

# Convex Programming

## Problem Set 5 – CS 6515/4540 (Fall 2025)

Solutions to problem set 5, Q21

### 21 Non-Convex Function

1. Apply the  $L$ -smoothness inequality with  $x = x_t$  and  $y = x_{t+1} = x_t - \eta \nabla f(x_t)$ :

$$\begin{aligned}
 f(x_{t+1}) &\leq f(x_t) + \langle \nabla f(x_t), x_{t+1} - x_t \rangle + \frac{L}{2} \|x_{t+1} - x_t\|^2 \\
 &= f(x_t) + \langle \nabla f(x_t), -\eta \nabla f(x_t) \rangle + \frac{L}{2} \|\eta \nabla f(x_t)\|^2 \\
 &= f(x_t) - \eta \|\nabla f(x_t)\|^2 + \frac{L\eta^2}{2} \|\nabla f(x_t)\|^2 \\
 &= f(x_t) - \eta \left(1 - \frac{L\eta}{2}\right) \|\nabla f(x_t)\|^2.
 \end{aligned}$$

Since  $\eta \leq \frac{1}{L}$ , it follows that  $1 - \frac{L\eta}{2} \geq \frac{1}{2}$ , hence:

$$f(x_{t+1}) \leq f(x_t) - \frac{\eta}{2} \|\nabla f(x_t)\|^2.$$

2. From (1), we have for each iteration  $k$ :

$$\frac{\eta}{2} \|\nabla f(x_k)\|^2 \leq f(x_k) - f(x_{k+1}).$$

Summing from  $k = 0$  to  $t - 1$ , the telescoping sum gives:

$$\frac{\eta}{2} \sum_{k=0}^{t-1} \|\nabla f(x_k)\|^2 \leq f(x_0) - f(x_t).$$

Using  $f(x_t) \geq f(x^*)$ , we obtain:

$$\frac{\eta}{2} \sum_{k=0}^{t-1} \|\nabla f(x_k)\|^2 \leq f(x_0) - f(x^*),$$

which implies:

$$\sum_{k=0}^{t-1} \|\nabla f(x_k)\|^2 \leq \frac{2}{\eta} (f(x_0) - f(x^*)).$$

3. From the inequality in (2), we have:

$$\frac{1}{t} \sum_{k=0}^{t-1} \|\nabla f(x_k)\|^2 \leq \frac{2}{\eta t} (f(x_0) - f(x^*)).$$

Since the minimum is less than or equal to the average:

$$\min_{0 \leq k \leq t-1} \|\nabla f(x_k)\|^2 \leq \frac{1}{t} \sum_{k=0}^{t-1} \|\nabla f(x_k)\|^2.$$

Taking square roots on both sides yields:

$$\min_{0 \leq k \leq t-1} \|\nabla f(x_k)\| \leq \sqrt{\frac{2}{\eta t}} (f(x_0) - f(x^*)).$$

This completes the proof.