* **Define the terms: Website, Webpage, Web browser, Web server, HTML, CSS.**

1. **Website :**

A website is a collection of many web pages, and web pages are digital files that are written using HTML (HyperText Markup Language).

1. **Webpage :**

**A webpage is a document written in HTML and can be viewed on any web browser. It is contained within the web server, which can be accessed by entering the URL for that web page, and once it is loaded, it appears on the user's web browser. Each webpage is linked with a unique URL; hence two pages cannot have the same URL.**

1. **Web browser :**

A web browser is an [application](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Application_software) for accessing [websites](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Website). When a [user](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/User_(computing)) requests a [web page](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Web_page) from a particular website, the browser retrieves its [files](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Computer_file) from a [web server](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Web_server) and then displays the page on the user's screen.

1. **Web server :**

**A web server is a computer that stores, processes, and delivers website files to web browsers. They consist of hardware and software that use Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP) to respond to web users’ requests made via the World Wide Web.**

1. **HTML :**

**HTML stands for HyperText Markup Language. It is a standard markup language for web page creation. It allows the creation and structure of sections, paragraphs, and links using HTML elements (the building blocks of a web page) such as tags and attributes.**

1. **CSS :**

**CSS stands for Cascading Style Sheets. It is a style sheet language which is used to describe the look and formatting of a document written in markup language.**