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und Latein Dozent: Jonathan Geiger

Lexikalisch-Funktionale Grammatik und Latein

am Beispiel von Partizipialkonstruktionen

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1 Einleitung

1.1 Einschränkungen

1.1.1 PC

$(\uparrow \text{SUBJ KNG}) = (\uparrow \text{KNG})$

$(\uparrow \text{SUBJ}) = ((\text{ADJ} \uparrow) \text{GF})$

$(\text{SUBJ XADJ}) \in (\uparrow \text{S})$

$\text{XADJ (KNG)} = \text{SUBJ XADJ (KNG)}$

1.1.2 PC (objektabhängig

1.1.3 Abl. abs.

$\text{XADJ (KNG)} = \text{SUBJ XADJ (KNG)} = \text{abl}$

$\neg (\uparrow \text{SUBJ}) = ((\text{ADJ} \uparrow) \text{GF})$

d.h. Subjekt des Abl. abs. darf eigentlich keine Rolle im übergeordneten Satz spielen;
nur bei AcI geht das

$(\uparrow \text{REL TENSE (ADJ)}) \neq \text{future}$

$\neg (\downarrow \text{PRED}) = (\uparrow \text{GF PRED})$

1.1.4 AcP

$(\uparrow \text{XCOMP}) = \downarrow$

$(\downarrow \text{SUBJ CASE}) = \text{acc}$

$(\downarrow \text{CASE}) = \text{acc}$

$(\uparrow \text{XCOMP SUBJ}) = (\uparrow \text{OBJ})$

$(\uparrow \text{XCOMP MOOD}) = \text{part}$

$\neg (\uparrow \text{XCOMP REL TENSE}) = \text{future}$

$\text{VERB TYPE} = \text{verb of perception} \mid \text{'facere'} \mid \text{'inducere'}$

1.2 Lexikoneinträge

1.2.1 PC objektabhängig

| | | | |
|----------------|----------------------------|---|--|
| missum: | (1) (\uparrow PRED) | = | ‘mitto’ \langle SUBJ, OBJ, OBL _{GOAL} \rangle |
| | (2) (\uparrow SUBJ) | = | ((XADJ \uparrow)OBJ) |
| | (3) (\uparrow MOOD) | = | part) |
| | (4) (\uparrow PASSIVE) | = | + |
| | (5) (\uparrow RELTENSE) | = | past |
| | (6) {(\uparrow GEN) | = | m |
| | (6.1) (\uparrow CASE) | = | acc } |
| | (6.2) (\uparrow GEN) | = | n } |
| | (6.3) (\uparrow CASE) | = | nom |
| | (6.3) (\uparrow CASE) | = | acc } } |
| | (7) (\uparrow NUM) | = | sg |

$$((XADJ\uparrow)OBJ) = (\uparrow SUBJ)$$

1.2.2 PC subjektabhängig

| | | | |
|---------------|----------------------------|---|--|
| missi: | (1) (\uparrow PRED) | = | ‘mitto’ \langle SUBJ, OBJ, OBL _{GOAL} \rangle |
| | (2) (\uparrow SUBJ) | = | ((XADJ \uparrow)SUBJ) (?) |
| | (3) (\uparrow MOOD) | = | part) |
| | (4) (\uparrow PASSIVE) | = | + |
| | (5) (\uparrow RELTENSE) | = | past |
| | (6) {(\uparrow NUM) | = | pl |
| | (6.1) (\uparrow CASE) | = | nom |
| | (6.2) (\uparrow GEN) | = | m |
| | (6.3) (\uparrow NUM) | = | sg |
| | (6.4) (\uparrow CASE) | = | gen |
| | (6.5) (\uparrow GEN) | = | m n } } |

1.2.3 Abl. abs.

| | | | |
|----------------|----------------------------|---|---|
| victis: | (1) (\uparrow PRED) | = | ‘vinco’ \langle SUBJ, OBJ, OBL _{LOC} \rangle |
| | (2) (\uparrow MOOD) | = | part |
| | (3) (\uparrow PASSIVE) | = | + |
| | (4) (\uparrow RELTENSE) | = | past |
| | (5) {(\uparrow CASE) | = | dat abl } |
| | (6) (\uparrow NUM) | = | pl |
| | (7) {(\uparrow GEN) | = | m f n } |

1.2.4 AcP

| | | | |
|------------------|----------------------------|---|--|
| iacentem: | (1) (\uparrow PRED) | = | 'iaceo' \langle SUBJ, OBL _{LOC} \rangle |
| | (2) (\uparrow MOOD) | = | part |
| | (3) (\uparrow PASSIVE) | = | - |
| | (4) (\uparrow RELTENSE) | = | present |
| | (5) (\uparrow CASE) | = | acc |
| | (7) (\uparrow NUM) | = | sg |
| | (6) { (\uparrow GEN) | = | m f } |

induco: \langle SUBJ, OBJ, COMP \rangle

(\uparrow COMP SUBJ) = 'pro'

(\uparrow COMP SUBJ KNG) = (\uparrow OBJ KNG)

ORDER

induco: \langle SUBJ, OBJ, XCOMP \rangle

(\uparrow XCOMP SUBJ) = (\uparrow OBJ)

(\uparrow OBJ CASE) = acc

1.2.5 PC (substantiviert)

Variante 1: XADJ:

(\downarrow SUBJ) = ((OBJ \uparrow)XADJ) = das Subjekt der untergeordneten Struktur ist das Objekt der dem XADJ übergeordneten Struktur (welches fehlt).

