



Cloud Architecture

Canadian Blood Services

Presented by: Bhavini, Riya, Sekhar, Sukhmandeep
Under Guidance: Junaid Qazi

Agenda



Existing
Architecture



Problem
Statement



Objective



Vision



Proposed Cloud
Architecture



Pipeline Design
and Strategy



Deployment &
Monitoring Strategy



Data Access &
Security

Existing Architecture



On-premises



**Relational Database
Management System (RDBMS)**

Blood donor information

Blood inventory

Patients Database

Problem Statements

Limited Visibility

Scalability Constraints

Disaster Vulnerability

Objective



Migrate the existing RDBMS of Canadian Blood Services to a Cloud Platform



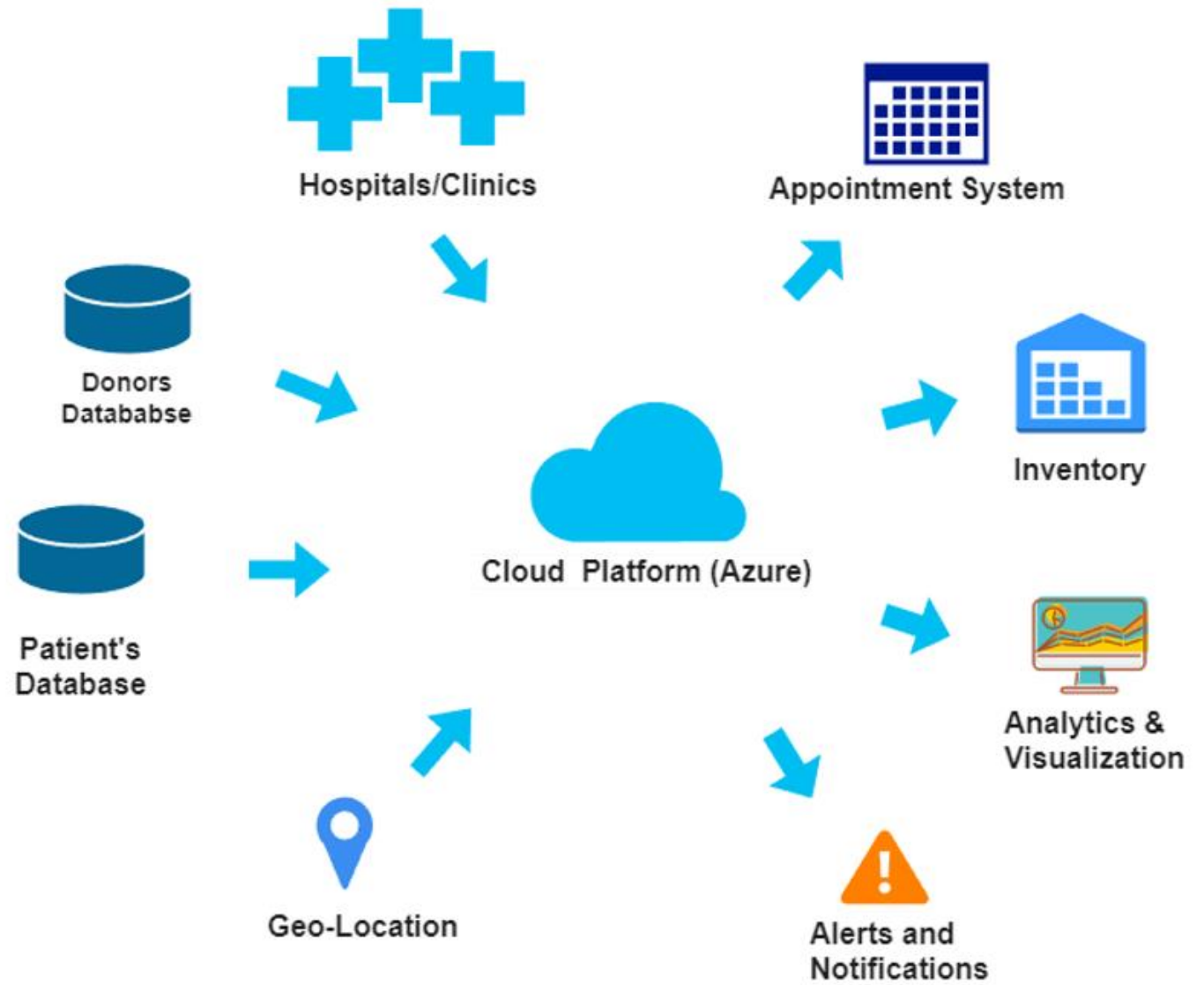
Leverage below benefits:

