## **Bank Database**

### **Question:**

(Week 3&4)

Create the above tables by properly specifying the primary keys and the foreign keys.

Enter at least five tuples for each relation.

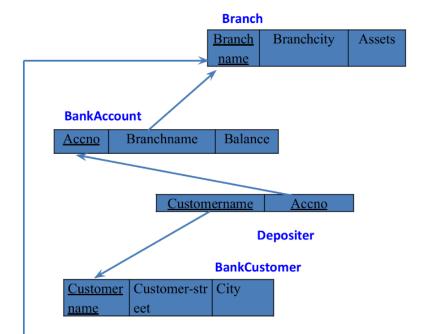
Display the branch name and assets from all branches in lakhs of rupees and rename

The assets column to 'assets in lakhs'.

Find all the customers who have at least two accounts at the same branch (ex.SBI residencyroad).

Create a view which gives each branch the sum of the amount of all the loans at the branch.

### Schema Diagram



#### **CREATE DATABASE**

create database bhoomi\_cs065; use bhoomi\_cs065;

#### **CREATE TABLES**

create table branch (
branchname varchar(50),
branchcity varchar(50),
assests int,
primary key (branchname));
create table bankcustomer(
customername varchar(50),
customer\_street varchar(50),
city varchar(50),

primary key(customername));

create table bankaccount (
accno int,
branchname varchar(50),
balance int,
primary key (accno),

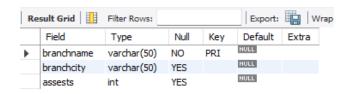
foreign key (branchname) references branch (branchname));

create table depositer(
customername varchar(50),
accno int,
primary key (customername, accno),
foreign key (customername) references bankcustomer(customername),
foreign key (accno) references bankaccount(accno));

create table loan(
loannumber int,
branchname varchar(50),
amount int,
primary key (loannumber),
foreign key (branchname) references branch (branchname));

#### STRUCTURE OF TABLE

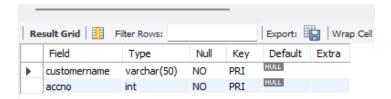
#### desc branch;



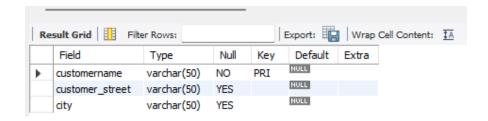
#### desc bankaccount;



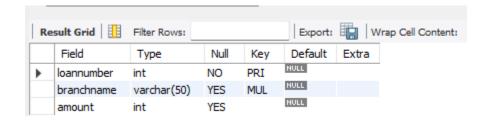
desc depositer;



desc bankcustomer;



#### desc loan;



#### INSERTING VALUES INTO THE TABLE

insert into branch

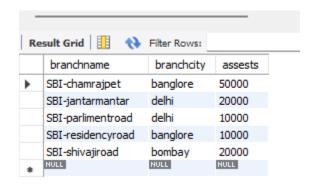
values('SBI-chamrajpet', 'banglore', 50000),

('SBI-residencyroad', 'banglore', 10000),

('SBI-shivajiroad', 'bombay', 20000),

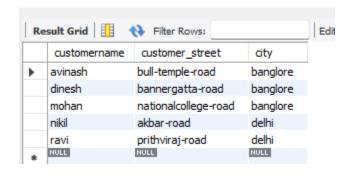
('SBI-parlimentroad', 'delhi', 10000),

('SBI-jantarmantar', 'delhi', 20000);



insert into bankcustomer

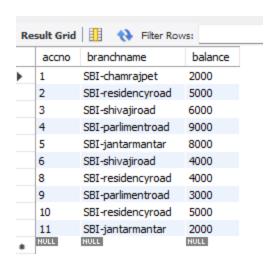
values('avinash','bull-temple-road','banglore'),
('dinesh','bannergatta-road','banglore'),
('mohan','nationalcollege-road','banglore'),
('nikil','akbar-road','delhi'),
('ravi','prithviraj-road','delhi');



insert into bankaccount

values(1,'SBI-chamrajpet',2000),

- (2,'SBI-residencyroad',5000),
- (3,'SBI-shivajiroad',6000),
- (4,'SBI-parlimentroad',9000),
- (5,'SBI-jantarmantar',8000),
- (6, 'SBI-shivajiroad', 4000),
- (8,'SBI-residencyroad',4000),
- (9,'SBI-parlimentroad',3000),
- (10, 'SBI-residencyroad', 5000),
- (11,'SBI-jantarmantar',2000);