1.3 Zeichen

θ

|
 \neq
 \in
 \ni
 \vdash
 \subset
 $*$
 \neg

1.4 Syntaxregeln

$S \rightarrow NP \ VP \ XP$

1.4.1 PC objektabhängig

$S \rightarrow NP \ VP \ V$

| | | | | | |
|-----------|---------------|--|---|--|-------------------------------------|
| S | \rightarrow | NP (\uparrow OBJ) = \downarrow | VP $\downarrow \in (\uparrow$ XADJ) | NP (\uparrow SUBJ) = \downarrow | V $\uparrow = \downarrow$ |
| NP | \rightarrow | N $\uparrow = \downarrow$ | | | |
| VP | \rightarrow | V' $\uparrow = \downarrow$ | | | |
| V' | \rightarrow | PP (\uparrow OBL _{GOAL}) = \downarrow | V $\uparrow = \downarrow$ | | |
| PP | \rightarrow | P' $\uparrow = \downarrow$ | | | |
| P' | \rightarrow | P $\uparrow = \downarrow$ | NP (\uparrow OBJ) = \downarrow | | |
| NP | \rightarrow | N $\uparrow = \downarrow$ | | | |

1.4.2 PC attributiv

$S \rightarrow NP \ VP \ V$

| | | | |
|-----------|---|---|-------------------------|
| S | → | NP (↑OBJ) = ↓ | V ↑ = ↓ |
| NP | → | N ↑ = ↓ | |
| VP | → | V' ↑ = ↓ | |
| V' | → | PP (↑OBL _{LOC}) = ↓ | V ↑ = ↓ |
| PP | → | P' ↑ = ↓ | |
| P' | → | P ↑ = ↓ | NP (↑OBJ) = ↓ |
| NP | → | N ↑ = ↓ | |

1.4.3 Abl. abs.

$S_{\text{part}} \rightarrow \text{NP } V'$

$S \rightarrow \text{NP } \text{VP } V$

| | | | | |
|-------------------------|---|---|----------------------------|-------------------|
| S_{fin} | → | S_{part} ↓ ∈ (↑ADJ) | NP(1) (↑OBJ) = ↓ | V ↑ = ↓ |
| S_{part} | → | NP(2) (↑SUBJ) = ↓ | V' ↑ = ↓ | |
| NP(2) | → | N ↑ = ↓ | | |
| V' | → | PP (↑OBL _{LOC}) = ↓ | V ↑ = ↓ | |
| PP | → | P' ↑ = ↓ | | |
| P' | → | P ↑ = ↓ | NP(3) (↑OBJ) = ↓ | |
| NP(3) | → | N ↑ = ↓ | | |
| NP(1) | → | N ↑ = ↓ | | |

