



INTRODUCTION TO COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS **(CT216)**

Matlab code and Results :

Lab Group - 2 : Project Group - 2

Prof. Yash Vasavada

Mentor TA : Shrey Andhariya

TOPIC : CONVOLUTIONAL CODING

Group Members :

- 1) Janavi Ramani - 202201158**
- 2) Shyam Ghetiya - 202201161**
- 3) Nishil Patel - 202201166**
- 4) Tathya Prajapati - 202201170**
- 5) Sunil Rathva - 202201177**
- 6) Vedant Savani - 202201178**
- 7) Nitin Kanzariya - 202201181**
- 8) Akshat Joshi - 202201185**
- 9) Bansi Patel - 202201190**
- 10) Bhoomish Patel - 202201414**

Honor code :

- The work that we are presenting is our own work.
- We have not copied the work (the code, the results, etc.) that someone else has done.
- Concepts, understanding and insights we will be describing are our own.
- We make this pledge truthfully.
- We know that violation of this solemn pledge can carry grave consequences.

```

EbNodB = 0:0.5:10;
R = 1/3;
k =1;
n =3;
kc = 4;
practical_error = zeros(1,length(EbNodB));
theoratical_error = zeros(1,length(EbNodB));
soft_error=zeros(1,length(EbNodB));
idx =1;
idx2=1;
N = 2500;
for j=EbNodB
    EbNo = 10^(j/10);
    sigma = sqrt (1/(2*R*EbNo));
    BER_th = 0.5*erfc(sqrt(EbNo));
    Nerrs = 0;
    Nerr_soft=0;
    for i = 1 : N
        msg = randi ([0 1],1,100); %generate random message
        msg=[msg zeros(1,kc-1)];
        encoded_array=encoding(kc,[11 13 15],msg);
        modulated_message=modulator(encoded_array,sigma);
        demodualted_message=modulated_message<0;
        decoded_message=decoding(kc,[11 13 15],demodualted_message);
        soft_decoded_message=decoding_soft(kc,[11 13 15],modulated_message);
        Nerr_soft=Nerr_soft+sum(soft_decoded_message~=msg);
        Nerrs=Nerrs+sum(msg ~= decoded_message);
    end
    j
    soft_error(idx)=(Nerr_soft)/(N*length(msg));
    practical_error(idx) = (Nerrs/(N*length(msg)));
    theoratical_error(idx2) = theoratical_error(idx2)+BER_th;
    idx = idx+1;
    idx2 = idx2+1;
end
end

```

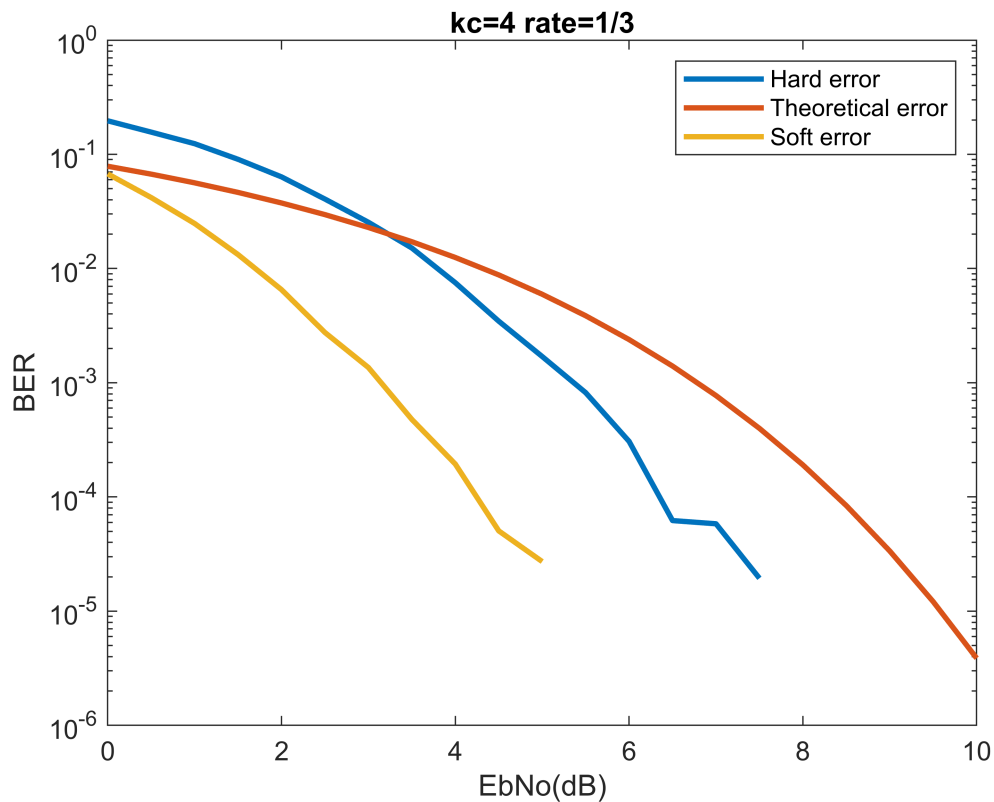
```

j = 0
j = 0.5000
j = 1
j = 1.5000
j = 2
j = 2.5000
j = 3
j = 3.5000
j = 4
j = 4.5000
j = 5
j = 5.5000
j = 6
j = 6.5000
j = 7
j = 7.5000
j = 8
j = 8.5000

