
Aim: To study any one NoSQL database and develop an application that incorporates NoSQL database access.

Problem Statement : Pharmacy Stock Management Application with Selling Details handled by the owner.

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Abstract:

The primary goal of the project is to manage the pharmaceutical shop's database. This is accomplished by compiling a database of the medications offered in the shop. The database is then linked to the main application via an interconnection between the Visual Basic program and the previously built database.

Application:

This program can be used in any pharmaceutical shops having a database to maintain. The software used can be used to manage the stocks of the medicines present in the shop. This will help the owner when to reorder the stock and also discard the expired medicines. The software can also print bills.

Introduction:

The program first has a login page where the store owner can login with their registered email and password. On successfully login, he/she can check the medicines prescribed to the customer. If the medicine is present then he/she can give it to the customer and at the end he/she can generate the bill by adding the details like Customer Name, Address, Medicines bought along with the total cost. After printing the bill, the quantity will be updated in the database. Owner can keep the check on the stock and can reorder the stock if require. He/She can also update the amount or quantity of the medicine or delete the medicines which no longer are used in the market.

Merits:

• This will save the time of both of owner and customer as owner don't has to do the manual work in searching the whole shop and customer don't have to wait for too long to buy it.

- Expired items can be searched and discarded easily as Date of Expiry is already present in the database.
- The owner will get the idea when he/she has to reorder the medicines or delete the medicines which are not used any longer.
- The owner can generate the bill and save the billing history for future use.

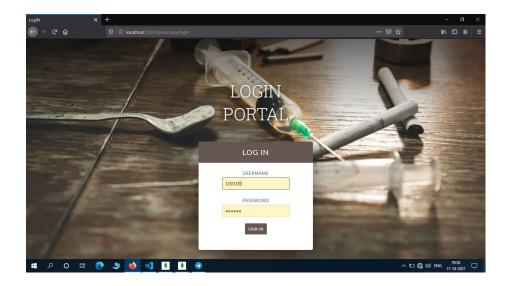
Limitations:

})

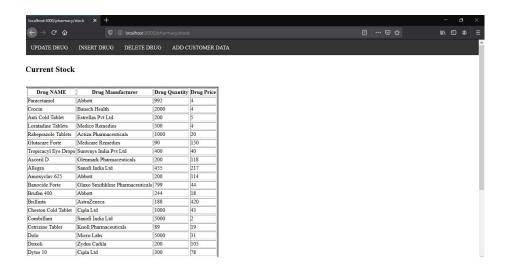
- Due to system constraints, report of reorder stocks, expired stocks, etc cannot be generated properly.
- Database has to be kept up to date.
- The login info for owner will be generated only after registering with the admin due to security purposes.

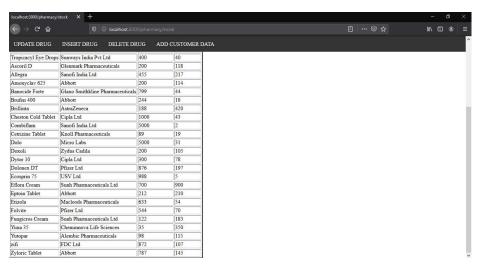
QUERY-01: Query to check the login credentials in the credential database by taking the username and password as input in JavaScript form.

```
router.post("/login" , (req,res)=>{
    console.log(req.body)
    var a = req.body.username
    var b = req.body.password
    var que = {$and : [{id : {$eq : a}} , {pass : {$eq : b}}]}
    credd.find(que , function(err , docs){
        if(err){
            console.log("Error")
       }
        else{
            if (docs.length == 0){
                res.render("invcred")
            }
            else{
                console.log("Logged in ")
                res.redirect("/pharmacy/stock")
            }
       }
    })
```