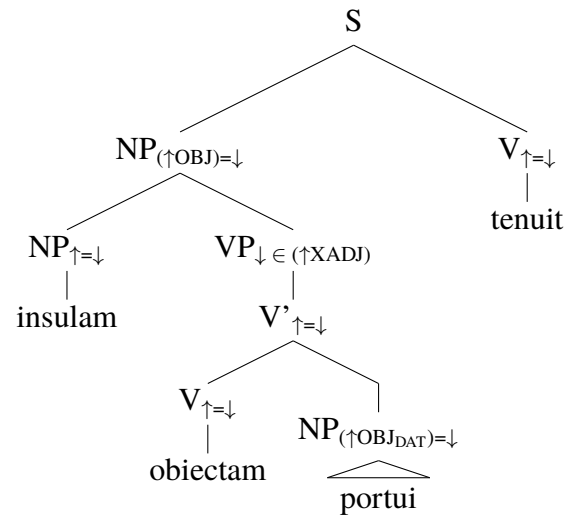
1.4.4 AcP

$S \rightarrow NP \ VP \ V$

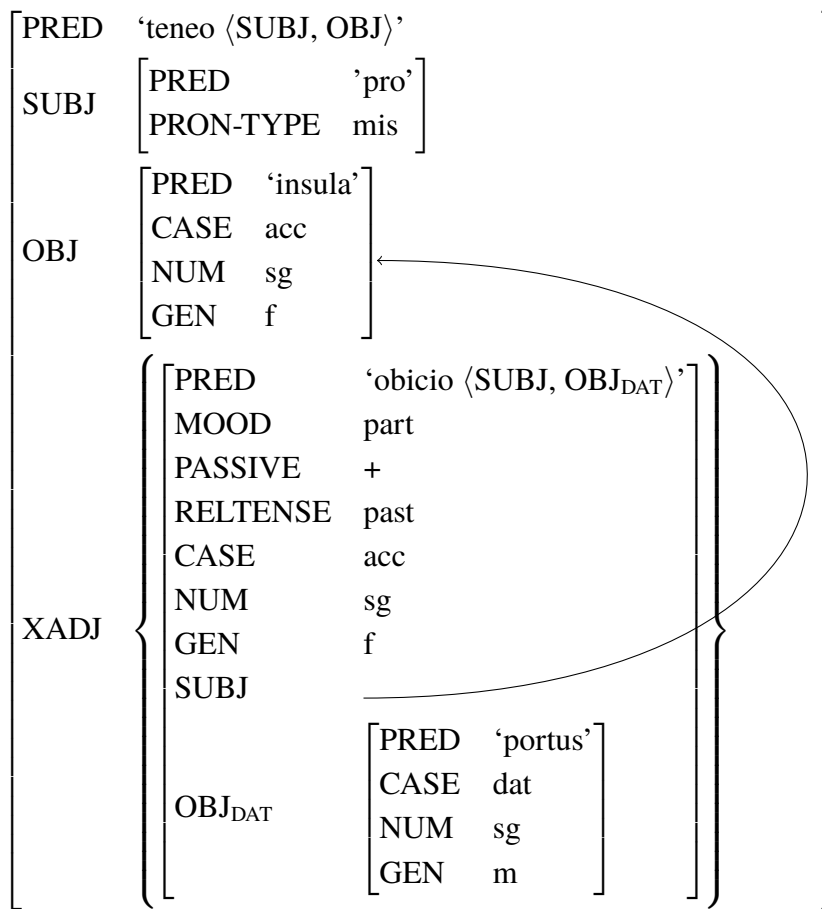
(↑OBJ) = ↓

| | | | | |
|-----------|---|---|--------------------------|-------------------|
| S | → | NP (↑OBJ) = ↓ | VP (↑COMP) = ↓ | V ↑ = ↓ |
| NP | → | N ↑ = ↓ | | |
| VP | → | V' ↑ = ↓ | | |
| V' | → | PP (↑OBL _{LOC}) = ↓ | V ↑ = ↓ | |
| PP | → | P' ↑ = ↓ | | |
| P' | → | P ↑ = ↓ | NP (↑OBJ) = ↓ | |
| NP | → | N ↑ = ↓ | | |

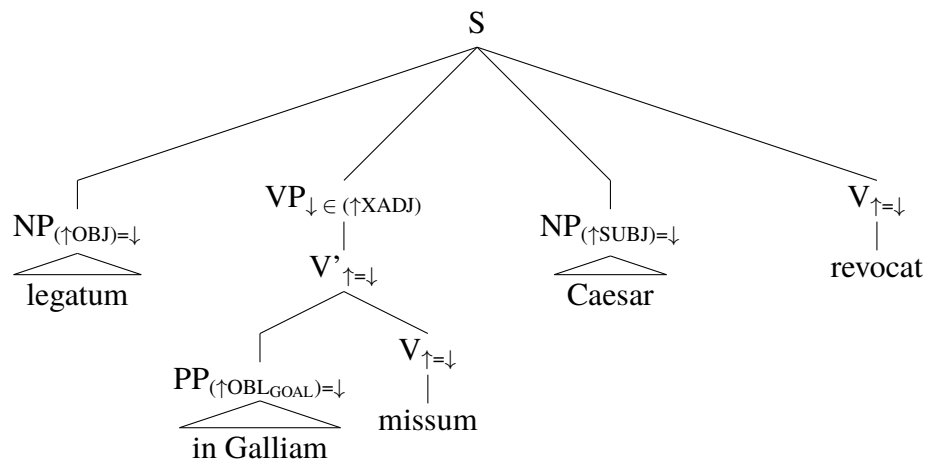
2 PARTICIPIUM CONJUNCTUM (attributiv)



2.1 f-Struktur PC (attributiv)



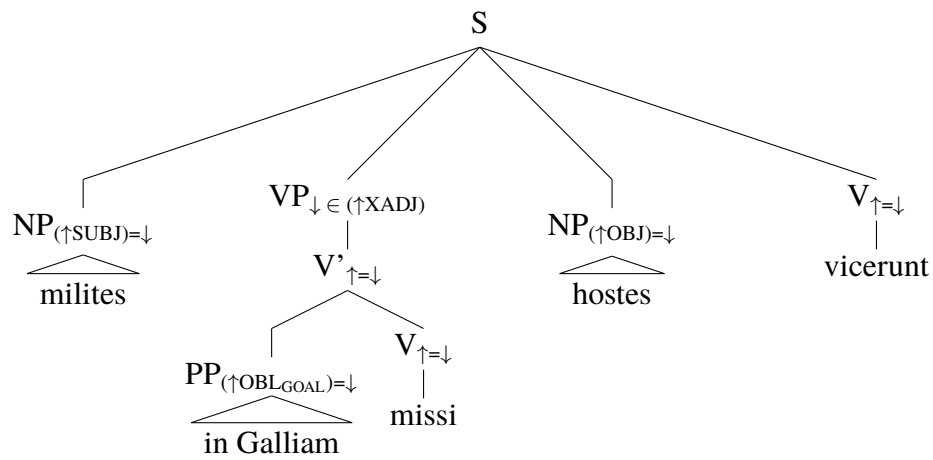
3 PARTICIPIUM CONJUNCTUM (objektabhängig)



