```
#include <stdio.h>
```

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int main() {
  int n, m;
  printf("Enter number of memory blocks: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  int blockSize[n], blockAllocated[n];
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    printf("Enter size of block %d: ", i + 1);
    scanf("%d", &blockSize[i]);
    blockAllocated[i] = 0; // 0 means free
  }
  printf("Enter number of processes: ");
  scanf("%d", &m);
  int processSize[m], allocation[m];
  for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {
    printf("Enter size of process %d: ", i + 1);
    scanf("%d", &processSize[i]);
    allocation[i] = -1; // -1 means not allocated
  }
  // First Fit Allocation
  for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {
    for (int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
       if (!blockAllocated[j] && blockSize[j] >= processSize[i]) {
```

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allocation[i] = j;
       blockAllocated[j] = 1; // mark block as allocated
       break;
    }
  }
}
// Display allocation results
printf("\nProcess No.\tProcess Size\tBlock Allocated\n");
for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {
  printf("%d\t\t%d\t\t", i + 1, processSize[i]);
  if (allocation[i] != -1)
    printf("%d\n", allocation[i] + 1);
  else
    printf("Not Allocated\n");
}
return 0;
```

}

```
Enter number of memory blocks: 5
Enter size of block 1: 100
Enter size of block 2: 500
Enter size of block 3: 200
Enter size of block 4: 300
Enter size of block 5: 600
Enter number of processes: 4
Enter size of process 1: 212
Enter size of process 2: 417
Enter size of process 3: 112
Enter size of process 4: 426
Process No. Process Size Block Allocated
                212
                                2
2
                                5
                417
3
                112
4
                426
                                Not Allocated
...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```