



A project report on

SHOP FOR HOME

Submitted in partial fulfilment of the requirements of Wipro

JAVA & AWS C1 GROUP-1

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ABSTRACT

E-commerce is fast gaining ground as an accepted and used business paradigm. More and more business houses are implementing websites providing functionality for performing commercial transactions over the web. It is reasonable to say that the process of shopping on the web is becoming commonplace.

The objective of this project is to develop an e-commerce toy store where products home décor items like sofas, chairs, mirrors, etc can be bought from the comfort of home through the Internet. However, for implementation purposes, this paper will deal with online shopping for toys.

An online store is a virtual store on the Internet where customers can browse the Catalog and select products of interest. The selected items may be collected in a shopping cart. At checkout time, the items in the shopping cart will be presented as an order.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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We would also like to thank our **Wipro & Great Learning** for providing such opportunity and their constant efforts to keep our courses going despite all the hardships that the pandemic brought upon us.

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1. Introduction

ShopForHome is for shopping the Home Decor stuff . Due to Covid 19 all the offline shopping stopped. So, the store wants to move to the cloud platforms and wants their own web application. The overall idea behind this project is to allow users to buy home decor products online.

The application aims to provide a shopping system for users where the user can sign in ,sign up and search all the home decor items available in the application. The user can add favorite items to the wishlist and can add items to the cart by clicking on the get it button available. In this way ShopforHome app enables users to purchase home decor items like chairs, mirrors, clocks, sofas, etc with a single click.

Admin, on the other hand, can login, log out, and register into the application. Along with this admin will be able to upload the products in bulk amounts.

1.1 Objectives

The primary goal of e-commerce is to reach maximum customers at the right time to increase sales and profitability of the business. Functions of e-commerce include buying and selling goods, transmitting funds or data over the internet.

The three main objectives are as follows

1. Find the best solution for their needs
2. Make a purchase, and
3. Get information/answers to their questions

2. Problem Description

ShopForHome is a popular Store in the market for shopping the home décor stuff . Due to Covid 19 all the offline shopping stopped. So, the store wants to move to the cloud platforms and wants their own web application. There are 2 users on the application: -

1. User Stories-

1. As a user I should be able to login, Logout and Register into the application.
2. As a user I should be able to see the products in different categories.
3. As a user I should be able to sort the products.
4. As a user I should be able to add the products into the shopping cart.
5. As a user I should be able to increase or decrease the quantity added in the cart.
6. As a user I should be able to add “n” number of products in the cart.
7. As a user I should be able to get the Wishlist option where I can add those products which I want but don’t want to order now.
8. As a user I should get different discount coupons.

2. Admin Stories –

1. As an Admin I should be able to login, Logout and Register into the application.
2. As an Admin I should be able to perform CRUD on Users.
3. As an Admin I should be able to Perform CRUD on the products.
4. As an Admin I should be able to get bulk upload option to upload a csv for products details.
5. As an Admin I should be able to get the stocks.
6. As an Admin I should be able to mail if any stock is less than 10.
7. As an Admin I should be able to get the sales report of a specific duration.
8. As an Admin I should be able to set the discount coupons for the specific set of users.

3. Technology Required

We have developed this project using the below technology

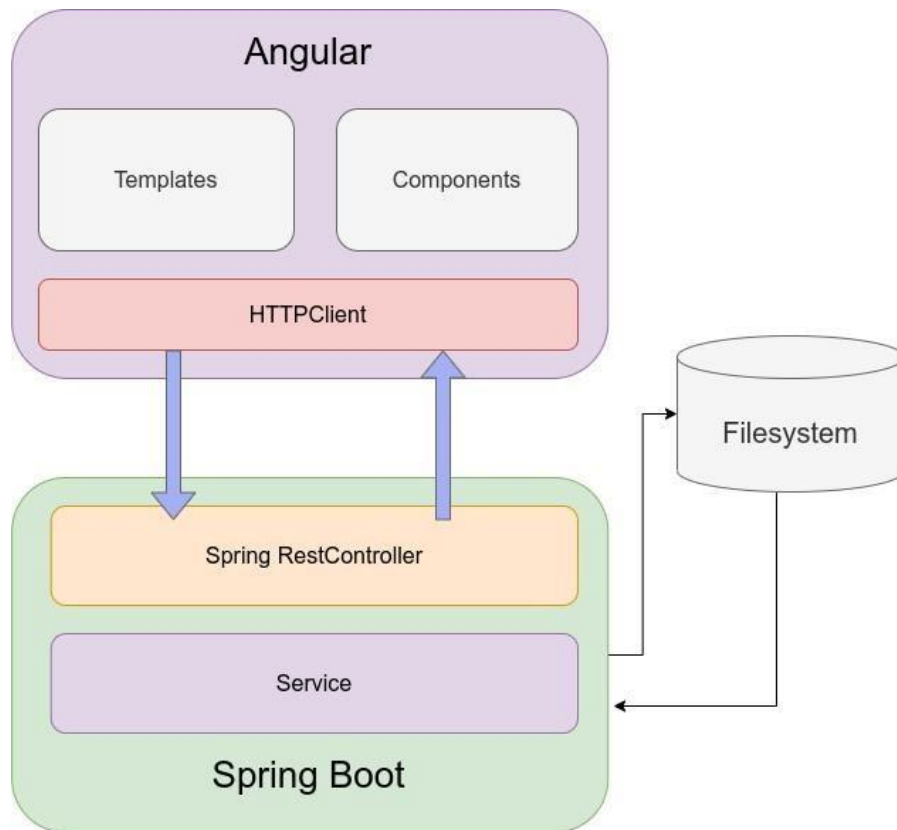
- **HTML:** Page layout has been designed in HTML
- **CSS:** CSS has been used for all the designing part
- **JavaScript:** All the validation task and animations has been developed by JavaScript
- **Java Spring Boot:** All the business and backend API logic has been implemented in Java Spring Boot
- **SQL:** .SQL files has been used as database for the project
- **Angular:** All the frontend logic has been implemented over the Angular and we used angular CLI for it
- **Visual Studio Code-(VSS):** For Angular IDE, we have used Visual Studio Code
- **STS:** We have used STS (Spring Tool Suite) for developing all spring boot API's
- **Tomcat:** Project will be run over the Tomcat server

Technologies	Angular, Spring Boot, PostgreSQL
Languages	Eclipse , Vs code, PostgreSQL
IDE	Eclipse , Vs code, PgAdmin4
Operating System	Windows 7/8/10/11 , Linux distros, MacOS X or later

4. STUDY OF THE SYSTEM

The major objective of this ShopForHome application was to provide a platform for users to buy home décor products from the website. The application consists of two types of users.

- **ADMIN** – A admin can log in to the application using a username and password. On successful login, the user will be redirected to the admin dashboard where the user will see an overall view of the application which includes all products and a list of products to shop for. Admin is able to log in, Logout, and Register into the application. Admin is able to perform CRUD on Users. Admin is able to perform CRUD on the products. Admin is able to get bulk upload option to upload a csv for product details. Admin is able to get the stocks. Admin is able to mail if any stock is less than 10. Admin is able to get the sales report of a specific duration. Admin is able to set the discount coupons for a specific set of users.
- **USER** – Users can register themselves on the platform by signup from the registration page. For registration, the user will need to provide the username, email address, password, phone number, and address. The user is able to log in, Logout, and Register into the application. User is able to see the products in different categories. The user is able to sort the products. The user is able to add the products to the shopping cart. The user is able to increase or decrease the quantity added to the cart. The user is able to add “n” number of products in the cart. The user is able to get the Wishlist option where I can add those products which I want but don’t want to order now. Users can get different discount coupons.



4.1 System Architecture

5. Modeling Requirements

5.1 UML Diagrams

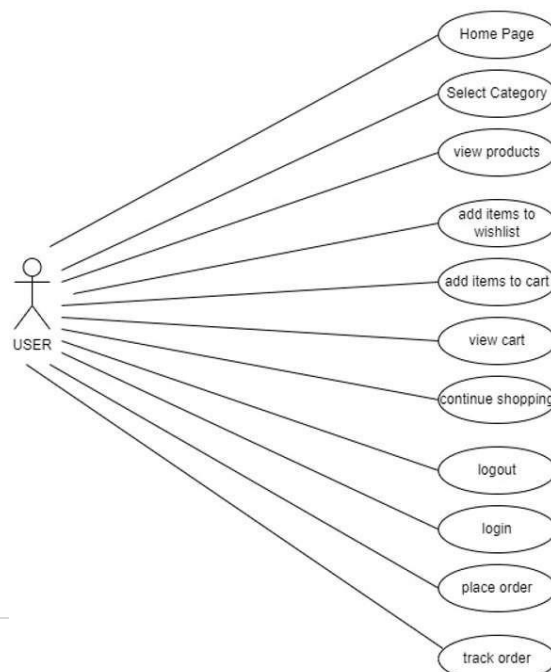
UML stands for Unified Modeling Language. UML is a standardized general-purpose modeling language in the field of object-oriented software engineering. The standard is managed, and was created by, the Object Management Group.

The Unified Modeling Language is a standard language for specifying, Visualization, Constructing and documenting the artifacts of software systems, as well as for business modeling and other non-software systems.

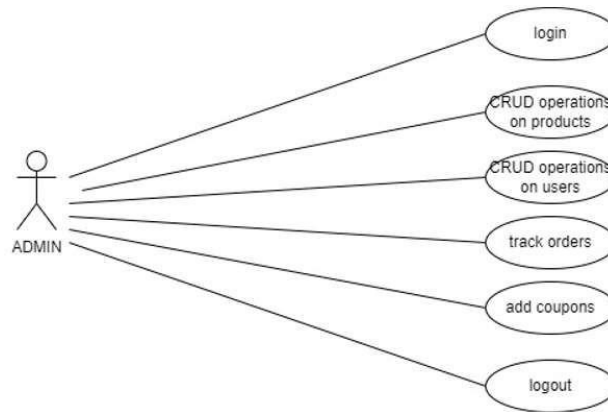
The UML represents a collection of best engineering practices that have proven successful in the modeling of large and complex systems.

5.2 Use Case Diagram

A use case diagram in the Unified Modeling Language (UML) is a type of behavioral diagram defined by and created from a Use-case analysis. Its purpose is to present a graphical overview of the functionality provided by a system in terms of actors, their goals (represented as use cases), and any dependencies between those use cases.