Scalability

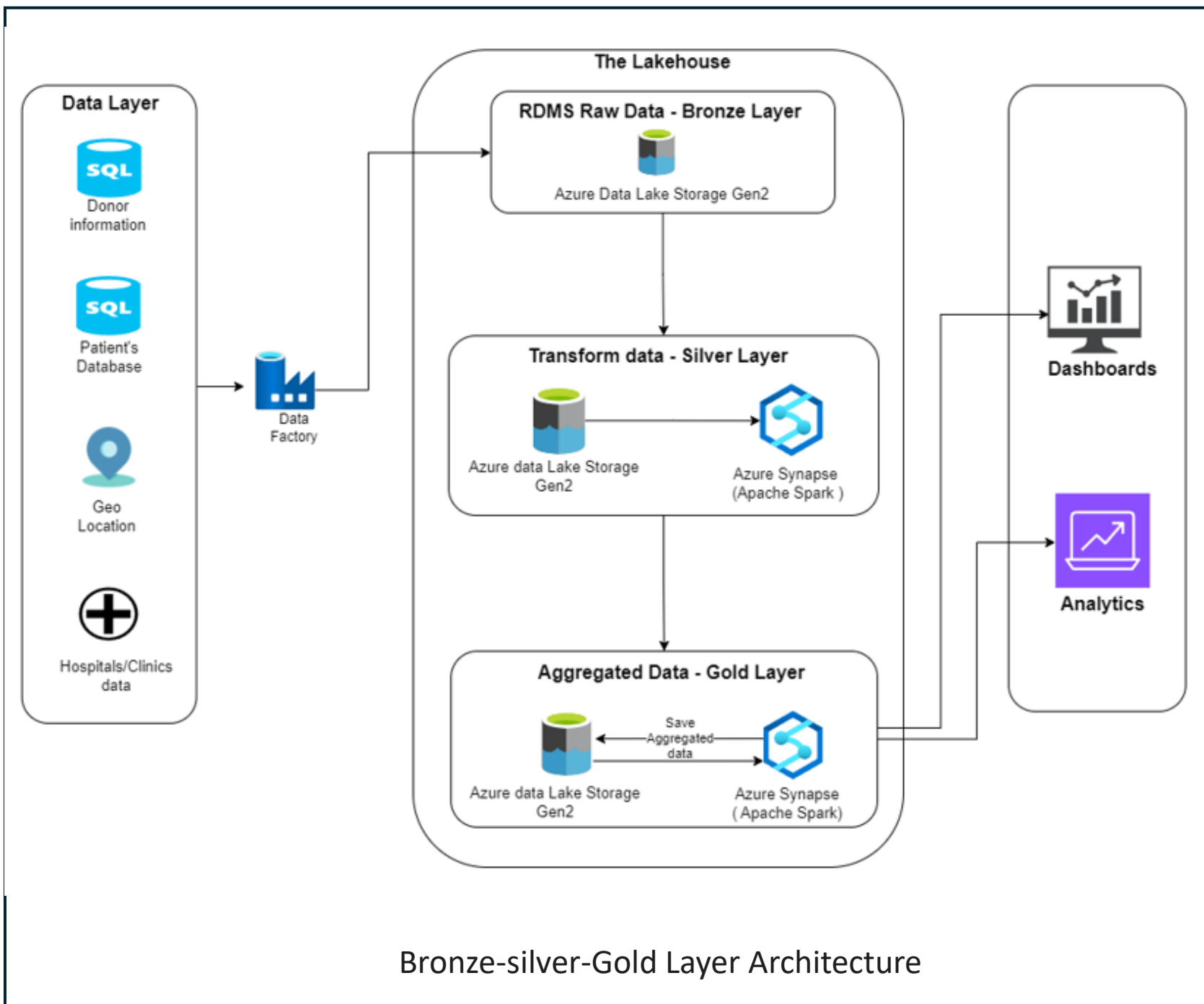
Disaster recovery

Security benefits

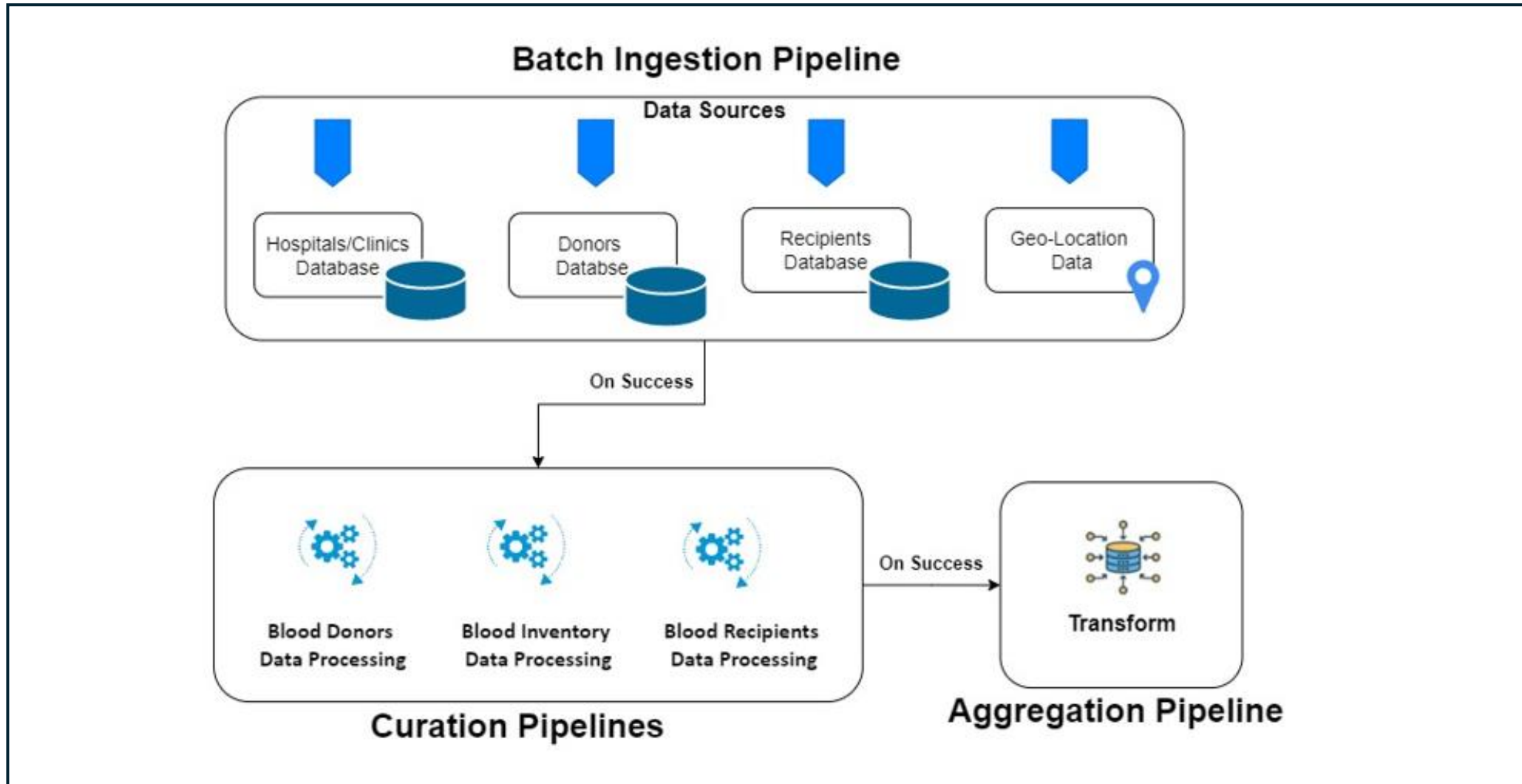
Vision



Proposed Cloud Architecture



Data Pipeline - Parent-child approach



Components of Pipeline



Sources



Ingestion

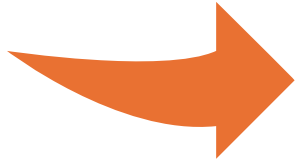


Transformation

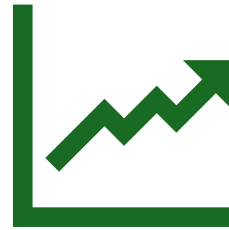
Data Sources

- Existing SQL Databases (RDBMS)
 - Hospitals data
 - Donors Database
 - Recipient's Database
 - Geo-location

Ingestion Strategy



Batch Processing



Why Batch Processing?

Efficiency for Stable Data

Reduced Resource Consumption

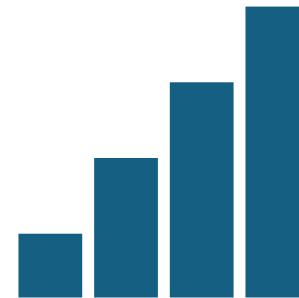
Simplified Development and Management

Data Integrity

Batch Frequency



Every 24 hours



At 12 am.

Pipeline Triggers in Production

Schedule Trigger

- Will **Run at Regular Intervals**.