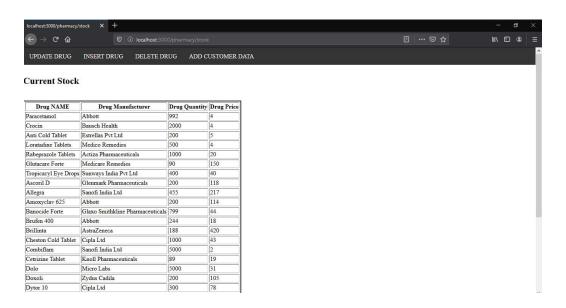


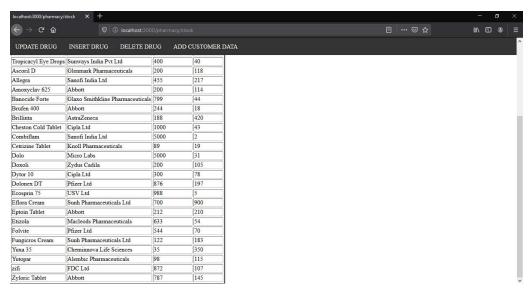
After successful login, the owner can see the page below



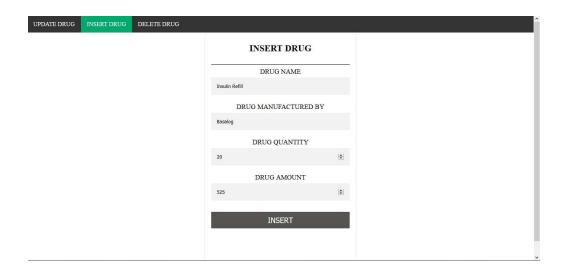


After successful login, the table from the database will be printed as below



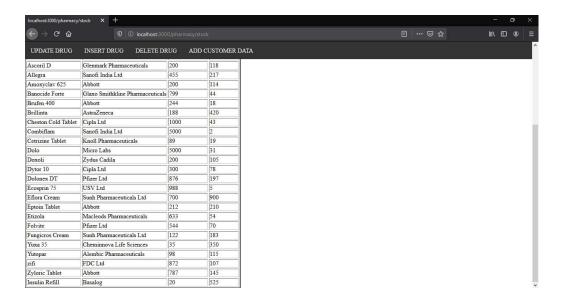


```
**********************************
QUERY-03: Query to insert a new drug in the table taking input in the JavaScript form.
****************************
     router.post("/ins" , (req,res)=>{
         var a = req.body.dname
         var b = req.body.dmfd
         var c = (req.body.dqty)
         var d = (req.body.dprice)
         var q = {dname : req.body.dname , dmfd : req.body.dmfd ,
                dqty :req.body.dqty , dprice : req.body.dprice };
         conn.collection("phms").insertOne(q , function(er , d){
            console.log(d);
            if(er){
               console.log("Error")
            }
            else{
               res.redirect("/pharmacy/stock");
            }
         });
```



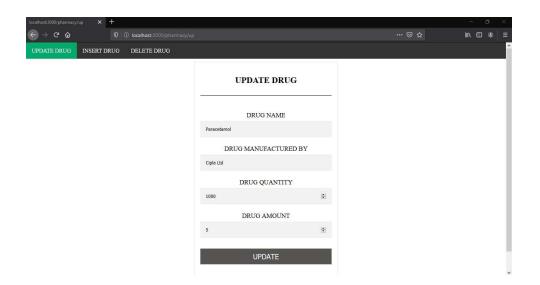
});

After successful insertion, owner can check the drug details in stock as below

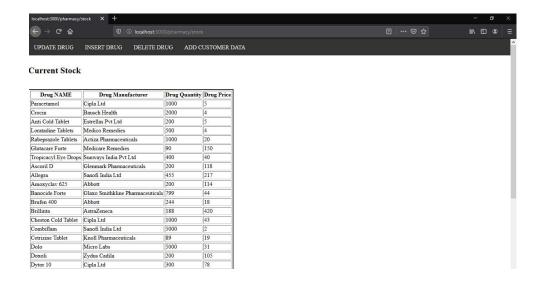


```
QUERY-04: Query to update a drug in the table taking input in the JavaScript form.
```

```
*********************************
     router.post("/up" , (req,res)=>{
         var a = req.body.dname
         var b = req.body.dmfd
         var c = req.body.dqty
         var d = req.body.dprice
         var q = {dname : req.body.dname }
         var nq = {$set : {dmfd : req.body.dmfd , dqty :req.body.dqty ,
                         dprice : req.body.dprice }}
         conn.collection("phms").updateOne(q , nq , function(er , d){
             console.log(d);
             if(er){
                console.log("Error")
             }
             else{
                res.redirect("/pharmacy/stock");
             }
         });
     });
```