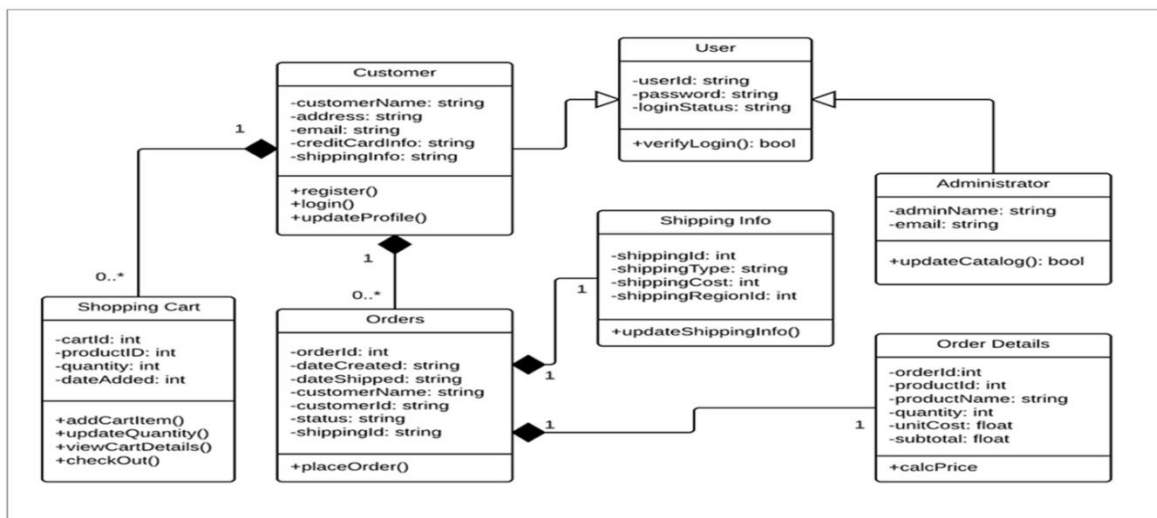
5.2 User Use Case Diagram



5.3 Admin Use Case Diagram

5.3 Class Diagram

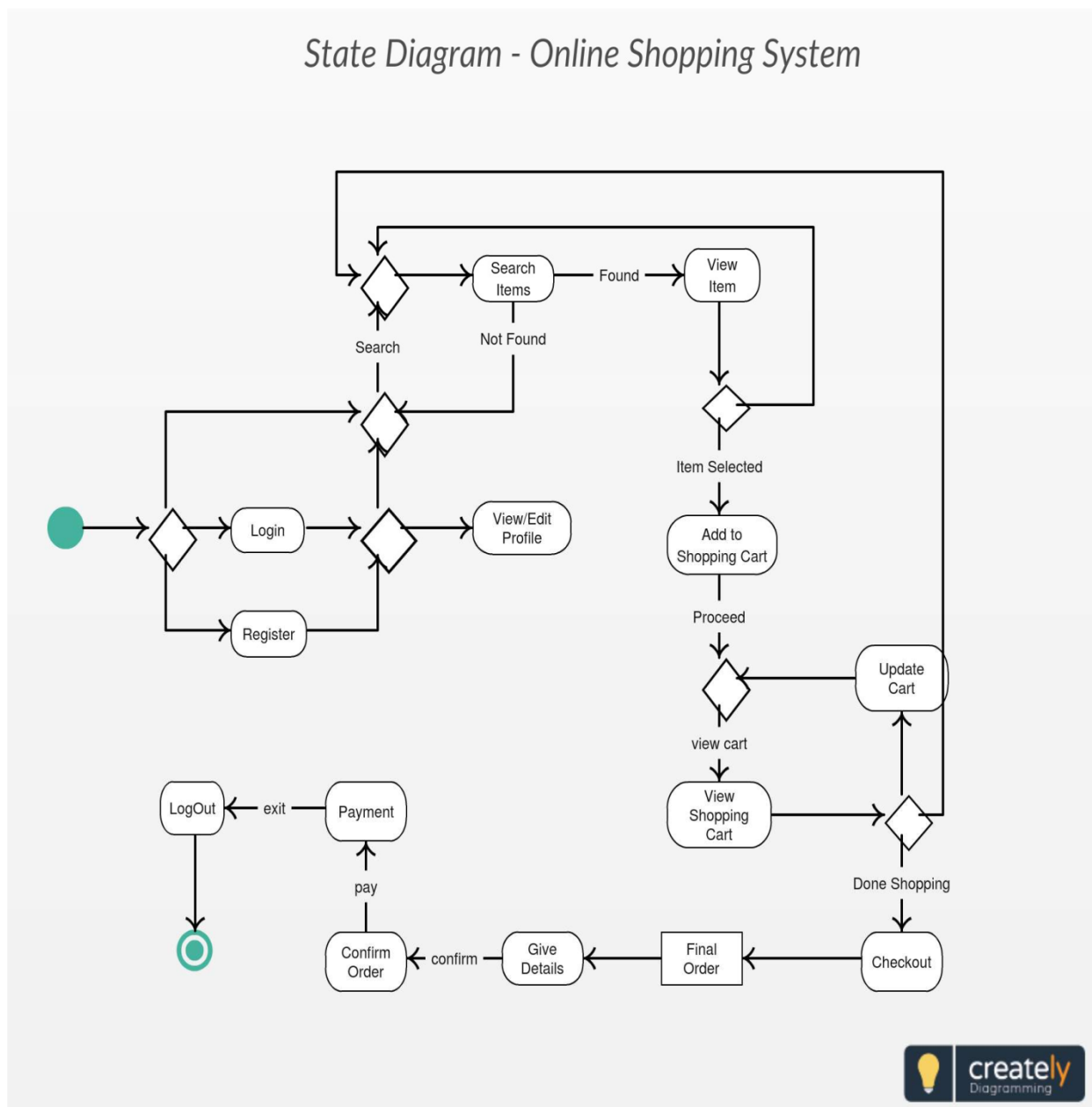
The class diagram is used to refine the use case diagram and define a detailed design of the system. The class diagram classifies the actors defined in the use case diagram into a set of interrelated classes. The relationship or association between the classes can be either an "is-a" or "has-a" relationship. Each class in the class diagram may be capable of providing certain functionalities. These functionalities provided by the class are termed "methods" of the class. Apart from this, each class may have certain "attributes" that uniquely identify the class.



5.3 Class Diagram

5.4 State Chart Diagram

A state diagram, as the name suggests, represents the different states that objects in the system undergo during their life cycle. Objects in the system change states in response to events. In addition to this, a state diagram also captures the transition of the object's state from an initial state to a final state in response to events affecting the system.

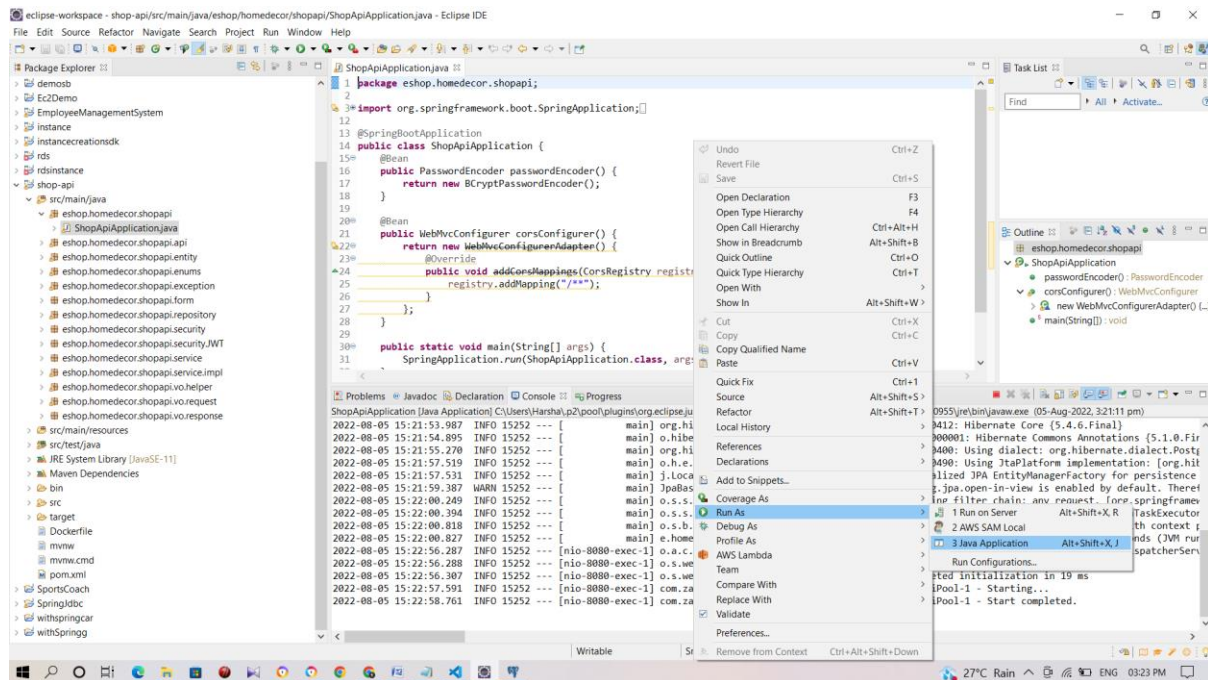


5.4 State chart Diagram

6. Installation and Instructions

6.1 Eclipse IDE

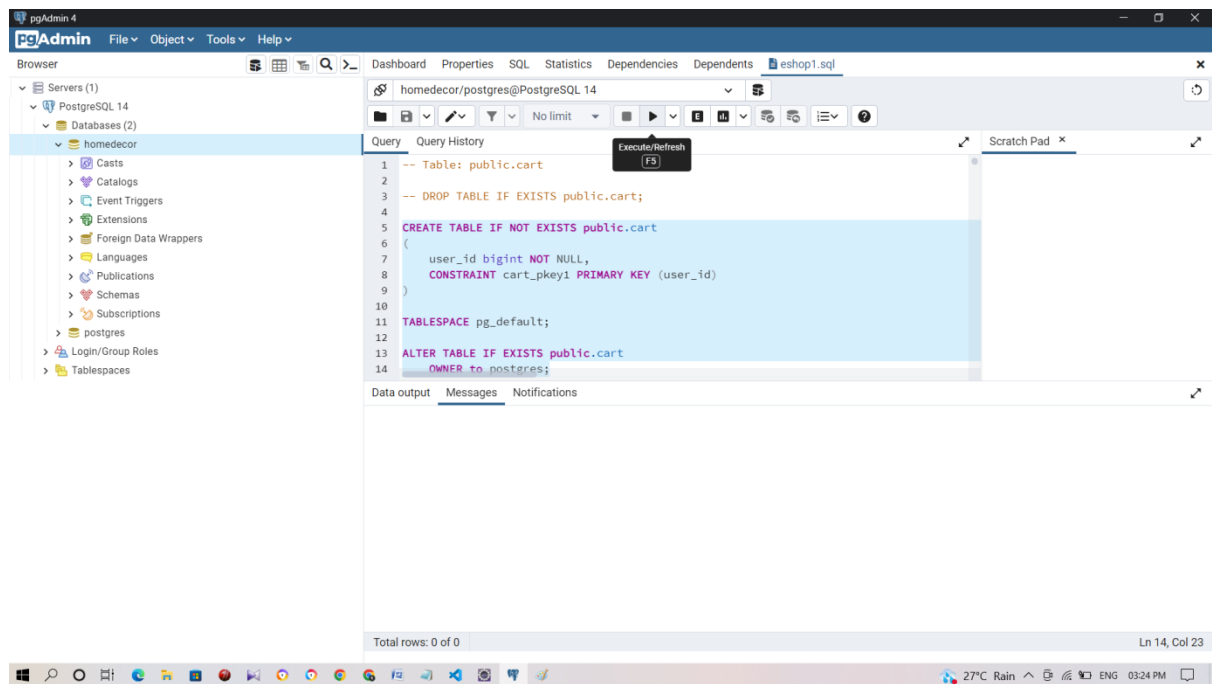
- Open the spring suit tool 4 or Eclipse Ide
- Then import the project as existing maven project
- Then run as java application



6.1 Eclipse IDE

6.2 Postgre SQLDatabase

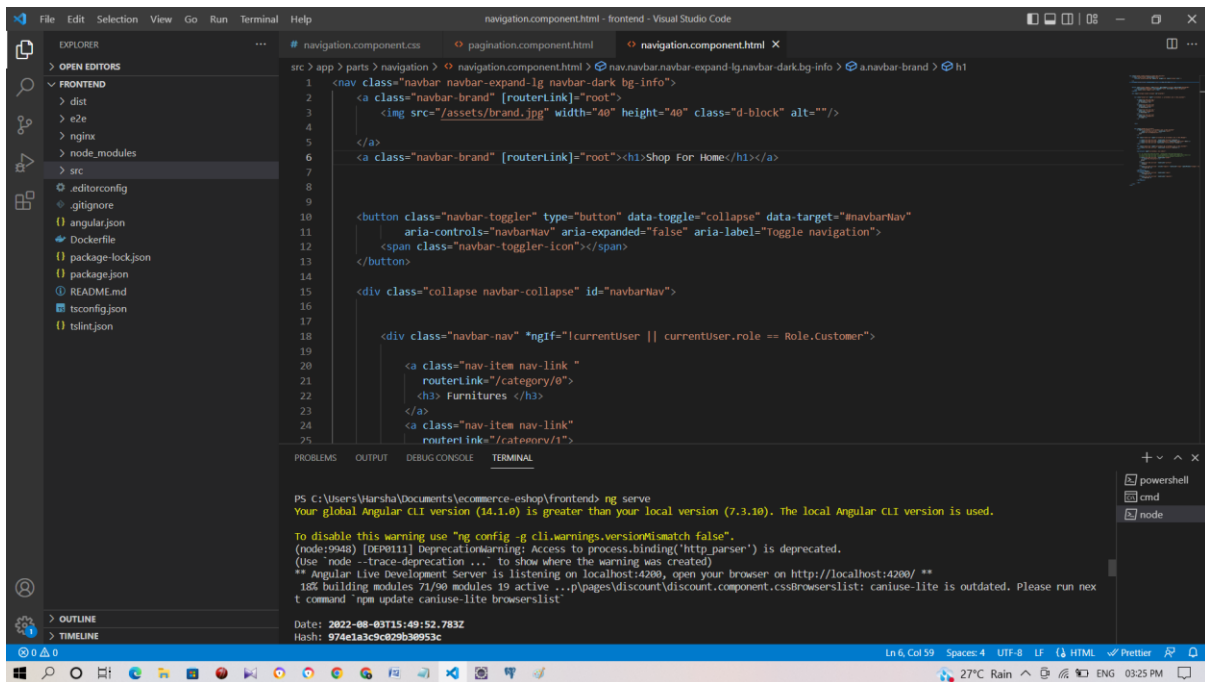
- Now create Database and add required tables
- Install postgres SQL
- After installation serach PgAdmin in your computer
- Open that PgAdmin and create the database as ecommerce or any other but make sure to declare the same database name in application file
- Open this query editor and You can run the query from databse.sql file. Provided along with report and ppt.
- Run the query.