insert into depositer

values('avinash',1),

('dinesh',2),

('nikil',4),

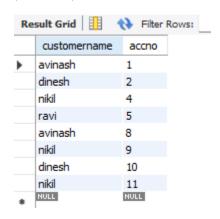
('ravi',5),

('avinash',8),

('nikil',9),

('dinesh',10),

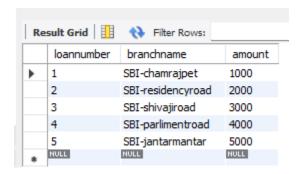
('nikil',11);



insert into loan

values(1, 'SBI-chamrajpet', 1000),

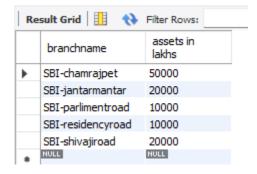
- (2,'SBI-residencyroad',2000),
- (3,'SBI-shivajiroad',3000),
- (4,'SBI-parlimentroad',4000),
- (5,'SBI-jantarmantar',5000);



#### **QUERIES**

1. Display the branch name and assets from all branches in lakhs of rupees and rename the assets column to 'assets in lakhs'.

select branchname, assests as 'assets in lakhs' from branch;



2. Find all the customers who have at least two accounts at the same branch (ex.SBI\_ResidencyRoad).

select d.customername

from bankaccount b, depositer d

where b.accno=d.accno and branchname='SBI-residencyroad'

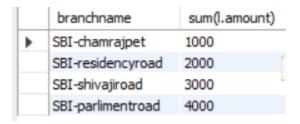
group by customername

having count(\*)>=2;



## 3. Create a view which gives each branch the sum of the amount of all the loans at the branch.

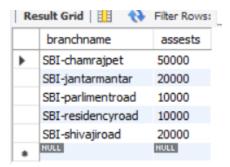
create view loan\_info as select b.branchname, sum(l.amount) from branch b, loan l where b.branchname=l.branchname group by l.branchname; select \* from loan info;



Week - 04 - Additional queries

#### 4. Retrieve all branches and their respective total assets

select branchname, assests from branch;

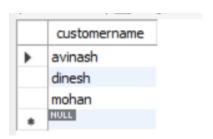


#### 5. List all customers who live in a particular city

select customername

from bankcustomer

where city='banglore';



#### 6. List all customers with their account numbers

select customername, accno

from depositer;

	customername	accno
<b>•</b>	avinash	1
	dinesh	2
	nikil	4
	ravi	5
	avinash	8
	nikil	9
	dinesh	10
	nikil	11
	NULL	NULL

# 7. Find all the customers who have an account at all the branches located in a specific city (Ex. Delhi).

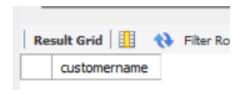
select c.customername

from bankcustomer c, depositer d, bankaccount a, branch b

where c.customername=d.customername and d.accno=a.accno and a.branchname=b.branchname and b.branchname=all(select b.branchname

### from branch b

where b.branchcity='delhi');

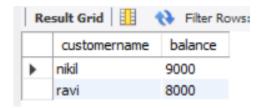


# 8. Find all customers who have accounts with a balance greater than a specified amount (5000)

select c.customername, b.balance

from bankcustomer c, bankaccount b, depositer d

where d.accno=b.accno and c.customername=d.customername and b.balance>5000;

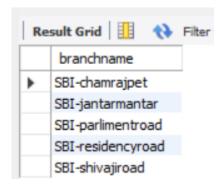


#### 9. List all branch who have both a loan and an account

select distinct(b.branchname)

from branch b, bankaccount a, loan l

where b. branchname=a.branchname and b.branchname=l.branchname;



#### 10. Get the number of accounts held at each branch

select branchname , count(\*)

from bankaccount

group by branchname;



#### 11. Find all branches that have no loans issued

select b.branchname

from branch b

where b.branchname not in(select branchname

from loan);



#### 12. Retrieve the branch with the smallest total loan amount

select branchname ,min(amount) from loan group by branchname order by min(amount) limit 1;

