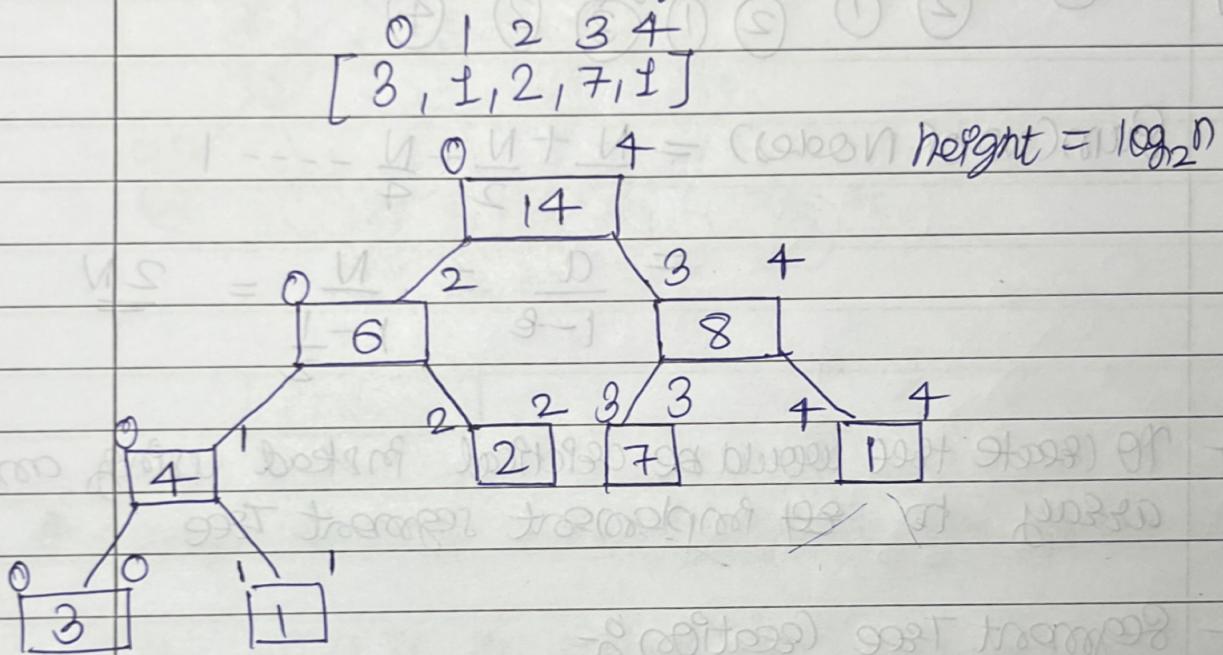


## Segment Tree (Balanced Binary Tree)

- ⊕ An efficient Data structure that allows
  - Efficient Querying of Interval Range.
  - Efficient Updating of Intervals / Range.

