

Practical: 11

Aim: Write a program which take a grammar as input and check that given grammar is LL(1) or not.

Program:

```
/*
    author: mr_bhishm
    created: 10-10-2020 19:02:19
    "Make it work, make it right, make it fast."
                                                    - Kent Beck
*/

#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
#include <vector>
#include <set>
#include <map>
#include <stack>

using namespace std;

bool NotLL1 = false;
void find_first(vector< pair<char, string> > gram,
               map< char, set<char> > &firsts,
               char non_term);

void find_follow(vector< pair<char, string> > gram,
                map< char, set<char> > &follows,
                map< char, set<char> > firsts,
                char non_term);

int main(int argc, char const *argv[])
{
    if(argc != 3) {
        cout<<"Arguments should be <grammar file> <input string>\n";
        return 1;
    }
    // Arguments check
    // cout<<argv[1]<<argv[2];

    // Parsing the grammar file
    fstream grammar_file;
    grammar_file.open(argv[1], ios::in);
    if(grammar_file.fail()) {
        cout<<"[!] Error in opening grammar file\n";
        return 2;
    }
}
```

```

    }

    cout<<"[+] Grammar parsed from grammar file: \n";
    cout<<"[!] Here \'e\' for epsilon, $ used as end of string and any other symbol
treated as terminals."<<endl;
    cout<<"[!] Here Capital letters used for Not terminal/Variable."<<endl;
    cout<<"[!] If find any mistake according to this then exit and modify grammar and
rerun it."<<endl;
    cout<<endl;
    vector< pair<char, string> > gram;
    int count = 0;
    while(!grammar_file.eof()) {
        char buffer[20];
        grammar_file.getline(buffer, 19);

        char lhs = buffer[0];
        string rhs = buffer+3;
        pair <char, string> prod (lhs, rhs);
        gram.push_back(prod);
        cout<<"["<<count++<<"].  "<<gram.back().first<<" ->
"<<gram.back().second<<"\n";
    }
    cout<<"\n";

    // Gather all non terminals
    set<char> non_terms;
    for(auto i = gram.begin(); i != gram.end(); ++i) {
        non_terms.insert(i->first);
    }
    cout<<"[+] The non terminals in the grammar are: ";
    for(auto i = non_terms.begin(); i != non_terms.end(); ++i) {
        cout<<*i<<" ";
    }
    cout<<"\n";
    // Gather all terminals
    set<char> terms;
    for(auto i = gram.begin(); i != gram.end(); ++i) {
        for(auto ch = i->second.begin(); ch != i->second.end(); ++ch) {
            if(!isupper(*ch)) {
                terms.insert(*ch);
            }
        }
    }
    // Remove epsilon and add end character $
    terms.erase('e');
    terms.insert('$');
    cout<<"[+] The terminals in the grammar are: ";
    for(auto i = terms.begin(); i != terms.end(); ++i) {

```

```

        cout<<*i<<" ";
    }
    cout<<"\n\n";

    // Start symbol is first non terminal production in grammar
    char start_sym = gram.begin()->first;

    map< char, set<char> > firsts;
    for(auto non_term = non_terms.begin(); non_term != non_terms.end(); ++non_term)
    {
        if(firsts[*non_term].empty()){
            find_first(gram, firsts, *non_term);
        }
    }

    cout<<"[+] Firsts list: \n";
    for(auto it = firsts.begin(); it != firsts.end(); ++it) {
        cout<<it->first<<" : ";
        for(auto firsts_it = it->second.begin(); firsts_it != it->second.end();
        ++firsts_it) {
            cout<<*firsts_it<<" ";
        }
        cout<<"\n";
    }
    cout<<"\n";

    map< char, set<char> > follows;
    // Find follow of start variable first
    char start_var = gram.begin()->first;
    follows[start_var].insert('$');
    find_follow(gram, follows, firsts, start_var);
    // Find follows for rest of variables
    for(auto it = non_terms.begin(); it != non_terms.end(); ++it) {
        if(follows[*it].empty()) {
            find_follow(gram, follows, firsts, *it);
        }
    }

    cout<<"[+] Follows list: \n";
    for(auto it = follows.begin(); it != follows.end(); ++it) {
        cout<<it->first<<" : ";
        for(auto follows_it = it->second.begin(); follows_it != it->second.end();
        ++follows_it) {
            cout<<*follows_it<<" ";
        }
        cout<<"\n";
    }

