(i)

-AP19110010319

CSE-F

```
Hindude estdio.h=
It include < malloc.h >
#include <stdlib.h>
 Struct node {
    int value;
     Struct node *next;
   3>
    void insert ();
     void display ();
      void delete();
       int count();
       typedef structuode DATA_NODE;
      DATA-NODE head_node, + first_node, * temp- node = 0, *prev- node,
                                                next - node;
       int data;
        int main() {
            int option=0;
           printf("Singly Linked Listin");
          while (option < 5) {
            printf ("InOptionsIn"),
            Printf("1: Insert into linked list \n");
            printf("2: Delete from linked list In");
            Printf (" 3: Display Linkedlist \");
            printf("4: count linked list In");
            printf("Others: Exit() \n");
            printf("Enter your option:");
            Scant (" Y.d", & option);
```

```
Switch (option) {
  casel.
     insert();
     break;
   Case 2:
     delete();
     break;
   Case 3.
     display();
      break;
   case 4:
      count ();
     break;
    default:
      break,
   return D',
    void insert() {
       printf("In Enter Element for linked l'ut: In");
        Scanf ("Y.d", &dota);
        temp_node = (DATA-NODE*) malloc (size of (DATA-NODE));
        temp-no de -> value = data;
        it (tirst-node == 0) {
           first-node= temp-node;
         else {
        head-node -> next = temp-node;
       temp-node-)next=0;
```

```
head-node = temp-node,
 fflush(stdin);
voiddelete() {
    int countvalue, pos, i=0;
     countvalue= count();
     temp-node = first-node;
      printf ("In D's playing Linked List: \n");
      printf("in Enter position for delete element; in");
      Scanf ("1.d", & pos);
      if (poszo & & posc = count value) {
          if (pos==1) {
               temp_node=temp_node->next;
                First_node = temp-node;
                Printf (" In Deleted Successfully \n");
            eher
             while(temp-node!=0) {
                if ( i== pos-1)}
                  Prev-node-> next= temp-node->next;
                 4
              if ( i== count value-1))
                    head-node=prev-node;
                Y
                prints ("Deleted Successfully In")
                 breat;
              esser
                  シャナン
```

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prev-node = temp-node;
  -temp- node = temp- node-) next;
3 chel
   Printf (" In Invalid Position (");
 3
void display. (). {
int count=0}
 temp-node: first-node;
 printf("In Display linked list: \n");
  while (temp-node !=0) {
      Printf(").d F", temp node->value);
       6unt+t)
       temp-node = temp-node -> next;
    printf ("In No of itemy in linked list. Y. d \n", count);
   Z
   int count () {
      int count=0;
      temp-node = temp-nodes men First-node;
        while (temp-vodel = 0) {
            Count ++')
           temp-node = temp-node -> next
         3
```

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```
( \otimes )
  # include < Stdio. h>
  #include < stalibh>
   Struct Node
      int data;
       Struct Node Vnext;
    4;
    void printlist (Struct Node + head)
    £
        Struct Node * ptr=head;
         while (ptr)
         { printf("1.d->", ptr->data);
           Pts= pts->next;
          printf ("Null In");
     void push (struct Node * head, intdata)
         struct Node* new Node= (struct Node*) malloc(size of (struct Node));
        newNode->data=data;
         new Node → next: * head)
         + head = new node;
       Y
```

printf ("In No. of items intinted list: -/d in", count);

return count;

```
Struct Node shuffle Merge (struct Node a, Struct Node b)
2
     Struct No de dummy;
     Struct Node * tail = &dummy;
      dummy next = NULL;
       while(1)
         if (a == NULL)
             tail > next= b;
              break;
          ewelf (b==NULL)
             tail-snext=a;
              break;
            else
              -tail-snext=a;
               tail=a)
               a: a-snext;
               tail-snext=b;
              ta:1 = 6,
               6: 63 next)
         return dummy next;
```

```
int main (void)
    int Keys []= {1,2,3,4,5,6,7};
    int n=size of (keys) / size of (keys(o));
      Struct Node ta: NULL, Nb=NULL;
      for (int i= n-1; i >= 0; i= i-a) }
          push (&a, Keys ('i]);
       1
      for (int i=n-a; i==0; i=i-a) {
           push (&b, Keys (i]);
       3
      Printel" First Ligt:");
       printlist(a);
       printf("second L'st");
        printlust (b);
        struct Node + head = ShuffleMeage (a, b);
         printf("After Meage");
         printly+ (head );
          returno;
```

```
3. # include astdio. h>
    int top: -1;
     intxi
     Cha stack (100);
      voidpush(intx);
      char pop ();
       int main () $
         int i,n, a, t, K, f, sum=0, count=1;
         Printf(" Enter the numbers of elements in the Stack");
          scarf (" /.d", &n);
          for (1=0; icn; i++) {
              printf(" Enter next element");
              Scanf("1.d', &a);
              push (a);
           printfl" Entuthe sum to be checked");
            scanf ("Y.d", & K);
             tor(i=0; icn;i++)
                t=pop();
                Sumf=+;
               Count +=1;
               if (sum == K) {
                  for (intj=0) jccount; j++)
                   Printf("Y.d", stack(i));
                  f=1;
                  break,
              push(t);
```