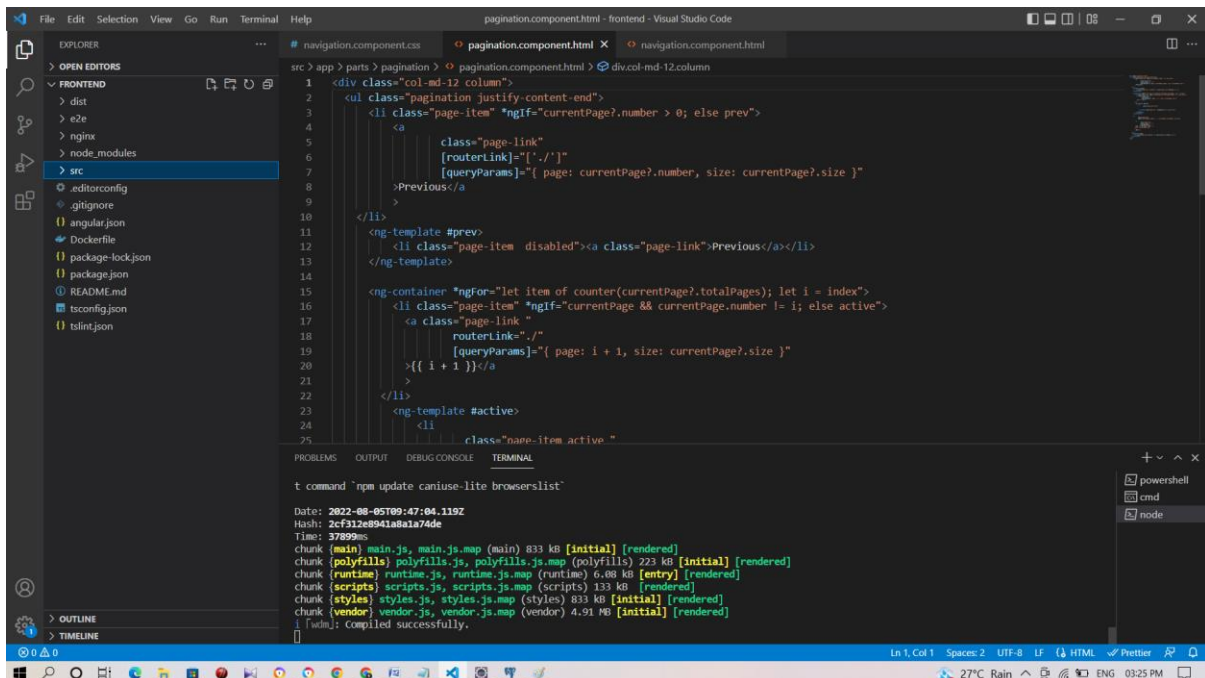
6.2 PgAdmin4

6.3 Visual Studio

- Files -> open project -> locate the directory where you extracted the project and select the frontend folder
- Open terminal
- Then type npm install
- After that ng serve
- After the successful compiling you got this link in terminal <http://localhost:4200/> **
- Open this link in any browser



6.3 (a) Visual Studio



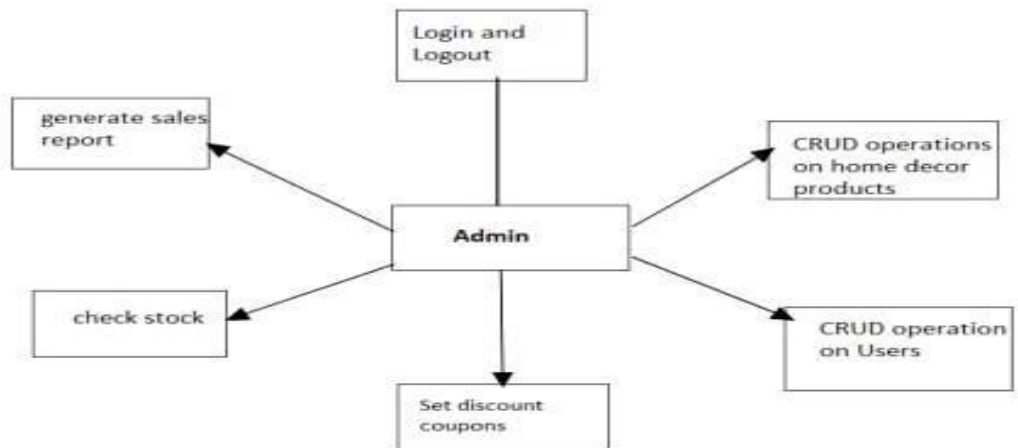
6.3 (b) Visual Studio

7. MODULES

There are two modules. They are:

1. Admin
2. User

7.1 ADMIN MODULE



7.1 Admin Module

➤ Admin Login

This feature helps the admin to login to system. A admin must login with his user name and password to the system after registration. If they are invalid, the user not allowed to enter the system.

➤ Curd Operations

Admin is able to perform different Curd operations on User and Products.

➤ Bulk Upload

This feature help admin to upload the products in the bluk amount.

➤ Stocks

Admin gets the products in the stock and mail if any stock is less than 10.

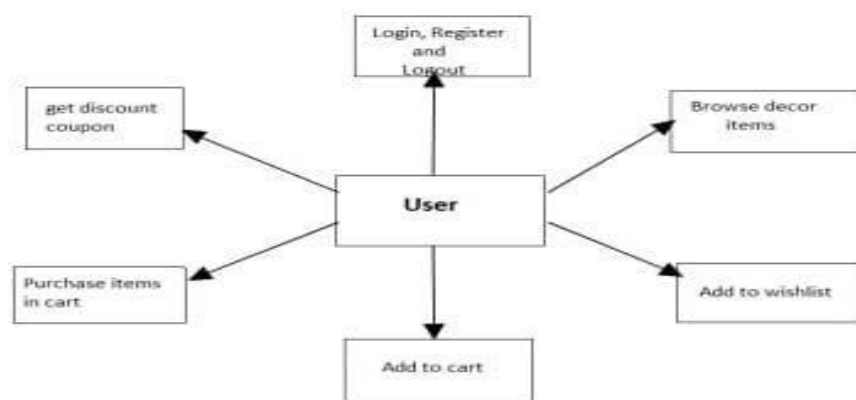
➤ Sales and reports

Admin gets the sales report of particular duration.

➤ Discount coupons

Admin sets the discount coupons for the specific set of users.

7.2 USER MODULE



7.2 User Module

➤ User Login

This feature helps the user to login to system. A user must login with his user name and password to the system after registration. If they are invalid, the user not allowed to enter the system.

➤ Product List

This feature helps the user to see the products in different categories.

➤ Cart

This feature helps the user to add the products into the shopping cart and user can increase or decrease the quantity added in the cart. User is able to add “n” number of products in the cart.

➤ Wish-list

This feature helps the user add the products to the wishlist which the user doesn't want to order at that particular time.

➤ Discount Coupon

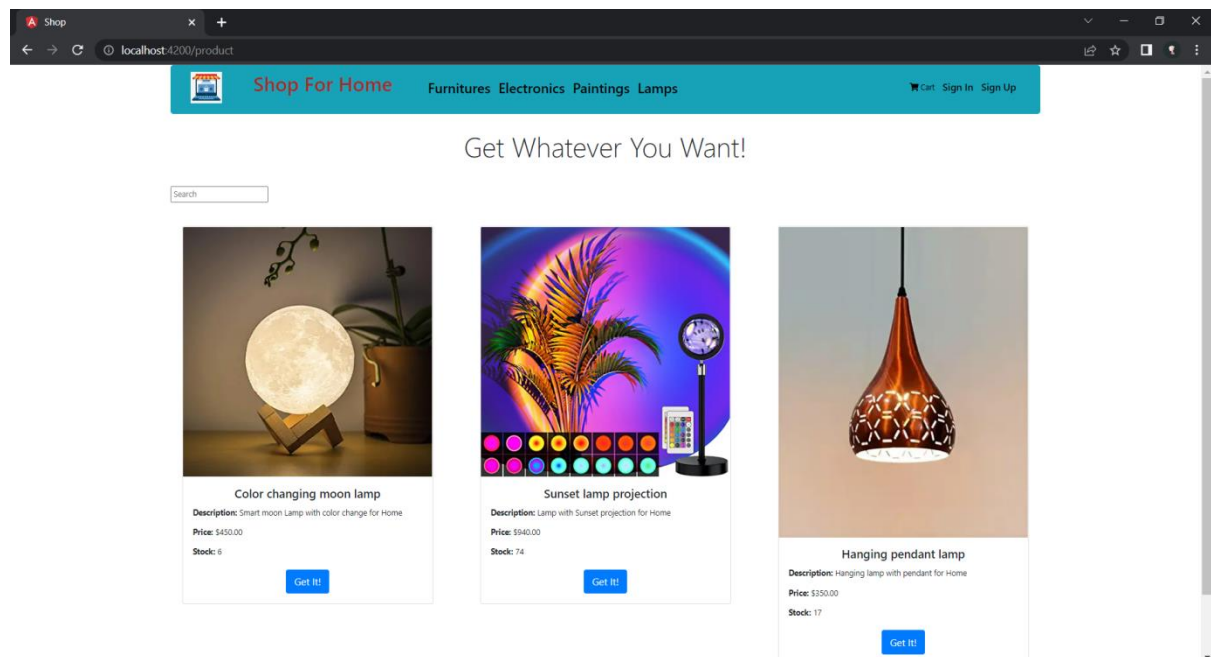
User can get different discount coupons.

8. RESULTS

8.1 Web Page

HOME PAGE:

The Home Screen will consist of screen where one can Login Into the application.



8.1.1 Home Page

SIGNUP PAGE:

User is able to register into the Application

Shop For Home Furnitures Electronics Paintings Lamps Cart Sign In Sign Up

Sign Up

Email address
bhavyaannapureddy@gmail.com

Name
bhavya

Password

Phone
1234567890

Address
hyd

Sign Up

8.1.2 Sign Up Page

LOGIN PAGE:

User is able to login and logout into the Application

Shop For Home Furnitures Electronics Paintings Lamps Cart Sign In Sign Up

Sign In

Email address
bhavyaannapureddy@gmail.com

Password

☐ Remember me Sign Up

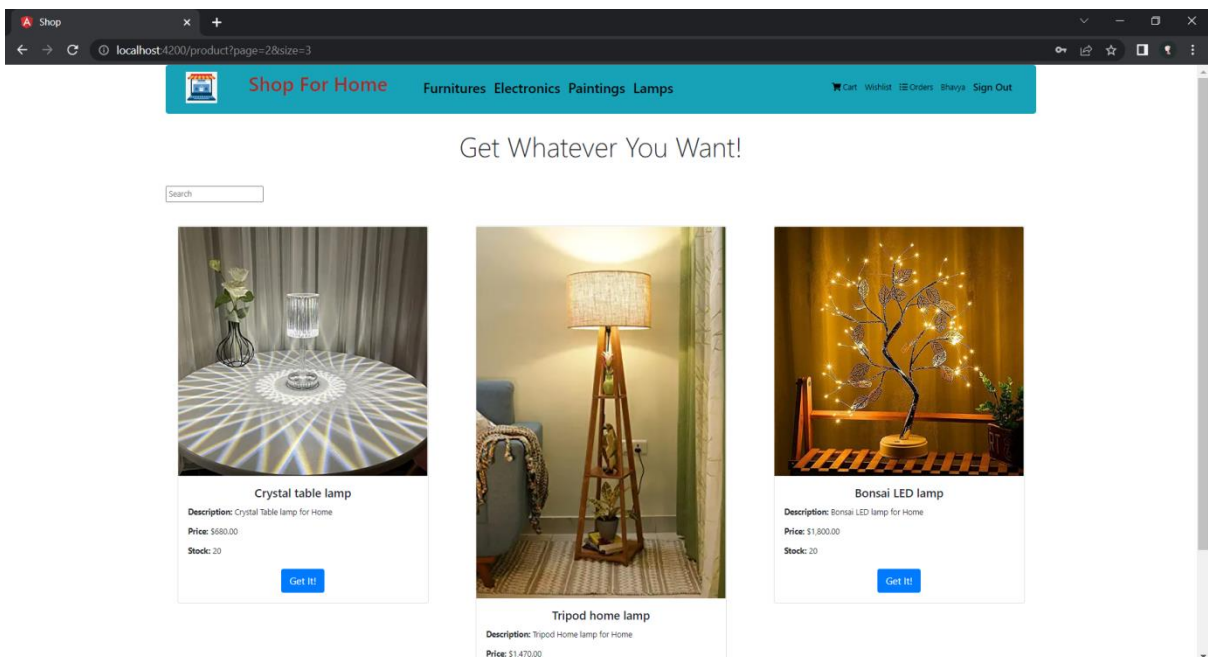
Sign In

8.1.3 (a) Sign in as a user

8.1.3 (b) Sign In as an Admin

PRODUCT LIST:

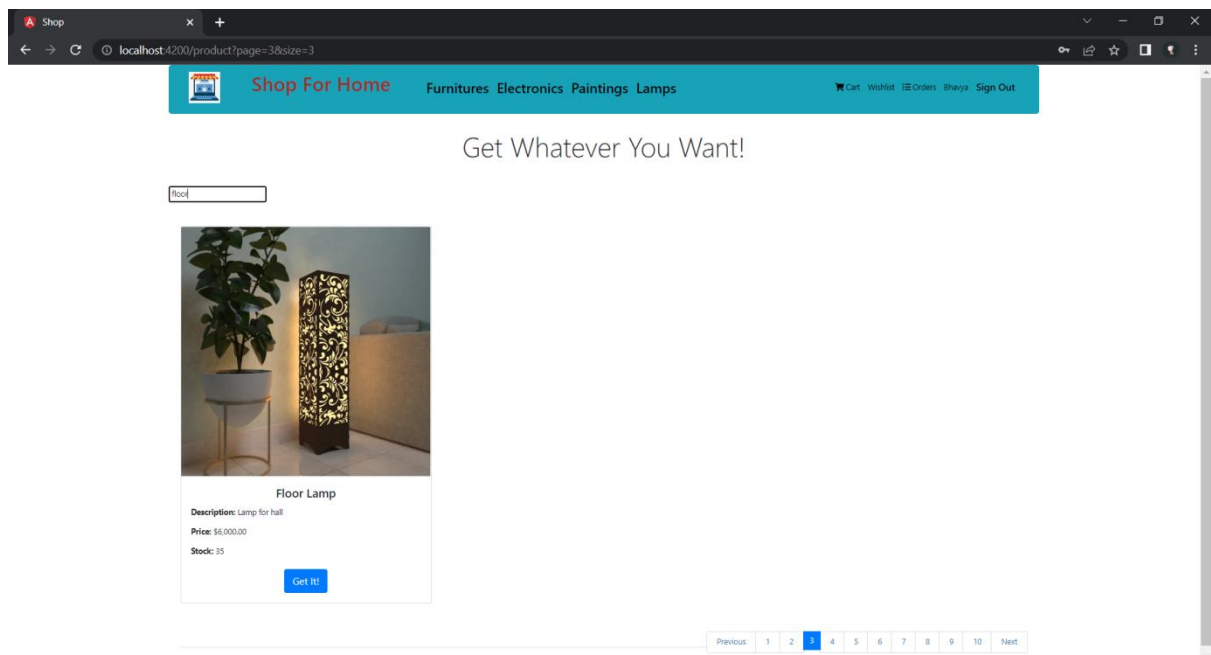
User is able to see the products in different categories



8.1.4 Products List

SEARCH

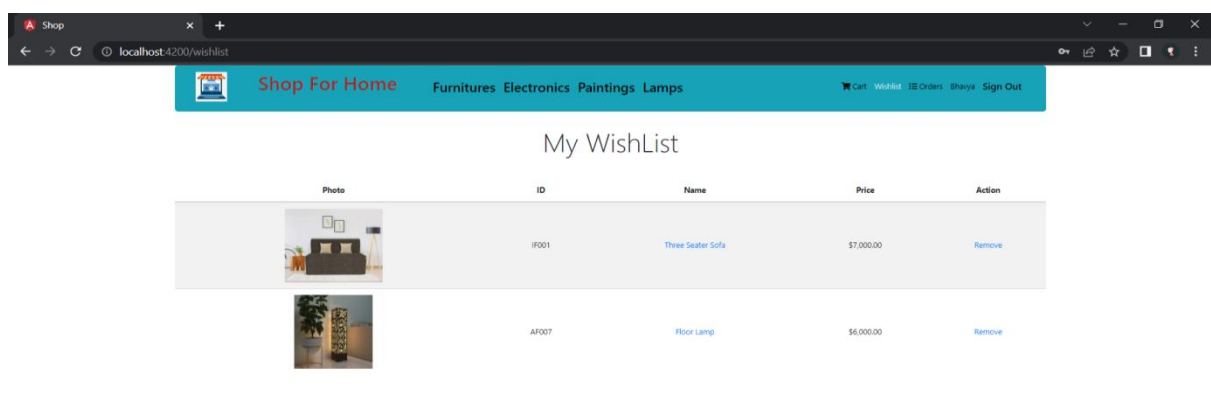
User can search different product items



8.1.5 Search

WISHLIST:

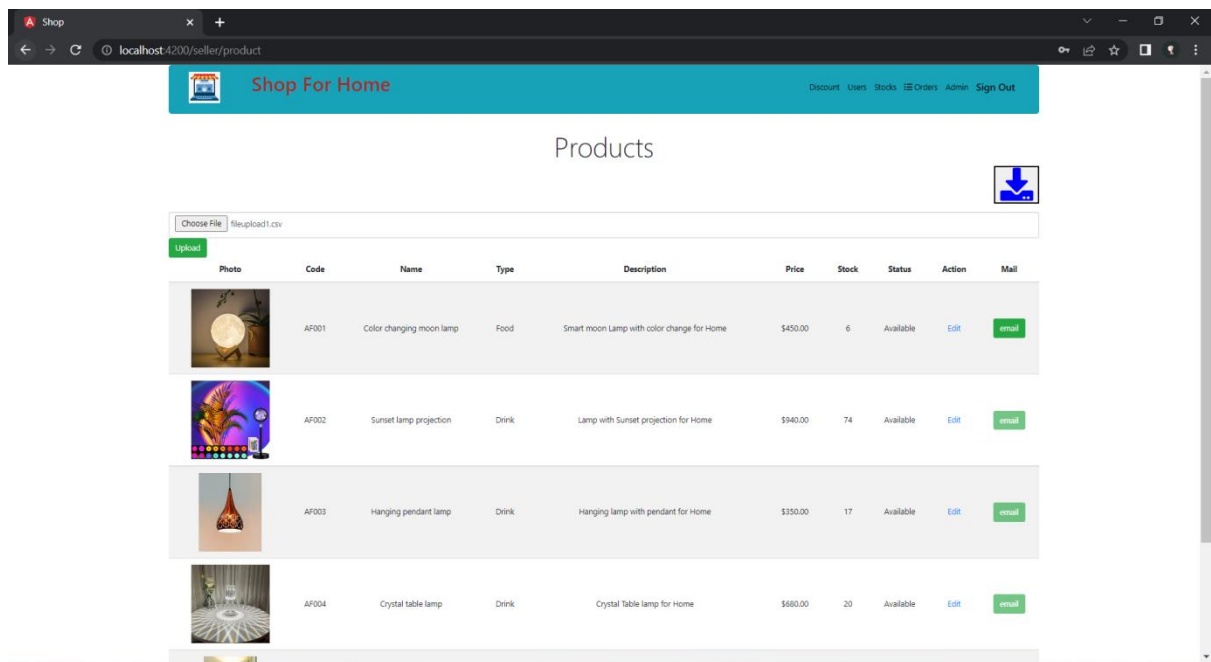
User is be able to get the Wish-list option to add those products which they but don't want to order now.



8.1.6 Wishlist Option

BULK UPLOAD:

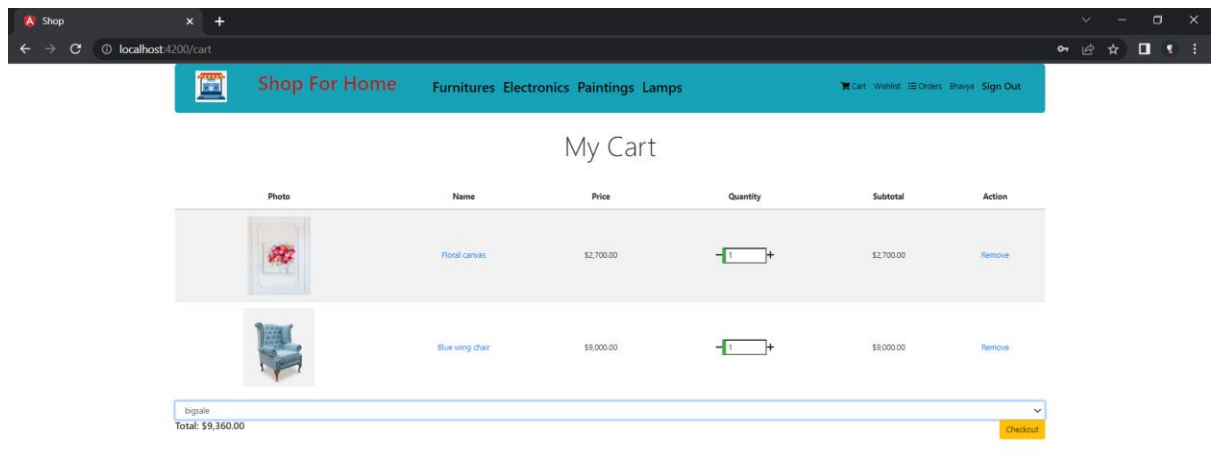
We can Upload many products at a time by uploading a .csv file with the product details.



8.1.7 Bulk Upload

DISCOUNT COUPONS:

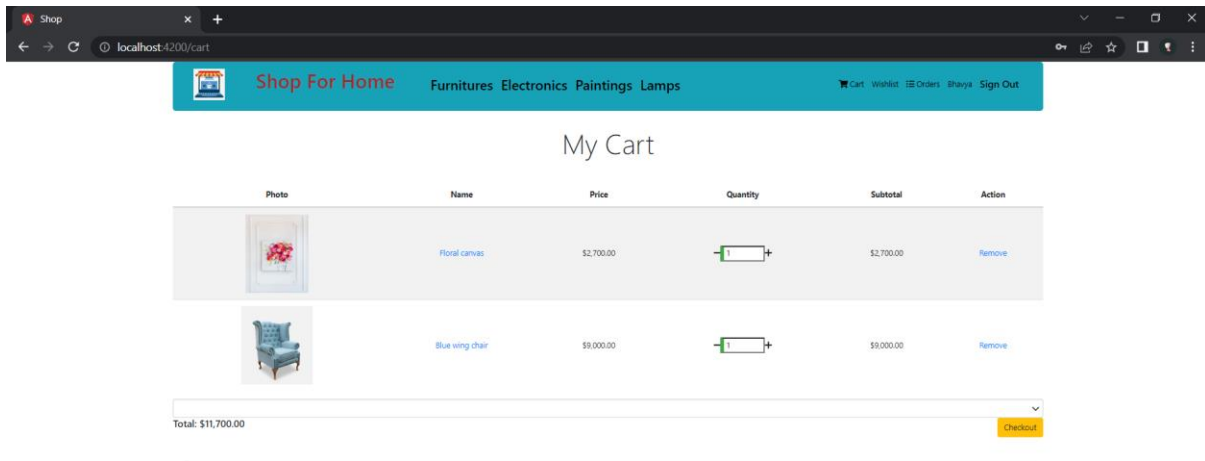
User is able to get different discount coupons.