After successful update, owner can check the stocks table. For example- The update in the drug named "Paracetomol" can be viewed below as



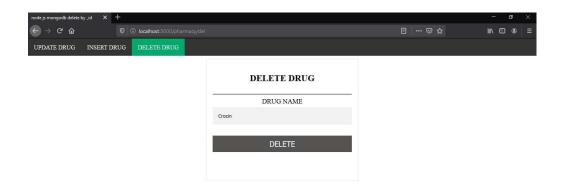
QUERY-05: Query to delete a drug in the table taking input in the JavaScript form.

router.post("/del" , (req,res)=>{
 var a = req.body.dname

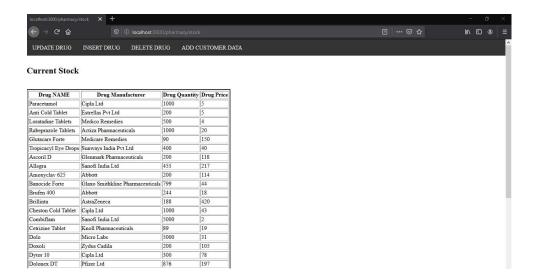
```
var q = {dname : req.body.dname }

conn.collection("phms").deleteOne(q, function(er , d){
   console.log(d);
   if(er){
      console.log("Error")
```

```
}
    else{
        res.redirect("/pharmacy/stock");
    }
});
```



After successful deletion, owner can check the stock table. For example- Deletion of drug named "Crocin" can be viewed as below



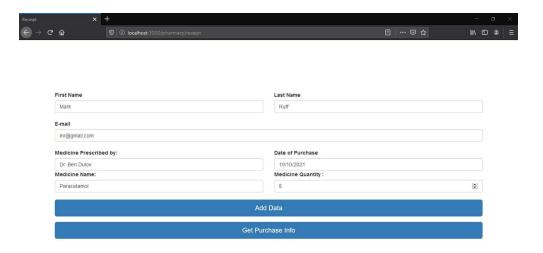
QUERY-06: Query to update the stock in the table after billing it to the customer taking details as input in the JavaScript form.

```
router.post("/receipt" , (req,res)=>{
   var q = {fname: req.body.fname,
                                      lname:req.body.lname ,
             email:req.body.email, doctorr:req.body.doctorr,
             dpurchase: req.body.dpurchase,medn:req.body.medn ,
             medq:req.body.medq }
   conn.collection("purs").insertOne(q , function(err ,docs){
        if(err){
            console.log(err)
       }else{
            var x = parseInt(req.body.medq)
            console.log(x)
            conn.collection("phms").findOne({dname :req.body.medn},
function(er , d){
                if(!er){
                    var y = (parseInt(d.dqty)-x)
                    conn.collection("phms").updateOne({dname :req.body.medn}
                                 , {$set :{dqty : y}},function(err , doc){
                        if(!err){
                            console.log("Stock Updated")
                        }
                    })
                }
                else{
                    console.log(er)
                }
            })
       }
   })
})
```

Initially, purchase table will be empty as shown below



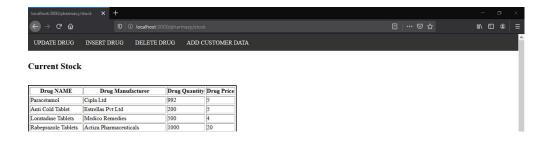
Taking the input in the form ad adding record to the purchase table



After successful adding the purchase info, owner can view it in the purchase info tab as below



Also, as the stock will get updated, it can be viewed as below



Conclusion:

A pharmacy management system is a software application that handles vital data and saves it, as well as information about a pharmacy's database and administration. This software aids in the efficient running of a pharmacy or shop. It provides statistics on medicines or pharmaceuticals that are in stock, and the data may be updated and modified. It operates according to the store owner's needs and provides alternatives appropriately. It allows the owner to input the production date as well as the expiry date of the drug when it is placed in stock and for sales transactions. This program can also produce bills and invoices, among other things. It can also preserve a record of customer bills. The main purpose is effectively and easily handling of pharmacy data and it's management.