```

```

    }
    cout<<"\n";

    int parse_table[non_terms.size()][terms.size()];
    fill(&parse_table[0][0], &parse_table[0][0] +
sizeof(parse_table)/sizeof(parse_table[0][0]), -1);
    for(auto prod = gram.begin(); prod != gram.end(); ++prod) {
        string rhs = prod->second;

        set<char> next_list;
        bool finished = false;
        for(auto ch = rhs.begin(); ch != rhs.end(); ++ch) {
            if(!isupper(*ch)) {
                if(*ch != 'e') {
                    next_list.insert(*ch);
                    finished = true;
                    break;
                }
                continue;
            }

            set<char> firsts_copy(firsts[*ch].begin(), firsts[*ch].end());
            if(firsts_copy.find('e') == firsts_copy.end()) {
                next_list.insert(firsts_copy.begin(), firsts_copy.end());
                finished = true;
                break;
            }
            firsts_copy.erase('e');
            next_list.insert(firsts_copy.begin(), firsts_copy.end());
        }
        // If the whole rhs can be skipped through epsilon or reaching the end
        // Add follow to next list
        if(!finished) {
            next_list.insert(follows[prod->first].begin(), follows[prod-
>first].end());
        }

        for(auto ch = next_list.begin(); ch != next_list.end(); ++ch) {
            int row = distance(non_terms.begin(), non_terms.find(prod->first));
            int col = distance(terms.begin(), terms.find(*ch));
            int prod_num = distance(gram.begin(), prod);
            if(parse_table[row][col] != -1) {
                cout<<"[!] Collision at ["<<row<<"]["<<col<<"] for production
"<<prod_num<<"\n";
                NotLL1 = true;
                continue;
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

        parse_table[row][col] = prod_num;
    }

}
// Print parse table

cout<<"[+] Parsing Table: \n";
cout<<" ";
for(auto i = terms.begin(); i != terms.end(); ++i) {
    cout<<*i<<" ";
}
cout<<"\n";
for(auto row = non_terms.begin(); row != non_terms.end(); ++row) {
    cout<<*row<<" ";
    for(int col = 0; col < terms.size(); ++col) {
        int row_num = distance(non_terms.begin(), row);
        if(parse_table[row_num][col] == -1) {
            cout<<"- ";
            continue;
        }
        cout<<parse_table[row_num][col]<<" ";
    }
    cout<<"\n";
}
cout<<"\n";

if(!NotLL1){
    cout<<"[+] Grammar is LL1..."<<endl;
    string input_string(argv[2]);
    string input_string_2 = input_string;
    input_string.push_back('$');
    stack<char> st;
    st.push('$');
    st.push('S');

    // Check if input string is valid
    for(auto ch = input_string.begin(); ch != input_string.end(); ++ch) {
        if(terms.find(*ch) == terms.end()) {
            cout<<"[!] Input string is invalid\n";
            return 2;
        }
    }

    // cout<<"Processing input string\n";
    bool accepted = true;
    while(!st.empty() && !input_string.empty()) {
        // If stack top same as input string char remove it

        if(input_string[0] == st.top()) {

```

```

        st.pop();
        input_string.erase(0, 1);
    }
    else if(!isupper(st.top())) {
        cout<<"[!] Unmatched terminal found\n";
        accepted = false;
        break;
    }
    else {
        char stack_top = st.top();
        int row = distance(non_terms.begin(), non_terms.find(stack_top));
        int col = distance(terms.begin(), terms.find(input_string[0]));
        int prod_num = parse_table[row][col];

        if(prod_num == -1) {
            cout<<"[!] No production found in parse table\n";
            accepted = false;
            break;
        }

        st.pop();
        string rhs = gram[prod_num].second;
        if(rhs[0] == 'e') {
            continue;
        }
        for(auto ch = rhs.rbegin(); ch != rhs.rend(); ++ch) {
            st.push(*ch);
        }
    }
}

if(accepted) {
    cout<<"[+] Input string: \""<<input_string_2<<"\" is Accepted\n";
}
else {
    cout<<"[+] Input string is Rejected\n";
}
}
else{
    cout<<"[!] Conflict in parse table entries"<<endl;
    cout<<"[+] Grammar is not LL1..."<<endl;
}

return 0;
}

void find_first(vector< pair<char, string> > gram,
    map< char, set<char> > &firsts,
    char non_term) {