- ⊕ Constructing Seg. tree for an array,



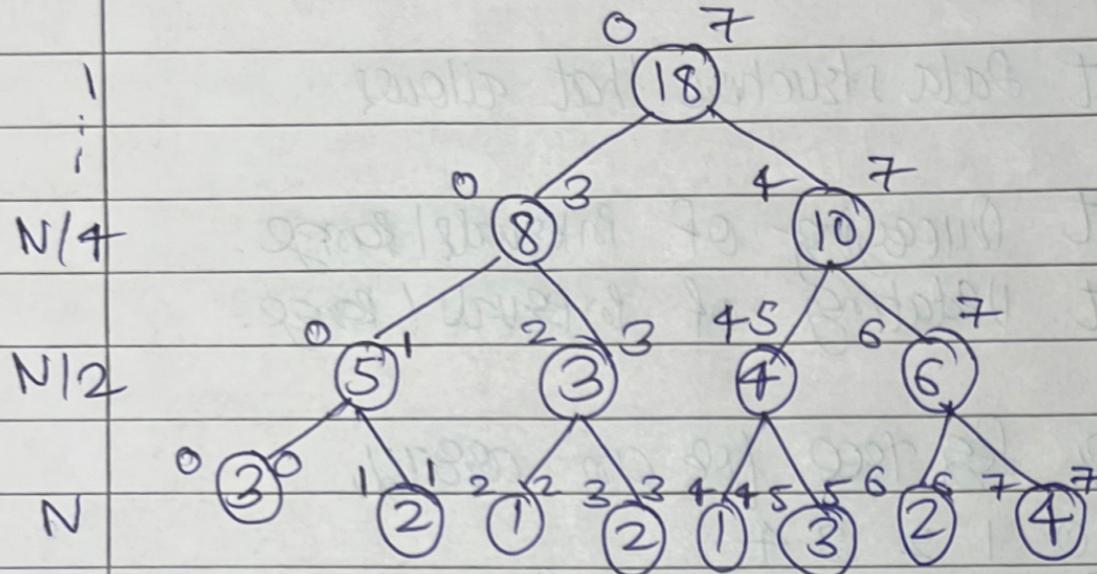
- ⊕ Every node in the Segment tree is height-Balanced, called as Balanced Binary Tree.

- ⊕ Segment Tree Creation :-

TC  $\rightarrow O(N)$

SC  $\rightarrow O(2N) + O(\log N) \approx O(N)$

$\begin{matrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 & 2 & 1 & 3 & 2 & 4 \end{matrix}$



$$\text{Sum(No.of Nodes)} = \underline{N} + \underline{\frac{N}{2}} + \underline{\frac{N}{4}} \dots - 1$$

$$= \frac{a}{1-e} = \frac{N}{1-\frac{1}{2}} = \underline{\underline{2N}}$$

- + To create tree would be practical instead using an array to implement segment tree
- + Segment Tree Creation &

SEGMENT TREE

OUTLINE

TIMELINE

```
91     ll segmentTree[10000000001]={0};  
92     void createSegmentTree(ll index,ll low,ll high,vd<ll>&arr){  
93         if(low == high){  
94             segmentTree[index]=arr[low];  
95             return ;  
96         }  
97         ll mid = (low + high) >> 1;  
98         createSegmentTree( (index << 1 ) + 1 , low,mid,arr);  
99         createSegmentTree( (index << 1 ) + 2 , mid+1,high,arr);  
100        segmentTree[index]=segmentTree[(index << 1 ) + 1]+segmentTree[(index << 1 ) + 2];  
101    }  
102    void itachi_1609(){  
103        vd<ll>arr={3,1,2,7,1};  
104        ll index=0,low=0,high=len(arr) - 1;  
105        createSegmentTree(index,low,high,arr);  
106        FOR( (len(arr) << 1 ))print(segmentTree[_]," ");  
107        printn();  
108        return;  
109    }
```

