# USING GITHUB CODES & JAVA PROGRAMS CODE INSPECTION, DEBUGGING & STATIC ANALYSIS TOOL

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# [i]CODE INSPECTION: First 400 loc-

```
#include "network.h"
#include <cstdlib>
#include <fstream>
#include <iostream>
#include <memory>
#include <optional>
#include <type traits>
#include <vector>
#include "../evaluate.h"
#include "../incbin/incbin.h"
#include "../memory.h"
#include "../misc.h"
#include "../position.h"
#include "../types.h"
#include "nnue_architecture.h"
#include "nnue common.h"
#include "nnue misc.h"
namespace {
// Macro to embed the default efficiently updatable neural network (NNUE) file
// data in the engine binary (using incbin.h, by Dale Weiler).
// This macro invocation will declare the following three variables
    const unsigned char
                           gEmbeddedNNUEData[]; // a pointer to the embedded data
    const unsigned char *const gEmbeddedNNUEEnd; // a marker to the end
    const unsigned int
                          gEmbeddedNNUESize; // the size of the embedded file
// Note that this does not work in Microsoft Visual Studio.
#if !defined( MSC VER) && !defined(NNUE EMBEDDING OFF)
INCBIN(EmbeddedNNUEBig, EvalFileDefaultNameBig);
INCBIN(EmbeddedNNUESmall, EvalFileDefaultNameSmall);
#else
const unsigned char
                       qEmbeddedNNUEBigData[1] = {0x0};
const unsigned char* const gEmbeddedNNUEBigEnd
                                                       = &gEmbeddedNNUEBigData[1];
const unsigned int
                      gEmbeddedNNUEBigSize
```

```
const unsigned char
                      gEmbeddedNNUESmallData[1] = \{0x0\};
const unsigned char* const gEmbeddedNNUESmallEnd = &gEmbeddedNNUESmallData[1];
const unsigned int
                     gEmbeddedNNUESmallSize = 1;
#endif
struct EmbeddedNNUE {
  EmbeddedNNUE(const unsigned char* embeddedData,
         const unsigned char* embeddedEnd,
         const unsigned int embeddedSize):
    data(embeddedData),
    end(embeddedEnd),
    size(embeddedSize) {}
  const unsigned char* data;
  const unsigned char* end;
  const unsigned int size;
};
using namespace Stockfish::Eval::NNUE;
EmbeddedNNUE get embedded(EmbeddedNNUEType type) {
  if (type == EmbeddedNNUEType::BIG)
    return EmbeddedNNUE(gEmbeddedNNUEBigData, gEmbeddedNNUEBigEnd,
gEmbeddedNNUEBigSize);
  else
    return EmbeddedNNUE(gEmbeddedNNUESmallData, gEmbeddedNNUESmallEnd,
gEmbeddedNNUESmallSize);
}
namespace Stockfish::Eval::NNUE {
namespace Detail {
// Read evaluation function parameters
template<typename T>
bool read_parameters(std::istream& stream, T& reference) {
  std::uint32 t header;
  header = read_little_endian<std::uint32_t>(stream);
  if (!stream || header != T::get hash value())
    return false;
```

```
return reference.read parameters(stream);
}
// Write evaluation function parameters
template<typename T>
bool write parameters(std::ostream& stream, const T& reference) {
  write_little_endian<std::uint32_t>(stream, T::get_hash_value());
  return reference.write_parameters(stream);
}
} // namespace Detail
template<typename Arch, typename Transformer>
Network<Arch, Transformer>::Network(const Network<Arch, Transformer>& other):
  evalFile(other.evalFile),
  embeddedType(other.embeddedType) {
  if (other.featureTransformer)
    featureTransformer = make unique large page<Transformer>(*other.featureTransformer);
  network = make_unique_aligned<Arch[]>(LayerStacks);
  if (!other.network)
    return;
  for (std::size_t i = 0; i < LayerStacks; ++i)
     network[i] = other.network[i];
}
template<typename Arch, typename Transformer>
Network<Arch, Transformer>&
Network<Arch, Transformer>::operator=(const Network<Arch, Transformer>& other) {
  evalFile
            = other.evalFile;
  embeddedType = other.embeddedType;
  if (other.featureTransformer)
    featureTransformer = make unique large page<Transformer>(*other.featureTransformer);
  network = make_unique_aligned<Arch[]>(LayerStacks);
  if (!other.network)
    return *this;
```

```
for (std::size t i = 0; i < LayerStacks; ++i)
     network[i] = other.network[i];
  return *this;
}
template<typename Arch, typename Transformer>
void Network<Arch, Transformer>::load(const std::string& rootDirectory, std::string evalfilePath)
{
#if defined(DEFAULT NNUE DIRECTORY)
  std::vector<std::string> dirs = {"<internal>", "", rootDirectory,
                       stringify(DEFAULT_NNUE_DIRECTORY)};
#else
  std::vector<std::string> dirs = {"<internal>", "", rootDirectory};
#endif
  if (evalfilePath.empty())
     evalfilePath = evalFile.defaultName;
  for (const auto& directory : dirs)
     if (evalFile.current != evalfilePath)
       if (directory != "<internal>")
          load user net(directory, evalfilePath);
       if (directory == "<internal>" && evalfilePath == evalFile.defaultName)
          load_internal();
  }
template<typename Arch, typename Transformer>
bool Network<Arch, Transformer>::save(const std::optional<std::string>& filename) const {
  std::string actualFilename;
  std::string msg;
  if (filename.has value())
     actualFilename = filename.value();
```

```
else
  {
    if (evalFile.current != evalFile.defaultName)
       msg = "Failed to export a net."
           "A non-embedded net can only be saved if the filename is specified";
       sync_cout << msg << sync_endl;
       return false:
    }
    actualFilename = evalFile.defaultName;
  }
  std::ofstream stream(actualFilename, std::ios_base::binary);
  bool
            saved = save(stream, evalFile.current, evalFile.netDescription);
  msg = saved ? "Network saved successfully to " + actualFilename : "Failed to export a net";
  sync cout << msg << sync endl;
  return saved;
}
template<typename Arch, typename Transformer>
NetworkOutput
Network<Arch, Transformer>::evaluate(const Position&
                                                                    pos,
                      AccumulatorCaches::Cache<FTDimensions>* cache) const {
  // We manually align the arrays on the stack because with gcc < 9.3
  // overaligning stack variables with alignas() doesn't work correctly.
  constexpr uint64_t alignment = CacheLineSize;
#if defined(ALIGNAS_ON_STACK_VARIABLES_BROKEN)
  TransformedFeatureType
   transformedFeaturesUnaligned[FeatureTransformer<FTDimensions, nullptr>::BufferSize
                     + alignment / sizeof(TransformedFeatureType)];
  auto* transformedFeatures = align_ptr_up<alignment>(&transformedFeaturesUnaligned[0]);
#else
  alignas(alignment) TransformedFeatureType
   transformedFeatures[FeatureTransformer<FTDimensions, nullptr>::BufferSize];
#endif
```

```
ASSERT ALIGNED(transformedFeatures, alignment);
                      = (pos.count<ALL PIECES>() - 1) / 4;
  const int bucket
                      = featureTransformer->transform(pos, cache, transformedFeatures,
  const auto psqt
bucket);
  const auto positional = network[bucket].propagate(transformedFeatures);
  return {static cast<Value>(psqt / OutputScale), static cast<Value>(positional / OutputScale)};
}
template<typename Arch, typename Transformer>
void Network<Arch, Transformer>::verify(std::string
                                                                        evalfilePath,
                         const std::function<void(std::string view)>& f) const {
  if (evalfilePath.empty())
     evalfilePath = evalFile.defaultName;
  if (evalFile.current != evalfilePath)
  {
     if (f)
     {
       std::string msg1 =
        "Network evaluation parameters compatible with the engine must be available.";
       std::string msg2 = "The network file " + evalfilePath + " was not loaded successfully.";
       std::string msg3 = "The UCI option EvalFile might need to specify the full path,"
                   "including the directory name, to the network file.";
       std::string msg4 = "The default net can be downloaded from: "
                   "https://tests.stockfishchess.org/api/nn/"
                  + evalFile.defaultName;
       std::string msg5 = "The engine will be terminated now.";
       std::string msg = "ERROR: " + msg1 + '\n' + "ERROR: " + msg2 + '\n' + "ERROR: " +
msg3
                 + '\n' + "ERROR: " + msg4 + '\n' + "ERROR: " + msg5 + '\n';
       f(msg);
     }
     exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
  }
  if (f)
     size t size = sizeof(*featureTransformer) + sizeof(Arch) * LayerStacks;
     f("info string NNUE evaluation using " + evalfilePath + " ("
```

```
+ std::to string(size / (1024 * 1024)) + "MiB, ("
      + std::to_string(featureTransformer->InputDimensions) + ", "
      + std::to string(network[0].TransformedFeatureDimensions) + ", "
      + std::to string(network[0].FC 0 OUTPUTS) + ", " +
std::to_string(network[0].FC_1_OUTPUTS)
      + ", 1))");
  }
}
template<typename Arch, typename Transformer>
void Network<Arch, Transformer>::hint common access(
 const Position& pos, AccumulatorCaches::Cache<FTDimensions>* cache) const {
  featureTransformer->hint_common_access(pos, cache);
}
template<typename Arch, typename Transformer>
NnueEvalTrace
Network<Arch, Transformer>::trace_evaluate(const Position&
                                                                         pos,
                         AccumulatorCaches::Cache<FTDimensions>* cache) const {
  // We manually align the arrays on the stack because with gcc < 9.3
  // overaligning stack variables with alignas() doesn't work correctly.
  constexpr uint64 t alignment = CacheLineSize;
#if defined(ALIGNAS_ON_STACK_VARIABLES_BROKEN)
  TransformedFeatureType
   transformedFeaturesUnaligned[FeatureTransformer<FTDimensions, nullptr>::BufferSize
                     + alignment / sizeof(TransformedFeatureType)];
  auto* transformedFeatures = align_ptr_up<alignment>(&transformedFeaturesUnaligned[0]);
#else
  alignas(alignment) TransformedFeatureType
   transformedFeatures[FeatureTransformer<FTDimensions, nullptr>::BufferSize];
#endif
  ASSERT ALIGNED(transformedFeatures, alignment);
  NnueEvalTrace t{}:
  t.correctBucket = (pos.count<ALL_PIECES>() - 1) / 4;
  for (IndexType bucket = 0; bucket < LayerStacks; ++bucket)
  {
    const auto materialist =
      featureTransformer->transform(pos, cache, transformedFeatures, bucket);
    const auto positional = network[bucket].propagate(transformedFeatures);
```

```
t.psqt[bucket]
                      = static_cast<Value>(materialist / OutputScale);
     t.positional[bucket] = static cast<Value>(positional / OutputScale);
  }
  return t;
}
template<typename Arch, typename Transformer>
void Network<Arch, Transformer>::load_user_net(const std::string& dir,
                             const std::string& evalfilePath) {
  std::ifstream stream(dir + evalfilePath, std::ios::binary);
             description = load(stream);
  auto
  if (description.has_value())
                         = evalfilePath;
     evalFile.current
     evalFile.netDescription = description.value();
  }
}
template<typename Arch, typename Transformer>
void Network<Arch, Transformer>::load_internal() {
  // C++ way to prepare a buffer for a memory stream
  class MemoryBuffer: public std::basic_streambuf<char> {
    public:
     MemoryBuffer(char* p, size_t n) {
       setg(p, p, p + n);
       setp(p, p + n);
     }
  };
  const auto embedded = get_embedded(embeddedType);
  MemoryBuffer buffer(const_cast<char*>(reinterpret_cast<const char*>(embedded.data)),
               size t(embedded.size));
  std::istream stream(&buffer);
  auto
            description = load(stream);
  if (description.has_value())
  {
```

```
evalFile.current
                         = evalFile.defaultName:
     evalFile.netDescription = description.value();
  }
}
template<typename Arch, typename Transformer>
void Network<Arch, Transformer>::initialize() {
  featureTransformer = make unique large page<Transformer>();
                 = make unique aligned<Arch[]>(LayerStacks);
  network
}
template<typename Arch, typename Transformer>
bool Network<Arch, Transformer>::save(std::ostream&
                                                         stream,
                       const std::string& name,
                       const std::string& netDescription) const {
  if (name.empty() || name == "None")
     return false;
  return write parameters(stream, netDescription);
}
template<typename Arch, typename Transformer>
std::optional<std::string> Network<Arch, Transformer>::load(std::istream& stream) {
  initialize();
  std::string description;
  return read_parameters(stream, description) ? std::make_optional(description) : std::nullopt;
}
// Read network header
template<typename Arch, typename Transformer>
bool Network<Arch, Transformer>::read header(std::istream& stream,
                           std::uint32_t* hashValue,
                           std::string* desc) const {
  std::uint32_t version, size;
  version = read little endian<std::uint32 t>(stream);
  *hashValue = read_little_endian<std::uint32_t>(stream);
          = read little endian<std::uint32 t>(stream);
  if (!stream || version != Version)
```

```
return false:
  desc->resize(size);
  stream.read(&(*desc)[0], size);
  return !stream.fail();
}
// Write network header
template<typename Arch, typename Transformer>
bool Network<Arch, Transformer>::write header(std::ostream&
                                                                   stream,
                             std::uint32 t
                                             hashValue,
                             const std::string& desc) const {
  write little endian<std::uint32 t>(stream, Version);
  write_little_endian<std::uint32_t>(stream, hashValue);
  write little endian<std::uint32 t>(stream, std::uint32 t(desc.size()));
  stream.write(&desc[0], desc.size());
  return !stream.fail();
}
template<typename Arch, typename Transformer>
bool Network<Arch, Transformer>::read_parameters(std::istream& stream,
                               std::string& netDescription) const {
  std::uint32 t hashValue;
  if (!read_header(stream, &hashValue, &netDescription))
     return false:
  if (hashValue != Network::hash)
     return false:
  if (!Detail::read_parameters(stream, *featureTransformer))
     return false;
  for (std::size t i = 0; i < LayerStacks; ++i)
  {
     if (!Detail::read_parameters(stream, network[i]))
       return false;
  }
  return stream && stream.peek() == std::ios::traits type::eof();
}
template<typename Arch, typename Transformer>
bool Network<Arch, Transformer>::write parameters(std::ostream&
                                                                        stream,
                               const std::string& netDescription) const {
  if (!write header(stream, Network::hash, netDescription))
     return false;
```

```
if (!Detail::write_parameters(stream, *featureTransformer))
    return false;
  for (std::size t i = 0; i < LayerStacks; ++i)
    if (!Detail::write_parameters(stream, network[i]))
       return false;
  }
  return bool(stream);
}
// Explicit template instantiation
template class Network<
 NetworkArchitecture<TransformedFeatureDimensionsBig, L2Big, L3Big>,
 FeatureTransformer<TransformedFeatureDimensionsBig, &StateInfo::accumulatorBig>>;
template class Network<
 NetworkArchitecture<TransformedFeatureDimensionsSmall, L2Small, L3Small>,
 FeatureTransformer<TransformedFeatureDimensionsSmall, &StateInfo::accumulatorSmall>>;
} // namespace Stockfish::Eval::NNUE
```

