BEST FIT

Aim:

To implement Best Fit memory allocation technique using Python.

Algorithm:

- 1. Input memory blocks and processes with sizes
- 2. Initialize all memory blocks as free.
- 3. Start by picking each process and find the minimum block size that can be assigned to

current process

- 4. If found then assign it to the current process.
- 5. If not found then leave that process and keep checking the further processes.

Program Code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
void bestFit(int blockSize[], int m, int processSize[], int n)
  int allocation[n];
  memset(allocation, -1, sizeof(allocation));
  for (int i=0; i < n; i++)
     int bestIdx = -1;
     for (int j=0; j < m; j++)
       if (blockSize[j] >= processSize[i])
          if (bestIdx = -1)
             bestIdx = i;
          else if (blockSize[bestIdx] > blockSize[j])
             bestIdx = i;
     if (bestIdx !=-1)
       allocation[i] = bestIdx;
       blockSize[bestIdx] -= processSize[i];
  }
```

```
printf("\nProcess No. \tProcess Size\tBlock no. \n");
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
{
    printf("%d \t\t %d ",i+1,processSize[i]);
    if (allocation[i] != -1)
        printf("\t\t%d",allocation[i] + 1);
    else
    printf("\n Not Allocated");
    printf("\n");
    }
}
int main()
{
    int blockSize[] = {100, 500, 200, 300, 600};
    int processSize[] = {212, 417, 112, 426};
    int m = sizeof(blockSize)/sizeof(blockSize[0]);
    int n = sizeof(processSize)/sizeof(processSize[0]);
    bestFit(blockSize, m, processSize, n);
    return 0;
}</pre>
```