```

```

// cout<<"Finding firsts of "<<non_term<<"\n";

for(auto it = gram.begin(); it != gram.end(); ++it) {
    // Find productions of the non terminal
    if(it->first != non_term) {
        continue;
    }

    // cout<<"Processing production "<<it->first<<"->"<<it->second<<"\n";

    string rhs = it->second;
    // Loop till a non terminal or no epsilon variable found
    for(auto ch = rhs.begin(); ch != rhs.end(); ++ch) {
        // If first char in production a non term, add it to firsts list
        if(!isupper(*ch)) {
            firsts[non_term].insert(*ch);
            break;
        }
        else {
            // If char in prod is non terminal and whose firsts has no yet
            // Find first for that non terminal
            if(firsts[*ch].empty()) {
                find_first(gram, firsts, *ch);
            }
            // If variable doesn't have epsilon, stop loop
            if(firsts[*ch].find('e') == firsts[*ch].end()) {
                firsts[non_term].insert(firsts[*ch].begin(),
firsts[*ch].end());
                break;
            }

            set<char> firsts_copy(firsts[*ch].begin(), firsts[*ch].end());

            // Remove epsilon from firsts if not the last variable
            if(ch + 1 != rhs.end()) {
                firsts_copy.erase('e');
            }

            // Append firsts of that variable
            firsts[non_term].insert(firsts_copy.begin(),
firsts_copy.end());
        }
    }
}

```

```

void find_follow(vector< pair<char, string> > gram,
    map< char, set<char> > &follows,
    map< char, set<char> > firsts,
    char non_term) {

    // cout<<"Finding follow of "<<non_term<<"\n";

    for(auto it = gram.begin(); it != gram.end(); ++it) {

        // finished is true when finding follow from this production is complete
        bool finished = true;
        auto ch = it->second.begin();

        // Skip variables till reqd non terminal
        for(;ch != it->second.end() ; ++ch) {
            if(*ch == non_term) {
                finished = false;
                break;
            }
        }
        ++ch;

        for(;ch != it->second.end() && !finished; ++ch) {
            // If non terminal, just append to follow
            if(!isupper(*ch)) {
                follows[non_term].insert(*ch);
                finished = true;
                break;
            }

            set<char> firsts_copy(firsts[*ch]);
            // If char's firsts doesnt have epsilon follow search is over
            if(firsts_copy.find('ε') == firsts_copy.end()) {
                follows[non_term].insert(firsts_copy.begin(),
firsts_copy.end());
                finished = true;
                break;
            }
            // Else next char has to be checked after appending firsts to follow
            firsts_copy.erase('ε');
            follows[non_term].insert(firsts_copy.begin(), firsts_copy.end());
        }

        // If end of production, follow same as follow of variable
        if(ch == it->second.end() && !finished) {
            // Find follow if it doesn't have
            if(follows[it->first].empty()) {

```



```
        find_follow(gram, follows, firsts, it->first);
    }
    follows[non_term].insert(follows[it->first].begin(), follows[it-
>first].end());
    }

}

/*
0). input.txt

    S->(L)
    S->a
    L->S
    L->L,S

    Output: Not LL(1)

1). input1.txt

    S->F
    S->(S+F)
    F->a

    Output: LL(1)

2). input2.txt

    S->AB
    A->a
    A->e
    B->b
    B->e

    Output: LL(1)
*/
```

Output:

```
(base) PS D:\DLP_lab\Practical_11> g++ .\LL1.cpp
(base) PS D:\DLP_lab\Practical_11> .\a.exe .\input.txt a
[+] Grammar parsed from grammar file:
[!] Here 'e' for epsilon, $ used as end of string and any other symbol treated as terminals.
[!] Here Capital letters used for Not terminal/Variable.
[!] If find any mistake according to this then exit and modify grammar and rerun it.

[0]. S -> (L)
[1]. S -> a
[2]. L -> S
[3]. L -> L,S

[+] The non terminals in the grammar are: L S
[+] The terminals in the grammar are: $ ( ) , a

[+] Firsts list:
L : ( a
S : ( a

[+] Follows list:
L : ) ,
S : $ ) ,

[!] Collision at [0][1] for production 3
[!] Collision at [0][4] for production 3
[+] Parsing Table:
    $ ( ) , a
L - 2 - - 2
S - 0 - - 1

[!] Conflict in parse table entries
[+] Grammar is not LL1...
```

```
(base) PS D:\DLP_lab\Practical_11> .\a.exe .\input1.txt a
[+] Grammar parsed from grammar file:
[!] Here 'e' for epsilon, $ used as end of string and any other symbol treated as terminals.
[!] Here Capital letters used for Not terminal/Variable.
[!] If find any mistake according to this then exit and modify grammar and rerun it.

[0]. S -> F
[1]. S -> (S+F)
[2]. F -> a

[+] The non terminals in the grammar are: F S
[+] The terminals in the grammar are: $ ( ) + a

[+] Firsts list:
F : a
S : ( a

[+] Follows list:
F : $ ) +
S : $ +

[+] Parsing Table:
    $ ( ) + a
F - - - - 2
S - 1 - - 0

[+] Grammar is LL1...
[+] Input string: "a" is Accepted
```

Conclusion: From this practical I have learnt about how to generate parse table for given grammar and decide whether given grammar is LL1 or not.