PROBLEMS

OUTPUT

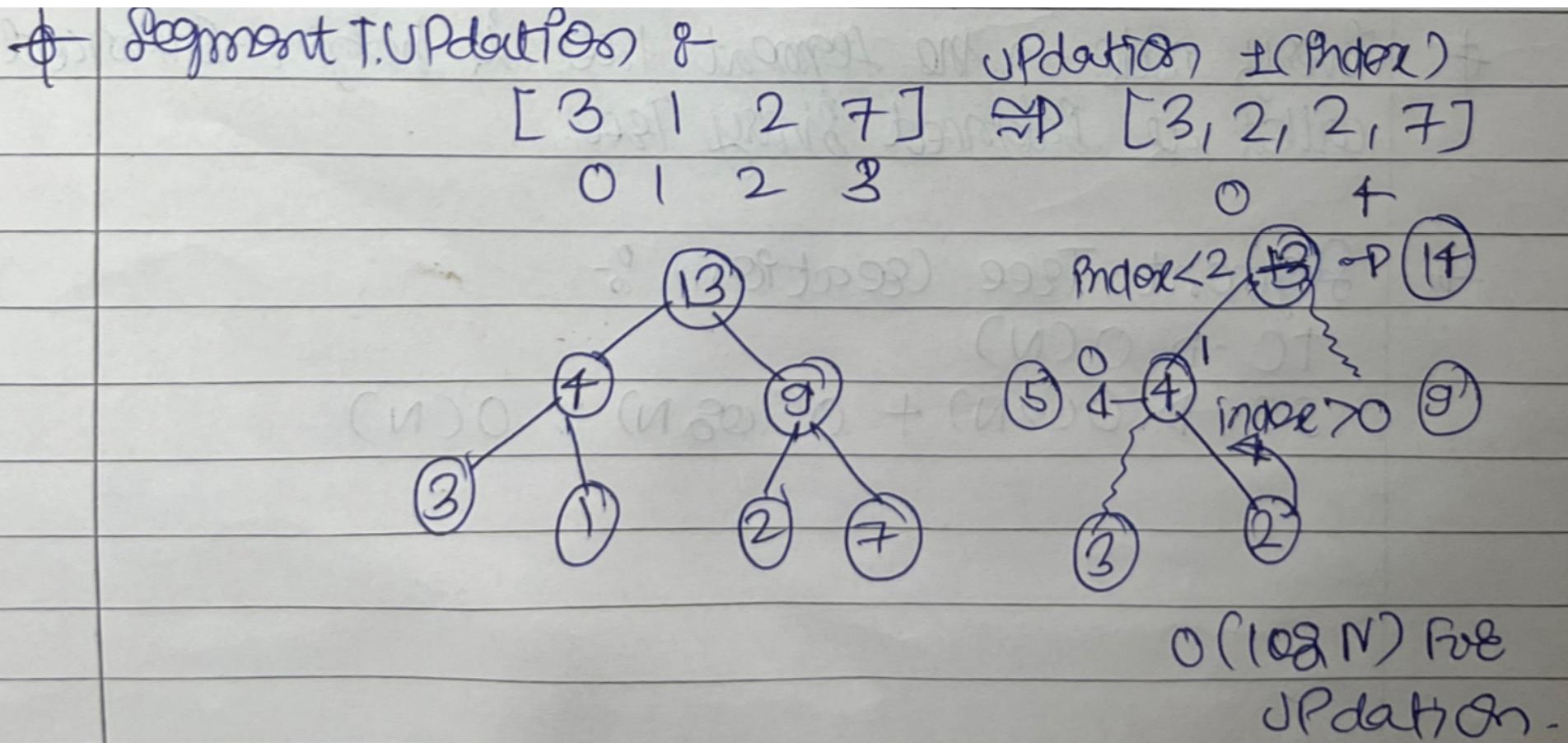
DEBUG CONSOLE

PORTS

TERMINAL

```
cd "/Users/bhushanthombare/Desktop/Segment Tree/" && g++ -std=c++17 tempCodeRunnerFile.cpp -o tempCodeRunnerFile  
tempCodeRunnerFile  
Segment Tree > cd "/Users/bhushanthombare/Desktop/Segment Tree/" && g++ -std=c++17 tempCodeRunnerFile  
bare/Desktop/Segment Tree/"tempCodeRunnerFile  
14 6 8 4 2 7 1 3 1 0
```

Segment Tree



```

102     void update(ll index,ll low,ll high,ll &indexChange,ll &changeVal){
103         if(low == high){
104             if(low == indexChange)segmentTree[index]=changeVal;
105             return ;
106         }
107         ll mid = (low + high) >> 1;
108         update( (index << 1 ) + 1 , low,mid,indexChange,changeVal);
109         update( (index << 1 ) + 2 , mid+1,high,indexChange,changeVal);
110         segmentTree[index]=segmentTree[(index << 1 ) + 1]+segmentTree[(index << 1 ) + 2];
111     }
112     void itachi_1609(){
113         vd<ll>arr={3,1,2,7};
114         ll index=0,low=0,high=len(arr) - 1;
115         createSegmentTree(index,low,high,arr);
116         FOR( (len(arr) << 1 ))print(segmentTree[_]," ");
117         index=0;
118         low=0;
119         high=len(arr) - 1;
120         ll indexChange=1,changeVal=2;
121         update(index,low,high,indexChange,changeVal);
122         printn();
123         FOR( (len(arr) << 1 ))print(segmentTree[_]," ");
124         printn();
125         return;
126     }