## **Program Inspection:**

By reviewing the provided code, we can identify the following potential issues based on the checklist:

#### A. Data Reference Errors:

#### 1. Uninitialized Variables:

- evalFile is used in multiple places in the code (e.g., in load() and save() functions). If not initialized correctly, this could lead to errors.
- Ensure that the memory for network and featureTransformer is allocated and initialized correctly in the constructors.

## 2. Dangling Pointers:

 Be cautious with the EmbeddedNNUE struct, as it uses pointers to access memory regions like gEmbeddedNNUEBigData. These pointers must reference valid data throughout the program's execution.

#### **B. Data Declaration Errors:**

## 1. Type Confusion:

- The array gEmbeddedNNUEBigData[] is declared as unsigned char, which
  is correct for storing byte data, but ensure that other usages match this type
  correctly.
- The use of the std::size\_t type for indexing might avoid potential data type inconsistencies, but ensure this is consistent across all loops.

#### **C.** Computation Errors:

#### 1. Division Operations:

 In the function evaluate(), ensure the values divided by OutputScale don't result in floating-point inaccuracies.

## 2. Array Bound Checks:

 Ensure that the indexing into arrays (e.g., network[i]) stays within bounds for LayerStacks.

#### D. Control-Flow Errors:

## 1. Loop Termination:

 Check the for loops in load() and evaluate() to confirm they terminate as expected. The dirs loop might fail to load a file if the root directory or eval file is incorrect.

#### 2. Conditionals:

 In functions like save(), there are checks for evalFile.current != evalFile.defaultName. Ensure this condition behaves as expected, especially when handling internal/external NNUE files.

#### E. Interface Errors:

## 1. Parameter Consistency:

 The functions save() and load() take in strings, streams, and other parameters. Ensure that these are passed consistently and are of the correct types.

## **F. Input/Output Errors:**

## 1. File Handling:

 The load\_user\_net() function reads from the file system using std::ifstream. Ensure error handling for failed file reads (e.g., when the file is not found or cannot be opened).

