App Inventor + IoT: LCD RGB



(with IoT Setup and Basic Connection tutorials completed)

This tutorial will help you get started with App Inventor + IoT and a RGB LCD on an Arduino 101 controller. An RGB LCD is a color liquid crystal display, where text can be displayed. We are also using a Seeed Grove shield for this tutorial. You do not need to use this board, but it does make things easier. The LCD we recommend is the Grove LCD RGB Backlight.

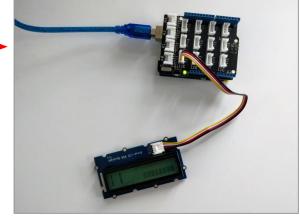
Before you start you should first complete the <u>App Inventor + IoT Setup tutorial</u> to set up your Arduino device.

 Connect the LCD RBG to the Grove board in the —

any I2C pin connector.

 For this tutorial make sure RGBLCD is set to ENABLED and all others are set to DISABLED.

 You should also click the arrow button in the top left to upload the code.

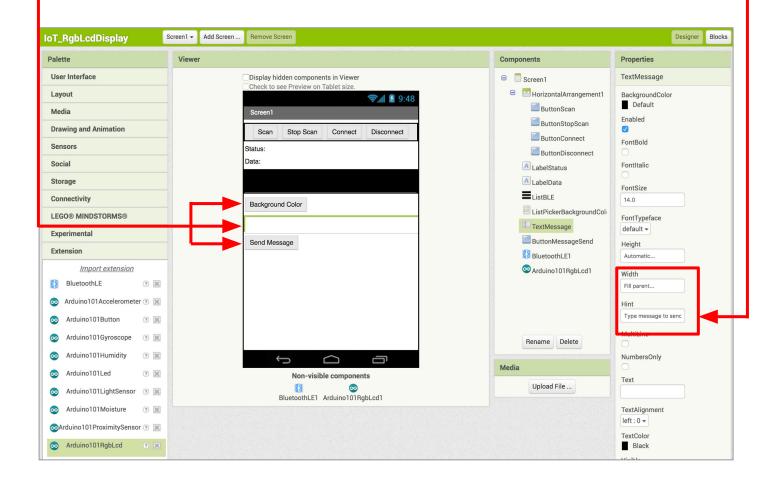


```
AIM-for-Things-Arduino101 | Arduino 1.8.1
AIM-for-Things-Arduino101 §
                             Accelerometer.hh Button.hh Camera.hh Console.hh Fingerprint.hh
 1 #define NAME
                             'App Inventor"
                                               // no more than 11 characters
 2 #define DEBUGGING
                            ENABLED
 4 #define ACCELEROMETER
                            DISABLED
 5 #define BUTTON
                           DTSABLED
6 #define CAMERA
                            DISABLED
 7 #define CONSOLE
                            DTSABLED
 8 #define FINGERPRINT
                            DISABLED
 9 #define GYROSCOPE
                            DISABLED
10 #define LED
                           DISABLED
11 #define LIGHT_SENSOR
                            DISABLED
12 #define MOISTURE_SENSOR
                           DISABLED
13 #define PINS
                            DISABLED
14 #define PROXIMITY
                            DISABLED
6 #define RGBLCD
                            ENABLED
18 #define SOUND_RECORDER
                            DISABLED
19 #define TEMPERATURE
                            DISABLED
21 // frequency to read sensor values in \mu s
22 const unsigned long SENSOR_UPDATE_FREQ = 50000;
23 const unsigned long IMU_READ_FREQ = 5000;
24 const double IMU_FILTER_ALPHA = 0.5; //Alpha for accelerometer low pass filter
26 unsigned long nextSensorUpdate;
27 unsigned long nextIMURead;
28 double dt;
30 const uint8_t BITS[8] = { 0x01, 0x02, 0x04, 0x08, 0x10, 0x20, 0x40, 0x80 };
31 const uint8_t MASK[8] = { 0xFE, 0xFD, 0xFB, 0xF7, 0xEF, 0xDF, 0xBF, 0x7F };
33 #include "common.h"
```

Next, you should complete the <u>App Inventor + IoT Basic Connection</u> tutorial to make a basic connection to the Arduino device. If you prefer, you can download the completed .aia file <u>here</u>.

The remaining steps all build off of the the starter code for Basic Connection tutorial and .aia:

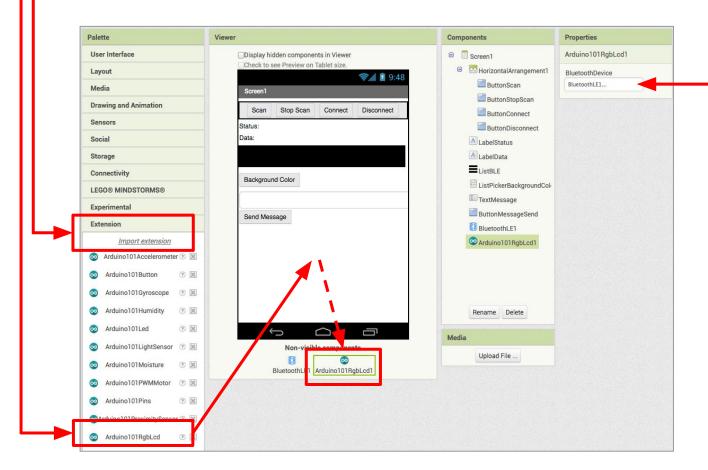
- Drag a ListPicker, a TextBox and a Button from the User Interface Palette and drop them underneath ListBLE.
 - Rename the ListPicker "ListPickerBackgroundColor", the TextBox "TextMessage" and the Button "ButtonMessageSend"
- Set the Text of the ListPicker to "Background Color"
- Set the width of the **TextBox** to "Fill Parent" and the Hint to "Type message to send".
- Set the Text of the Button to "Send Message".



