fast Dijkstra Alg.java

```
1/* (FAST Dijkstra's Algorithm below)
 2 * Dijkstra's Algorithm in an accepted solution on UVaOJ
  ()using
 3 * Binary Min Heap or a Priority Queue
5 * */
 6import java.util.*;
8 class fast Dijkstra Alq{
 9
      static Node[] G;
      static int M;
10
11
      static class Node {
12
          List<Edge> adj;
13
          int n;
14
          public Node(int N) {
15
               adj = new ArrayList<Edge>();
16
               n=N;
17
          }
18
      }
19
      static class Edge{
20
          int to, weight;
21
          public Edge(int t, int w) {
22
               to=t;
23
              weight = w;
24
           }
25
2.6
      static class QueueItem implements Comparable<QueueItem> {
27
          int v, dist;
28
          public QueueItem(int v, int dist) {
29
               this.v = v; this.dist = dist;
30
31
          public int compareTo(QueueItem q) {
32
               return this.dist - q.dist;
33
           }
34
35
      public static void addEdge(int u,int v, int w) {
36
          G[u].adj.add(new Edge(v,w));
37
          G[v].adj.add(new Edge(u,w));
38
39
      public static void makeGraph(int n) {
```

40 G = new Node[n];41 for(int i =0; i<n; i++) {</pre> 42 G[i] = new Node(i);43 } 44 } 45 public static int dijkstra(int s, int t, int n) 46 47 PriorityQueue<QueueItem> pq = new PriorityQueue<QueueItem>(); 48 pq.offer(new QueueItem(s,0)); 49 int[] tdis = new int[n]; 50 Arrays.fill(tdis, Integer.MAX VALUE); 51 tdis[s]=0;52 int[] from = new int[n]; 53 Arrays.fill(from, 0); 54 while (!pq.isEmpty()) { 55 QueueItem c = pq.poll(); 56 List<Edge> E = G[c.v].adj;57 **if**(E.size()>0){ 58 for (Edge e : E) 59 60 if(tdis[e.to]> tdis[c.v]+e.weight) { 61 tdis[e.to] = Math.min(tdis[e.to], tdis[c.v]+e.weight); 62 from[e.to] = c.v;63 pq.offer(new QueueItem(e.to,tdis[e.to])); 64 65 66 67 } 68 return tdis[t]; 69 70 public static void main(String[] args) { 71 Scanner scan = **new** Scanner (System.**in**); 72. int K = scan.nextInt(); 73 for(int i =0; i<K; i++) {</pre> 74 int N = scan.nextInt(); 75 M = scan.nextInt();76 int S = scan.nextInt();

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77
                int T = scan.nextInt();
                makeGraph(N);
 78
 79
                for(int z =0; z<M; z++) {
 80
                     int u = scan.nextInt();
 81
                    int v = scan.nextInt();
 82
                     int w = scan.nextInt();
 83
                    addEdge(u,v,w);
 84
 85 / /
                for (int z = 0; z < N; z++) {
 86//
                    System.out.println(G[z].adj.size());
 87 //
 88
                int temp = -1;
 89
                temp = dijkstra(S,T,N);
 90
                if (temp!=Integer.MAX VALUE && M!=0)
 91
                {
                     System.out.println("Case #"+(i+1)+": "+temp);
 92
 93
                }
 94
 95
                else {
 96
                    System.out.println("Case #"+(i+1)+":
   "+"unreachable");
 97
 98
                }
 99
100
            scan.close();
101
102}
103
```