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// A class that converts the input features of the NNUE evaluation function

#ifndef NNUE\_FEATURE\_TRANSFORMER\_H\_INCLUDED

```
#define NNUE_FEATURE_TRANSFORMER_H_INCLUDED
#include <algorithm>
#include <cassert>
#include <cstdint>
#include <cstring>
#include <iosfwd>
#include <utility>
#include "../position.h"
#include "../types.h"
#include "nnue accumulator.h"
#include "nnue architecture.h"
#include "nnue_common.h"
namespace Stockfish::Eval::NNUE {
using BiasType
                  = std::int16 t;
using WeightType
                   = std::int16 t;
using PSQTWeightType = std::int32 t;
// If vector instructions are enabled, we update and refresh the
// accumulator tile by tile such that each tile fits in the CPU's
// vector registers.
#define VECTOR
static_assert(PSQTBuckets % 8 == 0,
        "Per feature PSQT values cannot be processed at granularity lower than 8 at a time.");
#ifdef USE AVX512
using vec_t = _m512i;
using psqt vec t = m256i;
  #define vec_load(a) _mm512_load_si512(a)
  #define vec_store(a, b) _mm512_store_si512(a, b)
  #define vec_add_16(a, b) _mm512_add_epi16(a, b)
  #define vec_sub_16(a, b) _mm512_sub_epi16(a, b)
  #define vec_mulhi_16(a, b) _mm512_mulhi_epi16(a, b)
  #define vec zero() mm512 setzero epi32()
  #define vec_set_16(a) _mm512_set1_epi16(a)
  #define vec_max_16(a, b) _mm512_max_epi16(a, b)
```

#define vec\_min\_16(a, b) \_mm512\_min\_epi16(a, b) #define vec\_slli\_16(a, b) \_mm512\_slli\_epi16(a, b)

#define vec\_packus\_16(a, b) \_mm512\_packus\_epi16(a, b)