Now let's install the RGB LCD extension to our app.

- In the Palette window, click on Extension at the bottom and then on "Import extension" and click on "URL".
 - Paste in this URL:
 http://iot.appinventor.mit.edu/assets/resources/edu.mit.appinventor.iot.arduino101.aix
- Add the Arduino101RgbLcd extension to your app by dragging it onto the Viewer.
- Click on **Arduiono101RgbLcd** in the Components pane.
- In the Properties pane, click on **BlueToothDevice** and select "BluetoothLE1".

Unlike many other components, RgbLcd doesn't need to define a pin in the designer. You just need to plug the RgbLcd component into any of the I2C slots on the Grove.



Now switch to the Blocks Editor view

Next we want to set it up so that we set the text and background color when we first connect to the Arduino.

- Find the existing when BluetoothLE1.Connected block you made in the Basic Connection tutorial.
- from the Arduino101RgbLcd1 drawer in the Blocks pane, add call Arduino101RgbLcd1.setText.
 - from the Text drawer, add a text block and type "Connected!".
- from the Arduino101RgbLcd1 drawer, add a call Arduino101RgbLcd1.SetBackgroundColor.
 - From the Color drawer, add a color block (we used green below).
- From the ListPickerBackgroundColor drawer in the Blocks pane, drag out a set ListPickerBackgroundColor.ElementsFromString.
 - From the Text drawer, add a text block and type
 "red, orange, yellow, green, blue, purple, grey, white". This will give you the different options for the ListPicker.

```
when BluetoothLE1 .Connected

do set LabelStatus . Text to "Status: Connected "

set ListBLE .Visible to false call Arduino101RgbLcd1 .SetText

text "Connected!"

call Arduino101RgbLcd1 .SetBackgroundColor

color

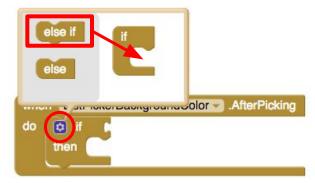
set ListPickerBackgroundColor . ElementsFromString to "red, orange, yellow, green, blue, purple, grey, ..."
```

Then, we want to update the LCD's text with what the user has typed into the textbox when they click the "Send Message" button.

- from the ButtonMessageSend drawer in the Blocks pane, drag out a when ButtonMessageSend.Click.
- from the Arduino10RgbLcd1 drawer, drag out a call Arduino101RgbLcd1.SetText.
 - from TextMessage in the Blocks Pane, add TextMessage.Text.
- From TextMessage in the Blocks Pane, add set TextMessage.Text to.
 - From the Text draw, add an empty text block.
 This will clear the TextBox after you send the message.

Finally, we want to be able to change the the background color of the RGB LCD. We'll use the ListPicker, "Background Color", to initiate this change.

- From the ListPickerBackgroundColor drawer in the Blocks pane, add when ListPickerBackgroundColor.AfterPicking.
- From the Control drawer, add an **if-then** block.
- Click on the blue gear iconto get a popup window. Drag 7 else if blocks into the if-then block to make a very large if-then-else-if block.



- Drag a = (equals) block from the Logic drawer and add to the first if.
 - from the ListPickerBackgroundColor drawer, add
 ListPickerBackgroundColor.Selection and snap into the left side of the = block.
 - from the Text drawer, drag a text block, type in "red" and snap that block into the right side of the = block.
- From the Arduino101RgbLcd1 drawer, add
 call Arduino101RgbLcd1.SetBackgroundColor to the then part of the if block.
- From the Color drawer, add a red block and snap in.

```
when ListPickerBackgroundColor .AfterPicking

do if ListPickerBackgroundColor .Selection = "red"

then call Arduino101RgbLcd1 .SetBackgroundColor color
```

 In each of the remaining else if parts of the if-else-if block, repeat what you have done for the color red. Just change the name of the color and the corresponding color block from the Color drawer. Your final code should look like this:

```
when ListPickerBackgroundColor .AfterPicking
    th if
                 ListPickerBackgroundColor . Selection .
                                                                 " red
           call Arduino101RgbLcd1 .SetBackgroundColor
    then
                                                   color
    else if
                 ListPickerBackgroundColor - . Selection -
                                                                 orange
           call Arduino101RgbLcd1 .SetBackgroundColor
    then
    else if
                 ListPickerBackgroundColor . Selection .
                                                                 yellow
           call Arduino101RgbLcd1 .SetBackgroundColor
    else if
                 ListPickerBackgroundColor - Selection -
                                                                 green
           call Arduino101RgbLcd1 .SetBackgroundColor
    then
    else if
                 ListPickerBackgroundColor . Selection .
                                                                 " blue
           call Arduino101RgbLcd1 .SetBackgroundColor
                                                   color
    else if
                 ListPickerBackgroundColor - Selection -
                                                                 purple
           call Arduino101RgbLcd1 .SetBackgroundColor
                                                   color
    else if
                 ListPickerBackgroundColor . Selection .
                                                                 grey
           call Arduino101RgbLcd1 .SetBackgroundColor
    else if
                 ListPickerBackgroundColor . Selection .
                                                                 white
           call Arduino101RgbLcd1 .SetBackgroundColor
                                                    color
```

Your app should now be working! Test it out by connecting your Arduino device using the companion (if you haven't already) and sending some text or changing the LCD color.