/4, 4/7, 5/1, 6/6, 7/2, 8/5];
X
Y
    [1/6, 2/3, 3/7, 4/4, 5/1, 6/8, 7/2, 8/5];
X
    [1/7, 2/4, 3/2, 4/8, 5/6, 6/1, 7/3, 8/5];
    [],
[1/4, 2/6, 3/8, 4/2, 5/7, 6/1, 7/3, 8/5];
```

```
can octained man october their
    [],
[1/7, 2/4, 3/2, 4/5, 5/8, 6/1, 7/3, 8/6];
X =
    [1/8, 2/2, 3/4, 4/1, 5/7, 6/5, 7/3, 8/6];
[],_
Y
X
Y
    [1/7, 2/2, 3/4, 4/1, 5/8, 6/5, 7/3, 8/6];
Y
Y
X
Y
X
Y
    [1/5, 2/1, 3/8, 4/4, 5/2, 6/7, 7/3, 8/6];
    [1/4, 2/1, 3/5, 4/8, 5/2, 6/7, 7/3, 8/6];
    [1/5, 2/2, 3/8, 4/1, 5/4, 6/7, 7/3, 8/6];
    [1/3, 2/7, 3/2, 4/8, 5/5, 6/1, 7/4, 8/6];
Y
Y
Y
Y
Y
    [],
[1/3, 2/1, 3/7, 4/5, 5/8, 6/2, 7/4, 8/6];
    [1/8, 2/2, 3/5, 4/3, 5/1, 6/7, 7/4, 8/6];
    [],
[1/3, 2/5, 3/2, 4/8, 5/1, 6/7, 7/4, 8/6];
Y
Y
X
Y
X
Y
Y
    [1/3, 2/5, 3/7, 4/1, 5/4, 6/2, 7/8, 8/6];
    [],
[1/5, 2/2, 3/4, 4/6, 5/8, 6/3, 7/1, 8/7];
    [1/6, 2/3, 3/5, 4/8, 5/1, 6/4, 7/2, 8/7];
    [],
[1/5, 2/8, 3/4, 4/1, 5/3, 6/6, 7/2, 8/7];
X Y X Y X Y X Y X Y X Y X
    [1/4, 2/2, 3/5, 4/8, 5/6, 6/1, 7/3, 8/7];
    [1/4, 2/6, 3/1, 4/5, 5/2, 6/8, 7/3, 8/7];
    [1/6, 2/3, 3/1, 4/8, 5/5, 6/2, 7/4, 8/7];
    [1/5, 2/3, 3/1, 4/6, 5/8, 6/2, 7/4, 8/7];
    [1/4, 2/2, 3/8, 4/6, 5/1, 6/3, 7/5, 8/7];
Y
X
Y
X
    [1/6, 2/3, 3/5, 4/7, 5/1, 6/4, 7/2, 8/8];
    [1/6, 2/4, 3/7, 4/1, 5/3, 6/5, 7/2, 8/8];
    [1/4, 2/7, 3/5, 4/2, 5/6, 6/1, 7/3, 8/8];
    [1/5, 2/7, 3/2, 4/6, 5/3, 6/1, 7/4, 8/8];
```