// Inverse permuted at load time

```
#define vec load psqt(a) mm256 load si256(a)
  #define vec_store_psqt(a, b) _mm256_store_si256(a, b)
  #define vec add psqt 32(a, b) mm256 add epi32(a, b)
  #define vec sub psqt 32(a, b) mm256 sub epi32(a, b)
  #define vec_zero_psqt() _mm256_setzero_si256()
  #define NumRegistersSIMD 16
  #define MaxChunkSize 64
#elif USE AVX2
using vec t = m256i;
using psqt_vec_t = m256i;
  #define vec load(a) mm256 load si256(a)
  #define vec store(a, b) mm256 store si256(a, b)
  #define vec_add_16(a, b) _mm256_add_epi16(a, b)
  #define vec sub 16(a, b) mm256 sub epi16(a, b)
  #define vec_mulhi_16(a, b) _mm256_mulhi_epi16(a, b)
  #define vec_zero() _mm256_setzero_si256()
  #define vec set 16(a) mm256 set1 epi16(a)
  #define vec_max_16(a, b) _mm256_max_epi16(a, b)
  #define vec min 16(a, b) mm256 min epi16(a, b)
  #define vec_slli_16(a, b) _mm256_slli_epi16(a, b)
  // Inverse permuted at load time
  #define vec_packus_16(a, b) _mm256_packus_epi16(a, b)
  #define vec load psqt(a) mm256 load si256(a)
  #define vec_store_psqt(a, b) _mm256_store_si256(a, b)
  #define vec add psqt 32(a, b) mm256 add epi32(a, b)
  #define vec_sub_psqt_32(a, b) _mm256_sub_epi32(a, b)
  #define vec zero psqt() mm256 setzero si256()
  #define NumRegistersSIMD 16
  #define MaxChunkSize 32
#elif USE SSE2
using vec_t = _m128i;
using psqt vec t = m128i;
  #define vec load(a) (*(a))
  #define vec store(a, b) *(a) = (b)
  #define vec_add_16(a, b) _mm_add_epi16(a, b)
  #define vec sub 16(a, b) mm sub epi16(a, b)
  #define vec_mulhi_16(a, b) _mm_mulhi_epi16(a, b)
  #define vec zero() mm setzero si128()
  #define vec set 16(a) mm set1 epi16(a)
  #define vec_max_16(a, b) _mm_max_epi16(a, b)
  #define vec min 16(a, b) mm min epi16(a, b)
  #define vec_slli_16(a, b) _mm_slli_epi16(a, b)
```

```
#define vec_packus_16(a, b) _mm_packus_epi16(a, b)
  #define vec_load_psqt(a) (*(a))
  #define vec store psqt(a, b) *(a) = (b)
  #define vec_add_psqt_32(a, b) _mm_add_epi32(a, b)
  #define vec_sub_psqt_32(a, b) _mm_sub_epi32(a, b)
  #define vec_zero_psqt() _mm_setzero_si128()
  #define NumRegistersSIMD (Is64Bit ? 16 : 8)
  #define MaxChunkSize 16
#elif USE NEON
using vec t
              = int16x8 t;
using psqt vec t = int32x4 t;
  #define vec load(a) (*(a))
  \#define vec\_store(a, b) *(a) = (b)
  #define vec add 16(a, b) vaddq s16(a, b)
  #define vec_sub_16(a, b) vsubq_s16(a, b)
  #define vec_mulhi_16(a, b) vqdmulhq_s16(a, b)
  #define vec zero() \
    vec_t { 0 }
  #define vec set 16(a) vdupq n s16(a)
  #define vec_max_16(a, b) vmaxq_s16(a, b)
  #define vec_min_16(a, b) vminq_s16(a, b)
  #define vec_slli_16(a, b) vshlq_s16(a, vec_set_16(b))
  #define vec packus 16(a, b) reinterpret cast<vec t>(vcombine u8(vgmovun s16(a),
vqmovun_s16(b)))
  #define vec load psqt(a) (*(a))
  \#define vec\_store\_psqt(a, b) *(a) = (b)
  #define vec add psqt 32(a, b) vaddq s32(a, b)
  #define vec_sub_psqt_32(a, b) vsubq_s32(a, b)
  #define vec_zero_psqt() \
    psqt_vec_t { 0 }
  #define NumRegistersSIMD 16
  #define MaxChunkSize 16
#else
  #undef VECTOR
#endif
#ifdef VECTOR
  // Compute optimal SIMD register count for feature transformer accumulation.
```

```
// We use m* types as template arguments, which causes GCC to emit warnings
  // about losing some attribute information. This is irrelevant to us as we
  // only take their size, so the following pragma are harmless.
  #if defined( GNUC )
    #pragma GCC diagnostic push
     #pragma GCC diagnostic ignored "-Wignored-attributes"
  #endif
template<typename SIMDRegisterType, typename LaneType, int NumLanes, int MaxRegisters>
static constexpr int BestRegisterCount() {
  #define RegisterSize sizeof(SIMDRegisterType)
  #define LaneSize sizeof(LaneType)
  static_assert(RegisterSize >= LaneSize);
  static assert(MaxRegisters <= NumRegistersSIMD);</pre>
  static assert(MaxRegisters > 0);
  static_assert(NumRegistersSIMD > 0);
  static assert(RegisterSize % LaneSize == 0);
  static_assert((NumLanes * LaneSize) % RegisterSize == 0);
  const int ideal = (NumLanes * LaneSize) / RegisterSize;
  if (ideal <= MaxRegisters)</pre>
     return ideal;
  // Look for the largest divisor of the ideal register count that is smaller than MaxRegisters
  for (int divisor = MaxRegisters; divisor > 1; --divisor)
     if (ideal % divisor == 0)
       return divisor:
  return 1;
}
  #if defined( GNUC )
    #pragma GCC diagnostic pop
  #endif
#endif
// Input feature converter
template<IndexType
                                        TransformedFeatureDimensions,
     Accumulator<TransformedFeatureDimensions> StateInfo::*accPtr>
class FeatureTransformer {
  // Number of output dimensions for one side
  static constexpr IndexType HalfDimensions = TransformedFeatureDimensions;
```

```
private:
#ifdef VECTOR
  static constexpr int NumRegs =
   BestRegisterCount<vec t, WeightType, TransformedFeatureDimensions,
NumRegistersSIMD>();
  static constexpr int NumPsqtRegs =
   BestRegisterCount<psqt_vec_t, PSQTWeightType, PSQTBuckets, NumRegistersSIMD>();
  static constexpr IndexType TileHeight = NumRegs * sizeof(vec t) / 2;
  static constexpr IndexType PsqtTileHeight = NumPsqtRegs * sizeof(psqt vec t) / 4;
  static assert(HalfDimensions % TileHeight == 0, "TileHeight must divide HalfDimensions");
  static assert(PSQTBuckets % PsqtTileHeight == 0, "PsqtTileHeight must divide
PSQTBuckets");
#endif
 public:
  // Output type
  using OutputType = TransformedFeatureType;
  // Number of input/output dimensions
  static constexpr IndexType InputDimensions = FeatureSet::Dimensions;
  static constexpr IndexType OutputDimensions = HalfDimensions;
  // Size of forward propagation buffer
  static constexpr std::size t BufferSize = OutputDimensions * sizeof(OutputType);
  // Hash value embedded in the evaluation file
  static constexpr std::uint32 t get hash value() {
    return FeatureSet::HashValue ^ (OutputDimensions * 2);
  }
  static constexpr void order_packs([[maybe_unused]] uint64_t* v) {
#if defined(USE_AVX512) // _mm512_packs_epi16 ordering
    uint64_t tmp0 = v[2], tmp1 = v[3];
    v[2] = v[8], v[3] = v[9];
    v[8] = v[4], v[9] = v[5];
    v[4] = tmp0, v[5] = tmp1;
    tmp0 = v[6], tmp1 = v[7];
    v[6] = v[10], v[7] = v[11];
    v[10] = v[12], v[11] = v[13];
    v[12] = tmp0, v[13] = tmp1;
#elif defined(USE AVX2) // mm256 packs epi16 ordering
    std::swap(v[2], v[4]);
```

```
std::swap(v[3], v[5]);
#endif
  }
  static constexpr void inverse_order_packs([[maybe_unused]] uint64_t* v) {
#if defined(USE_AVX512) // Inverse _mm512_packs_epi16 ordering
     uint64 t tmp0 = v[2], tmp1 = v[3];
     v[2] = v[4], v[3] = v[5];
     v[4] = v[8], v[5] = v[9];
     v[8] = tmp0, v[9] = tmp1;
     tmp0 = v[6], tmp1 = v[7];
     v[6] = v[12], v[7] = v[13];
     v[12] = v[10], v[13] = v[11];
     v[10] = tmp0, v[11] = tmp1;
#elif defined(USE AVX2) // Inverse mm256 packs epi16 ordering
     std::swap(v[2], v[4]);
     std::swap(v[3], v[5]);
#endif
  }
  void permute weights([[maybe unused]] void (*order fn)(uint64 t*)) const {
#if defined(USE_AVX2)
  #if defined(USE AVX512)
     constexpr IndexType di = 16;
  #else
     constexpr IndexType di = 8;
     uint64 t* b = reinterpret cast<uint64 t*>(const cast<BiasType*>(&biases[0]));
     for (IndexType i = 0; i < HalfDimensions * sizeof(BiasType) / sizeof(uint64_t); i += di)
       order_fn(&b[i]);
     for (IndexType j = 0; j < InputDimensions; ++j)
       uint64 t* w =
        reinterpret_cast<uint64_t*>(const_cast<WeightType*>(&weights[j * HalfDimensions]));
       for (IndexType i = 0; i < HalfDimensions * sizeof(WeightType) / sizeof(uint64 t);
          i += di
          order fn(&w[i]);
#endif
  }
  inline void scale weights(bool read) const {
     for (IndexType j = 0; j < InputDimensions; ++j)
```

```
WeightType* w = const_cast<WeightType*>(&weights[j * HalfDimensions]);
       for (IndexType i = 0; i < HalfDimensions; ++i)
         w[i] = read ? w[i] * 2 : w[i] / 2;
    }
    BiasType* b = const cast<BiasType*>(biases);
    for (IndexType i = 0; i < HalfDimensions; ++i)
       b[i] = read ? b[i] * 2 : b[i] / 2;
  }
  // Read network parameters
  bool read parameters(std::istream& stream) {
    read leb 128<BiasType>(stream, biases, HalfDimensions);
    read_leb_128<WeightType>(stream, weights, HalfDimensions * InputDimensions);
    read_leb_128<PSQTWeightType>(stream, psqtWeights, PSQTBuckets *
InputDimensions);
    permute weights(inverse order packs);
    scale weights(true);
    return !stream.fail();
  }
  // Write network parameters
  bool write parameters(std::ostream& stream) const {
    permute weights(order packs);
    scale_weights(false);
    write leb 128<BiasType>(stream, biases, HalfDimensions);
    write leb 128<WeightType>(stream, weights, HalfDimensions * InputDimensions);
    write_leb_128<PSQTWeightType>(stream, psqtWeights, PSQTBuckets *
InputDimensions);
    permute_weights(inverse_order_packs);
    scale_weights(true);
    return !stream.fail();
  }
  // Convert input features
  std::int32_t transform(const Position&
                AccumulatorCaches::Cache<HalfDimensions>* cache,
                OutputType*
                                               output,
```

```
bucket) const {
                int
     update_accumulator<WHITE>(pos, cache);
     update accumulator<BLACK>(pos, cache);
     const Color perspectives[2] = {pos.side to move(), ~pos.side to move()};
     const auto& psqtAccumulation = (pos.state()->*accPtr).psqtAccumulation;
     const auto psqt =
      (psqtAccumulation[perspectives[0]][bucket] - psqtAccumulation[perspectives[1]][bucket])
     / 2;
     const auto& accumulation = (pos.state()->*accPtr).accumulation;
     for (IndexType p = 0; p < 2; ++p)
       const IndexType offset = (HalfDimensions / 2) * p;
#if defined(VECTOR)
       constexpr IndexType OutputChunkSize = MaxChunkSize;
       static assert((HalfDimensions / 2) % OutputChunkSize == 0);
       constexpr IndexType NumOutputChunks = HalfDimensions / 2 / OutputChunkSize;
       const vec t Zero = vec zero();
       const vec t One = vec set 16(127 * 2);
       const vec t* in0 = reinterpret cast<const vec t*>(&(accumulation[perspectives[p]][0]));
       const vec t* in1 =
        reinterpret cast<const vec t*>(&(accumulation[perspectives[p]][HalfDimensions / 2]));
       vec_t* out = reinterpret_cast<vec_t*>(output + offset);
       // Per the NNUE architecture, here we want to multiply pairs of
       // clipped elements and divide the product by 128. To do this,
       // we can naively perform min/max operation to clip each of the
       // four int16 vectors, mullo pairs together, then pack them into
       // one int8 vector. However, there exists a faster way.
       // The idea here is to use the implicit clipping from packus to
       // save us two vec max 16 instructions. This clipping works due
       // to the fact that any int16 integer below zero will be zeroed
       // on packus.
       // Consider the case where the second element is negative.
       // If we do standard clipping, that element will be zero, which
       // means our pairwise product is zero. If we perform packus and
```

```
// remove the lower-side clip for the second element, then our
     // product before packus will be negative, and is zeroed on pack.
     // The two operation produce equivalent results, but the second
     // one (using packus) saves one max operation per pair.
     // But here we run into a problem: mullo does not preserve the
     // sign of the multiplication. We can get around this by doing
     // mulhi, which keeps the sign. But that requires an additional
     // tweak.
     // mulhi cuts off the last 16 bits of the resulting product,
     // which is the same as performing a rightward shift of 16 bits.
     // We can use this to our advantage. Recall that we want to
     // divide the final product by 128, which is equivalent to a
     // 7-bit right shift. Intuitively, if we shift the clipped
     // value left by 9, and perform mulhi, which shifts the product
     // right by 16 bits, then we will net a right shift of 7 bits.
     // However, this won't work as intended. Since we clip the
     // values to have a maximum value of 127, shifting it by 9 bits
     // might occupy the signed bit, resulting in some positive
     // values being interpreted as negative after the shift.
     // There is a way, however, to get around this limitation. When
     // loading the network, scale accumulator weights and biases by
     // 2. To get the same pairwise multiplication result as before,
     // we need to divide the product by 128 * 2 * 2 = 512, which
     // amounts to a right shift of 9 bits. So now we only have to
     // shift left by 7 bits, perform mulhi (shifts right by 16 bits)
     // and net a 9 bit right shift. Since we scaled everything by
     // two, the values are clipped at 127 * 2 = 254, which occupies
     // 8 bits. Shifting it by 7 bits left will no longer occupy the
     // signed bit, so we are safe.
     // Note that on NEON processors, we shift left by 6 instead
     // because the instruction "vgdmulhg s16" also doubles the
     // return value after the multiplication, adding an extra shift
     // to the left by 1, so we compensate by shifting less before
     // the multiplication.
     constexpr int shift =
#if defined(USE SSE2)
      7;
#else
      6;
```

```
#endif
```

```
for (IndexType j = 0; j < NumOutputChunks; ++j)
         const vec_t sum0a =
          vec_slli_16(vec_max_16(vec_min_16(in0[j * 2 + 0], One), Zero), shift);
         const vec t sum0b =
          vec_slli_16(vec_max_16(vec_min_16(in0[j * 2 + 1], One), Zero), shift);
         const vec_t sum1a = vec_min_16(in1[j * 2 + 0], One);
         const vec t sum1b = vec min 16(in1[j*2+1], One);
         const vec_t pa = vec_mulhi_16(sum0a, sum1a);
         const vec_t pb = vec_mulhi_16(sum0b, sum1b);
         out[j] = vec_packus_16(pa, pb);
       }
#else
       for (IndexType j = 0; j < HalfDimensions / 2; ++j)
         BiasType sum0 = accumulation[static_cast<int>(perspectives[p])][j + 0];
         BiasType sum1 =
          accumulation[static cast<int>(perspectives[p])][j + HalfDimensions / 2];
         sum0
                        = std::clamp<BiasType>(sum0, 0, 127 * 2);
         sum1
                        = std::clamp<BiasType>(sum1, 0, 127 * 2);
         output[offset + j] = static_cast<OutputType>(unsigned(sum0 * sum1) / 512);
       }
#endif
    }
    return psqt;
  } // end of function transform()
  void hint_common_access(const Position&
                                                            pos,
                 AccumulatorCaches::Cache<HalfDimensions>* cache) const {
    hint common access for perspective<WHITE>(pos, cache);
    hint_common_access_for_perspective<BLACK>(pos, cache);
  }
  private:
  template<Color Perspective>
  StateInfo* try_find_computed_accumulator(const Position& pos) const {
```

```
// Look for a usable accumulator of an earlier position. We keep track
     // of the estimated gain in terms of features to be added/subtracted.
     StateInfo* st = pos.state();
            gain = FeatureSet::refresh cost(pos);
     while (st->previous && !(st->*accPtr).computed[Perspective])
       // This governs when a full feature refresh is needed and how many
       // updates are better than just one full refresh.
       if (FeatureSet::requires refresh(st, Perspective)
         || (gain -= FeatureSet::update cost(st) + 1) < 0)
         break:
       st = st->previous;
    }
    return st;
  }
  // It computes the accumulator of the next position, or updates the
  // current position's accumulator if CurrentOnly is true.
  template<Color Perspective, bool CurrentOnly>
  void update accumulator incremental(const Position& pos, StateInfo* computed) const {
     assert((computed->*accPtr).computed[Perspective]);
     assert(computed->next != nullptr);
#ifdef VECTOR
     // Gcc-10.2 unnecessarily spills AVX2 registers if this array
    // is defined in the VECTOR code below, once in each branch.
             acc[NumRegs];
     vec_t
     psqt vec t psqt[NumPsqtRegs];
#endif
     const Square ksq = pos.square<KING>(Perspective);
     // The size must be enough to contain the largest possible update.
     // That might depend on the feature set and generally relies on the
    // feature set's update cost calculation to be correct and never allow
     // updates with more added/removed features than MaxActiveDimensions.
     FeatureSet::IndexList removed, added;
     if constexpr (CurrentOnly)
       for (StateInfo* st = pos.state(); st != computed; st = st->previous)
         FeatureSet::append changed indices<Perspective>(ksq, st->dirtyPiece, removed,
                                       added);
     else
       FeatureSet::append changed indices<Perspective>(ksq, computed->next->dirtyPiece,
```

```
StateInfo* next = CurrentOnly ? pos.state() : computed->next;
    assert(!(next->*accPtr).computed[Perspective]);
#ifdef VECTOR
    if ((removed.size() == 1 || removed.size() == 2) && added.size() == 1)
       auto accln =
        reinterpret cast<const vec t*>(&(computed->*accPtr).accumulation[Perspective][0]);
       auto accOut = reinterpret cast<vec t*>(&(next->*accPtr).accumulation[Perspective][0]);
       const IndexType offsetR0 = HalfDimensions * removed[0];
                   columnR0 = reinterpret_cast<const vec_t*>(&weights[offsetR0]);
       const IndexType offsetA = HalfDimensions * added[0];
       auto
                   columnA = reinterpret_cast<const vec_t*>(&weights[offsetA]);
       if (removed.size() == 1)
         for (IndexType i = 0; i < HalfDimensions * sizeof(WeightType) / sizeof(vec_t); ++i)
            accOut[i] = vec add 16(vec sub 16(accln[i], columnR0[i]), columnA[i]);
       }
       else
         const IndexType offsetR1 = HalfDimensions * removed[1];
         auto
                     columnR1 = reinterpret cast<const vec t*>(&weights[offsetR1]);
         for (IndexType i = 0; i < HalfDimensions * sizeof(WeightType) / sizeof(vec_t); ++i)
            accOut[i] = vec_sub_16(vec_add_16(accln[i], columnA[i]),
                          vec_add_16(columnR0[i], columnR1[i]));
       }
       auto accPsqtIn = reinterpret_cast<const psqt_vec_t*>(
        &(computed->*accPtr).psqtAccumulation[Perspective][0]);
       auto accPsqtOut =
        reinterpret cast<psqt vec t*>(&(next->*accPtr).psqtAccumulation[Perspective][0]);
       const IndexType offsetPsqtR0 = PSQTBuckets * removed[0]:
       auto columnPsqtR0 = reinterpret_cast<const psqt_vec_t*>(&psqtWeights[offsetPsqtR0]);
       const IndexType offsetPsqtA = PSQTBuckets * added[0];
       auto columnPsqtA = reinterpret cast<const psqt vec t*>(&psqtWeights[offsetPsqtA]);
       if (removed.size() == 1)
       {
```

