## SHRI. S.H. KELKAR COLLEGE OF ARTS, COMMERCE & SCIENCE, DEVGAD BACHELOR OF MANAGEMENT STUDIES (BMS) FYBMS SEM-IIEXAMINATION, MARCH, 2023

**SUB-Foundation Course - II** 

TIME- 8.30 A.M. TO 11.00 A.M.

MAX. MARKS - 75

DURATION - 2.5Hrs

<b>N.B.</b> (1) All que	stions are Compulsory.	(2) Figures to the ri	ght Ir	dicate full marks:	(13)
Q.1 A. Choose the correct alternative (Any Eight):					08
(1)	is a term coined from	m the Greek word C	)ikos.		
(a) ecosystem	(b) ecology	(c) degradation	(d) c	osmic	
(2) Population e	ecology is also called as	***************************************			
(a) synecology	(b) ecophysiolo	ogy (c) auteco	ology	(d) ecosychosiology	
(3)	is called as Anthrosph	ere.			
(a) Animal	(b) Human Environr	nent (c) Plant li	ife	(d) marine life	
(4) The	in the atmosphe	re protects our plar	net fro	om ultra-violet radiation from the s	un.
(a) Big animals	(b) ozone layer	(c) particl	es	(d) Herbivores	
	ch as thes le development to the r		il, 199	2, were major international meetir	igs to
(a) Earth	(b) Water	(c) Air		(d) Land	v
(6) Overuse of teconomic futur		sources for short ga	in m	ay shorten a country's long term 🤲	
(a) autographs	(b) renewable (c) aut	totrophs (d) nor	ı rene	ewable	
(7)	occurs when earth	's natural resources	s are	depleted.	
(a) degradatio	n (b) destruction	n (c) determination	1	(d) datagradation	
(8)	too originates fror	n air pollution.			
(a) Rain	(b) Acid rain	(c) heavy rain	(d)	light showers	
(9)surroundings of		on of all existing fac	tors a	and non-living factors that compile	the
(a) ecosystem	(b) environment	(c) population	(d)	ecology	
(10)	studies the interact	tions between spec	ies wi	thin an ecological community.	
(a) biosphere	(b) hydrosphere	(c) synecology	(d)	Landscape	
B. State wheth	her the following state	ments are True or	False	(Any Seven):	07
(1) Abiotic con	nponents are non-living	compound and phy	ysical	elements in the environment.	
(2) Quality of	life is definitely enhance	ed with the natural	capita	al assets it used productively.	
(3) Atmospher	re regulates the global t	emperature.			



(4) Water covers 70% of the planet's surface, it makes up 60% of the human body. (5) Prejudice is prejudgment, or forming an opinion before becoming aware of the relevant facts of a case. (6) Industrialized methods of production of physical goods and agricultural crops usually require less quantity of water. (7) Lack of group cohesiveness is a type of group stressor. (8) Civic amenities in an area have no correlation with stress. (9) Under contract farming, the company provides seeds, fertilizers, technology, etc. to the company's sister concern. (10) The Propensity to be Violent is a personal factor that resides outside the individual committing the act. (15)0.2) Define globalisation. What is the impact of globalisation on Indian Economy? OR (15)What are the important landmarks in the development of human rights? (15)**Q.3)** State and explain the various disciplines of ecology? OR (15)Define sustainable development .State its component. Q.4) Discuss some important individual values in details. (15)OR (15)Explain the various signs of stress. (15)Q.5) Explain the importance of ethics in individual development OR (15)Write short notes on (Any Three): (e) Liberalisation. (a) Environmental degradation. (b) Socialisation. (c) Ecology (d) Fundamental Rights.