Milestone 3

Create the database schema

Develop the star-based schema of the database, ensuring that the columns are of the correct data types.

Task 1: Cast the columns of the orders_table to the correct data types.

```
ALTER TABLE orders_table

ALTER COLUMN card_number TYPE VARCHAR(19),

ALTER COLUMN store_code TYPE VARCHAR(12),

ALTER COLUMN product_code TYPE VARCHAR(11),

ALTER COLUMN date_uuid TYPE UUID USING CAST(date_uuid AS UUID),

ALTER COLUMN user_uuid TYPE UUID USING CAST(user_uuid AS UUID),

ALTER COLUMN product_quantity TYPE SMALLINT;
```

Task 2: Cast the columns of the dim users table to the correct data types.

```
ALTER TABLE dim_user_table

ALTER COLUMN country_code TYPE VARCHAR(2),

ALTER COLUMN first_name TYPE VARCHAR(255),

ALTER COLUMN last_name TYPE VARCHAR(255),

ALTER COLUMN date_of_birth TYPE DATE USING date_of_birth::DATE,

ALTER COLUMN user_uuid TYPE UUID USING user_uuid::UUID,

ALTER COLUMN join_date TYPE DATE USING join_date::DATE;
```

Task 3: Update the dim_store _details table.

```
UPDATE dim_store_details
SET locality = COALESCE(locality, 'N/A');
```

Task 4: Make changes to the dim_products table for the delivery team.

```
CREATE TABLE dim_products (
   product_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
   product_name VARCHAR(255),
   product_price DECIMAL(10, 2),
   weight DECIMAL(10, 2),
   weight_class VARCHAR(255)
);
```

```
-- Remove £ character from product price
UPDATE dim_products
SET product price = REPLACE(CAST(product price AS VARCHAR), '£', ")::DECIMAL(10, 2);
-- Update weight class based on weight range
UPDATE dim products
SET weight class =
  CASE
    WHEN weight < 2.0 THEN 'Light'
    WHEN weight >= 2 AND weight < 40 THEN 'Mid Sized'
    WHEN weight >= 40 AND weight < 140 THEN 'Heavy'
    WHEN weight >= 140 THEN 'Truck Required'
  END;
Task 5: Update the dim products table with the required data types.
-- Check if the still_available_temp column exists
DO $$
BEGIN
 IF EXISTS (SELECT 1 FROM information_schema.columns WHERE table_name =
'dim products' AND column name = 'still available temp') THEN
  -- Rename the still available column
  ALTER TABLE dim_products
  RENAME COLUMN still available TO still available temp;
  -- Update data types of columns
  ALTER TABLE dim products
    ALTER COLUMN product_price TYPE FLOAT,
    ALTER COLUMN weight TYPE FLOAT,
    ALTER COLUMN EAN TYPE VARCHAR(255),
    ALTER COLUMN product code TYPE VARCHAR(255),
    ALTER COLUMN date added TYPE DATE,
    ALTER COLUMN uuid TYPE UUID,
    ALTER COLUMN still available temp TYPE BOOL,
    ALTER COLUMN weight class TYPE VARCHAR(255);
  -- Rename the still available temp column back to still available
  ALTER TABLE dim products
  RENAME COLUMN still available temp TO still available;
 END IF;
END $$;
```

Task 6: Update the dim_date_times table.

```
CREATE TABLE dim date times (
  month VARCHAR(255),
  year VARCHAR(255),
  day VARCHAR(255),
  time_period VARCHAR(255),
  date uuid UUID
);
-- Update data types of columns in dim date times
ALTER TABLE dim_date_times
  ALTER COLUMN month TYPE VARCHAR(255),
  ALTER COLUMN year TYPE VARCHAR(255),
  ALTER COLUMN day TYPE VARCHAR(255),
  ALTER COLUMN time_period TYPE VARCHAR(255),
  ALTER COLUMN date uuid TYPE UUID;
Task 7: Updating the dim_ card_details table.
-- Create dim_card_details table
CREATE TABLE dim_card_details (
  card number VARCHAR(255),
  expiry_date VARCHAR(255),
  date payment confirmed DATE
);
-- Update data types of columns in dim card details
ALTER TABLE dim card details
  ALTER COLUMN card number TYPE VARCHAR(255),
  ALTER COLUMN expiry date TYPE VARCHAR(255),
  ALTER COLUMN date payment confirmed TYPE DATE;
Task 8: Create the primary keys in the dimension tables.
-- Adds primary keys in dim tables
ALTER TABLE dim_card_details
      ADD CONSTRAINT pk card nuber PRIMARY KEY (card number);
ALTER TABLE dim date times
      ADD PRIMARY KEY (date uuid);
ALTER TABLE dim products
      ADD PRIMARY KEY (product code);
```

```
ALTER TABLE dim_store_details
ADD PRIMARY KEY (store_code);
```

ALTER TABLE dim_users
ADD PRIMARY KEY (user_uuid);

Task 9: Finalising the star-based schema & adding the foreign keys to the orders table.

ALTER TABLE orders_table

ADD FOREIGN KEY (card_number)
REFERENCES dim_card_details(card_number);

ALTER TABLE orders table

ADD FOREIGN KEY (date_uuid)

REFERENCES dim_date_times(date_uuid);

ALTER TABLE orders_table

ADD FOREIGN KEY (product_code)

REFERENCES dim_products(product_code);

ALTER TABLE orders table

ADD FOREIGN KEY (store_code)

REFERENCES dim_store_details(store_code);

ALTER TABLE orders_table

ADD FOREIGN KEY (user uuid)

REFERENCES dim_users(user_uuid);