8.1.8 Discount Option

CART OPTION:

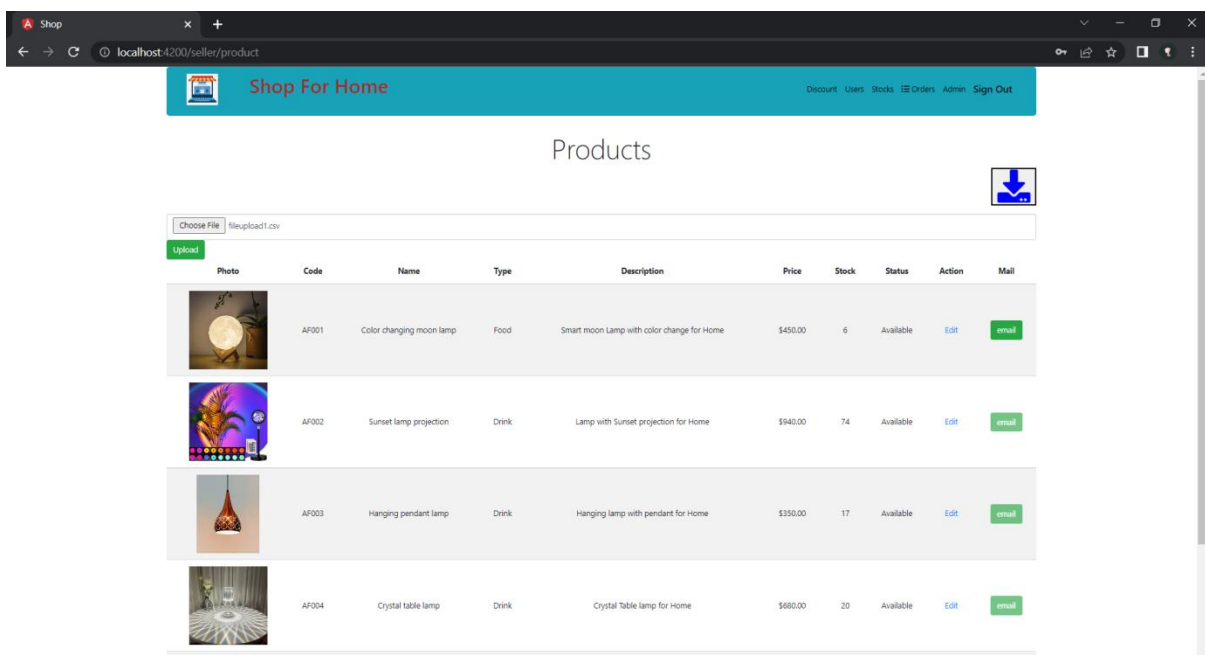
User is able to add the products into the shopping , to increase or decrease the quantity added in the cart and to add “n” number of products in to the cart.



8.1.9 Cart Option

STOCK AND SALES REPORT:

Admin is able to get the sales report of a specific duration.



8.1.10 Stock and sales Reports

8.2 Cloud Deployment

Installing PostgreSQL in Backend Instance

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-91-81:~$  
Running bootstrap script ... ok  
performing post-bootstrap initialization ... ok  
syncing data to disk ... ok  
update-alternatives: using /usr/share/postgresql/14/main/postmaster.1.gz to provide /usr/share/postgresql/14/postmaster.1.gz (postmaster.1.gz) in auto mode  
Setting up postgresql (14+238) ...  
Processing triggers for man-db (2.10.2-1) ...  
Processing triggers for libc-bin (2.35-0ubuntu3) ...  
Scanning processes...  
Scanning linux images...  
  
Running kernel seems to be up-to-date.  
No services need to be restarted.  
No containers need to be restarted.  
No user sessions are running outdated binaries.  
No VM guests are running outdated hypervisor (qemu) binaries on this host.  
ubuntu@ip-172-31-91-81:~$ sudo find / -name "postgresql.conf"  
/etc/postgresql/14/main/postgresql.conf  
ubuntu@ip-172-31-91-81:~$ sudo nano /etc/postgresql/14/main/postgresql.conf  
ubuntu@ip-172-31-91-81:~$ sudo find / -name "pg_hba.conf"  
/etc/postgresql/14/main/pg_hba.conf  
ubuntu@ip-172-31-91-81:~$ sudo nano /etc/postgresql/14/main/pg_hba.conf  
ubuntu@ip-172-31-91-81:~$ sudo systemctl restart postgresql  
sudo: system: command not found  
ubuntu@ip-172-31-91-81:~$ sudo systemctl restart postgresql  
sudo: system: command not found  
ubuntu@ip-172-31-91-81:~$ sudo systemctl restart postgresql  
ubuntu@ip-172-31-91-81:~$ sudo -u postgres psql postgres  
psql (14.4 (Ubuntu 14.4-0ubuntu0.22.04.1))  
Type "help" for help.  
  
postgres=# \password postgres  
Enter new password for user "postgres":
```

Installing JDK in Backend Instance

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-91-81:~$  
Last login: Thu Jul 14 04:28:55 2022 from 49.37.41.243  
ubuntu@ip-172-31-91-81:~$ java -version  
Command 'java' not found, but can be installed with:  
sudo apt install openjdk-11-jre-headless # version 11.0.15+10-0ubuntu0.22.04.1, or  
sudo apt install default-jre # version 2:1.11-72build2  
sudo apt install openjdk-17-jre-headless # version 17.0.2+7-0ubuntu0.22.04.1  
sudo apt install openjdk-18-jre-headless # version 18-80ea1  
sudo apt install openjdk-8-jre-headless # version 8u312-b07-0ubuntu1  
ubuntu@ip-172-31-91-81:~$ sudo apt install openjdk-11-jre-headless  
Reading package lists... Done  
Building dependency tree... Done  
Reading state information... Done  
The following additional packages will be installed:  
 alsa-topology-conf alsa-ucm-conf ca-certificates-java fontconfig-config fonts-dejavu-core java-common libasound2  
  libasound2-data libavahi-client3 libavahi-common-data libavahi-common3 libcupst2 libfontconfig1 libgraphite2-3  
  libharfbuzz0 libjpeg-turbo8 libjpeg8 liblcms2-2 libpcsc-lite  
Suggested packages:  
  default-jre libasound2-plugins alsa-utils cups-common liblcms2-utils pcsd libnss-mdns fonts-dejavu-extra  
  fonts-ipafont-gothic fonts-ipafont-mincho fonts-wqy-microhei fonts-wqy-zenhei fonts-indic  
The following NEW packages will be installed:  
  alsa-topology-conf alsa-ucm-conf ca-certificates-java fontconfig-config fonts-dejavu-core java-common libasound2  
  libasound2-data libavahi-client3 libavahi-common-data libavahi-common3 libcupst2 libfontconfig1 libgraphite2-3  
  libharfbuzz0 libjpeg-turbo8 libjpeg8 liblcms2-2 libpcsc-lite openjdk-11-jre-headless  
0 upgraded, 20 newly installed, 0 to remove and 40 not upgraded.  
Need to get 44.2 MB of archives.  
After this operation, 181 MB of additional disk space will be used.  
Do you want to continue? [Y/n] y  
Get:1 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy/main amd64 alsa-topology-conf all 1.2.5.1-2 [15.5 kB]  
Get:2 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy/main amd64 libasound2-data all 1.2.6.1-1ubuntu1 [19.1 kB]  
Get:3 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy/main amd64 libasound2 amd64 1.2.6.1-1ubuntu1 [390 kB]  
Get:4 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy/main amd64 alsa-ucm-conf all 1.2.6.3-1ubuntu1 [41.0 kB]  
Get:5 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy/main amd64 java-common all 0.72build2 [6782 B]  
Get:6 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy/main amd64 libavahi-common-data amd64 0.8-SubUnit5 [23.9 kB]  
Get:7 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy/main amd64 libavahi-common3 amd64 0.8-SubUnit5 [23.7 kB]  
Get:8 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy/main amd64 libavahi-client3 amd64 0.8-SubUnit5 [28.1 kB]  
Get:9 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-updates/main amd64 libcupst2 amd64 2.4.10-1ubuntu1 [264 kB]  
Get:10 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy/main amd64 libfontconfig1 amd64 2.12-2ubuntu1 [159 kB]  
Get:11 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy/main amd64 libjpeg-turbo8 amd64 2.1.2-0ubuntu1 [134 kB]  
Get:12 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy/main amd64 libjpeg8 amd64 8c-2ubuntu10 [2264 B]  
Get:13 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy/main amd64 fonts-dejavu-core all 2.37-2build1 [1041 kB]  
Get:14 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy/main amd64 fontconfig-config all 2.13.1-4.2ubuntu5 [29.1 kB]  
Get:15 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy/main amd64 libfontconfig1 amd64 2.13.1-4.2ubuntu5 [118 kB]  
Get:16 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy/main amd64 libgraphite2-3 amd64 1.3.14-1build2 [71.3 kB]  
Get:17 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy/main amd64 libharfbuzz0 amd64 2.7.4-1ubuntu3 [352 kB]  
Get:18 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy/main amd64 libpcsc-lite amd64 1.9.5-3 [19.9 kB]  
Get:19 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-updates/main amd64 openjdk-11-jre-headless amd64 11.0.15+10-0ubuntu0.22.04.1 [41.5 MB]  
Get:20 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy/main amd64 ca-certificates-java all 20190909 [12.1 kB]  
Fetched 44.2 MB in 1s (54.6 MB/s)  
Selecting previously unselected package alsa-topology-conf.  
Reading database ... 65567 files and directories currently installed.)
```


Deploying Spring Boot Backend Application In Backend Instance

```
No user sessions are running outdated binaries.
No VM guests are running outdated hypervisor (qemu) binaries on this host.
ubuntu@ip-172-31-91-81:~$ java --version
openjdk 11.0.15 2022-04-19
OpenJDK Runtime Environment (build 11.0.15+10-Ubuntu-0ubuntu2.22.04.1)
OpenJDK 64-Bit Server VM (build 11.0.15+10-Ubuntu-0ubuntu2.22.04.1, mixed mode, sharing)
ubuntu@ip-172-31-91-81:~$ wget https://backend-shopforhome.s3.amazonaws.com/shop-api-0.0.1-SNAPSHOT.jar
2022-07-14 04:52:28 -- https://backend-shopforhome.s3.amazonaws.com/shop-api-0.0.1-SNAPSHOT.jar
Resolving backend-shopforhome.s3.amazonaws.com (backend-shopforhome.s3.amazonaws.com)... 54.231.193.121
Connecting to backend-shopforhome.s3.amazonaws.com (backend-shopforhome.s3.amazonaws.com)[54.231.193.121]:443... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
length: 42289531 (40M) [application/x-www-form-urlencoded]
Saving to: 'shop-api-0.0.1-SNAPSHOT.jar'

shop-api-0.0.1-SNAPSHOT.jar 100%[=====] 40.39M 32.5MB/s in 1.2s

2022-07-14 04:52:30 (32.5 MB/s) > 'shop-api-0.0.1-SNAPSHOT.jar' saved [42289531/42289531]

ubuntu@ip-172-31-91-81:~$ java -jar shop-api-0.0.1-SNAPSHOT.jar

Spring Boot :: (v2.2.0.BUILD-SNAPSHOT)

2022-07-14 04:52:48.761 INFO 5632 --- [main] e.homedecor.shopapi.ShopApiApplication : Starting ShopApiApplication v0.0.1-SNAPSHOT on ip-172-31-91-81 with PID 5632 (/home/ubuntu/shop-api-0.0.1-SNAPSHOT.jar started by ubuntu in /home/ubuntu)
2022-07-14 04:52:48.769 INFO 5632 --- [main] e.homedecor.shopapi.ShopApiApplication : No active profile set, falling back to default profiles: default
2022-07-14 04:52:50.785 INFO 5632 --- [main] s.d.r.c.RepositoryConfigurationDelegate : Bootstrapping Spring Data repositories in DEFAULT mode.
2022-07-14 04:52:51.048 INFO 5632 --- [main] s.d.r.c.RepositoryConfigurationDelegate : Finished Spring Data repository scanning in 239ms. Found 8 repository interfaces.
2022-07-14 04:52:52.114 INFO 5632 --- [main] org.springframework.transaction.annotation.ProxyTransactionManagementConfiguration : Bean 'org.springframework.transaction.annotation.ProxyTransactionManagementConfiguration' of type [org.springframework.transaction.annotation.ProxyTransactionManagementConfiguration] is not eligible for getting processed by all BeanPostProcessors (for example: not eligible for auto-proxying)
2022-07-14 04:52:52.819 INFO 5632 --- [main] o.s.b.w.embedded.tomcat.TomcatWebServer : Tomcat initialized with port(s): 8080 (http)
2022-07-14 04:52:52.849 INFO 5632 --- [main] o.apache.catalina.core.StandardService : Starting service [Tomcat]
2022-07-14 04:52:52.849 INFO 5632 --- [main] org.apache.catalina.core.StandardEngine : Starting Servlet engine: [Apache Tomcat/9.0.27]
2022-07-14 04:52:52.999 INFO 5632 --- [main] o.s.c.c.C.[Tomcat].[localhost].[/api] : Initializing Spring embedded WebApplicationContext
2022-07-14 04:52:53.008 INFO 5632 --- [main] o.s.w.c.context.ContextLoader : Root WebApplicationContext: initialization completed in 4888 ms
2022-07-14 04:52:53.612 INFO 5632 --- [main] o.hibernate.jpa.internal.util.LogHelper : HH0000204: Processing PersistenceUnitInfo [name: default]
2022-07-14 04:52:53.749 INFO 5632 --- [main] org.hibernate.Version : HH0000412: Hibernate Core (5.4.6.Final)
2022-07-14 04:52:54.081 INFO 5632 --- [main] org.hibernate.annotations.common.Version : HCANN000001: Hibernate Commons Annotations (5.1.0.Final)
2022-07-14 04:52:54.277 INFO 5632 --- [main] org.hibernate.dialect.Dialect : HH0000400: Using dialect: org.hibernate.dialect.PostgreSQL90Dialect
2022-07-14 04:52:56.032 INFO 5632 --- [main] com.zaxxer.hikari.HikariDataSource : HikariPool-1 - Starting...
2022-07-14 04:52:56.885 INFO 5632 --- [main] com.zaxxer.hikari.HikariDataSource : HikariPool-1 - Start completed.
2022-07-14 04:52:57.372 INFO 5632 --- [main] o.h.e.t.j.p.i.JtaPlatformInitiator : HH0000490: Using JtaPlatform implementation: [org.hibernate.engine.transaction.jta.platform.internal.NoJtaPlatform]
2022-07-14 04:52:57.400 INFO 5632 --- [main] l.localContainerEntityManagerFactoryBean : Initialized JPA EntityManagerFactory for persistence unit 'default'
```

