

**SHRI S. H. KELKAR COLLEGE OF ARTS, COMMERCE AND SCIENCE, DEVGAD.**  
**(SINDHUDURG)**  
**SEMESTER I EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2023**  
**COURSE: ZOOLOGY PAPER-II**  
**DURATION: 3 Hours**  
**USZO102**  
**CLASS: FYBSC**  
**MAX. MARKS:100**



- N.B.** (1) All questions are compulsory.  
 (2) Figures to the right indicate marks for respective sub questions.  
 (3) Attempt the questions in sequence.  
 (4) Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary.

**Q.1) Multiple choice Questions**

**A Fill in the blanks by choosing correct alternative.....**

**20  
05**

- i) Which one of the following is not Bio hazardous infectious material -----  
 a) Surgical sterilized cotton    b) Virus    c) Fungi    d) Bacteria
- ii) The ----- is defined as the value of a variable which occurs most frequently.  
 a) Mode    b) Median    c) Mean    d) Average
- iii) ----- can differentiate into any other cell types.  
 a) Embryonic stem cells    b) Neuron cells    c) Cardiac cells    d) Hepatic cells
- iv) ----- technique is used to solve crimes by forensic scientist and legal expert.  
 a) Cloning    b) Fermentation    c) Bio markers    d) DNA fingerprinting
- v) ----- is the first and the simplest type of chromatography.  
 a) TLC    b) Adsorption    c) Partition    d) Paper

**B. Match the Following**

**05**

- | A                    | B           |
|----------------------|-------------|
| i) A vector          | Explosives  |
| ii) Central tendency | Colorimetry |
| iii) Safety Symbol   | PAGE        |
| iv) Electrophoresis  | Median      |
| v) Beer- Lambert law | Plasmid     |

**C. Say whether true or false...**

**05**

- i) Ultracentrifuges are machines that can achieve a rotor a speed of over 30,000rpm.
- ii) Watson and Crick is known as father of Gene therapy
- iii) Colorimeter and spectroscopy both are use to estimate the amount of analyte in the sample
- iv) Retroviral vector method, is the only method use for transgenesis.
- v) Kelvin scale is the most commonly used temperature scale.

**D. Answer in one sentence each....**

**05**

- i) Define Toxic chemical
- ii) Define Cloning .
- iii) Explain about GLP
- iv) Name any two methods used for Transgenesis.
- v) Name any two type of Chromatography.

**Q.2 A) Give an account of following central tendencies with merits and demerits**

**10**

- i) mean    ii) median

**OR**

**A) With reference to safety symbols explain.**

- i) Corrosive    ii) Biohazardous infectious material    iii) Irritants    iv) Compressed gas



**B) Write short notes on any TWO of the following.**

**10**

- a) Pie diagram .
- b) Multiple bar diagram.
- c) Any five safety laboratory measures to be adapted by the students.
- d) Characteristics of solution.

**Q3 A) What is in-vivo gene therapy? Explain with its application in treatment of Cystic Fibrosis.**

**10**

**OR**

**A) Define transgenesis and Explain with reference to following methods of Transgenesis**

- i) Nuclear transplantation method ii) Embryonic stem cell method

**B) Explain any TWO of the following:**

**10**

- a) Experiment of Cloning with reference to Dolly.
- b) Application of DNA fingerprinting in forensic science.
- c) Achievement of Biotechnology with respect to Medical field.
- d) Recombinant Insulin.

**Q 4 A) Give a detail account of any two of the following..**

**20**

- a) Draw neat labelled diagram of Compound Microscope giving its function.
- b) Write principle and Application of Electrophoresis.
- c) Write principle and Application of Centrifuge.
- d) Describe Thin layer chromatography as a separation technique.

**Q 5 Write Short notes on any four of the following**

**20**

- a. SCID Gene therapy.
- b. Simple bar diagram.
- c. Applications of Biotechnology in the Animal Husbandry
- d. Celsius temperature scale.
- e. Application of  $P^H$  meter.
- f. Application of colorimetry.

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