removed, added);

```
for (std::size t i = 0;
            i < PSQTBuckets * sizeof(PSQTWeightType) / sizeof(psqt_vec_t); ++i)
            accPsqtOut[i] = vec_add_psqt_32(vec_sub_psqt_32(accPsqtIn[i],
columnPsqtR0[i]),
                                columnPsqtA[i]);
       }
       else
          const IndexType offsetPsqtR1 = PSQTBuckets * removed[1];
          auto columnPsqtR1 = reinterpret cast<const
psqt vec t*>(&psqtWeights[offsetPsqtR1]);
          for (std::size t i = 0;
            i < PSQTBuckets * sizeof(PSQTWeightType) / sizeof(psqt_vec_t); ++i)
            accPsqtOut[i] =
             vec_sub_psqt_32(vec_add_psqt_32(accPsqtIn[i], columnPsqtA[i]),
                       vec_add_psqt_32(columnPsqtR0[i], columnPsqtR1[i]));
       }
     else
       for (IndexType i = 0; i < HalfDimensions / TileHeight; ++i)
       {
          // Load accumulator
          auto accTileIn = reinterpret_cast<const vec_t*>(
           &(computed->*accPtr).accumulation[Perspective][i * TileHeight]);
          for (IndexType j = 0; j < NumRegs; ++j)
            acc[j] = vec load(&accTileIn[j]);
          // Difference calculation for the deactivated features
          for (const auto index : removed)
          {
            const IndexType offset = HalfDimensions * index + i * TileHeight;
                        column = reinterpret_cast<const vec_t*>(&weights[offset]);
            for (IndexType j = 0; j < NumRegs; ++j)
               acc[i] = vec sub 16(acc[i], column[i]);
          }
          // Difference calculation for the activated features
          for (const auto index : added)
         {
            const IndexType offset = HalfDimensions * index + i * TileHeight;
                        column = reinterpret cast<const vec t*>(&weights[offset]);
            for (IndexType j = 0; j < NumRegs; ++j)
```

```
acc[j] = vec_add_16(acc[j], column[j]);
          }
          // Store accumulator
          auto accTileOut = reinterpret cast<vec t*>(
           &(next->*accPtr).accumulation[Perspective][i * TileHeight]);
          for (IndexType i = 0; i < NumRegs; ++i)
            vec_store(&accTileOut[j], acc[j]);
       }
       for (IndexType i = 0; i < PSQTBuckets / PsqtTileHeight; ++i)
       {
          // Load accumulator
          auto accTilePsqtIn = reinterpret_cast<const psqt_vec_t*>(
           &(computed->*accPtr).psqtAccumulation[Perspective][i * PsqtTileHeight]);
          for (std::size_t j = 0; j < NumPsqtRegs; ++j)
            psqt[j] = vec_load_psqt(&accTilePsqtIn[j]);
          // Difference calculation for the deactivated features
          for (const auto index : removed)
            const IndexType offset = PSQTBuckets * index + i * PsqtTileHeight;
            auto columnPsqt = reinterpret_cast<const psqt_vec_t*>(&psqtWeights[offset]);
            for (std::size t j = 0; j < NumPsqtRegs; ++j)
               psqt[j] = vec_sub_psqt_32(psqt[j], columnPsqt[j]);
          }
          // Difference calculation for the activated features
          for (const auto index : added)
            const IndexType offset = PSQTBuckets * index + i * PsqtTileHeight;
            auto columnPsqt = reinterpret_cast<const psqt_vec_t*>(&psqtWeights[offset]);
            for (std::size_t j = 0; j < NumPsqtRegs; ++j)
               psqt[j] = vec_add_psqt_32(psqt[j], columnPsqt[j]);
          }
          // Store accumulator
          auto accTilePsqtOut = reinterpret cast<psqt vec t*>(
           &(next->*accPtr).psqtAccumulation[Perspective][i * PsqtTileHeight]);
          for (std::size t j = 0; j < NumPsqtRegs; ++j)
            vec store psqt(&accTilePsqtOut[j], psqt[j]);
#else
```

```
std::memcpy((next->*accPtr).accumulation[Perspective],
            (computed->*accPtr).accumulation[Perspective],
            HalfDimensions * sizeof(BiasType));
     std::memcpy((next->*accPtr).psqtAccumulation[Perspective],
            (computed->*accPtr).psqtAccumulation[Perspective],
            PSQTBuckets * sizeof(PSQTWeightType));
     // Difference calculation for the deactivated features
     for (const auto index : removed)
       const IndexType offset = HalfDimensions * index;
       for (IndexType i = 0; i < HalfDimensions; ++i)
         (next->*accPtr).accumulation[Perspective][i] -= weights[offset + i];
       for (std::size t i = 0; i < PSQTBuckets; ++i)
         (next->*accPtr).psqtAccumulation[Perspective][i] -=
           psqtWeights[index * PSQTBuckets + i];
    }
     // Difference calculation for the activated features
     for (const auto index : added)
       const IndexType offset = HalfDimensions * index;
       for (IndexType i = 0; i < HalfDimensions; ++i)
         (next->*accPtr).accumulation[Perspective][i] += weights[offset + i];
       for (std::size_t i = 0; i < PSQTBuckets; ++i)
         (next->*accPtr).psqtAccumulation[Perspective][i] +=
           psqtWeights[index * PSQTBuckets + i];
#endif
     (next->*accPtr).computed[Perspective] = true;
     if (!CurrentOnly && next != pos.state())
       update accumulator incremental<Perspective, false>(pos, next);
  }
  template<Color Perspective>
  void update_accumulator_refresh_cache(const Position&
                          AccumulatorCaches::Cache<HalfDimensions>* cache) const {
     assert(cache != nullptr);
     Square
                      ksq = pos.square<KING>(Perspective);
```

```
auto&
                    entry = (*cache)[ksq][Perspective];
    FeatureSet::IndexList removed, added;
    for (Color c: {WHITE, BLACK})
       for (PieceType pt = PAWN; pt <= KING; ++pt)
         const Piece piece = make_piece(c, pt);
         const Bitboard oldBB = entry.byColorBB[c] & entry.byTypeBB[pt];
         const Bitboard newBB = pos.pieces(c, pt);
                     toRemove = oldBB & ~newBB;
         Bitboard
         Bitboard
                     toAdd = newBB & ~oldBB;
         while (toRemove)
            Square sq = pop_lsb(toRemove);
            removed.push_back(FeatureSet::make_index<Perspective>(sq, piece, ksq));
         }
         while (toAdd)
            Square sq = pop lsb(toAdd);
            added.push_back(FeatureSet::make_index<Perspective>(sq, piece, ksq));
       }
    }
    auto& accumulator
                                 = pos.state()->*accPtr;
    accumulator.computed[Perspective] = true;
#ifdef VECTOR
    vec t
             acc[NumRegs];
    psqt_vec_t psqt[NumPsqtRegs];
    for (IndexType j = 0; j < HalfDimensions / TileHeight; ++j)
       auto accTile =
        reinterpret_cast<vec_t*>(&accumulator.accumulation[Perspective][j * TileHeight]);
       auto entryTile = reinterpret cast<vec t*>(&entry.accumulation[j * TileHeight]);
       for (IndexType k = 0; k < NumRegs; ++k)
         acc[k] = entryTile[k];
       int i = 0:
       for (; i < int(std::min(removed.size(), added.size())); ++i)
```

```
{
                   indexR = removed[i];
    IndexType
    const IndexType offsetR = HalfDimensions * indexR + j * TileHeight;
    auto
                columnR = reinterpret_cast<const vec_t*>(&weights[offsetR]);
    IndexType
                   indexA = added[i];
    const IndexType offsetA = HalfDimensions * indexA + j * TileHeight;
    auto
                columnA = reinterpret_cast<const vec_t*>(&weights[offsetA]);
    for (unsigned k = 0; k < NumRegs; ++k)
       acc[k] = vec_add_16(acc[k], vec_sub_16(columnA[k], columnR[k]));
  for (; i < int(removed.size()); ++i)
    IndexType
                   index = removed[i];
    const IndexType offset = HalfDimensions * index + j * TileHeight;
                column = reinterpret_cast<const vec_t*>(&weights[offset]);
    auto
    for (unsigned k = 0; k < NumRegs; ++k)
       acc[k] = vec\_sub\_16(acc[k], column[k]);
  for (; i < int(added.size()); ++i)
    IndexType
                   index = added[i];
    const IndexType offset = HalfDimensions * index + j * TileHeight;
    auto
                column = reinterpret_cast<const vec_t*>(&weights[offset]);
    for (unsigned k = 0; k < NumRegs; ++k)
       acc[k] = vec_add_16(acc[k], column[k]);
  }
  for (IndexType k = 0; k < NumRegs; k++)
    vec_store(&entryTile[k], acc[k]);
  for (IndexType k = 0; k < NumRegs; k++)
    vec_store(&accTile[k], acc[k]);
for (IndexType j = 0; j < PSQTBuckets / PsqtTileHeight; ++j)
  auto accTilePsqt = reinterpret_cast<psqt_vec_t*>(
   &accumulator.psqtAccumulation[Perspective][j * PsqtTileHeight]);
  auto entryTilePsqt =
   reinterpret_cast<psqt_vec_t*>(&entry.psqtAccumulation[j * PsqtTileHeight]);
  for (std::size_t k = 0; k < NumPsqtRegs; ++k)
```