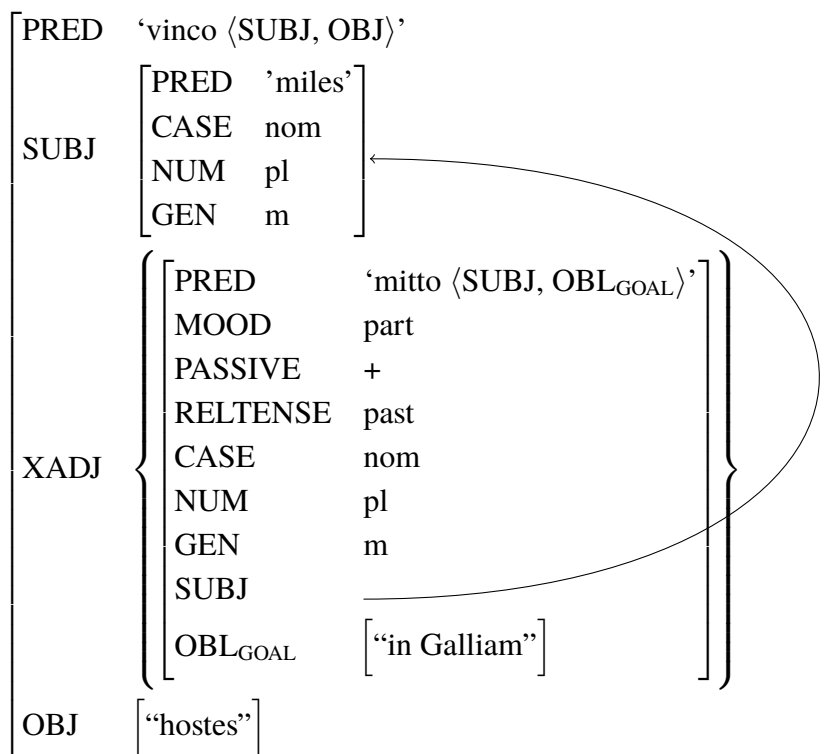
3.1 f-Struktur PC (objektabhängig)

| | | |
|---------|---|----------------|
| PRED | 'revoco <SUBJ, OBJ>' | |
| SUBJ | PRED | 'Caesar' |
| | CASE | nom |
| | NUM | sg |
| | GEN | m |
| OBJ | PRED | 'legatus' |
| | CASE | acc |
| | NUM | sg |
| | GEN | m |
| XADJ | <div> <div> <div>PRED</div> <div>'mitto <SUBJ, OBL_{GOAL}>'</div> </div> <div> <div>MOOD</div> <div>part</div> </div> <div> <div>PASSIVE</div> <div>+</div> </div> <div> <div>RELTENSE</div> <div>past</div> </div> <div> <div>CASE</div> <div>acc</div> </div> <div> <div>NUM</div> <div>sg</div> </div> <div> <div>GEN</div> <div>m</div> </div> </div> | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | SUBJ | |
| | OBL _{GOAL} | ["in scholam"] |
| TENSE | present | |
| NUM | sg | |
| PERS | 3 | |
| PASSIVE | - | |
| MODE | ind | |

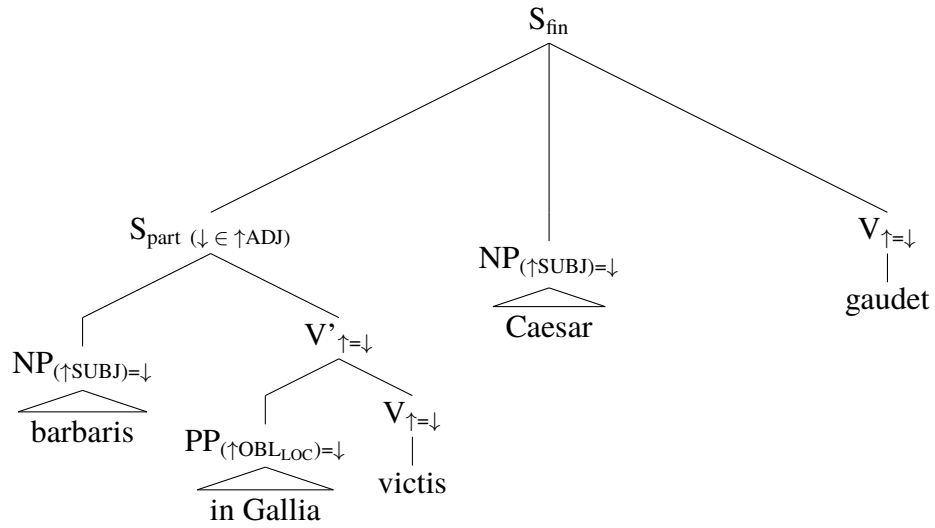
4 PARTICIPIUM CONJUNCTUM (subjektabhängig)



4.1 f-Struktur PC (subjektabhängig)



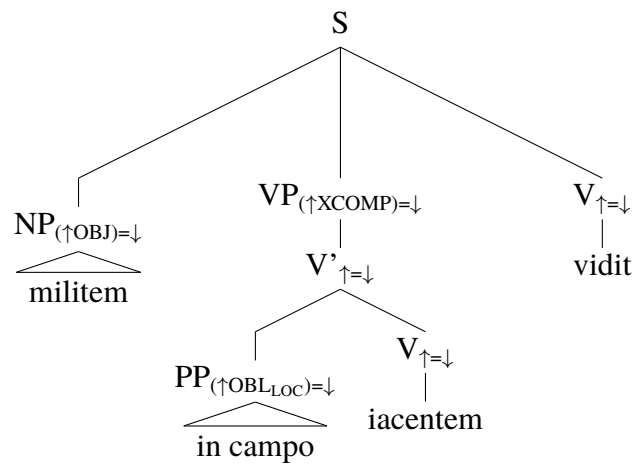
5 Abl. abs.



5.1 f-Struktur Abl. abs.