```

PROBLEMS    OUTPUT    DEBUG CONSOLE    PORTS    TERMINAL

```

cd "/Users/bhushanthombare/Desktop/Segment Tree/" && g++ -std=c++17 tempCodeRunnerFile
Segment Tree
Segment Tree > cd "/Users/bhushanthombare/Desktop/Segment Tree/" && g++ -std=c++17 tempCodeRunnerFile
bare/Desktop/Segment Tree/"tempCodeRunnerFile
13 4 9 3 1 2 7 0
14 5 9 3 2 2 7 0
Segment Tree >

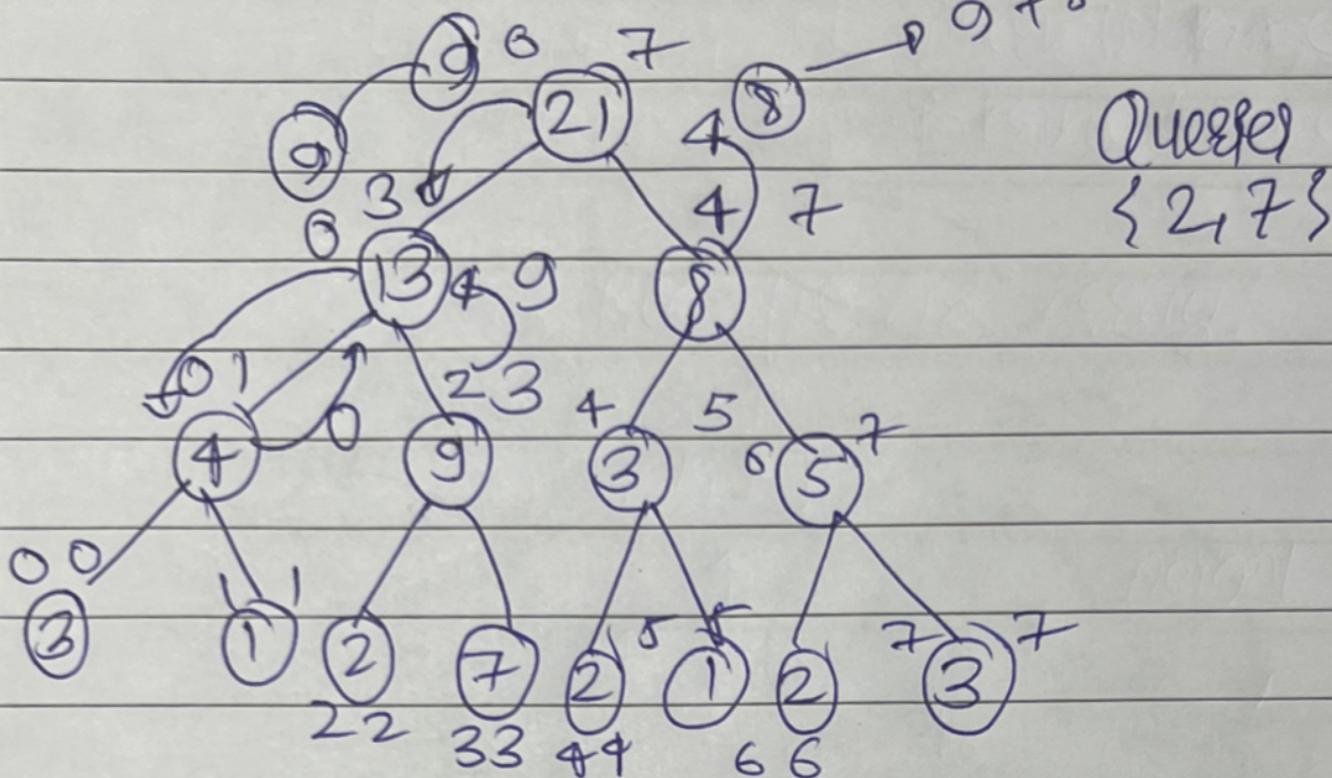
```