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-91-81:~$ java -jar shop-api-0.0.1-SNAPSHOT.jar

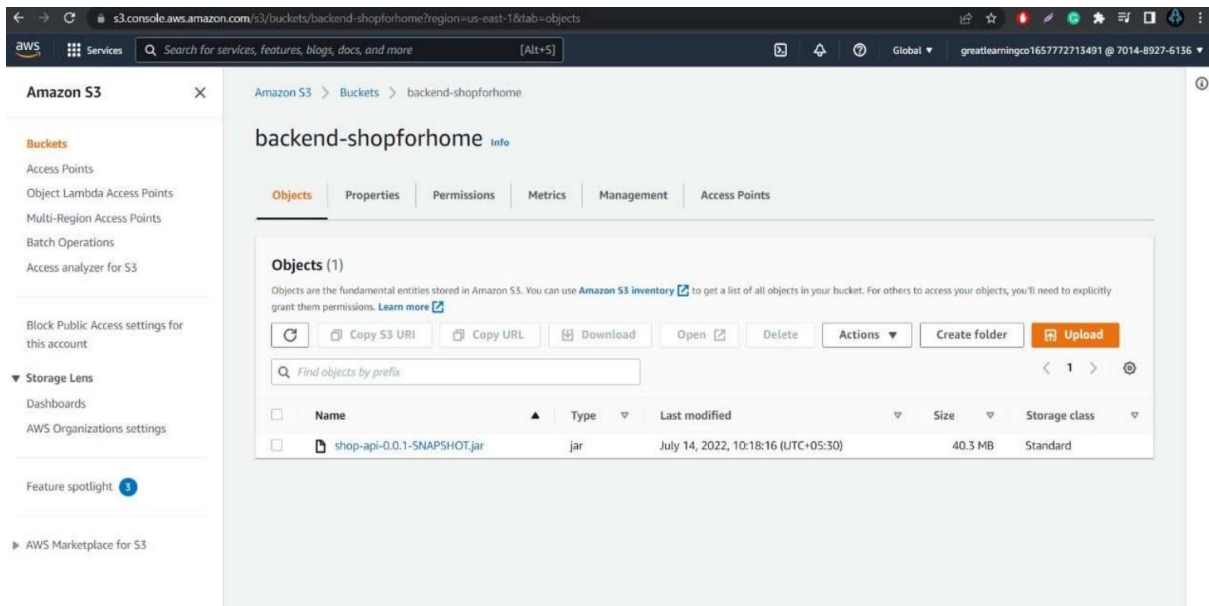
Spring Boot :: (v2.2.0.BUILD-SNAPSHOT)

2022-07-14 04:52:48.761 INFO 5632 --- [main] e.homedecor.shopapi.ShopApiApplication : Starting ShopApiApplication v0.0.1-SNAPSHOT on ip-172-31-91-81 with PID 5632 (/home/ubuntu/shop-api-0.0.1-SNAPSHOT.jar started by ubuntu in /home/ubuntu)
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2022-07-14 04:52:52.819 INFO 5632 --- [main] o.s.b.w.embedded.tomcat.TomcatWebServer : Tomcat initialized with port(s): 8080 (http)
2022-07-14 04:52:52.849 INFO 5632 --- [main] o.apache.catalina.core.StandardService : Starting service [Tomcat]
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2022-07-14 04:52:52.999 INFO 5632 --- [main] o.s.c.c.C.[Tomcat].[localhost].[/api] : Initializing Spring embedded WebApplicationContext
2022-07-14 04:52:53.008 INFO 5632 --- [main] o.s.w.c.context.ContextLoader : Root WebApplicationContext: initialization completed in 4888 ms
2022-07-14 04:52:53.612 INFO 5632 --- [main] o.hibernate.jpa.internal.util.LogHelper : HH0000204: Processing PersistenceUnitInfo [name: default]
2022-07-14 04:52:53.759 INFO 5632 --- [main] org.hibernate.Version : HH0000412: Hibernate Core (5.4.6.Final)
2022-07-14 04:52:54.081 INFO 5632 --- [main] org.hibernate.annotations.common.Version : HCANN000001: Hibernate Commons Annotations (5.1.0.Final)
2022-07-14 04:52:54.277 INFO 5632 --- [main] org.hibernate.dialect.Dialect : HH0000400: Using dialect: org.hibernate.dialect.PostgreSQL90Dialect
2022-07-14 04:52:56.032 INFO 5632 --- [main] com.zaxxer.hikari.HikariDataSource : HikariPool-1 - Starting...
2022-07-14 04:52:56.885 INFO 5632 --- [main] com.zaxxer.hikari.HikariDataSource : HikariPool-1 - Start completed.
2022-07-14 04:52:57.372 INFO 5632 --- [main] o.h.e.t.j.p.i.JtaPlatformInitiator : HH0000490: Using JtaPlatform implementation: [org.hibernate.engine.transaction.jta.platform.internal.NoJtaPlatform]
2022-07-14 04:52:57.400 INFO 5632 --- [main] l.localContainerEntityManagerFactoryBean : Initialized JPA EntityManagerFactory for persistence unit 'default'
2022-07-14 04:52:57.377 WARN 5632 --- [main] org.springframework.orm.jpa.AbstractEntityManagerFactoryBean : Explicitly configure spring.jpa.open-in-view to disable this warning
2022-07-14 04:53:00.632 INFO 5632 --- [main] o.s.s.w.DefaultSecurityFilterChain : Creating filter chain: any request, [org.springframework.security.web.context.request.async.WebAsyncManagerIntegrationFilter@723877d4, org.springframework.security.web.context.SecurityContextPersistenceFilter@7dcb2429, org.springframework.security.web.header.HeaderWriterFilter@31a2a9fa, org.springframework.security.web.filter.CharacterEncodingFilter@5e7408, org.springframework.security.web.authentication.logout.LogoutFilter@950b0eb, e.shop.homedecor.shopapi.security.JwtFilter@76cf72d6, org.springframework.security.web.savedrequest.RequestCacheAwareFilter@800f16f, org.springframework.security.web.servletapi.SecurityContextHolderAwareRequestFilter@00c320e, org.springframework.security.web.authentication.AnonymousAuthenticationFilter@96cc9f29, org.springframework.security.web.session.SessionManagementFilter@152c4495, org.springframework.security.web.access.ExceptionTranslationFilter@3af58f76, org.springframework.security.web.access.intercept.FilterSecurityInterceptor@9f5881a]
2022-07-14 04:53:00.776 INFO 5632 --- [main] o.s.s.concurrent.ThreadPoolTaskExecutor : Initializing ExecutorService 'applicationTaskExecutor'
2022-07-14 04:53:01.149 INFO 5632 --- [main] o.s.b.w.embedded.tomcat.TomcatWebServer : Tomcat started on port(s): 8080 (http) with context path '/api'
2022-07-14 04:53:01.158 INFO 5632 --- [main] e.homedecor.shopapi.ShopApiApplication : Started ShopApiApplication in 13.857 seconds (JVM running for 15.054s)
Connection to 3.86.139.208 closed by remote host.
Connection to 3.86.139.208 closed.

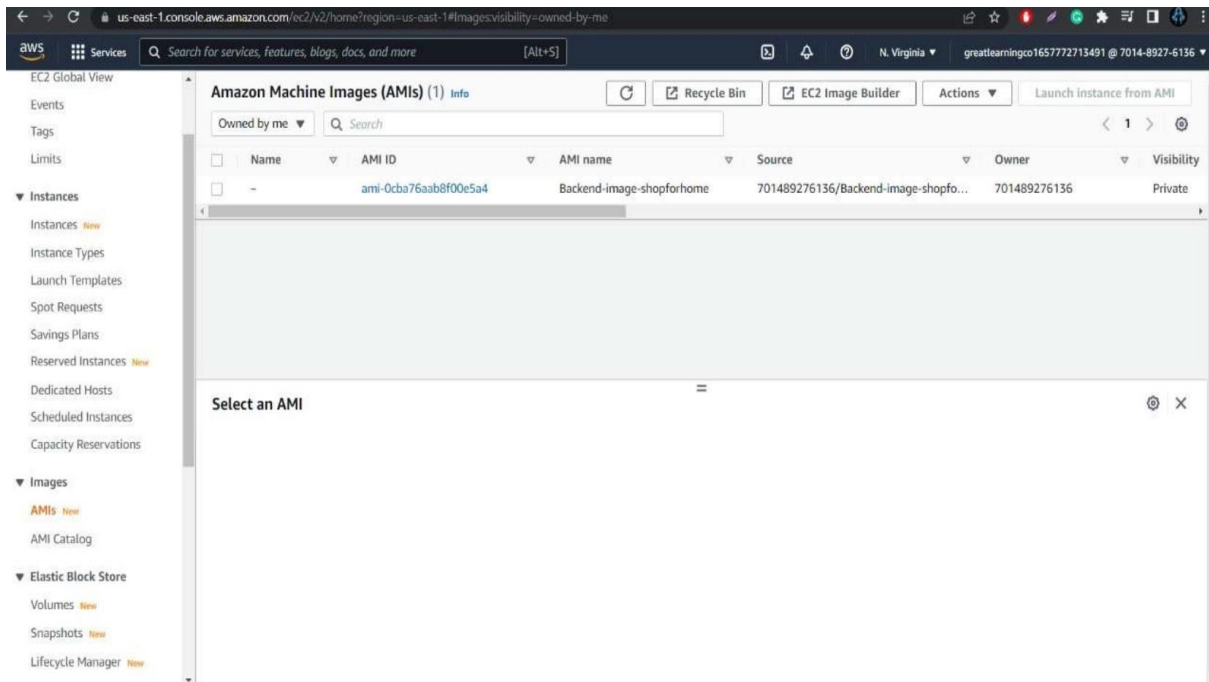
C:\Users\acer\Downloads>ssh -i key.pem ubuntu@3.86.139.208
Welcome to Ubuntu 22.04 LTS (GNU/Linux 5.15.0-1011-aws x86_64)

