Lab Assignment-3

String Processing Operations

Q1. Write a program to implement strlen() function.

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
  2 #include <string.h>
  3
  4 int main()
  5 + {
  6
         char str[] = "BhavleenKaur";
  7
         int length = strlen(str);
  8
         printf("Length of string is : %d", length);
  9
         return 0;
 10 }
/tmp/X8mDiCUONF.o
Length of string is : 12
```

Q2. Write a program to implement strcpy() function.

Q3. Write a program to implement strcat() function.

Q4. Write a program to implement strcmp() function.

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 #include <string.h>
3 - int main(){
4 char str1[20],str2[20];
5 printf("Enter 1st string: ");
 6 gets(str1);//reads string from console
7 printf("Enter 2nd string: ");
8 gets(str2);
9 if(strcmp(str1,str2)==0)
10
      printf("Strings are equal");
11 else
12
      printf("Strings are not equal");
13 return 0;
14 }
/tmp/X8mDiCUONF.o
Enter 1st string: Bhavleen
Enter 2nd string: bhavLeen
Strings are not equal
```

Q5. WAP to demonstrate limitations of Two-Dimensional Array of Characters.

One common limitation of a two-dimensional array of characters (string array) is the fixed size. In many programming languages, once you declare a 2D array, its size cannot be changed dynamically during runtime.

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
  2 #include <string.h>
  3 #define ROWS 3
  4 #define COLS 10
   6 - int main() {
   7 char strings[ROWS][COLS];
        strcpy(strings[0], "Hello");
   8
  9    strcpy(strings[1], "Bhavleen");
10    strcpy(strings[2], "!");
11    printf("Strings in the array:\n");
       for (int i = 0; i < ROWS; i++) {
  12 -
         printf("%s\n", strings[i]);
  13
  14
  15
  16
        // Attempt to add a new string
 17
          strcpy(strings[3], "This will cause an error");
  18
  19
          return 0;
 20 }
/tmp/a6Q38AAsJm.o
Strings in the array:
Hello
Bhavleen
```

Q6. WAP to demonstrate an array of Pointers to Strings.

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
  2 #include<string.h>
  3 - void main(){
  4
      int i;
       char *a[5]={"One","Two","Three","Four","Five"};
  5
  6
  7 printf("The values in every string location are : ");   
8- for(i=0;i<5;i++){
  9     printf("%s",a[i]);
10     printf(",");
  11
  12
13 printf("\n");
  14 printf("The address locations of every string values are : ");
 15 - for(i=0;i<5;i++){
 18 }
 19 }
/tmp/a6Q38AAsJm.o
The values in every string location are : One, Two, Three, Four, Five,
The address locations of every string values are: 4202504,4202508,4202512,4202518
   ,4202523,
```