Range Sum Query

TC  $\rightarrow O(1 \log N)$

17✓

$$[3, 1, 2, 7, 1, 2, 1, 2, 3] \xrightarrow{9+8=17\checkmark}$$



> OUTLINE

> TIMELINE

```
112 ll rangeSumQuery(ll index,ll low,ll high,ll start,ll end){  
113     if(low>end or high<start) return 0;  
114     if(low>=start and high<=end) return segmentTree[index];  
115     ll mid = (low + high) >> 1;  
116     return rangeSumQuery((index << 1 ) + 1 ,low,mid,start,end) +  
117         rangeSumQuery((index << 1 ) + 2 ,mid+1,high,start,end);  
118 }  
119 void itachi_1609(){  
120     vd<ll>arr={3,1,2,7,2,1,2,3};  
121     ll index=0,low=0,high=len(arr) - 1;  
122     createSegmentTree(index,low,high,arr);  
123     index=0;  
124     low=0;  
125     high=len(arr) - 1;  
126     print("Sum is : ",rangeSumQuery(0,low,high,2,7));  
127     printn();  
128     return;  
129 }
```

PROBLEMS

OUTPUT

DEBUG CONSOLE

PORTS

TERMINAL

```
cd "/Users/bhushanthombare/Desktop/Segment Tree/" && g++ -std=c++17 tempCodeRunnerFile.cpp -o Segment Tree/tempCodeRunnerFile
```

- Segment Tree > cd "/Users/bhushanthombare/Desktop/Segment Tree/" && g++ -std=c++17 tempCodeRunnerFile  
bare/Desktop/Segment Tree/tempCodeRunnerFile

