# 6CS012 - Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning. Practical Aspects of Training a CNN.

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## 1 Instructions

This sheet contains exercises for various operations performed in Convolutional Neural Networks, accompanying the tutorial slides

• Please Complete all the exercise with Pen and On Paper.

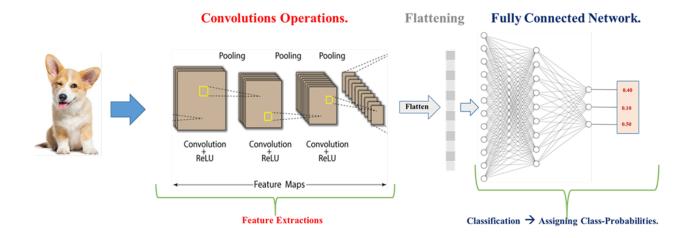


Figure 1: An example of Convolutional Neural Network.

## 2 Exercise - 1:

### Convolutional Layer and Pooling Operations:

1. Consider the following input image:

$$I = \begin{bmatrix} 20 & 35 & 35 & 35 & 20 \\ 29 & 46 & 44 & 42 & 42 & 27 \\ 16 & 25 & 21 & 19 & 19 & 12 \\ 66 & 120 & 116 & 154 & 114 & 62 \\ 74 & 216 & 174 & 252 & 172 & 112 \\ 70 & 210 & 170 & 250 & 170 & 110 \end{bmatrix}$$

What is the output provided by a convolution layer with the following properties:

- Stride of 1.
- Filter is given by:

$$K = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- 2. Take the output from 1. and apply a max pooling layer with the following properties:
  - Stride [2, 2].
  - Window Shape [2, 2]
  - {Hint: First Compute the Output Dimension.}
- 3. For the following Feature Map of  $4 \times 4$  apply the  $2 \times 2$  pooling operation with stride 2:

$$I = \begin{bmatrix} 5, & 12, & 8, & 1 \\ 3, & 7, & 6, & 14 \\ 9, & 4, & 2, & 11 \\ 15, & 10, & 13, & 16 \end{bmatrix}$$

4. For the following Feature Map apply a  $2 \times 2$  average pooling with stride 2.

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \\ 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 \\ 13 & 14 & 15 & 16 \end{bmatrix}$$

#### 3 Exercise - 2:

#### Model Architecture and Parameter Count.

- 1. Given is a CNN Architecture, Count the number of Parameters.
  - Given CNN Architecture:
    - (a) CONV2D Layer 1:
      - Filters: 16 Filters each of size  $3 \times 3$ .
      - Input Size:  $32 \times 32 \times 3$  i.e. (Height, Width Channels).
    - (b) BatchNormalization Layer 2:
      - This layer normalizes each of the 16 Feature maps (Channels).
    - (c) MaxPooling:
      - Window of  $2 \times 2$  with strides of 2.
      - No Parameters to count.
    - (d) CONV2D Layer 2:
      - Filters: 32 Filters each of size  $3 \times 3$ .
      - Input Size:  $16 \times 16 \times 16$  after maxpooling which halves the size.
    - (e) BatchNormalization Layer 2:
      - This layer normalizes each of the 32 feature maps.
    - (f) MaxPooling Layer 2:
      - Window of  $2 \times 2$  with strides of 2.
      - No Parameters to count.
    - (g) Flattening:
      - Flattens  $8 \times 8 \times 32$  to 1D Vector.
    - (h) Dense layer 1:
      - Input Dimensions : From Flatten  $8 \times 8 \times 32$
      - Neurons: 128
    - (i) Dense Layer 2 Output Layer:
      - Input size: 128 from Dense Layer 1.
      - Neurons: 10 (assume your dataset has 10 classes).

#### A Sample Computations for CONV2D Layer 1:

- CONV2D Layer 1:
  - Input Dimensions  $32 \times 32 \times 3$ .
  - Filter Size  $3 \times 3$ .
  - Number of filters 16.
- To calculate the number of parameters:

Weight Parameters =  $F_H \times F_W \times$  input channels  $\times$  Output Channels Weight Parameters =  $3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 16 = 432$ 

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 $\label{eq:bias_parameters} \textbf{Bias} \ \ \textbf{Parameters} = \textbf{Output} \ \ \textbf{Channels} \ i.e. \ one \ bias \ per \ filter.$ 

Bias Parameters = 16one per filter.

- Total Parameters for CONV2D Layer 1:

$$432 + 16 = 448$$
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