- 1->No, the HTML tags and elements are not same because tag is a word written with angle bracket and element is a word written between angle bracket.
- 2->Tag is a word written with angle bracket and attribute is an additional functionality.
- 3->Void elements in HTML are non-closing tag.Ex:<br/><img> etc.
- 4->HTML entities are special codes which are used to represent special meanings.Ex: &lt, &amp etc.
- 5->There are 3 types of lists in HTML: (1)Unordered list , (2)Ordered list , (3)Discription list <dl>.
- 6->Class attribute helps to create a group of elements with similar characteristics. It helps to control all elements behavior together.
- 7->Id attribute is used to give a unique identifier to a specific element and Class attribute is used to create a group of elements which have similar characteristics.
- 8-><b>Bold tag, <i>Italic tag, <u>Underline tag, <small>Small tag, <tt>Teletype tag, <code>Code tag, <mark>Mark tag, <sup>Superscript, <sub>Subscript, <abbr>Abbreviation tag etc.
- 9->Cell padding adjusts the space between text and cell's border and Cell spacing adjusts the distance between cells in table.
- 10->We can use the 'rowspan' attribute to club two or more rows into a single row, and the 'colspan' attribute to club two or more columns into a single column in an HTML table.
- 11-> Block-level elements start on a new line and take the full width available, Ex: <div>, , <h1> to <h6>. Inline elements do not start on a new line but only take as much width as necessary.
- 12->Anchor tag is used to create hyperlink in HTML, Ex:<a href="...">....</a>.

13->Iframe tag is used to insert another webpage in the current HTML document.It shows content from another source in a particular area of your web page.

14->Span tag is used to apply styles to specific parts of text in a larger block of content.Ex:This is a <span class="highlight">highlighted</span> text.

15->we can insert a picture into the background image of a web page using the style attribute in the opening <body> tag.

16->Active links are links that are currently being interacted with by the user and they have different color and style. Normal links are the default links, They appear in a specific color and underlined, they indicate that they can be clicked.

17->,<h1> to <h6>,<div>,<section>,<article>

18->Scalable Vector Graphics(SVG) is an XML-based markup language used to creating 2D graphics on the web, it is used to create icons and logos.

19->Hypertext Markup Language is a markup language used for structuring and presenting content on the web, HTML documents can be served with the "text/html". Extensible Hypertext Markup Language is an XML-based version of HTML, XHTML documents can be served with the "application/xhtml+xml".

20->Logical tags describe the meaning of the content they convey. They focus on the structure of the content. Ex: <header>, <section>, <article>, <aside>, <footer>, etc. Physical tags describe how the content should appear. They focus on the presentation of the content. Ex: <b>, <i>, <u>, <font>, <strike> etc.