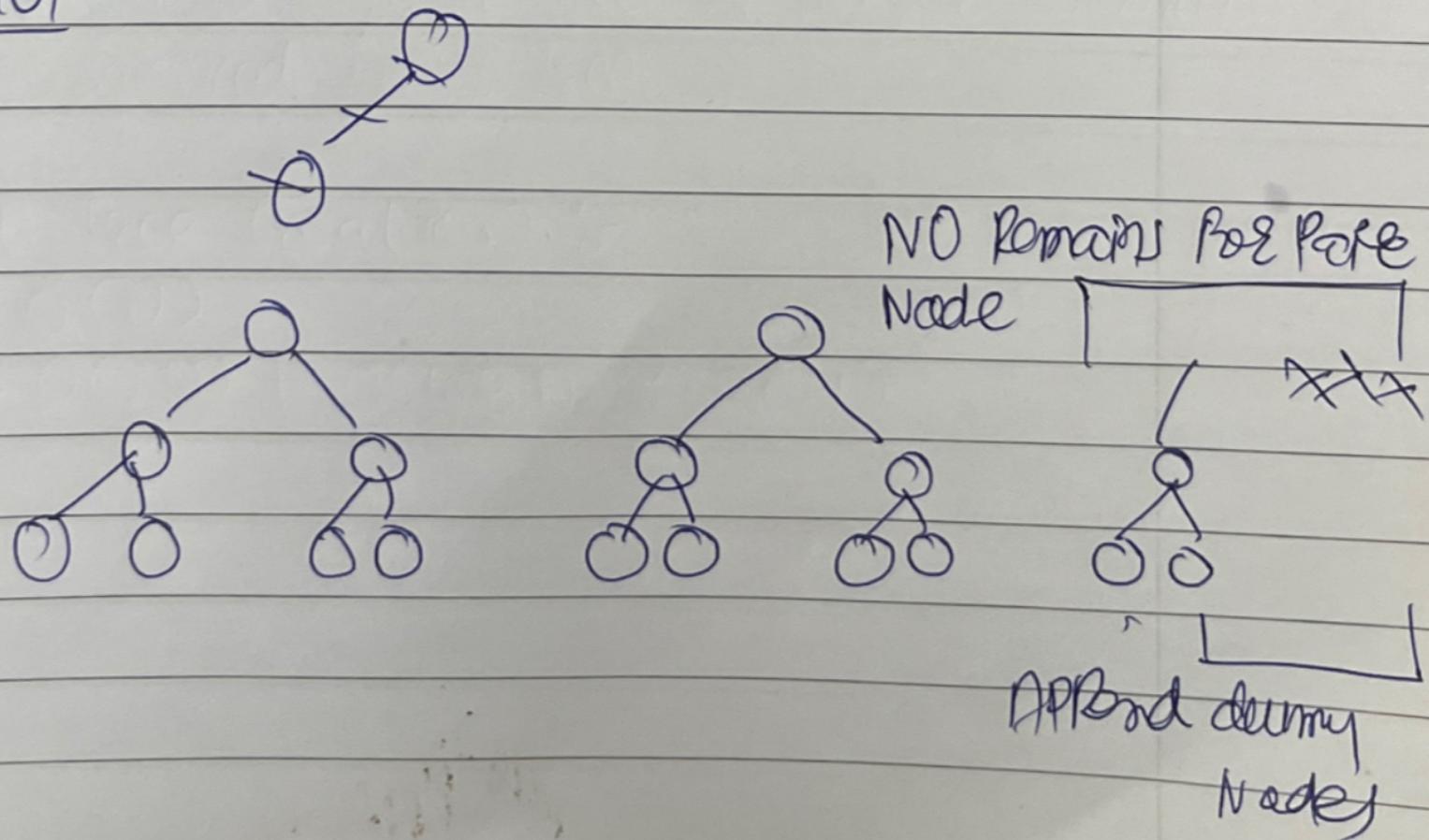
Sum is : 17

- Segment Tree >

⊕ Why we have  $4 \times n$  size array for segment tree?