 * Documentation:  https://help.ubuntu.com
 * Management:     https://landscape.canonical.com
 * Support:        https://ubuntu.com/advantage
```

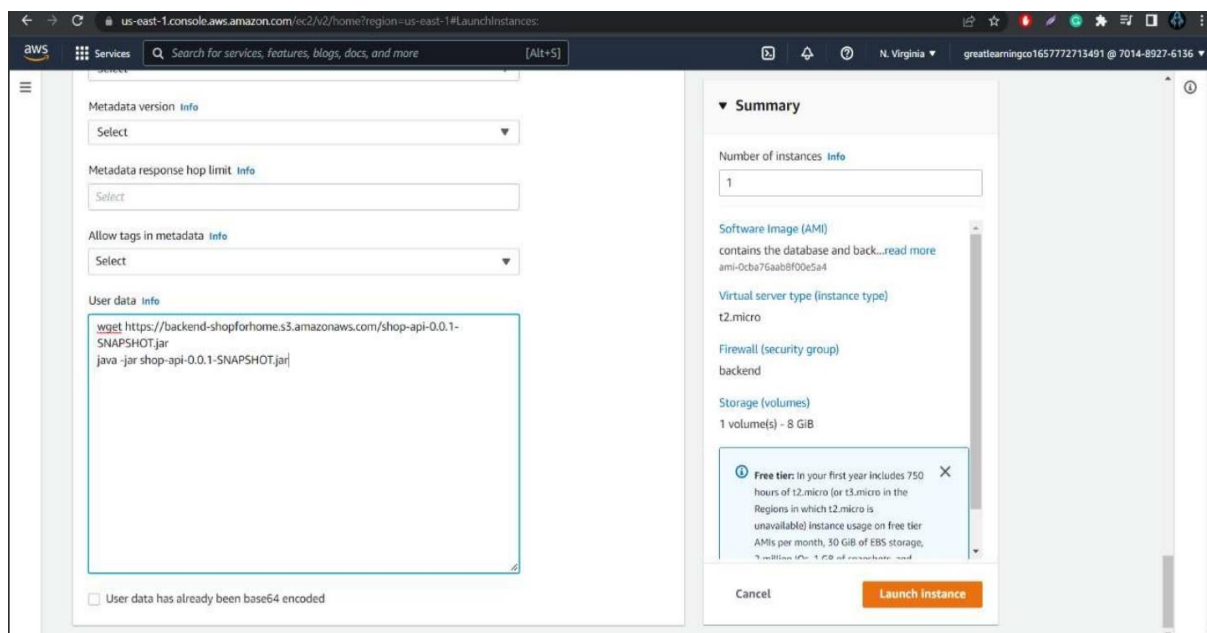
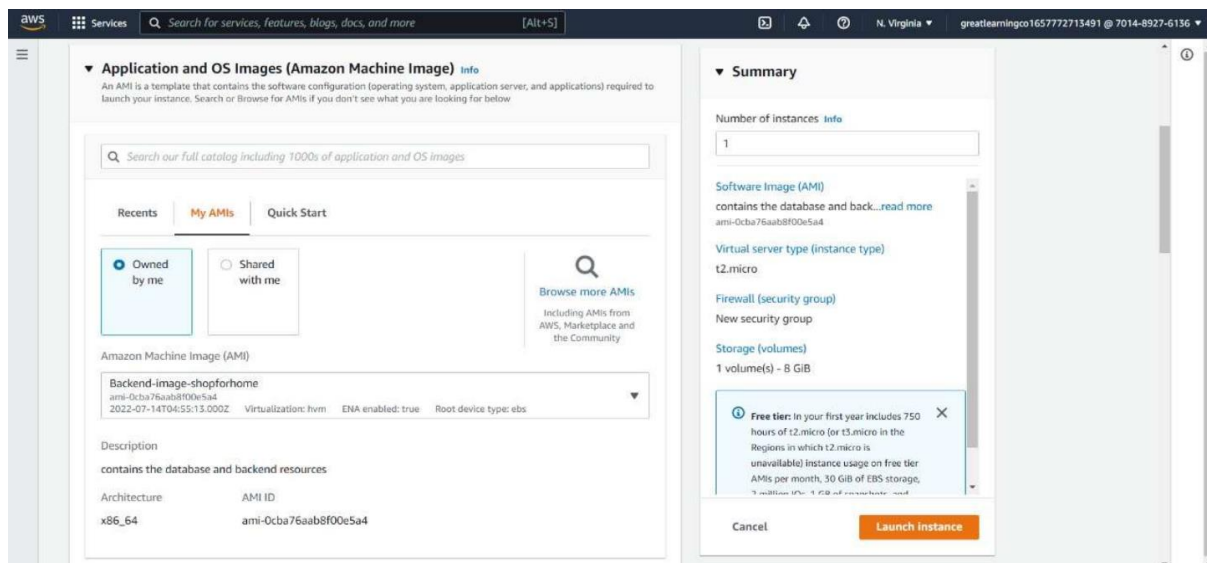
Backend Jar File on S3 Bucket



AMI Created from Backend Instance to use in AutoScaling



Creating instance with ami and user-data script



Creating target group

The screenshot shows the 'Register targets' step in the AWS Management Console. The breadcrumb navigation is 'EC2 > Target groups > Create target group'. The left sidebar shows 'Step 1: Specify group details' and 'Step 2: Register targets' (active). The main content area has the title 'Register targets' and a note: 'This is an optional step to create a target group. However, to ensure that your load balancer routes traffic to this target group you must register your targets.'

Below the note is a section titled 'Available instances (2/2)' with a search bar and a table of instances:

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Instance ID	Name	State	Security groups	Zone	Subnet ID
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	i-0785570a4617cf743	backend-instance-01	running	backend	us-east-1b	subnet-05ced4eb94ddb39d5
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	i-07cb8c734994a553c	backend-instance-02	running	backend	us-east-1f	subnet-0c602f7b4b2ec2d3f

Below the table, it says '2 selected'. There is a section for 'Ports for the selected instances' with a text input containing '80' and a note '1-65535 (separate multiple ports with commas)'. A button 'Include as pending below' is at the bottom.

The screenshot shows the 'Target groups' page in the AWS Management Console. The breadcrumb navigation is 'EC2 > Target groups'. The left sidebar shows a navigation menu with categories: 'Capacity Reservations', 'Images' (AMIs, AMI Catalog), 'Elastic Block Store' (Volumes, Snapshots, Lifecycle Manager), 'Network & Security' (Security Groups, Elastic IPs, Placement Groups, Key Pairs, Network Interfaces), 'Load Balancing' (Load Balancers, Target Groups - active), and 'Auto Scaling' (Launch Configurations, Auto Scaling Groups).

The main content area is titled 'Target groups (1) Info' and has a search bar and a table of target groups:

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	ARN	Port	Protocol	Target type	Load balancer
<input type="checkbox"/>	backend-tg-01	arn:aws:elasticloadbalancin...	80	HTTP	Instance	None associated

Below the table, it says '0 target groups selected' and 'Select a target group above.' There is a 'Create target group' button in the top right corner.

Creating load balancer

The screenshot shows the 'Create Load Balancer' wizard in the AWS Management Console, specifically the configuration step. The wizard is divided into several sections:

- Basic configuration:** Shows 'backend-lb' with 'Internet-facing' and 'IPv4' selected.
- Security groups:** Lists 'default' (sg-07403281f4c6b5259) and 'backend' (sg-01db2d5b5af70e70a).
- Network mapping:** Shows the VPC 'vpc-0290e60f8841e8de0' and a list of subnets: 'us-east-1a' (subnet-09c08d22558894550), 'us-east-1b' (subnet-05ced4e994dd639d5), 'us-east-1c' (subnet-05da32393167c46b4), 'us-east-1d' (subnet-088e902bc79ec7c55), 'us-east-1e' (subnet-096bd808f57cd11f), and 'us-east-1f' (subnet-0c60277b4b2ec2d3f).
- Listeners and routing:** Shows 'HTTP80' defaults to 'backend-tg-01'.
- Add-on services:** Set to 'None'.
- Tags:** Set to 'None'.
- Attributes:** A message states: 'Certain default attributes will be applied to your load balancer. You can view and edit them after creating the load balancer.'

At the bottom right, there are 'Cancel' and 'Create load balancer' buttons.

The screenshot shows the AWS Management Console interface. The top navigation bar includes the AWS logo, a search bar, and user information. The left sidebar shows the 'Instances' section expanded. The main content area displays a table of Load Balancers:

Name	DNS name	State	VPC ID	Availability Zones	Type	Create
backend-lb	backend-lb-1150102522.us-...	Provisioning	vpc-0290e60f8841e8de0	us-east-1b, us-east-1c, ...	application	July 14

Below the table, the 'Load balancer: backend-lb' details are shown. The 'Basic Configuration' tab is active, displaying the following information:

Name	Value
Name	backend-lb
ARN	arn:aws:elasticloadbalancing:us-east-1:701489276136:loadbalancer/app/backend-lb/b63bb536e14f0ba

Creating launch configuration

Security group ID

	Security group ID	Name	VPC ID	Description
<input type="checkbox"/>	sg-0d3a1e442b2e27f74	launch-wizard-1	vpc-0290e60f8841e8de0	launch-wizard-1 created 2022-07-14T04:26:12.487Z
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	sg-01cb2d5b5af70e70a	backend	vpc-0290e60f8841e8de0	allows ssh, postgresql, http, https
<input type="checkbox"/>	sg-07403281f4c6b5259	default	vpc-0290e60f8841e8de0	default VPC security group

You will not be able to connect to this instance as the AMI requires port(s) 22 to be open in order to have access. Your current security group doesn't have port(s) 22 open.

Key pair (login)

Key pair options

Choose an existing key pair

Existing key pair

key

☒ I acknowledge that I have access to the selected private key file (key.pem), and that without this file, I won't be able to log into my instance.

