Customer Churn Prediction Using Machine Learning

Project Description

Introduction

Customer churn is a major challenge for businesses, as losing customers directly impacts revenue. This project focuses on predicting customer churn using machine learning techniques. By analyzing customer data, businesses can proactively identify at-risk customers and take necessary actions to improve retention.

Objectives

- Develop a machine learning model to predict whether a customer will churn.
- Perform Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA) to understand key factors influencing churn.
- Preprocess data by handling missing values, encoding categorical variables, and standardizing numerical features.
- Train and evaluate a Random Forest Classifier for churn prediction.
- Visualize model performance using confusion matrices, ROC curves, and feature importance plots.

Dataset

- The dataset used in this project comes from a **Telco Customer Churn dataset**.
- It contains customer demographics, service usage details, contract information, payment methods, and a churn indicator.

Key Features:

- Demographic Information: Gender, Senior Citizen, Partner, Dependents.
- Service Usage: Internet Service, Streaming, Tech Support, Tenure.
- **Contract and Billing Details**: Payment Method, Monthly Charges, Total Charges, Contract Type.
- Target Variable: Churn (Yes/No)

Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)

- Analyzed churn rates across different customer segments.
- Visualized distributions of numerical features like tenure and monthly charges.

• Explored correlations between churn and categorical variables using bar plots.

Data Preprocessing & Feature Engineering

- Removed unnecessary columns (Customer ID).
- Converted TotalCharges to numeric and handled missing values.
- Encoded categorical variables using Label Encoding.
- Scaled numerical features using StandardScaler for better model performance.

Machine Learning Model

- Model Used: Random Forest Classifier (due to its robustness and ability to handle categorical and numerical data).
- Training & Testing: Split data into 80% training and 20% testing.
- Evaluation Metrics:
 - o **Accuracy**: Assessed overall model performance.
 - Classification Report: Checked Precision, Recall, and F1-score.
 - Confusion Matrix: Visualized false positives and false negatives.
 - o **ROC Curve & AUC Score**: Evaluated model discrimination power.
 - Feature Importance Analysis: Identified key factors contributing to churn.

Results & Insights

- The Random Forest model achieved high accuracy in predicting churn.
- **Feature importance analysis revealed** that tenure, monthly charges, and contract type were the most significant factors.
- The ROC curve showed a good separation between churned and non-churned customers.

Conclusion & Business Impact

- The model successfully predicts customer churn, allowing businesses to identify high-risk customers.
- Insights from EDA and feature importance can help optimize customer retention strategies.

| • | Businesses can use this model to offer personalized offers, discounts, or improved |
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| | services to reduce churn. |
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