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|-----------------|--|--|-------------------------------------|------------|------|------|-----|---------|-----|----|----------|------|---|------|-----|--|-----|----|--|-----|---|--|------|--|------|------------|--|------|-----|--|-----|----|--|-----|---|--|--------------------|---------------|--|
| PRED | 'gaudeo <SUBJ>' | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SUBJ | ["Caesar"] | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ADJ | { | <table> <tr> <td>PRED</td> <td colspan="2">'vinco <SUBJ, OBL_{LOC}>'</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MOOD</td> <td colspan="2">part</td> </tr> <tr> <td>PASSIVE</td> <td colspan="2">+</td> </tr> <tr> <td>RELTENSE</td> <td colspan="2">past</td> </tr> <tr> <td>CASE</td> <td colspan="2">abl</td> </tr> <tr> <td>NUM</td> <td colspan="2">pl</td> </tr> <tr> <td>GEN</td> <td colspan="2">m</td> </tr> <tr> <td>SUBJ</td> <td> <table> <tr> <td>PRED</td> <td colspan="2">'barbarus'</td> </tr> <tr> <td>CASE</td> <td colspan="2">abl</td> </tr> <tr> <td>NUM</td> <td colspan="2">pl</td> </tr> <tr> <td>GEN</td> <td colspan="2">m</td> </tr> </table> </td> </tr> <tr> <td>OBL_{LOC}</td> <td colspan="2">["in Gallia"]</td> </tr> </table> | PRED | 'vinco <SUBJ, OBL _{LOC} >' | | MOOD | part | | PASSIVE | + | | RELTENSE | past | | CASE | abl | | NUM | pl | | GEN | m | | SUBJ | <table> <tr> <td>PRED</td> <td colspan="2">'barbarus'</td> </tr> <tr> <td>CASE</td> <td colspan="2">abl</td> </tr> <tr> <td>NUM</td> <td colspan="2">pl</td> </tr> <tr> <td>GEN</td> <td colspan="2">m</td> </tr> </table> | PRED | 'barbarus' | | CASE | abl | | NUM | pl | | GEN | m | | OBL _{LOC} | ["in Gallia"] | |
| | | PRED | 'vinco <SUBJ, OBL _{LOC} >' | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | MOOD | part | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | PASSIVE | + | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | RELTENSE | past | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | CASE | abl | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | NUM | pl | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | GEN | m | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | SUBJ | <table> <tr> <td>PRED</td> <td colspan="2">'barbarus'</td> </tr> <tr> <td>CASE</td> <td colspan="2">abl</td> </tr> <tr> <td>NUM</td> <td colspan="2">pl</td> </tr> <tr> <td>GEN</td> <td colspan="2">m</td> </tr> </table> | PRED | 'barbarus' | | CASE | abl | | NUM | pl | | GEN | m | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | PRED | 'barbarus' | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CASE | abl | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NUM | pl | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GEN | m | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| OBL _{LOC} | ["in Gallia"] | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

