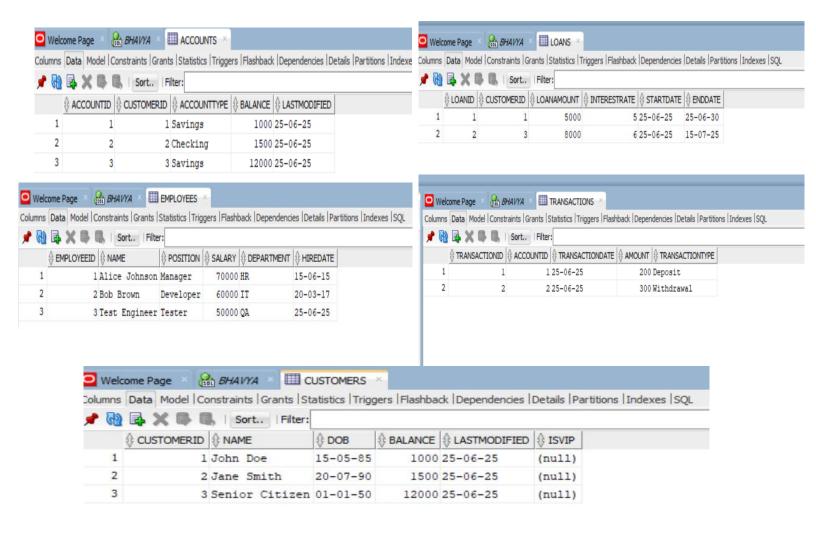
After inserting all the values and creating all the tables



# **Exercise 1: Control Structures**

Scenario 1: The bank wants to apply a discount to loan interest rates for customers above 60 years old.

 Question: Write a PL/SQL block that loops through all customers, checks their age, and if they are above 60, apply a 1% discount to their current loan interest rates.

### CODE:

SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;

## **BEGIN**

FOR cust IN (

SELECT c.CustomerID, I.LoanID, I.InterestRate

FROM Customers c

```
JOIN Loans I ON c.CustomerID = I.CustomerID

WHERE MONTHS_BETWEEN(SYSDATE, c.DOB)/12 > 60

) LOOP

UPDATE Loans

SET InterestRate = InterestRate - 1

WHERE LoanID = cust.LoanID;

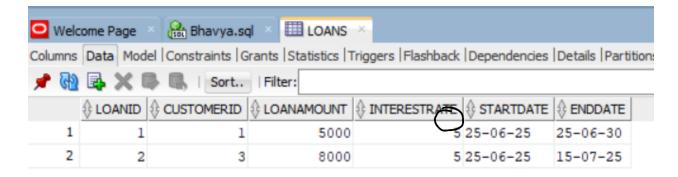
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('1% discount applied to CustomerID' | | cust.CustomerID);

END LOOP;

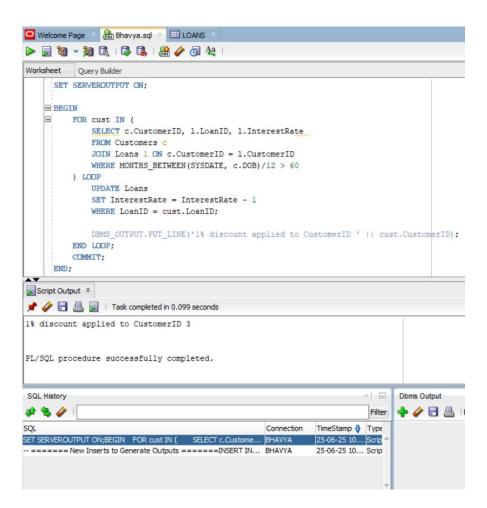
COMMIT;

END;

/
OUTPUT:
```