}

```
psqt[k] = entryTilePsqt[k];
       for (int i = 0; i < int(removed.size()); ++i)
          IndexType
                        index = removed[i];
          const IndexType offset = PSQTBuckets * index + j * PsqtTileHeight;
          auto columnPsqt
                                = reinterpret_cast<const psqt_vec_t*>(&psqtWeights[offset]);
          for (std::size_t k = 0; k < NumPsqtRegs; ++k)
            psqt[k] = vec sub psqt 32(psqt[k], columnPsqt[k]);
       }
       for (int i = 0; i < int(added.size()); ++i)
                         index = added[i];
          IndexType
          const IndexType offset = PSQTBuckets * index + j * PsqtTileHeight;
          auto columnPsqt
                                = reinterpret_cast<const psqt_vec_t*>(&psqtWeights[offset]);
          for (std::size t = 0; k < NumPsqtRegs; ++k)
            psqt[k] = vec_add_psqt_32(psqt[k], columnPsqt[k]);
       }
       for (std::size_t k = 0; k < NumPsqtRegs; ++k)
          vec_store_psqt(&entryTilePsqt[k], psqt[k]);
       for (std::size t k = 0; k < NumPsqtRegs; ++k)
          vec_store_psqt(&accTilePsqt[k], psqt[k]);
    }
#else
    for (const auto index : removed)
    {
       const IndexType offset = HalfDimensions * index;
       for (IndexType j = 0; j < HalfDimensions; ++j)
          entry.accumulation[j] -= weights[offset + j];
       for (std::size_t k = 0; k < PSQTBuckets; ++k)
          entry.psqtAccumulation[k] -= psqtWeights[index * PSQTBuckets + k];
    for (const auto index : added)
       const IndexType offset = HalfDimensions * index;
       for (IndexType j = 0; j < HalfDimensions; ++j)
          entry.accumulation[j] += weights[offset + j];
```

```
for (std::size t k = 0; k < PSQTBuckets; ++k)
         entry.psqtAccumulation[k] += psqtWeights[index * PSQTBuckets + k];
    }
    // The accumulator of the refresh entry has been updated.
    // Now copy its content to the actual accumulator we were refreshing.
    std::memcpy(accumulator.accumulation[Perspective], entry.accumulation,
            sizeof(BiasType) * HalfDimensions);
    std::memcpy(accumulator.psqtAccumulation[Perspective], entry.psqtAccumulation,
            sizeof(int32_t) * PSQTBuckets);
#endif
    for (Color c : {WHITE, BLACK})
       entry.byColorBB[c] = pos.pieces(c);
    for (PieceType pt = PAWN; pt <= KING; ++pt)
       entry.byTypeBB[pt] = pos.pieces(pt);
  }
  template<Color Perspective>
  void hint_common_access_for_perspective(const Position&
                           AccumulatorCaches::Cache<HalfDimensions>* cache) const {
    // Works like update accumulator, but performs less work.
    // Updates ONLY the accumulator for pos.
    // Look for a usable accumulator of an earlier position. We keep track
    // of the estimated gain in terms of features to be added/subtracted.
    // Fast early exit.
    if ((pos.state()->*accPtr).computed[Perspective])
       return;
    StateInfo* oldest = try_find_computed_accumulator<Perspective>(pos);
    if ((oldest->*accPtr).computed[Perspective] && oldest != pos.state())
       update accumulator incremental<Perspective, true>(pos, oldest);
    else
       update_accumulator_refresh_cache<Perspective>(pos, cache);
  }
  template<Color Perspective>
  void update_accumulator(const Position&
                                                           pos,
```

```
AccumulatorCaches::Cache<HalfDimensions>* cache) const {
    StateInfo* oldest = try_find_computed_accumulator<Perspective>(pos);
    if ((oldest->*accPtr).computed[Perspective] && oldest != pos.state())
       // Start from the oldest computed accumulator, update all the
       // accumulators up to the current position.
       update_accumulator_incremental<Perspective, false>(pos, oldest);
    else
       update accumulator refresh cache<Perspective>(pos, cache);
  }
  template<IndexType Size>
  friend struct AccumulatorCaches::Cache;
  alignas(CacheLineSize) BiasType biases[HalfDimensions];
  alignas(CacheLineSize) WeightType weights[HalfDimensions * InputDimensions];
  alignas(CacheLineSize) PSQTWeightType psqtWeights[InputDimensions * PSQTBuckets];
};
} // namespace Stockfish::Eval::NNUE
#endif // #ifndef NNUE FEATURE TRANSFORMER H INCLUDED
```

#### A. Data Reference Errors:

#### 1. Uninitialized Variables:

The static asserts, such as static\_assert(HalfDimensions %
 TileHeight == 0) and static\_assert(PSQTBuckets % 8 == 0), rely
 on these constants being set correctly. If not, the program could encounter
 unexpected behavior.