6 AcP - Accusativus cum Participio

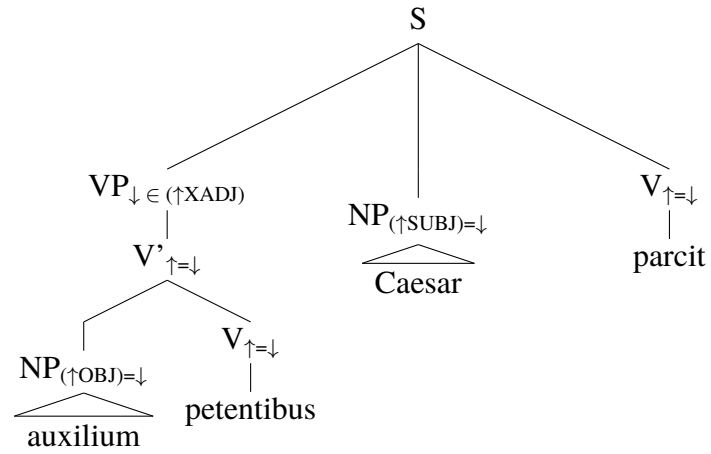


6.1 f-Struktur AcP

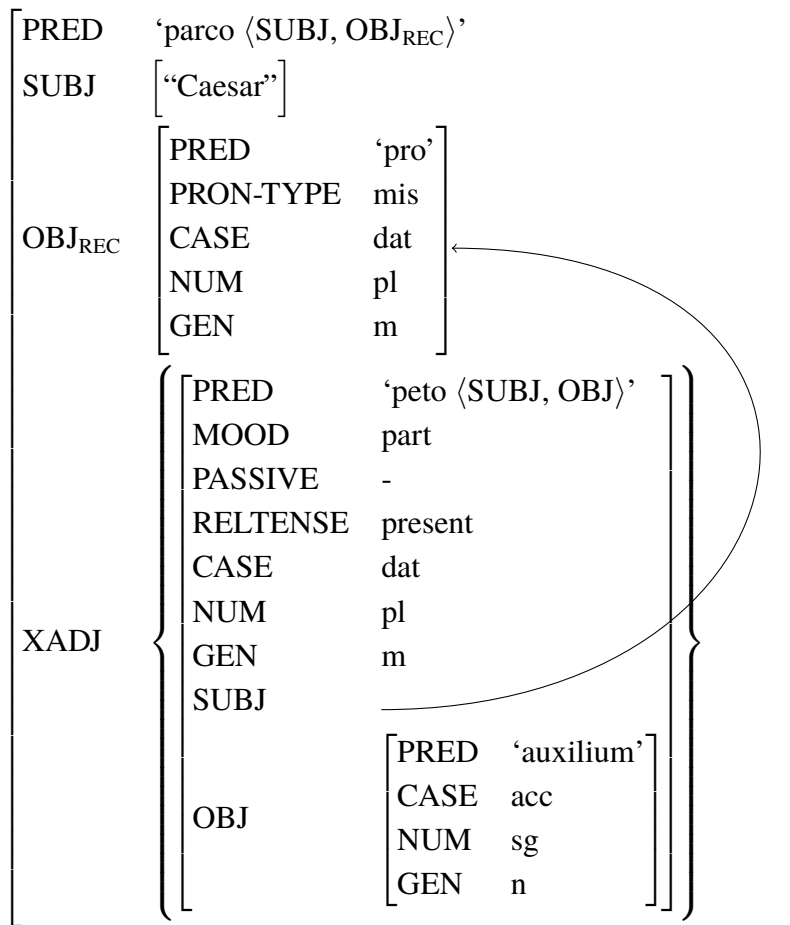
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|--|------|-------------------------------------|-----------|------|---------|----|----------|---------|------|-----|-----|----|-----|---|------|--|--------------------|--------------|
| PRED | 'video ⟨SUBJ, OBJ, XCOMP⟩' | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SUBJ | <table> <tr> <td>PRED</td><td>'pro'</td></tr> <tr> <td>PRON-TYPE</td><td>mis</td></tr> </table> | PRED | 'pro' | PRON-TYPE | mis | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PRED | 'pro' | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PRON-TYPE | mis | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| OBJ | <table> <tr> <td>PRED</td><td>'miles'</td></tr> <tr> <td>CASE</td><td>acc</td></tr> <tr> <td>NUM</td><td>sg</td></tr> <tr> <td>GEN</td><td>m</td></tr> </table> | PRED | 'miles' | CASE | acc | NUM | sg | GEN | m | | | | | | | | | | |
| PRED | 'miles' | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CASE | acc | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NUM | sg | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GEN | m | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| XCOMP | <table> <tr> <td>PRED</td><td>'iaceo ⟨SUBJ, OBL_{LOC}⟩'</td></tr> <tr> <td>MOOD</td><td>part</td></tr> <tr> <td>PASSIVE</td><td>-</td></tr> <tr> <td>RELTENSE</td><td>present</td></tr> <tr> <td>CASE</td><td>acc</td></tr> <tr> <td>NUM</td><td>sg</td></tr> <tr> <td>GEN</td><td>m</td></tr> <tr> <td>SUBJ</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>OBL_{LOC}</td><td>["in campo"]</td></tr> </table> | PRED | 'iaceo ⟨SUBJ, OBL _{LOC} ⟩' | MOOD | part | PASSIVE | - | RELTENSE | present | CASE | acc | NUM | sg | GEN | m | SUBJ | | OBL _{LOC} | ["in campo"] |
| PRED | 'iaceo ⟨SUBJ, OBL _{LOC} ⟩' | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MOOD | part | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PASSIVE | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| RELTENSE | present | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CASE | acc | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NUM | sg | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GEN | m | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SUBJ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| OBL _{LOC} | ["in campo"] | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

7 PARTICIPIUM CONJUNCTUM (substantiviert)

7.1 Variante 1: XADJ

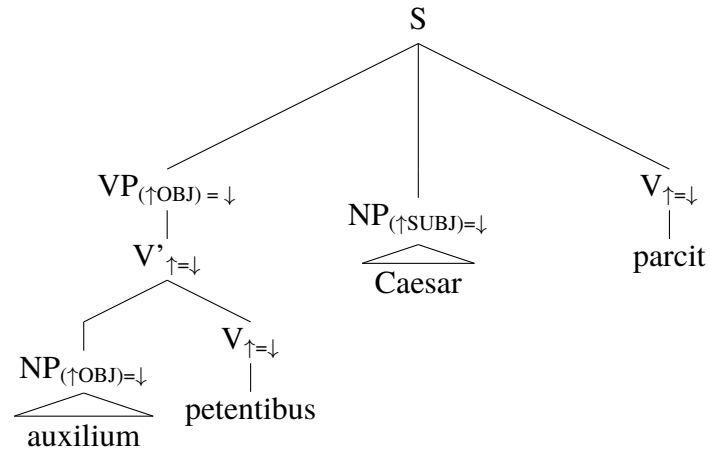


7.1.1 f-Struktur PC (substantiviert)



