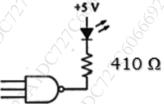
**Marks** : 100

N.B.:				
1.	. All questions are compulsory.			
2.	. Draw neat diagrams wherever necessary.			
3.				
4.				
5.	-	non-programmable calculator is allowed.	7	
Q1.		Attempt any <b>two</b>		
_	(i)	Explain various methods of biasing JFET in active region.	10	
	(ii)	Explain the construction and working of an n-channel depletion mode	10	
	` /	MOSFET. Draw and discuss its drain and transfer characteristics.	7	
	(iii)	Explain the use of SCR as a half wave rectifier and derive the	10	
	(111)	expressions for its average output voltage and current.		
	(iv)	Explain the construction and working of a UJT. Draw the V-I	10	
	(11)	characteristics and explain it.	3	
		characteristics and explain it.		
Q2		Attempt any <b>two</b>		
	(i)	Draw a circuit of an emitter coupled differential amplifier having	10	
		double ended input and single ended output. Using AC analysis derive		
		an expression for voltage gain and input impedance.		
	(ii)	In a differential amplifier explain what is meant by common mode	10	
		signal. Using ac analysis derive an expression for common mode gain.		
	(iii)	With the help of a neat circuit diagram explain the working of an	10	
		inverting Schmitt trigger using operational amplifier. Derive an		
		expression for its feedback factor and hysteresis. Draw a neat circuit		
		diagram of a non-inverting Schmitt trigger using operational amplifier.		
	(iv)	Explain with the help of neat circuit diagram, the principle and		
	1,00	working of Wien bridge oscillator using operational amplifier. State		
		the expression for its frequency of oscillation.		
7				
Q3	·	Attempt any two		
	(i)	Draw the circuit diagram of voltage controlled oscillator using IC 555.	10	
OF		Discuss its working. Derive the expressions for output time period.		
	(ii)	Draw the circuit diagram of astable multivibrator using transistors.	10	
		Explain its working. Sketch the waveforms at both collectors and both		
	,,,,,	base terminals.		
	(iii)	What is a bistable multivibrator? Draw the circuit diagram of bistable	<b>10</b>	
		multivibrator using transistors. Discuss its working. What is the		
		relation between input and output frequency of a bistable multivibrator		
	35	circuit?		
	(iv)	Draw the diagram of voltage feedback regulator circuit. Explain its	10	
		working. Derive the expression for power dissipation in pass		
		transistor		

Time: 3 hrs.

Q4		Attempt any <b>two</b>	
	(i)	Explain the working of a two – input Transistor Transistor Logic NOR gate.	10
	(ii)	Explain CMOS characteristics in terms of Sinking, Floating Inputs and transfer characteristic.	10
	(iii)	Explain Basic Pulse Code Modulation. Explain companding process used to overcome problems of distortion and noise in the transmission of audio signals.	10
	(iv)	Explain benefits of digital communication.	10
Q5.		Attempt any <b>four</b>	
Qu'	(i)	The data sheet of a JFET gives the following information: $I_{DSS} = 3 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{GS(off)} = -6 \text{ V}$ and $g_{mo} = 5000 \mu\text{S}$ . Determine the transconductance for $V_{GS} = -4 \text{V}$ and find drain current $I_D$ at this point.	05
	(ii)	An ac voltage $v = 240 sin 314t$ is applied to an SCR half wave rectifier. If SCR the forward breakdown voltage of 180 V, find the time, during which SCR remains off.	05
	(iii)	In a relaxation oscillator circuit using operational amplifier the timing components are R=4.7 k $\Omega$ and C = 0.1 $\mu$ f. The feedback to non-inverting terminal is applied by a potential divider with $R_1 = 5 \ k\Omega$ and	05
		$R_2 = 5 \text{ k}\Omega$ such that voltage across $R_1$ is the feedback voltage. Find the period of the output waveform.	
	(iv)	In an active one pole low pass filters using operational amplifier, $R = 2.2 \text{ k}\Omega$ and $C = 0.047\mu\text{F}$ . What is the cut-off frequency?	05
	(v)	Calculate the time period of oscillation of an astable multivibrator using IC 555 if $R_A = 1500\Omega$ , $R_B = 10K\Omega$ , $C = 0.47\mu F$ and $V_{CC} = 12V$ . Also calculate frequency of oscillation and duty cycle.	05
	(vi)	A voltage feedback regulator with fold back current limiting uses following components: $R_4 = 100\Omega$ , $R_5 = 4.7K\Omega$ , $R_6 = 10K\Omega$ , $V_{BE} = 0.7V$ and $V_0 = 7.2V$ . Calculate shorted load current and maximum load current.	05
	(vii)	A TTL circuit drives an LED. When the TTL output is high, the LED is dark. When the TTL output is low, the LED lights up. If the LED voltage drop is 1.75 V, Calculate LED current for a low TTL output.	05
	Dr.		



(viii) The input voltage of a compander with a maximum voltage range of  $1.2\ V$  and a  $\mu$  of 255 is 0.25V. What are the output voltage and gain?

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