App Inventor + IoT: Moisture Sensor



(with IoT Setup and Basic Connection tutorials completed)

This tutorial will help you get started with App Inventor + IoT and a moisture sensor on an <u>Arduino 101</u> controller. We are also using a <u>Seeed Grove</u> shield for this tutorial. You do not need to use this board, but it does make things easier. The moisture sensor we recommend is the <u>Grove moisture sensor</u>.

Before you start, please complete the <u>App Inventor + IoT Setup tutorial</u> to set up your Arduino device.

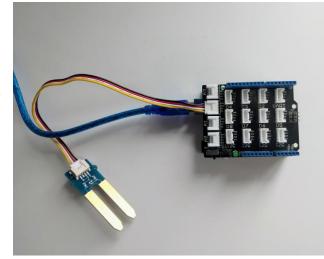
 Connect the moisture sensor to the Grove board

in the A2 pin connector.

For this tutorial make sure
 MOISTURE_SENSOR is set to ENABLED and all others are set to

DISABLED.

 You should also click the arrow button in the top left to upload the code.



```
AIM-for-Things-Arduino101 | Arduino 1.8.1
                             Accelerometer.hh Button.hh Camera.hh Console.hh Fingerprint.hh
 AIM-for-Things-Arduino101 §
 1 #define NAME
                                               // no more than 11 characters
                             "App Inventor"
 2 #define DEBUGGING
 4 #define ACCELEROMETER
                            DISABLED
                            DTSARLED
 5 #define BUTTON
 6 #define CAMERA
                            DTSARI FD
 7 #define CONSOLE
                            DTSABLED
 8 #define FINGERPRINT
                            DISABLED
 9 #define GYROSCOPE
                            DISABLED
10 #define LED
                            DISABLED
  #define MOISTURE_SENSOR
                            ENABLED
14 #define PROXIMITY
15 #define PWM
                            DTSARI FD
16 #define RGBLCD
                            DISABLED
17 #define SERVO
                            DISABLED
18 #define SOUND_RECORDER
                            DISABLED
19 #define TEMPERATURE
                            DISABLED
21 // frequency to read sensor values in \mu s
22 const unsigned long SENSOR_UPDATE_FREQ = 50000;
23 const unsigned long IMU_READ_FREQ = 5000;
24 const double IMU_FILTER_ALPHA = 0.5; //Alpha for accelerometer low pass filter
26 unsigned long nextSensorUpdate;
27 unsigned long nextIMURead;
28 double dt:
30 const uint8_t BITS[8] = { 0x01, 0x02, 0x04, 0x08, 0x10, 0x20, 0x40, 0x80 };
31 const uint8_t MASK[8] = { 0xFE, 0xFD, 0xFB, 0xF7, 0xEF, 0xDF, 0xBF, 0x7F };
33 #include "common.h"
```

Next, you should complete the <u>App Inventor + IoT Basic Connection</u> tutorial to make a basic connection to the Arduino device. If you prefer, you can download the completed .aia file <u>here</u>.

The remaining steps all build off of the the starter code for Basic Connection tutorial and .aia:

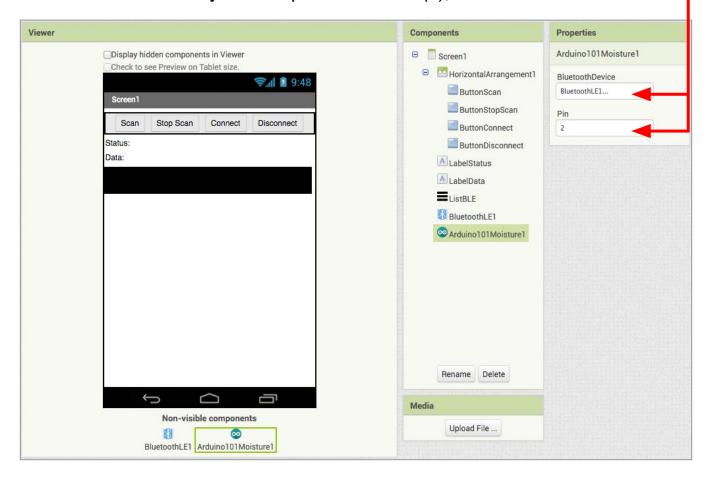
 Drag a Label from the User Interface Palette and drop it between LabelStatus and ListBLE



- In the Palette window, click on Extension at the bottom and then on "Import extension" and click on "URL".
 - Paste in this URL: http://iot.appinventor.mit.edu/assets/resources/edu.mit.appinventor.iot.arduino101.aix
- Add the Arduino101Moisture extension to your app by dragging it onto the Viewer.

Next, we need to let App Inventor know which pin on the Grove board the moisture sensor is connected to.

- Click on Ardunio101Moisture1 in the Components pane.
- In the Properties pane under **BluetoothDevice**, select "BluetoothLE1".
- In the Properties pane under Pin, write in the <u>analog</u> pin that matches the one the moisture sensor is plugged into on the Grove board. (in this case A2)
 - O Note: You only need to put the number (2), not the letter "A".



Now switch to the Blocks Editor view

We want to set up data updates when the sensor value on the Arduino changes.

 from the Arduino101Moisture1 drawer in the Blocks pane, add call Arduino101Moisture1.RequestMoistureUpdates to the existing when BluetoothLE1.Connected block you made in the Basic Connection tutorial.

Next we need to store the data we receive from the sensor. From the Variables drawer in the Blocks pane, drag an **initialize global name to** block and name it "moisture". From the Math drawer add a number block and set it to "0". We'll use this to keep track of the sensor value.

```
initialize global moisture to 0
```

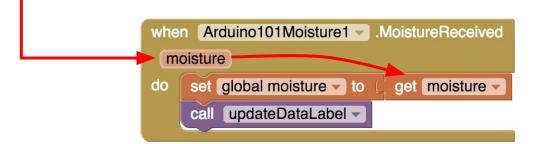
Let's make a new procedure to display the current readings in the **LabelData** when we get new data. You can create a procedure by dragging out a purple procedure block from the Procedures drawer in the Blocks pane. Let's rename it **updateDataLabel**.

- from LabelData in the Blocks pane, add set LabelData.Text to.
- from the Text drawer connect a join block.
 - From the Text drawer, connect a text block and type "Moisture: ".
 - From the Variables drawer connect a **get global moisture**.

```
to updateDataLabel
do set LabelData . Text to join "Moisture: "
get global moisture ...
```

Finally, we need to call the procedure when this data is received.

- From the Arduino101Moisture1 drawer in the Blocks pane, drag in when Ardunio101Moisture1.MoistureDataReceived'
 - o from the Variables drawer, add **set global moisture**.
 - Hover over the orange "moisture" in .MoistureReceived to see the get moisture block. Drag the get moisture block from this window and snap to set global moisture.
 - o from the Procedures drawer, add call updateDataLabel.



Your app should now be working! Connect your Arduino device using the MIT Al2 Companion (if you haven't already). Test it out by getting the moisture sensor wet (but not up to the wires). If it is working you should see the data label change.