#### 2. Vector Variables:

 The vector types vec\_t and psqt\_vec\_t could potentially lead to memory alignment issues if not handled properly in different architectures (especially between AVX512, AVX2, SSE2, and NEON).

#### **B. Data Declaration Errors:**

#### 1. Type Confusion:

 Ensure that vector types like vec\_t and psqt\_vec\_t are correctly defined for the specific architecture being used (e.g., AVX2 vs SSE2). Improper architecture support could lead to runtime errors if the compiler doesn't support certain instructions.

#### 2. Conditionally Defined Macros:

 Macros like VECTOR depend on the specific architecture. If undefined or misconfigured, functions that depend on vector operations (e.g., transform()) could fail.

## **C. Computation Errors:**

## 1. Integer Overflow:

 Multiplications, such as w[i] = read ? w[i] \* 2 : w[i] / 2, can cause overflow if w[i] contains values large enough to exceed the bounds of the data type.

#### 2. Division by Constants:

Ensure that constants such as 512 in the division (unsigned(sum0 \* sum1)
 / 512) are well-defined and chosen appropriately to avoid loss of precision.

#### **D. Control-Flow Errors:**

#### 1. Loop Termination:

The loop inside transform() is bounded by constants like
 NumOutputChunks. If these constants are incorrectly computed, the loop could either overrun or underutilize resources.

#### E. Interface Errors:

#### 1. Parameter Matching:

 Ensure the proper number and types of arguments are passed to functions like permute\_weights() and scale\_weights(). Any mismatch could cause crashes or miscalculations.

#### F. Input/Output Errors:

#### 1. Stream Handling:

 The functions read\_parameters() and write\_parameters() handle input and output streams. Ensure proper error handling, such as checking if the stream has failed (e.g., !stream.fail()), to prevent issues with file reading or writing.

## [ii]DEBUGGING:

- 1. Armstrong Number Program
- Error: Incorrect computation of the remainder.
- Fix: Use breakpoints to check the remainder calculation.

Corrected Code:

```
class Armstrong {
public static void main(String args[]) {
```

```
int num = Integer.parseInt(args[0]);
int n = num, check = 0, remainder;
while (num > 0) {
remainder = num % 10;
check += Math.pow(remainder, 3);
num /= 10;
}
if (check == n) {
System.out.println(n + " is an Armstrong Number");
} else {
System.out.println(n + " is not an Armstrong Number");
}
2. GCD and LCM Program
• Errors:
1. Incorrect while loop condition in GCD.
2. Incorrect LCM calculation logic.
• Fix: Breakpoints at the GCD loop and LCM logic.
Corrected Code:
import java.util.Scanner;
public class GCD_LCM {
static int gcd(int x, int y) {
while (y != 0) {
int temp = y;
y = x \% y;
x = temp;
}
return x;
static int lcm(int x, int y) {
return (x * y) / gcd(x, y);
public static void main(String args[]) {
Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.println("Enter the two numbers: ");
int x = input.nextInt();
int y = input.nextInt();
System.out.println("The GCD of two numbers is: " + gcd(x, y));
System.out.println("The LCM of two numbers is: " + lcm(x, y));
input.close();
}
3. Knapsack Program
```

```
• Error: Incrementing n inappropriately in the loop.
• Fix: Breakpoint to check loop behavior.
Corrected Code:
public class Knapsack {
public static void main(String[] args) {
int N = Integer.parseInt(args[0]);
int W = Integer.parseInt(args[1]);
int[] profit = new int[N + 1], weight = new int[N + 1];
int[][] opt = new int[N + 1][W + 1];
boolean[][] sol = new boolean[N + 1][W + 1];
for (int n = 1; n \le N; n++) {
for (int w = 1; w \le W; w++) {
int option 1 = opt[n - 1][w];
int option2 = (weight[n] \le w)? profit[n] + opt[n - 1][w - weight[n]]:
Integer.MIN VALUE;
opt[n][w] = Math.max(option1, option2);
sol[n][w] = (option2 > option1);
4. Magic Number Program
• Errors:
1. Incorrect condition in the inner while loop.
2. Missing semicolons in expressions.
• Fix: Set breakpoints at the inner while loop and check variable
values.
Corrected Code:
import java.util.Scanner;
public class MagicNumberCheck {
public static void main(String args[]) {
Scanner ob = new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.println("Enter the number to be checked.");
int n = ob.nextInt();
int sum = 0, num = n;
while (num > 9) {
sum = num;
int s = 0:
while (sum > 0) {
s = s * (sum / 10); // Fixed missing semicolon
sum = sum \% 10;
}
num = s;
```

```
if (num == 1) {
System.out.println(n + " is a Magic Number.");
System.out.println(n + " is not a Magic Number.");
}
5. Merge Sort Program
• Errors:
1. Incorrect array splitting logic.
2. Incorrect inputs for the merge method.
• Fix: Breakpoints at array split and merge operations.
Corrected Code:
import java.util.Scanner;
public class MergeSort {
public static void main(String[] args) {
int[] list = {14, 32, 67, 76, 23, 41, 58, 85};
System.out.println("Before: " + Arrays.toString(list));
mergeSort(list);
System.out.println("After: " + Arrays.toString(list));
public static void mergeSort(int[] array) {
if (array.length > 1) {
int[] left = leftHalf(array);
int[] right = rightHalf(array);
mergeSort(left);
mergeSort(right);
merge(array, left, right);
}
public static int[] leftHalf(int[] array) {
int size1 = array.length / 2;
int[] left = new int[size1];
System.arraycopy(array, 0, left, 0, size1);
return left;
}
public static int[] rightHalf(int[] array) {
int size1 = array.length / 2;
int size2 = array.length - size1;
int[] right = new int[size2];
System.arraycopy(array, size1, right, 0, size2);
return right;
public static void merge(int[] result, int[] left, int[] right) {
```

```
int i1 = 0, i2 = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < result.length; i++) {
if (i2 \geq right.length || (i1 \leq left.length && left[i1] \leq right[i2])) {
result[i] = left[i1];
i1++;
} else {
result[i] = right[i2];
i2++;
}
6. Multiply Matrices Program
• Errors:
1. Incorrect loop indices.
2. Wrong error message.
• Fix: Set breakpoints to check matrix multiplication and correct
messages.
Corrected Code:
import java.util.Scanner;
class MatrixMultiplication {
public static void main(String args[]) {
int m, n, p, q, sum = 0, c, d, k;
Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.println("Enter the number of rows and columns of the first
matrix");
m = in.nextInt();
n = in.nextInt();
int first[][] = new int[m][n];
System.out.println("Enter the elements of the first matrix");
for (c = 0; c < m; c++)
for (d = 0; d < n; d++)
first[c][d] = in.nextInt();
System.out.println("Enter the number of rows and columns of the
second matrix");
p = in.nextInt();
q = in.nextInt();
if (n != p)
System.out.println("Matrices with entered orders can't be
multiplied.");
else {
int second[][] = new int[p][q];
int multiply[][] = new int[m][q];
System.out.println("Enter the elements of the second matrix");
```

```
for (c = 0; c < p; c++)
for (d = 0; d < q; d++)
second[c][d] = in.nextInt();
for (c = 0; c < m; c++) {
for (d = 0; d < q; d++) {
for (k = 0; k < p; k++) {
sum += first[c][k] * second[k][d];
multiply[c][d] = sum;
sum = 0;
}
System.out.println("Product of entered matrices:");
for (c = 0; c < m; c++) {
for (d = 0; d < q; d++)
System.out.print(multiply[c][d] + "\t");
System.out.print("\n");
7. Quadratic Probing Hash Table Program
• Errors:
1. Typos in insert, remove, and get methods.
2. Incorrect logic for rehashing.
• Fix: Set breakpoints and step through logic for insert, remove, and
get methods.
Corrected Code:
import java.util.Scanner;
class QuadraticProbingHashTable {
private int currentSize, maxSize;
private String[] keys, vals;
public QuadraticProbingHashTable(int capacity) {
currentSize = 0;
maxSize = capacity;
keys = new String[maxSize];
vals = new String[maxSize];
public void insert(String key, String val) {
int tmp = hash(key), i = tmp, h = 1;
do {
if (keys[i] == null) {
keys[i] = key;
vals[i] = val;
```

```
currentSize++;
return;
if (keys[i].equals(key)) {
vals[i] = val;
return;
i += (h * h++) % maxSize;
} while (i != tmp);
public String get(String key) {
int i = hash(key), h = 1;
while (keys[i] != null) {
if (keys[i].equals(key))
return vals[i];
i = (i + h * h++) \% maxSize;
return null;
public void remove(String key) {
if (!contains(key)) return;
int i = hash(key), h = 1;
while (!key.equals(keys[i]))
i = (i + h * h++) \% maxSize;
keys[i] = vals[i] = null;
private boolean contains(String key) {
return get(key) != null;
}
private int hash(String key) {
return key.hashCode() % maxSize;
}
public class HashTableTest {
public static void main(String[] args) {
Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);
QuadraticProbingHashTable hashTable = new
QuadraticProbingHashTable(scan.nextInt());
hashTable.insert("key1", "value1");
System.out.println("Value: " + hashTable.get("key1"));
}
8. Sorting Array Program
• Errors:
```

```
1. Incorrect class name with an extra space.
2. Incorrect loop condition and extra semicolon.
• Fix: Set breakpoints to check the loop and class name.
Corrected Code:
import java.util.Scanner;
public class AscendingOrder {
public static void main(String[] args) {
int n, temp;
Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.print("Enter the number of elements: ");
n = s.nextInt();
int[] a = new int[n];
System.out.println("Enter all the elements:");
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) a[i] = s.nextInt();
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
for (int j = i + 1; j < n; j++) {
if (a[i] > a[j]) {
temp = a[i];
a[i] = a[j];
a[j] = temp;
}
System.out.println("Sorted Array: " + Arrays.toString(a));
9. Stack Implementation Program
• Errors:
1. Incorrect top-- instead of top++ in push.
2. Incorrect loop condition in display.
3. Missing pop method.
• Fix: Add breakpoints to check push, pop, and display methods.
Corrected Code:
public class StackMethods {
private int top;
private int[] stack;
public StackMethods(int size) {
stack = new int[size];
top = -1;
public void push(int value) {
if (top == stack.length - 1) {
System.out.println("Stack full");
```

