CSS Briefing

總分 0/0

Lets explore CSS

電子郵件 * stellachiuau@gmail.com	
✓ The font-weight property will adjust which of the following? *	
 The spacing between letters. How transparent text appears. How thin or thick text appears. How small or large text appears. 	✓
建議 Correct! font-weight sets the thickness of letters in text.	

★ The font-weight property will adjust which of the following? *
The spacing between letters.
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O How thin or thick text appears.
O How small or large text appears.
正確答案
How thin or thick text appears.
✓ Separating HTML and CSS into their own files helps accomplish which of the * following?
More specific CSS selectors.
Separating HTML structure from CSS style makes the code in both languages easier to read and maintain.
Enhances webpage load time.
Better-looking CSS styles.
建議
Correct!

✓ The following HTML code attempts to use inline styling to change the color * of the paragraph text, but fails to do so. Why? I am learning to code!
The value of the color attribute must be changed to style: red;.
The color red should be set to Red instead.
A <style> tag must be used to add styles to HTML.</td></tr><tr><td>The color attribute is invalid. It should be changed to style and then set equal to color: red;: .</td></tr><tr><td>建議 〇 〇 Correct! The style attribute is used to add inline styles to HTML elements.</td></tr><tr><td>✓ What does the font-family property control? *</td></tr><tr><td>It defines and creates a new font.</td></tr><tr><td>The typeface used by the element.</td></tr><tr><td>It allows you to group all the fonts you use in your stylesheet into a family.</td></tr><tr><td>建議 ⑤ font-family allows you to apply a typeface to a particular selector.</td></tr></tbody></table></style>

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To link a specific stylesheet file to an HTML file so that the styles get applied on the page.
To make sure that all links are styled correctly on the page.
To make sure that your inline styles are applied correctly.
To determine the specificity of CSS rules.
建議 Correct! <link/> is used to connect stylesheets to HTML files.
✓ Which of the following is a correct CSS declaration? *
color": green
ocolor: green;
olor = green;
of font green
建議 Correct! Properties and values are separated by a colon (:), and declarations should end with a semicolon (;).

✓ Which of the following will set an element's background to an image? *	
background-image: url("image.jpg");background-image: url = "image.jpg";	~
background-image: "image.jpg";	
background.image = url("image.jpg");	
建議 〇 Correct! The background-image takes a url() with an image path.	
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✓ What is the most specific selector in the code below? * p { } #side-bar { } .main-content { } .main-content p { } .main-content #side-bar .main-content p 建議 Correct! ID selectors with # are more specific than any selector only using element type and/or class selectors.

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✓ What will the color of the links be after applying the CSS below? * body { color: green; .main-content a { color: blue; a { color: red !important; Black Blue Green Red 建議 Correct! The !important rule will override the other color declarations.

✓	What is the main difference between inline styles and the <style> tag? *</th></tr><tr><th>0</th><th>Inline styles allow you to write CSS in a separate file, whereas the <style> tag embeds CSS directly within HTML opening tags.</th></tr><tr><th>0</th><th>There is no difference between inline styles and the <style> tag.</th></tr><tr><th>0</th><th>The <style> tag allow you to write CSS in a separate file, whereas inline styles embed CSS directly within HTML opening tags.</th></tr><tr><th>•</th><th>Inline styles directly modify individual HTML elements using a style attribute, whereas the <style> tag allows you to write CSS in a dedicated section of the HTML file.</th></tr><tr><th></th><th></th></tr><tr><th>建</th><th>議 記載</th></tr><tr><th>Co</th><th>prrect</th></tr><tr><th></th><th></th></tr></tbody></table></style>
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這份表單是在 Sacred Heart International College 中建立。

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