Before the intrest rate was 6 now it became 5



## **Exercise 1: Control Structures**

**Scenario 2:** A customer can be promoted to VIP status based on their balance.

**Question:** Write a PL/SQL block that iterates through all customers and sets a flag IsVIP to TRUE for those with a balance over \$10,000.

```
BEGIN

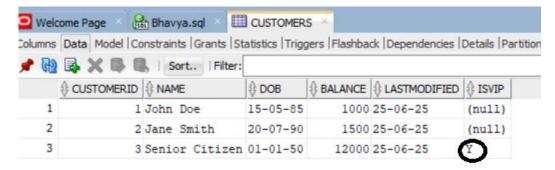
FOR cust IN (

SELECT CustomerID, Balance FROM Customers
) LOOP

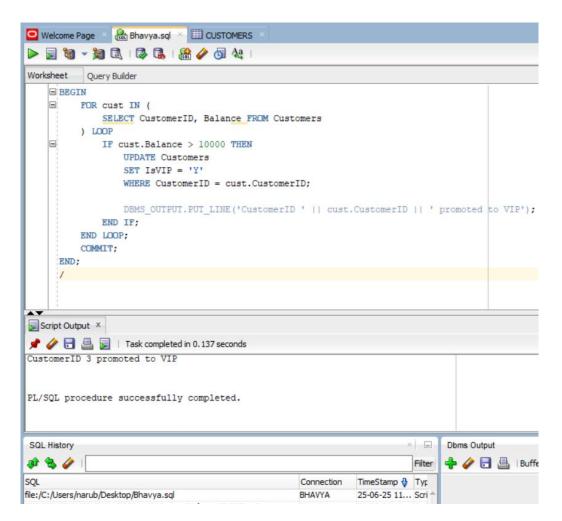
IF cust.Balance > 10000 THEN

UPDATE Customers
```

```
SET IsVIP = 'Y'
     WHERE CustomerID = cust.CustomerID;
     DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE('CustomerID' | | cust.CustomerID | | ' promoted to VIP');
    END IF;
  END LOOP;
 COMMIT;
END;
OUTPUT:
```



ISVIP of the customer3 has changed from null to Y which indicate True as he have balance>10000



**Exercise 1: Control Structures** 

**Scenario 3:** The bank wants to send reminders to customers whose loans are due within the next 30 days.

**Question:** Write a PL/SQL block that fetches all loans due in the next 30 days and prints a reminder message for each customer.

```
BEGIN

FOR loan_rec IN (

SELECT I.LoanID, c.Name, c.CustomerID, I.EndDate

FROM Loans I

JOIN Customers c ON I.CustomerID = c.CustomerID

WHERE I.EndDate BETWEEN SYSDATE AND SYSDATE + 30
) LOOP

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Reminder: LoanID'|| loan_rec.LoanID||

' for Customer' || loan_rec.Name ||

' (ID: ' || loan_rec.CustomerID || ') is due on ' ||

TO_CHAR(loan_rec.EndDate, 'DD-MON-YYYY'));
```

```
END LOOP;
END;
OUTPUT:
Welcome Page  Bhavya.sql
Worksheet Query Builder
    BEGIN
         FOR loan_rec IN (
              SELECT 1.LoanID, c.Name, c.CustomerID, 1.EndDate
              FROM Loans 1
              JOIN Customers c ON 1.CustomerID = c.CustomerID
              WHERE 1.EndDate BETWEEN SYSDATE AND SYSDATE + 30
              DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Reminder: LoanID ' || loan_rec.LoanID ||
                                   ' for Customer ' || loan_rec.Name ||
                                   ' (ID: ' || loan_rec.CustomerID || ') is due on ' ||
                                   TO CHAR(loan rec.EndDate, 'DD-MON-YYYY'));
          END LOOP;
     END;
Script Output X
📌 🧽 🔚 볼 📕 | Task completed in 0.07 seconds
Reminder: LoanID 2 for Customer Senior Citizen (ID: 3) is due on 15-JUL-2025
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
SQL History
                                                                               Dbms Output
                                                                         Filter
                                                   Connection
                                                              TimeStamp 

Tyr
ile:/C:/Users/narub/Desktop/Bhavva.sql
                                                              25-06-25 11... Scri
SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;BEGIN FOR cust IN ( SELECT c.Custome... BHAVYA
                                                              25-06-25 10... Scri
-- ====== New Inserts to Generate Outputs ======INSERT IN... BHAVYA
                                                              25-06-25 10... Scri
```

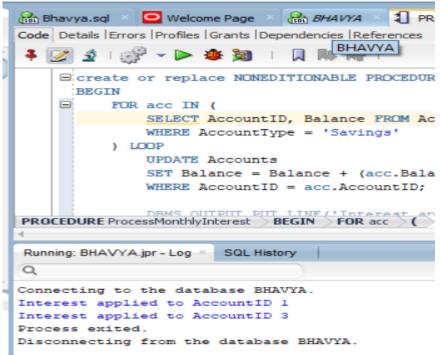
**Exercise 3: Stored Procedures** 

**Scenario 1:** The bank needs to process monthly interest for all savings accounts.

Question: Write a stored procedure ProcessMonthlyInterest that calculates and updates
the balance of all savings accounts by applying an interest rate of 1% to the current
balance.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE ProcessMonthlyInterest IS BEGIN
FOR acc IN (
```

