

(5)

- ① git init : creat new repository
- ② git remote add origin url : Obtain the url
- ③ git remote add url for remote repository
- ④ git remote -v : To check what is remote url in your repo.
- ⑤ git remote rm origin -> remove the remote url from your repository.
- ⑥ git remote set-url -> The main responsibility of project team mates used to share and updates each other about changes.
- ⑦ git add : add a change in your working directory to the stages area
- ⑧ git commit -m : - a snapshot of the ~~file~~ hierarchy and the contents of the files in a repository.
- ⑨ git push -u origin -> it pushes changes to specific remote branches.
- ⑩ git push origin : - Push the commits in the local branch named master to the remote named origin.
- ⑪ git branch : - a lightweight movable point to one of these commits.
- ⑫ git branch -m new-nam-of-current-branch : Rename a branch, to change name of branch.
- ⑬ git branch -D : To delete origin name-of-branch
- ⑭ cd : To change to your home directory type the following : cd
- ⑮ mkdir : - use the curly brackets with mkdir and state the directory names, separated by a comma.
- ⑯ git fetch : a primary command used to download contents from a remote repository.
- ⑰ git checkout main : Switch to main or master branch using command below
- ⑱ git pull origin main : Pull changes to your main or master branches