8 PARTICIPIUM CONJUNCTUM (substantiviert)

8.1 Variante 2: OBJ

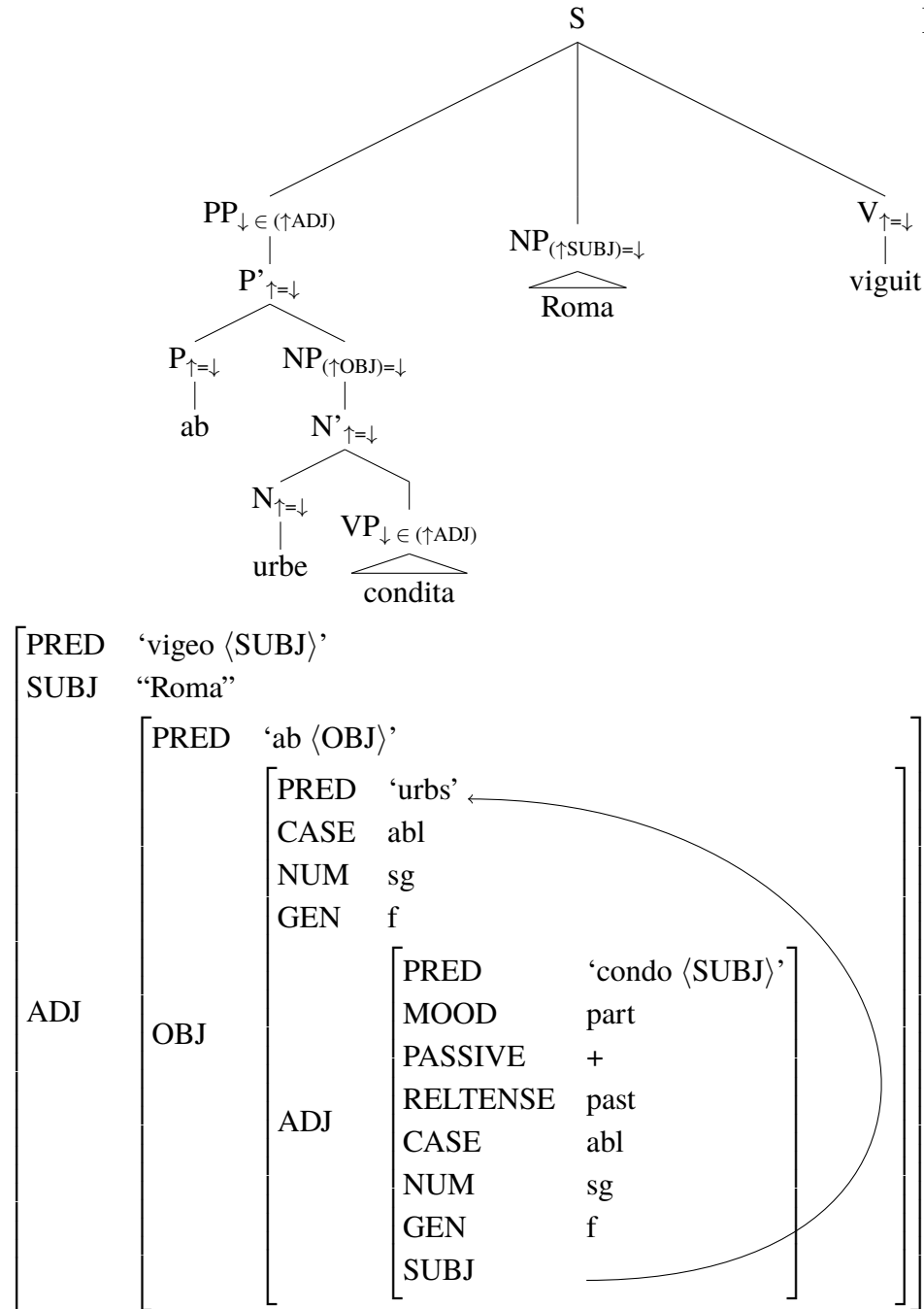


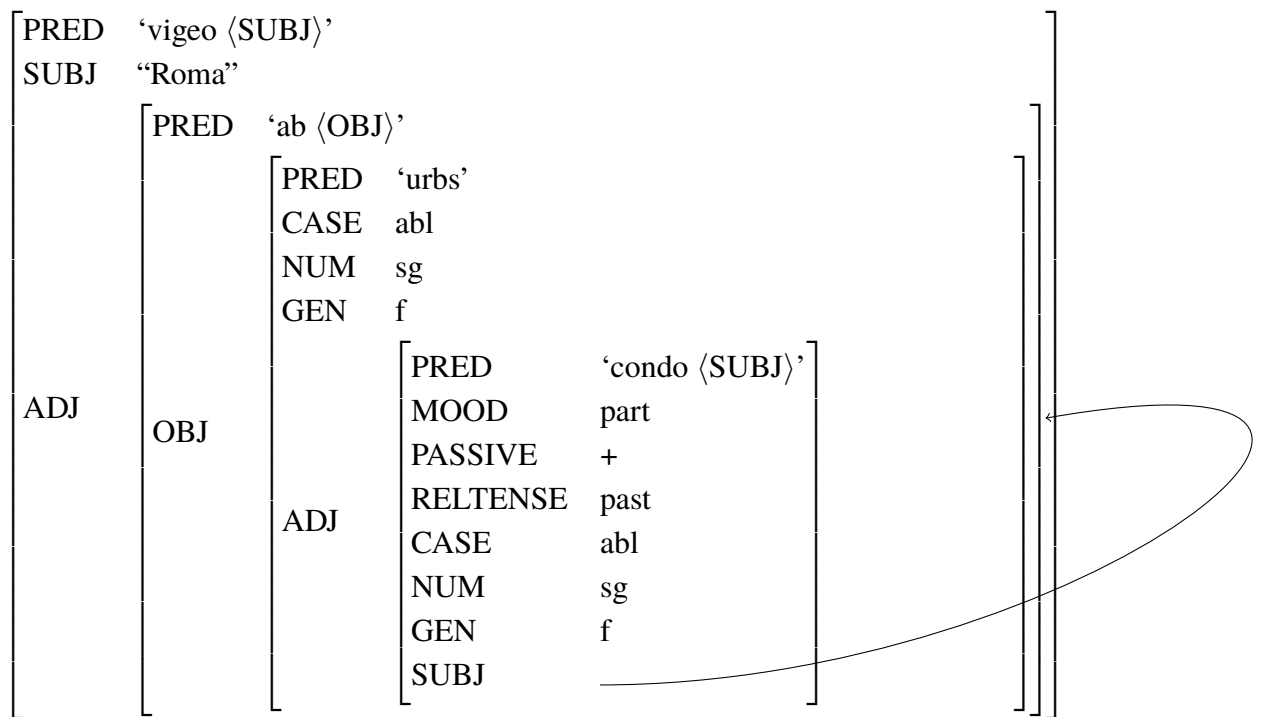
8.1.1 f-Struktur PC (substantiviert)

