```
In [2]:
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In [ ]:
        import numpy as np
        import pandas as pd
        import tensorflow as tf
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
        from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
        from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
        from tensorflow.keras import Model, Sequential
        from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, Dropout
        from sklearn.model selection import train test split
        from tensorflow.keras.losses import
        MeanSquaredLogarithmicError
```

Load the data

```
In [3]:
         # DownLoad the dataset
         path = '''http://storage.googleapis.com/
         download.tensorflow.org/data/ecg.csv'''
         data = pd.read csv(path, header=None)
         print(data.shape)
         data.head()
         (4998, 141)
Out[3]:
                    0
                                                                                       7
                                                                                                 8
          0 -0.112522 -2.827204 -3.773897 -4.349751 -4.376041 -3.474986 -2.181408 -1.818287 -1.250522
          1 -1.100878 -3.996840 -4.285843 -4.506579 -4.022377 -3.234368 -1.566126 -0.992258 -0.754680
            -0.567088 -2.593450 -3.874230 -4.584095 -4.187449 -3.151462 -1.742940 -1.490658 -1.183580
             0.490473 -1.914407 -3.616364
                                         -4.318823
                                                   -4.268016
                                                             -3.881110 -2.993280 -1.671131 -1.333884
             0.800232 -0.874252 -2.384761 -3.973292 -4.338224 -3.802422 -2.534510 -1.783423 -1.594450
         5 rows × 141 columns
```

Split the data for training and testing \P

```
In [4]: # last column is the target
        \# 0 = anomaly, 1 = normal
        TARGET = 140
        features = data.drop(TARGET, axis=1)
        target = data[TARGET]
        x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(
            features, target, test_size=0.2,
            random_state = 0, stratify=target
        )
In [ ]: x test.shape
In [ ]: |x_train.shape
In [ ]: target.value counts()
In [5]: # use case is novelty detection so use only the normal data
        # for training
        train_index = y_train[y_train == 1].index
        train_data = x_train.loc[train_index]
```

Scale the data using MinMaxScaler

Build an AutoEncoder model

```
In [7]: # create a model by subclassing Model class in tensorflow
        class AutoEncoder(Model):
          Parameters
          _____
          output_units: int
            Number of output units
          code_size: int
            Number of units in bottle neck
          def __init__(self, output_units, code_size=8):
            super().__init__()
            self.encoder = Sequential([
              Dense(64, activation='relu'),
              Dropout(0.1),
              Dense(32, activation='relu'),
              Dropout(0.1),
              Dense(16, activation='relu'),
              Dropout(0.1),
              Dense(code size, activation='relu')
            self.decoder = Sequential([
              Dense(16, activation='relu'),
              Dropout(0.1),
              Dense(32, activation='relu'),
              Dropout(0.1),
              Dense(64, activation='relu'),
              Dropout(0.1),
              Dense(output units, activation='sigmoid')
            ])
          def call(self, inputs):
            encoded = self.encoder(inputs)
            decoded = self.decoder(encoded)
            return decoded
```

```
In [8]: model = AutoEncoder(output_units=x_train_scaled.shape[1])
# configurations of model
model.compile(loss='msle', metrics=['mse'], optimizer='adam')

history = model.fit(
    x_train_scaled,
    x_train_scaled,
    epochs=20,
    batch_size=512,
    validation_data=(x_test_scaled, x_test_scaled)
)
```

```
Epoch 1/20
5/5 [============== ] - 0s 51ms/step - loss: 0.0108 - mse: 0.0
243 - val_loss: 0.0132 - val_mse: 0.0307
Epoch 2/20
33 - val_loss: 0.0129 - val_mse: 0.0300
Epoch 3/20
17 - val_loss: 0.0127 - val_mse: 0.0294
Epoch 4/20
5/5 [================ ] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0088 - mse: 0.01
97 - val_loss: 0.0125 - val_mse: 0.0289
Epoch 5/20
5/5 [=========================== ] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0079 - mse: 0.01
76 - val loss: 0.0121 - val mse: 0.0279
Epoch 6/20
5/5 [========================] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0071 - mse: 0.01
57 - val loss: 0.0118 - val mse: 0.0272
5/5 [=========================] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0063 - mse: 0.01
41 - val_loss: 0.0113 - val_mse: 0.0261
Epoch 8/20
5/5 [========================] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0058 - mse: 0.01
28 - val_loss: 0.0109 - val_mse: 0.0252
Epoch 9/20
5/5 [=========================] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0054 - mse: 0.01
19 - val loss: 0.0104 - val mse: 0.0242
Epoch 10/20
13 - val loss: 0.0101 - val mse: 0.0235
Epoch 11/20
5/5 [========================] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0049 - mse: 0.01
09 - val loss: 0.0100 - val mse: 0.0231
Epoch 12/20
5/5 [========================] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0048 - mse: 0.01
06 - val loss: 0.0099 - val mse: 0.0230
Epoch 13/20
04 - val loss: 0.0099 - val mse: 0.0230
Epoch 14/20
103 - val loss: 0.0099 - val mse: 0.0229
Epoch 15/20
101 - val loss: 0.0098 - val mse: 0.0229
Epoch 16/20
100 - val_loss: 0.0098 - val_mse: 0.0229
Epoch 17/20
100 - val loss: 0.0098 - val mse: 0.0228
Epoch 18/20
099 - val_loss: 0.0097 - val_mse: 0.0227
Epoch 19/20
98 - val_loss: 0.0098 - val_mse: 0.0228
```

Plot history

```
In [9]: plt.plot(history.history['loss'])
    plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'])
    plt.xlabel('Epochs')
    plt.ylabel('MSLE Loss')
    plt.legend(['loss', 'val_loss'])
    plt.show()
```