} else {

```
stack[++top] = value;
}
public void pop() {
if (top == -1) {
System.out.println("Stack empty");
} else {
top--;
}
public void display() {
for (int i = 0; i \le top; i++) {
System.out.print(stack[i] + " ");
System.out.println();
}
10. Tower of Hanoi Program
• Error: Incorrect increment/decrement in recursive call.
• Fix: Breakpoints at the recursive calls to verify logic.
Corrected Code:
public class TowerOfHanoi {
public static void main(String[] args) {
int nDisks = 3;
doTowers(nDisks, 'A', 'B', 'C');
public static void doTowers(int topN, char from, char inter, char to) {
if (topN == 1) {
System.out.println("Disk 1 from " + from + " to " + to);
} else {
doTowers(topN - 1, from, to, inter);
System.out.println("Disk" + topN + " from " + from + " to " + to);
doTowers(topN - 1, inter, from, to);
}
}
[202201414_Lab3_2.c:1]: (information) Include file: <stdio.h> not found. Please note: Cppcheck
does not need standard library headers to get proper results.
[202201414_Lab3_2.c:2]: (information) Include file: <stdlib.h> not found. Please note: Cppcheck
does not need standard library headers to get proper results.
[202201414 Lab3 2.c:3]: (information) Include file: <sys/types.h> not found. Please note:
Cppcheck does not need standard library headers to get proper results.
[202201414 Lab3 2.c:4]: (information) Include file: <sys/stat.h> not found. Please note:
Cppcheck does not need standard library headers to get proper results.
```

[202201414 Lab3 2.c:5]: (information) Include file: <unistd.h> not found. Please note:

Cppcheck does not need standard library headers to get proper results.

[202201414\_Lab3\_2.c:6]: (information) Include file: <dirent.h> not found. Please note:

Cppcheck does not need standard library headers to get proper results.

[202201414\_Lab3\_2.c:7]: (information) Include file: <fcntl.h> not found. Please note: Cppcheck does not need standard library headers to get proper results.

[202201414 Lab3 2.c:8]: (information) Include file: libgen.h> not found. Please note:

Cppcheck does not need standard library headers to get proper results.

[202201414\_Lab3\_2.c:9]: (information) Include file: <errno.h> not found. Please note: Cppcheck does not need standard library headers to get proper results.

[202201414 Lab3 2.c:10]: (information) Include file: <string.h> not found. Please note:

Cppcheck does not need standard library headers to get proper results.

[202201414 Lab3 2.c:0]: (information) Limiting analysis of branches. Use

--check-level=exhaustive to analyze all branches.

[202201414\_Lab3\_2.c:116]: (warning) scanf() without field width limits can crash with huge input data.

[202201414\_Lab3\_2.c:120]: (warning) scanf() without field width limits can crash with huge input data.

[202201414\_Lab3\_2.c:126]: (warning) scanf() without field width limits can crash with huge input data.

[202201414\_Lab3\_2.c:127]: (warning) scanf() without field width limits can crash with huge input data.

[202201414\_Lab3\_2.c:133]: (warning) scanf() without field width limits can crash with huge input data.

[202201414\_Lab3\_2.c:34]: (style) The scope of the variable 'ch' can be reduced.

[202201414\_Lab3\_2.c:115]: (style) The scope of the variable 'path2' can be reduced.

[202201414\_Lab3\_2.c:16]: (style) Parameter 'file' can be declared as pointer to const.

[202201414 Lab3 2.c:55]: (style) Variable 'direntp' can be declared as pointer to const.

[202201414\_Lab3\_2.c:40]: (warning) Storing fgetc() return value in char variable and then comparing with EOF.

[202201414\_Lab3\_3.c:1]: (information) Include file: <stdio.h> not found. Please note: Cppcheck does not need standard library headers to get proper results.

[202201414\_Lab3\_3.c:2]: (information) Include file: <stdlib.h> not found. Please note: Cppcheck does not need standard library headers to get proper results.

[202201414 Lab3 3.c:3]: (information) Include file: <sys/types.h> not found. Please note:

Cppcheck does not need standard library headers to get proper results.

[202201414\_Lab3\_3.c:4]: (information) Include file: <sys/stat.h> not found. Please note:

Cppcheck does not need standard library headers to get proper results.

[202201414 Lab3 3.c:5]: (information) Include file: <unistd.h> not found. Please note:

Cppcheck does not need standard library headers to get proper results.

[202201414\_lab3\_1.c:1]: (information) Include file: <stdio.h> not found. Please note: Cppcheck does not need standard library headers to get proper results.

[202201414\_lab3\_1.c:2]: (information) Include file: <stdlib.h> not found. Please note: Cppcheck does not need standard library headers to get proper results.

[202201414\_lab3\_1.c:3]: (information) Include file: <sys/types.h> not found. Please note:

Cppcheck does not need standard library headers to get proper results.

[202201414\_lab3\_1.c:4]: (information) Include file: <sys/stat.h> not found. Please note:

Cppcheck does not need standard library headers to get proper results.

[202201414\_lab3\_1.c:5]: (information) Include file: <unistd.h> not found. Please note: Cppcheck does not need standard library headers to get proper results.

[202201414\_lab3\_1.c:6]: (information) Include file: <dirent.h> not found. Please note: Cppcheck does not need standard library headers to get proper results.

[202201414\_lab3\_1.c:7]: (information) Include file: <fcntl.h> not found. Please note: Cppcheck does not need standard library headers to get proper results.

[202201414\_lab3\_1.c:8]: (information) Include file: libgen.h> not found. Please note: Cppcheck does not need standard library headers to get proper results.

[202201414\_lab3\_1.c:9]: (information) Include file: <errno.h> not found. Please note: Cppcheck does not need standard library headers to get proper results.

[202201414\_lab3\_1.c:29]: (style) The scope of the variable 'ch' can be reduced.

[202201414\_lab3\_1.c:11]: (style) Parameter 'file' can be declared as pointer to const.

[202201414 lab3 1.c:50]: (style) Variable 'direntp' can be declared as pointer to const.

[202201414\_lab3\_1.c:35]: (warning) Storing fgetc() return value in char variable and then comparing with EOF.