| | | | | |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|------------|--|
| PRED | ‘parco ⟨SUBJ, OBJ _{REC} ⟩’ | | | |
| SUBJ | [“Caesar”] | | | |
| OBJ _{REC} | PRED | ‘peto ⟨SUBJ, OBJ⟩’ | | |
| | MOOD | part | | |
| | PASSIVE | - | | |
| | RELTENSE | present | | |
| | CASE | dat | | |
| | NUM | pl | | |
| | GEN | m | | |
| | SUBJ | PRED | ‘pro’ | |
| | | PRON-TYPE | mis | |
| | | CASE | dat | |
| | | NUM | pl | |
| | | GEN | m | |
| | OBJ | PRED | ‘auxilium’ | |
| | | CASE | acc | |
| | | NUM | sg | |
| GEN | | n | | |

9 dominantes Partizip

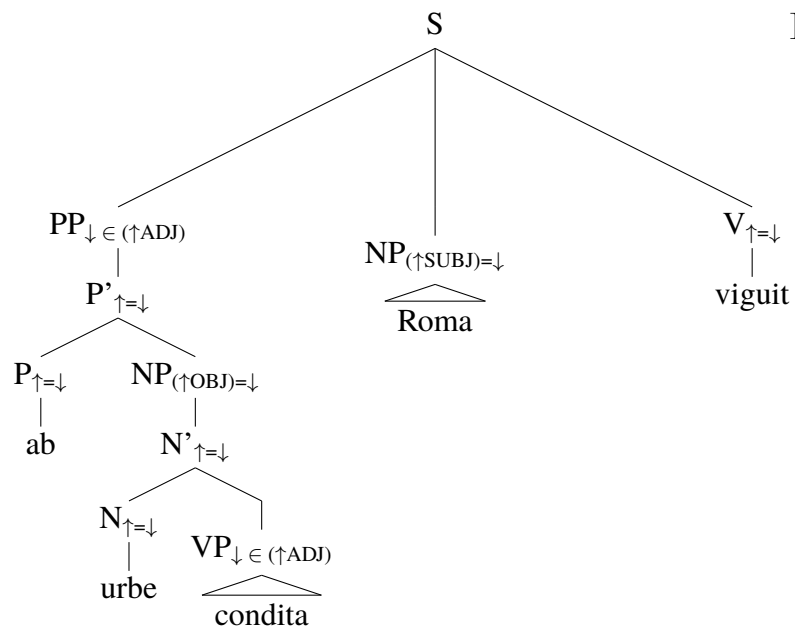
9.1 dom Part - Geigers Variante 1





ich kapiert nicht, wo genau der Pfeil hingehen soll... entweder auf urbs, aber dann wär er mitten in der box, oder auf die ganze OBJ-Box... ?

9.2 dom Part - Geigers Variante 2 (findet er besser)



| | | | |
|-----|------|----------------|----------------|
| ADJ | PRED | 'vigeo <SUBJ>' | |
| | SUBJ | "Roma" | |
| | OBJ | PRED | 'ab <OBJ>' |
| | | PRED | 'condo <SUBJ>' |
| | | MOOD | part |
| | | PASSIVE | + |
| | | RELTENSE | past |
| | | CASE | abl |
| | | NUM | sg |
| | | GEN | f |
| | | SUBJ | PRED 'urbs' |
| | | | CASE abl |
| | | | NUM sg |
| | | | GEN f |

9.3 dom Part - meine Variante 1

9.4 dom Part - meine Variante 2

10 Die Textstelle Sen. *epist.* 72.7-8 und deren Übersetzung

Dicam quomodo intellegas sanum: si se ipse contentus est, si confidit sibi, si scit omnia vota mortalium, omnia beneficia quae dantur petunturque, nullum in beata vita habere momentum. Nam cui aliquid accedere potest, id imperfectum est; cui aliquid abscedere potest, id inperpetuum
5 est: cuius perpetua futura laetitia est, is suo gaudeat. Omnia autem quibus vulgus inhiat ultro citroque fluunt: nihil dat fortuna mancipio. Sed haec quoque fortuita tunc delectant cum illa ratio temperavit ac miscuit: haec est quae etiam externa commendet, quorum avidis usus ingratus est. Solebat Attalus hac imagine uti: 'vidisti aliquando canem missa a
10 domino frustra panis aut carnis aperto ore captantem? quidquid excepit protinus integrum devorat et semper ad spem venturi hiat. Idem evenit nobis: quidquid expectantibus fortuna proiecit, id sine ulla voluptate demittimus statim, ad rapinam alterius erecti et attoniti.' Hoc sapienti non evenit: plenus est; etiam si quid obvenit, secure excipit ac reponit; laetitia
15 fruitur maxima, continua, sua.¹

Referenz auf Abbildung ??!

¹Die Textstelle sowie der textkritische Apparat wurden entnommen aus Reynolds (1965, S. 219-20), die Zeilenangaben wurden jedoch der Einfachheit halber geändert. Auch alle übrigen verwendeten lateinischen Zitate aus den *epistulae morales* entstammen Reynolds (1965).

Literaturverzeichnis

Textausgaben und Kommentare

Sekundärliteratur

Online Ressourcen