```

```
j = 9
j = 9.5000
j = 10
```

```
semilogy(EbNodB,practical_error,'LineWidth',2.0);
hold on;
semilogy(EbNodB,theoretical_error,'LineWidth',2.0);
semilogy(EbNodB,soft_error,'LineWidth',2.0);
legend('Hard error','Theoretical error','Soft error');
title('kc=4 rate=1/3');
%xlim([0 1]);
xlabel('EbNo(dB)');
ylabel('BER');
hold off;
```



```
function ans = encoding(kc, generation_polynomials, inp)
n = length(generation_polynomials);
ans = [];
regval = 0;
for i = 1:length(inp)
curbit = inp(i);
regval = bitor(bitshift(regval, -1), bitshift(curbit, (kc - 1)));
for j = 1:n
cur_poly = generation_polynomials(j);
output = 0;
p=dec2bin(cur_poly,kc);
```

```

p=fliplr(p)-'0';
rv=dec2bin(regval,kc)-'0';
output=0;
for k=1:kc
output=xor(output,(p(k) & rv(k)));
end
ans = [ans, output];
end
end
end
function ans = decoding_soft(kc, generation_polynomials, inp)
ns = bitshift(1, (kc-1));
n = length(generation_polynomials);
mtr = ones(floor(length(inp)/n) + 1, ns) * 1e9;
previous_states = cell(floor(length(inp)/n) + 1, 1);
for i = 1:length(previous_states)
previous_states{i} = cell(ns, 1);
for j = 1:ns
previous_states{i}{j} = {1e9, 1e9};
end
end
idx = 0;
for t = 1:(length(inp)/n)
for st = 0:ns-1
if (t == 1) && (st == 0)
mtr(t, st+1) = 0;
end
for input_bits = 0:1
curstate = st;
next_state = bitor(bitshift(curstate, -1),(input_bits * bitshift(1, (kc-2))));
euclidian_distance = 0;
for i = 1:n
output = 0;
poly = generation_polynomials(i);
regvalue = bitor(curstate, bitshift(input_bits, (kc-1)));
for k = 0:(kc-1)
output = bitxor(output, bitand(bitshift(poly, -k), 1) & bitand(bitshift(regvalue,
-(kc-k-1)), 1));
end
output=1-2*output;
euclidian_distance=euclidian_distance+(abs(output-inp(idx+i))*abs(output-
inp(idx+i)));
end
euclidian=sqrt(euclidian_distance);
a = mtr(t+1, next_state+1);
b = mtr(t, curstate+1);
if a > b + euclidian_distance
mtr(t+1, next_state+1) = b + euclidian_distance;
previous_states{t+1}{next_state+1} = {curstate,input_bits};
end
end

```

```

end
end
idx = idx + n;
end
ans = [];
temp = previous_states{(length(inp)/n)+1}{1};
ans = [temp{2} ans];
cur = (length(inp)/n);
while cur > 1
temp = previous_states{cur}{temp{1}+1};
ans = [temp{2} ans];
cur = cur - 1;
end
end
function ans = decoding(kc, generation_polynomials, inp)
ns = bitshift(1, (kc-1));
n = length(generation_polynomials);
mtr = ones(floor(length(inp)/n) + 1, ns) * 1e9;
previous_states = cell(floor(length(inp)/n) + 1, 1);
for i = 1:length(previous_states)
previous_states{i} = cell(ns, 1);
for j = 1:ns
previous_states{i}{j} = {1e9, 1e9};
end
end
idx = 0;
for t = 1:(length(inp)/n)
for st = 0:ns-1
if (t == 1) && (st == 0)
mtr(t, st+1) = 0;
end
for input_bits = 0:1
curstate = st;
next_state = bitor(bitshift(curstate, -1), (input_bits * bitshift(1, (kc-2))));
hamming_distance = 0;
for i = 1:n
output = 0;
poly = generation_polynomials(i);
regvalue = bitor(curstate, bitshift(input_bits, (kc-1)));
for k = 0:(kc-1)
output = bitxor(output, bitand(bitshift(poly, -k), 1) & bitand(bitshift(regvalue,
-(kc-k-1)), 1));
end
if output ~= inp(idx+i)
hamming_distance = hamming_distance + 1;
end
end
a = mtr(t+1, next_state+1);
b = mtr(t, curstate+1);
if a > b + hamming_distance

```

```

mtr(t+1, next_state+1) = b + hamming_distance;
previous_states{t+1}{next_state+1} = {curstate,input_bits};
end
end
end
idx = idx + n;
end
ans = [];
temp = previous_states{(length(inp)/n)+1}{1};
ans = [temp{2} ans];
cur = (length(inp)/n);
while cur >1
temp = previous_states{cur}{temp{1}+1};
ans = [temp{2} ans];
cur = cur - 1;
end
end
function modulated_op = modulator(encoded_message,sigma)
s = 1 - 2 * encoded_message; % BPSK modulation
modulated_op= s + sigma * randn(1, length(encoded_message));
end

```