- To ingest new blood donor registrations and inventory updates from the previous day.

Event based Trigger

- To check blood availability.
- **Trigger** : blood request from a hospitals

How will the final data be published to end users?



API App



Dashboards and Reports

- visualize key blood bank metrics (e.g., blood type availability by location)



Public Dashboards

- Awareness about blood donation
- General blood inventory trends

Deployment Strategy



Infrastructure as Code (IaC)

Azure Resource Manager (ARM)
templates (JSON files)



CI/CD (Continuous Integration and Continuous Delivery/Deployment)

automates testing and deployment
identify and fix bugs

consistent and repeatable
deployments - reliable blood bank
system



Blue-Green Deployment

Two identical production
environments

For Disaster recovery

Pipeline Monitoring Strategy



Monitoring Tool

Azure Data Factory's - built-in
monitoring capabilities



Key Metrics to Monitor

Pipeline execution status
Execution time
Data processing metrics



Alerts & Notifications

Development strategy



Tools

Azure Data Factory
Version Control System(Git)
Integrated Development
Environment (IDE)



Development language

Python



Environments

Development
Testing
Production

Data access to user and security

Role-Based Access Control (RBAC)

API Authentication – Azure Active Directory (AAD)

References

- Canadian Blood Services
 - <https://www.blood.ca/en/blood>
- Diagrams: Draw.io
 - <https://app.diagrams.net/>
- Lecture Slides
 - <https://learn.sait.ca/d2l/le/content/637608/viewContent/16889552/View>



Questions?
Thank You

Individual Contribution

- Brainstorming : All Team members
- Architecture/Pipeline Design & Creation: Bhavini/Riya/Sukhmandeep
- Deployment Strategy: Sekhar
- Presentation Creation: Bhavini