```
SELECT AccountID, Balance FROM Accounts
   WHERE AccountType = 'Savings'
 ) LOOP
   UPDATE Accounts
   SET Balance = Balance + (acc.Balance * 0.01)
   WHERE AccountID = acc.AccountID;
   DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('Interest applied to AccountID' | | acc.AccountID);
 END LOOP;
 COMMIT;
END;
BEGIN
 ProcessMonthlyInterest;
END;
OUTPUT:
             Bhavya.sgl
columns | Data | Model | Constraints | Grants | Statistics | Triggers | Flashback | Dependencies | Details | Partitions | Indexe
🕜 🚱 🛣 🌑 👢 | Sort.. | Filter:
     Initially the balance in saving
   1
                           1 Savings
                                               1010 25-06-25
               1
                                                               was 1000for customerid1
   2
                           2 Checking
                                               1500 25-06-25
                                                               and 12000for customerid3
               2
                                                               now it has changed
   3
                            3 Savings
                                              12120 25-06-25
```



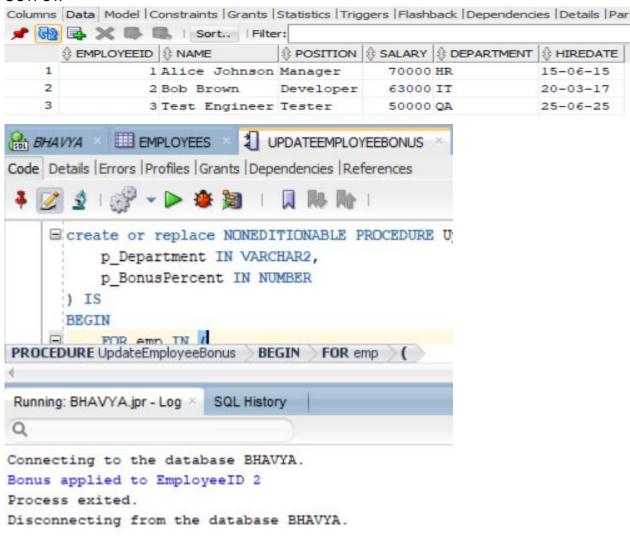
# **Exercise 3: Stored Procedures**

**Scenario 2:** The bank wants to implement a bonus scheme for employees based on their performance.

 Question: Write a stored procedure UpdateEmployeeBonus that updates the salary of employees in a given department by adding a bonus percentage passed as a parameter.

```
SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE UpdateEmployeeBonus(
  p Department IN VARCHAR2,
  p BonusPercent IN NUMBER
) IS
BEGIN
  FOR emp IN (
    SELECT EmployeeID, Salary FROM Employees
    WHERE Department = p Department
  ) LOOP
    UPDATE Employees
    SET Salary = Salary + (emp.Salary * p BonusPercent / 100)
    WHERE EmployeeID = emp.EmployeeID;
    DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE('Bonus applied to EmployeeID' | emp.EmployeeID);
  END LOOP;
  COMMIT;
END;
-- CallingTHe procedure
BEGIN
  UpdateEmployeeBonus('IT', 5);
END;
```

# **OUTPUT:**



# **Exercise 3: Stored Procedures**

**Scenario 3:** Customers should be able to transfer funds between their accounts.

 Question: Write a stored procedure TransferFunds that transfers a specified amount from one account to another, checking that the source account has sufficient balance before making the transfer.

```
CODE: SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;

CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE TransferFunds(
    p_FromAccountID IN NUMBER,
    p_ToAccountID IN NUMBER,
    p_Amount IN NUMBER
) IS
    v_FromBalance NUMBER;
```

```
BEGIN
 -- Check available balance
 SELECT Balance INTO v_FromBalance
 FROM Accounts
 WHERE AccountID = p_FromAccountID;
 IF v_FromBalance < p_Amount THEN
   RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20001, 'Insufficient funds.');
 END IF;
 -- Perform transfer
 UPDATE Accounts
 SET Balance = Balance - p_Amount
 WHERE AccountID = p_FromAccountID;
 UPDATE Accounts
 SET Balance = Balance + p_Amount
 WHERE AccountID = p_ToAccountID;
 COMMIT;
 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Transfer successful.');
EXCEPTION
 WHEN OTHERS THEN
   ROLLBACK;
   END;
/
BEGIN
 TransferFunds(3, 2, 500); -- $500 from Account 3 to Account 2
END;
OUTPUT:
Columns Data Model | Constraints | Grants | Statistics | Triggers | Flashback | Dependencies | Det
 📌 🚱 😹 🗶 🕒 | Sort.. | Filter:
```

1 Savings

3 Savings

2 Checking

1010 25-06-25

2000 25-06-25

11620 25-06-25

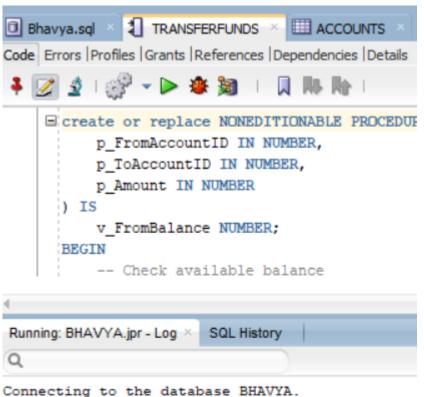
1

2

3

2

3



Transfer successful.

Process exited.

Disconnecting from the database BHAVYA.