If  $n$  is the power of 2, it will  
then all the nodes have range in between

$$\boxed{n=10}$$



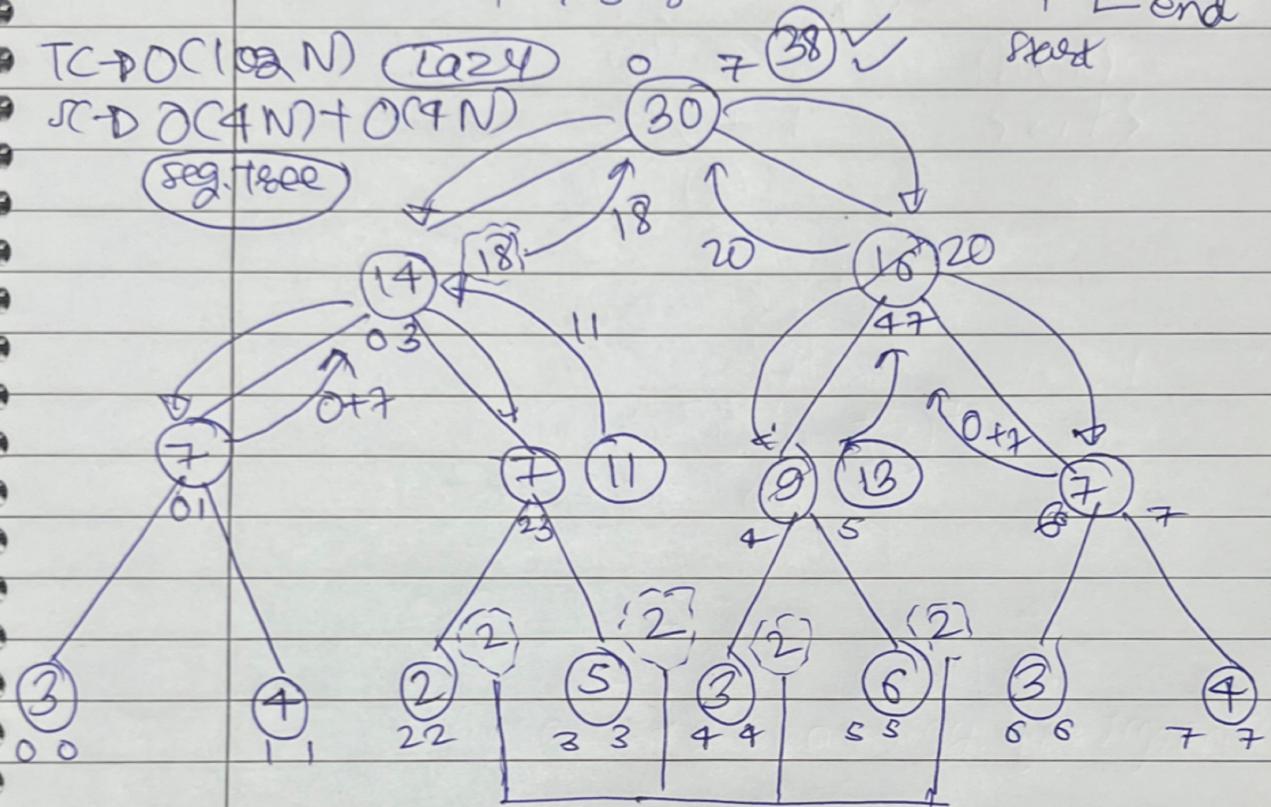
11

⊕ Range Update Query :- { using Lazy Propagation }

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7  
[3, 4, 2, 5, 3, 6, 3, 4]  
4 7 5 8

[2, 5] ≈ +2  
↑  
Start

TC → O(102 N) (Lazy)  
SC → O(4 N) + O(4 N)  
(seg. tree)



```

void updateRangeQuery(ll index,ll low,ll high,ll &start,ll &end,ll &val){
    if(lazy[index] != 0){
        segmentTree[index] += (high-low+1) * lazy[index];
        if(low != high){
            lazy[(index << 1) + 1] += lazy[index];
            lazy[(index << 1) + 2] += lazy[index];
        }
        lazy[index]=0;
    }
    if(start>high or end<low or low>high) return;
    if(low>=start and high<=end){
        segmentTree[index] += (high-low+1) * val;
        if(low != high){
            lazy[(index << 1) + 1] += val;
            lazy[(index << 1) + 2] += val;
        }
        return ;
    }
    ll mid=(low+high) >> 1;
    updateRangeQuery((index << 1) + 1,low,mid,start,end,val);
    updateRangeQuery((index << 1) + 2,mid+1,high,start,end,val);
    segmentTree[index]=segmentTree[(index << 1) + 1]+segmentTree[(index << 1) + 2];
}

ll rangeSumLazy(ll index,ll low,ll high,ll &start,ll &end){
    if(lazy[index] != 0){
        segmentTree[index]=(high-low+1) * lazy[index];
        if(low != high){
            lazy[(index << 1) + 1] += lazy[index];
            lazy[(index << 1) + 2] += lazy[index];
        }
        lazy[index]=0;
    }
    if(start>high or end<low or low>high) return 0;
    if(low>=start and high<=end) return segmentTree[index];
    ll mid=(low+high) >> 1;
    return rangeSumLazy((index << 1) + 1,low,mid,start,end)+
    rangeSumLazy((index << 1) + 2,mid+1,high,start,end);
}

```