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```
if(f1=#1) {
  printf("The elements in the stack donot addupto sumy);
void push (intx)
   if (top ==99)
      printf (" w stack "> Full (");
      re turn;
      top= top+1;
       Stack [top] = x;
       3
        Char pop()
       if (stack (top)==-1)

{
printf("(nStack 'SEMPTY 'M");
           returno)
        4
       X= Stack [top];
        top= top-1;
           returnx;
        4
```

```
#include a Statio. h>
 # define SIZE 10
  void insert (int);
   void delete();
    intqueue[10], f=-1, Y=-1;
     Void main (){
       int value, choice;
       while (1) {
        Printf("In Menu In");
          Printfl" 1. Injection In 2. Deletion In 3. Printreverse In
                   4. Print alternative In S. Exit"
           Printfl" In Enter your choice");
           scanf("xd", & choice);
            Switch(Choice) {
              Case 1: printf("Enter the value to be insert:");
               Scarf ("Y.d, & value);
               insert (Value);
                break;
              Cose 2'.
                   delete();
                   break,
              Gye 3:
                  print+("The Yerused queue is:");
                  for(inti= SIZE) 17=0;1--)
                     if (queue[i]==0)
                       continue;
```

printf ("/d", queue (i));

3

```
break;
Cose 4;
   printf("Alternate elements of the queue one: ");
   for (int i=0; icsze; ;+=2)
        ie ( queue [i] = = 0)
            Continue;
             print + (" / d", queue (i]);
       break;
Cases; exit(0);
 de fault: printf("in wrong selection");
 43
 voidingert (int value) f
      if (( f == 0 & & 8 == SIZE -1) || f == Y+1)
          printf("In Queve's full injection not possible");
        else {
        78( f==-1)
         f= 0,
          Y= (X+1) 7. SIZE)
           queue (v]=value;
           Printf("In Insection success");
       43
    void delete (12
      if (f==-1)
        Printf("In Queue's Empty deletion not possible");
     elsef
```

```
Printf("In peletediy.d", queve [f]);

f = (f+1) y SIZE;

if (f==x)

f: y=-1;
```

1) Difference between Array and linked list the major difference between Array and linked list regards to their Structure. Arrays are index based data structure where each element associated with an index. On the other hand, linked list relies on references where each index. On the other hand, linked list relies on references where each hade consusts of the data and the references to the previous and node consusts of the data and the references to the previous and next element.

```
# include < stdia h>

# include < stdia h>

Struct Node {

int data;

Struct Node* next;

y

void printList (struct Node* head)

{

Struct Node* ptr = head;

while (ptr)

{

printf ("'.d->", ptr >data);

ptr = ptr > Mext;

q
```

```
Printf("Null M");
Void push (Struct Node ** head, intdata)
     Struct Node to new Node = (struct Node *) *malloc (size of (struct Node));
      new Node -> data = data;
      newNode-snext = * head;
      A head = hew Node.
   b
   Void Move Node (Struct Node* * dest Ref, Struct Node* * Som certef).
   E
       if ( Source Ref == NULL)
             return;
         Struct* Node * ne vNode = * source Ref;
         - Source Ret = ( Source Cef) - snext,
          newNode -> next = *destRef;
           * dest Ref = new Node;
        2
      int main (void)
          int regs[)= {12,34%;
         int n= size of keys / size of (keys [o]);
          Struct Node + a = NULL;
          for (inti=n-1; i==0; i--)
               push (&a, keys (id))
```

struct Node & b = NULL;

for linti=0; icn; i+t)

push (& b; & * keys [i]);

Move Node (& a, & b);

printf ("First Cust:");

print Lust (a);

print Lust (a);

print Lust (b);

returno;