Cancel Create launch configuration

Successfully created launch configuration: backend-launchconfig

EC2 > Launch configurations

Launch configurations (1)

Search launch configurations

	Name	AMI ID	Instance type	Spot price	Creation time
<input type="checkbox"/>	backend-launch...	ami-0cba76aab8f...	t2.micro	-	Thu Jul 14 2022 11:58:35 GMT+0530 (India...)

Select a launch configuration above

Create launch configuration

Creating auto-scaling group

The screenshot shows the 'Create Auto Scaling group' wizard in the AWS Management Console. The left sidebar contains navigation links for EC2 Dashboard, EC2 Global View, Events, Tags, Limits, Instances, Instance Types, Launch Templates, Spot Requests, Savings Plans, Reserved Instances, Dedicated Hosts, Scheduled Instances, Capacity Reservations, Images, AMIs, AMI Catalog, and Elastic Block Store. The main content area is titled 'Create Auto Scaling group | EC2 Management Console' and shows the 'Step 4: Configure group size and scaling policies' configuration page. The configuration includes:

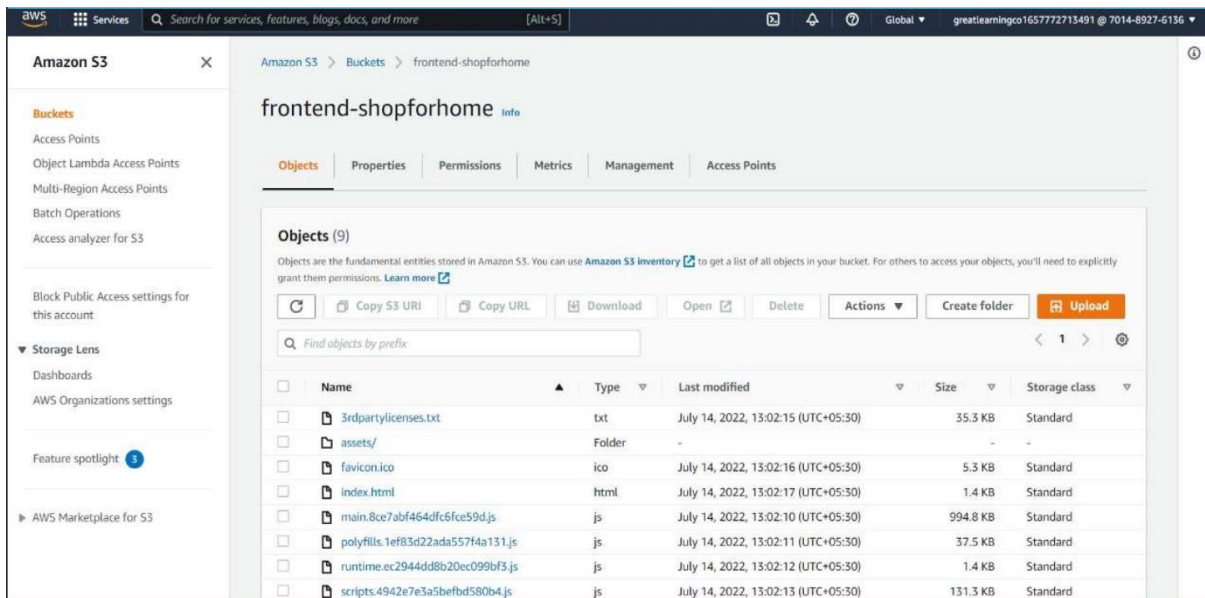
- Load balancing:** Load balancer 1 (Name: backend-lb, Type: Application/HTTP, Target group: backend-tg-01).
- Health checks:** Health check type: EC2, Health check grace period: 100 seconds.
- Additional settings:** Monitoring: Disabled, Default instance warmup: Disabled.
- Group size:** Desired capacity: 3, Minimum capacity: 2, Maximum capacity: 5.

The bottom of the console shows a feedback bar with the text 'Looking for language selection? Find it in the new Unified Settings' and a copyright notice for 2022.

The screenshot shows the 'Auto Scaling groups' page in the AWS Management Console. The left sidebar is the same as the previous screenshot. The main content area shows a notification bar at the top stating 'The old Auto Scaling groups console is no longer available. We will keep improving the new console based on your feedback.' Below this, a green banner indicates 'backend-scaling created successfully'. The 'Auto Scaling groups (1)' section shows a table with the following data:

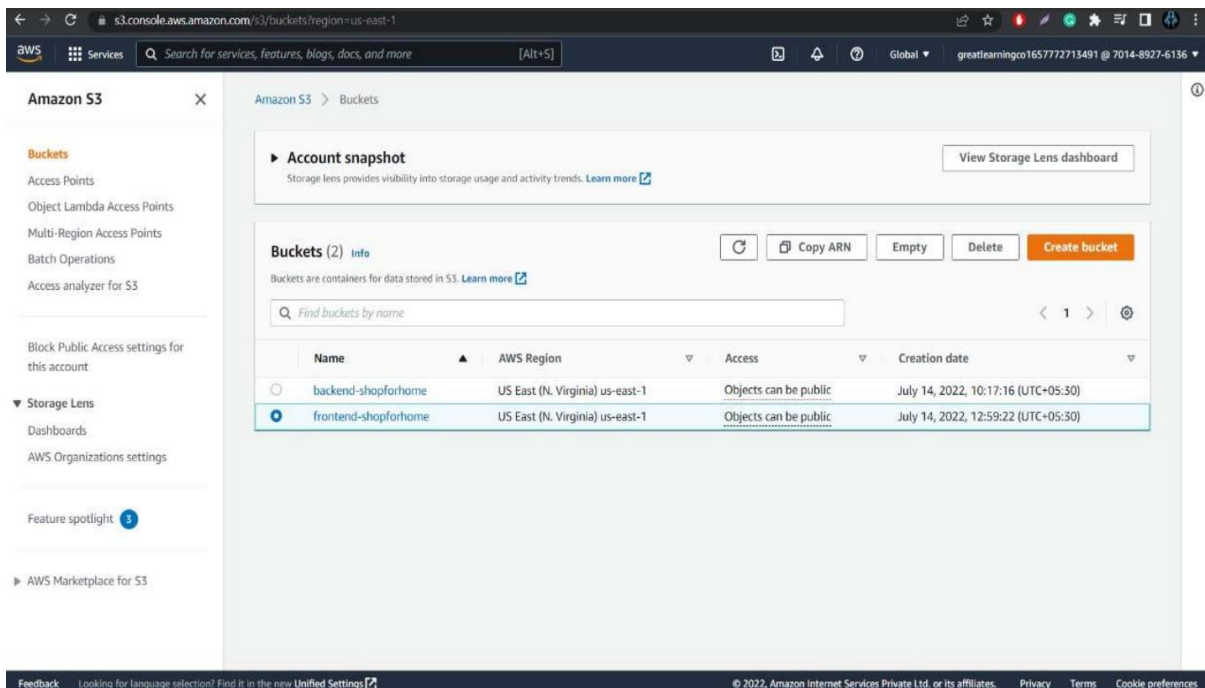
Name	Launch template/configuration	Instances	Status	Desired capacity	Min	Max	Avail.
backend-scaling...	backend-launchconfig	0	Updating capacity	3	2	5	us-east-1

Creating frontend S3 bucket



The screenshot shows the Amazon S3 console interface. On the left, the 'Buckets' section is expanded, showing the 'frontend-shopforhome' bucket. The main panel displays the 'Objects (9)' tab for this bucket. A table lists the objects stored in the bucket, including files like '3rdpartylicenses.txt', 'assets/', 'favicon.ico', 'index.html', and various JavaScript files. The table columns are Name, Type, Last modified, Size, and Storage class.

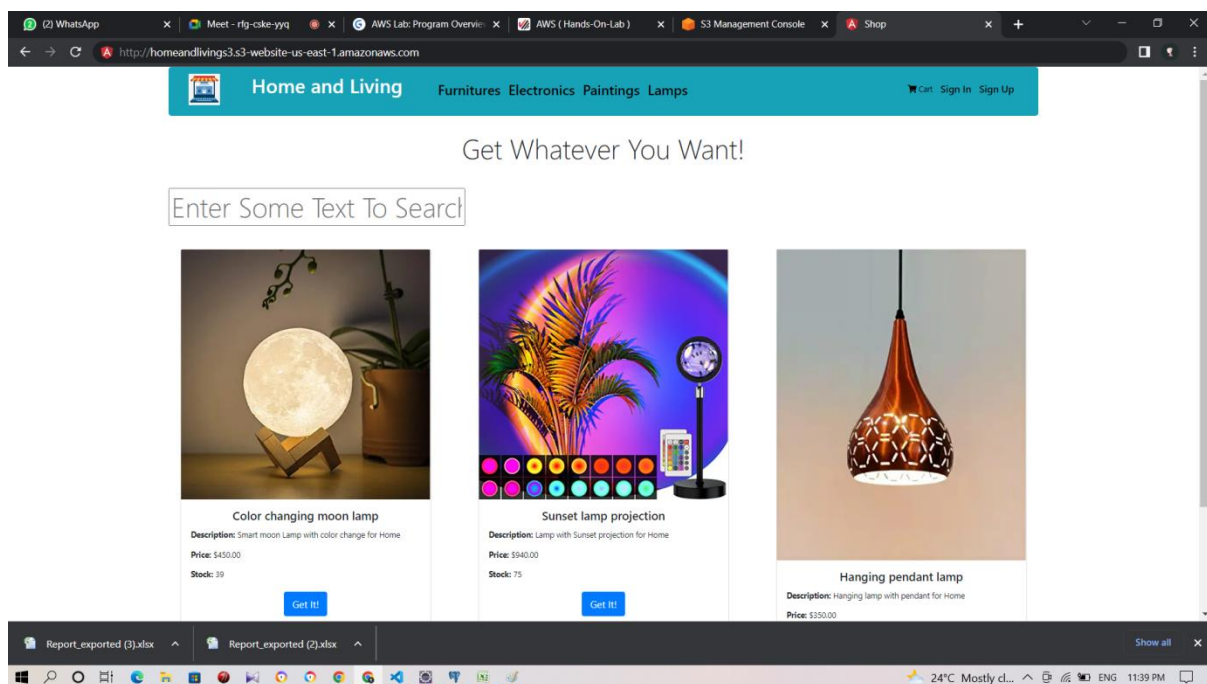
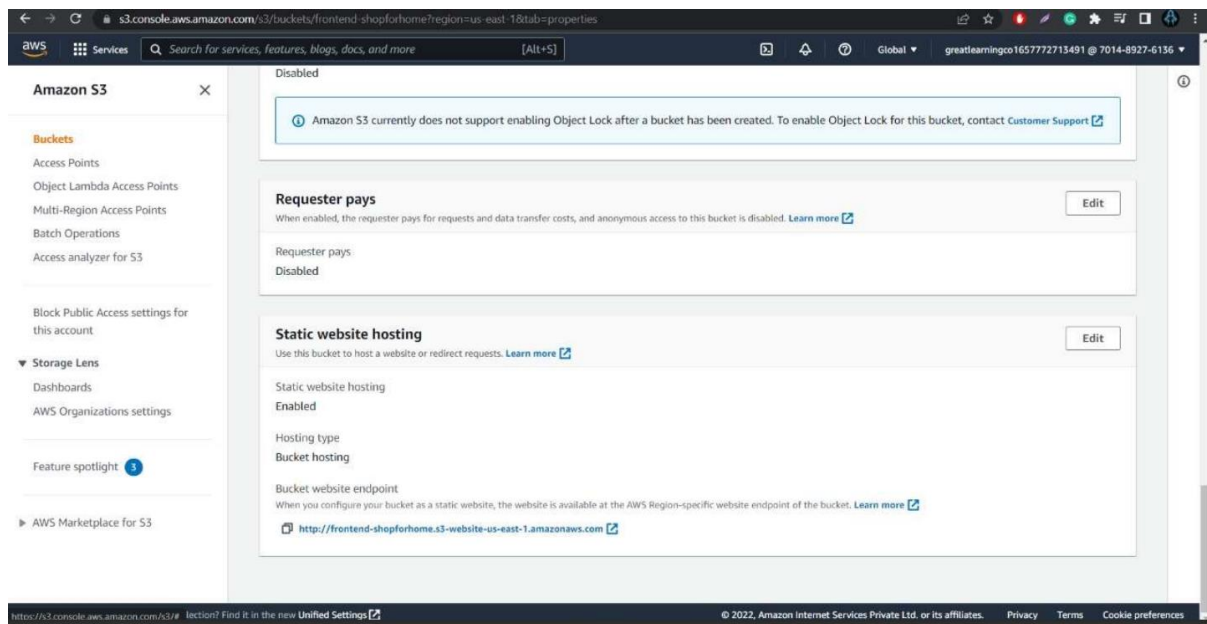
Name	Type	Last modified	Size	Storage class
3rdpartylicenses.txt	txt	July 14, 2022, 13:02:15 (UTC+05:30)	35.3 KB	Standard
assets/	Folder	-	-	-
favicon.ico	ico	July 14, 2022, 13:02:16 (UTC+05:30)	5.3 KB	Standard
index.html	html	July 14, 2022, 13:02:17 (UTC+05:30)	1.4 KB	Standard
main.8ce7abf464dfc6fce59d.js	js	July 14, 2022, 13:02:10 (UTC+05:30)	994.8 KB	Standard
polyfills.1ef83d22ada5574a131.js	js	July 14, 2022, 13:02:11 (UTC+05:30)	37.5 KB	Standard
runtime.ec2944dd8b20ec099bf3.js	js	July 14, 2022, 13:02:12 (UTC+05:30)	1.4 KB	Standard
scripts.4942e7e3a5befbd580b4.js	js	July 14, 2022, 13:02:13 (UTC+05:30)	131.3 KB	Standard



The screenshot shows the Amazon S3 console interface. On the left, the 'Buckets' section is expanded, showing two buckets: 'backend-shopforhome' and 'frontend-shopforhome'. The main panel displays the 'Buckets (2)' tab. A table lists the buckets, showing their Name, AWS Region, Access, and Creation date.

Name	AWS Region	Access	Creation date
backend-shopforhome	US East (N. Virginia) us-east-1	Objects can be public	July 14, 2022, 10:17:16 (UTC+05:30)
frontend-shopforhome	US East (N. Virginia) us-east-1	Objects can be public	July 14, 2022, 12:59:22 (UTC+05:30)

Static hosting frontend S3 bucket



9 Conclusion And Future Scope

9.1 Conclusion

E-Commerce has undeniably become an important part of our society. The successful companies of the future will be those that take E-Commerce seriously, dedicating sufficient resources to its development. E-Commerce is not an IT issue but a whole business undertaking. Companies that use it as a reason for completely re-designing their business processes are likely to reap the greatest benefits. Moreover, E-Commerce is a helpful technology that gives the consumer access to business and companies all over the world.

9.2 Future Scope

The e-commerce industry saw major traction in 2020. Technology innovation, easy scalability, increased internet penetration and changed user habits due to COVID-19 let the industry improve experiences and compete against brick-and-mortar shops.

Engaging customers directly is top priority for brands, and in this era of widespread awareness and cutthroat competition, the only way to survive is to stay ahead of the curve, identify lagging areas and capture evolving trends at the onset.