## SHRI S.H.KELKARCOLLEGE OF ARTS, COMMERCE AND

## SCIENCE, DEVGAD

## (SINDHUDURG) SEMISTER I, OCTOBER 2023

COURSE :- BUSINESS ECONOMICS -1

**DURATION: - 2.30 Hrs.** 

CLASS:- FYBBI/

MAX.MARKS:-75



2) Figures at right indicates marks.

Q.1 A) Match the following \_\_\_\_\_ (Any 8 Out of 10)

(8)

|    | - A.                                                    | 7 20 | В                          |
|----|---------------------------------------------------------|------|----------------------------|
| 1  | Demand function                                         | 1    | Exception to low of demand |
| 2  | Total revenue                                           | 2    | Car and petrol             |
| 3  | Devaluation                                             | 3    | TPn-TPn-1                  |
| 4  | Marginal product                                        | 4    | Quantity × price           |
| 5  | Join demand                                             | 5    | Balance of payments        |
| 6  | Price <avc< td=""><td>6</td><td>Electricity</td></avc<> | 6    | Electricity                |
| 7  | Normal profits                                          | 7    | Shut down point            |
| 8  | Giffen goods                                            | 8    | Inelastic demand goods     |
| 9  | Higher tax rate                                         | 9    | Q=f(p)                     |
| 10 | Composite demand                                        | 10   | Long run                   |

## Q. 1 B) State the following statements true of false. (Any 7 Out of 10)

(7)

- 1) Extension in demand and increase is demand mean the same.
- 2) The cross elasticity of demand between unrelated goods is zero.
- 3) Sample survey method is simple and less time consuming.
- 4) I so quants are concave to the origin.
- 5) Internal economics continue to occur with every expansion of output.
- 6) Economics if scale lead to reduction in cost of production.

An optimum firm is the firm which produce at the lower average cost.

- 8) MNCs outsource their operations to derive international economics of scale.
- 9) Perfectly competitive firm is a price taker.
- 10) Cartel formation helps the oligopoly firms to avoid competition.
- Q. 2 A) Explain movement and shift in the demand curve with suitable example and diagrams. (8)
  - B) Explain the cross elasticity of demand with suitable example.

(7)



| A) Why the AR and MR curves slope down words from left to right under Monopoly?              |      |  |  |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|--|--|
| B) Define. Monopolistic compition explain its characteristics with suitable Examples.        | (7)  |  |  |
| Q.3 A) What is the significanse of demand forecasting? Why is it done by all business firms? | (8)  |  |  |
| B) What are the theoretical and practical application of elasticity of demand  OR            | (7)  |  |  |
| A) Why does the demand curves slope downwards from left to right?                            | (8)  |  |  |
| B) Discuss the various short run concepts with suitable diagram.                             | (7)  |  |  |
| Q.4 A) Differentiate between monopoly and monopolistic compition.                            | (8)  |  |  |
| B) Explain the various revenue concepts under the different market structures.  OR           | (7)  |  |  |
| A) Explain in detail the break even analysis.                                                | (8)  |  |  |
| B) What are the merits and demerits of advertising?                                          | (7)  |  |  |
| Q.5 A) Explain opportunity cost in details.                                                  | (8)  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>B) Explain the various factors which influence demand and supply.</li> </ul>        | (7)  |  |  |
| OR                                                                                           | (15) |  |  |
| Q.5) Short Notes on any Three                                                                |      |  |  |
| 1) Opportunity cost                                                                          |      |  |  |
| 2) Devaluation                                                                               |      |  |  |
| 3) Break even analysis                                                                       |      |  |  |
| 4) Economics of scope                                                                        |      |  |  |
| 5) supply low                                                                                |      |  |  |