Tool Set-1: Action at a Host (Computer Networks Lab)

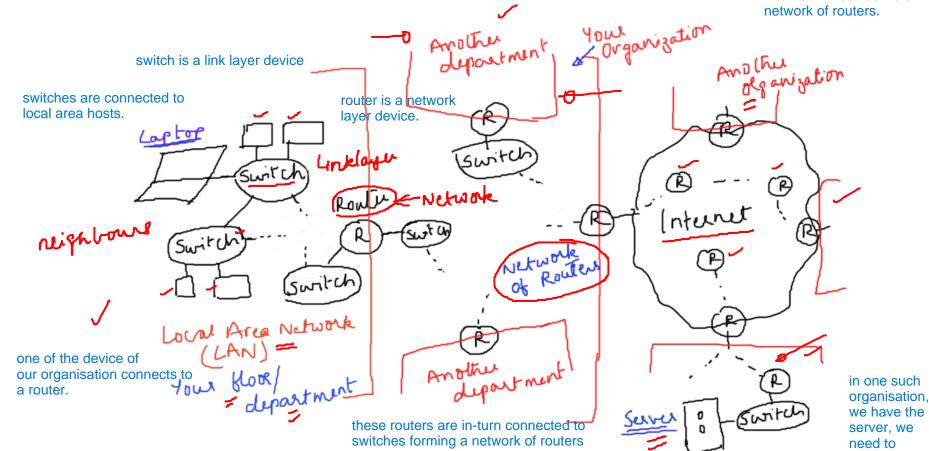
Kameswari Chebrolu

High Level Picture

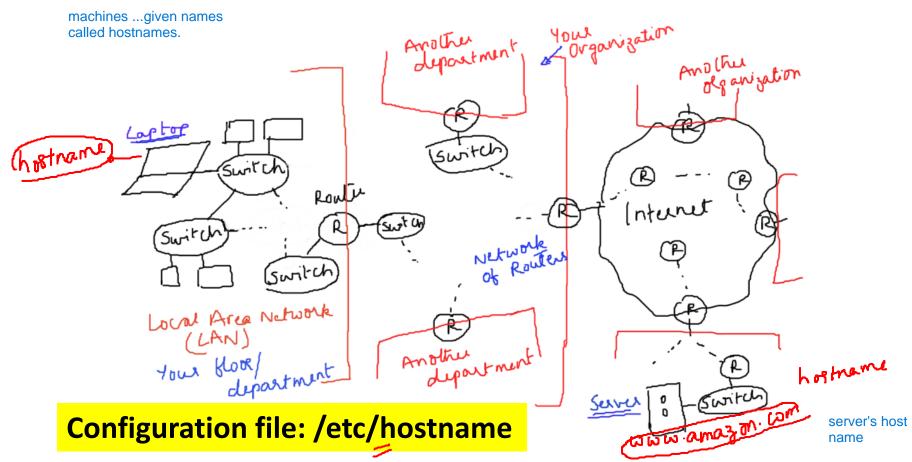
organisation = combination of departments

one special router connects our orgamsation to the internet..which itself is a network of routers.

communicate.



Know thy machine!



browser is a piece of code.

it needs to figure out.. which server Application Layer:

u can enter the hostname <--> ip adresss in the /etc/hosts file, then if u want to send packets to that ip, ur machine will look that file and figure

- You enter URL in browser.
 - e.g. https://www.amazon.in/
- Which server to contact?
 - Server hostname to IP address (DNS service)
 - Command: host amd Configuration file: /etc/hosts
- What port is the server listening on?
 - Configuration File: /etc/services

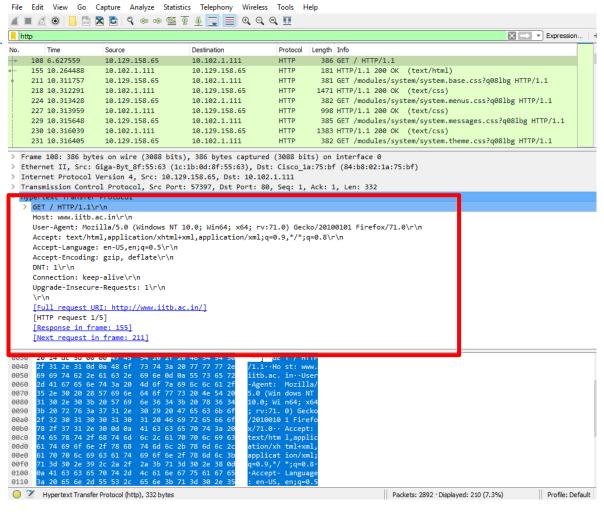
Will cover application development as part of socket programming!

rather than using a Server like DNS. fixed ports, found in that file of server Also local host 127.0.0.1 is not the REAL ip. it is used for machine to address to itself. its same n all machines.

sample-trace-iitb-website.pcapng

Application Layer

application layer data.



Transport Layer



0	4	4 10 16						31	
	Source Port								Destination Port
Sequence Number									
Acknowledgment									
	Hdr Len	0	U	A	Р	R	S	F	Advertised Window
Checksum								Urgent Pointer	
Options (Variable)									
Data									

```
sample-trace-iitb-website.pcapng
                                                                                                                                Х
File Edit View Go Capture Analyze Statistics Telephony Wireless Tools Help
      http
                                                                                                                           Expression...
                                                                      Length Info
        Time
                      Source
                                          Destination
                                                               Protocol
No.
     108 6.627559
                      10.129.158.65
                                          10.102.1.111
                                                               HTTP
                                                                        386 GET / HTTP/1.1
     155 10.264488
                      10.102.1.111
                                          10.129.158.65
                                                               HTTP
                                                                        181 HTTP/1.1 200 OK (text/html)
     211 10.311757
                      10.129.158.65
                                          10.102.1.111
                                                               HTTP
                                                                        381 GET /modules/system/system.base.css?q08lbg HTTP/1.1
     218 10.312291
                      10.102.1.111
                                          10.129.158.65
                                                               HTTP
                                                                        1471 HTTP/1.1 200 OK (text/css)
                                                                        382 GET /modules/system/system.menus.css?q08lbg HTTP/1.1
     224 10.313428
                      10.129.158.65
                                          10.102.1.111
                                                               HTTP
                                                                        998 HTTP/1.1 200 OK (text/css)
     227 10.313959
                      10.102.1.111
                                          10.129.158.65
                                                               HTTP
                                                                        385 GET /modules/system/system.messages.css?q08lbg HTTP/1.1
    229 10.315648
                      10.129.158.65
                                          10.102.1.111
                                                               HTTP
                                                                       1383 HTTP/1.1 200 OK (text/css)
     230 10.316039
                                          10.129.158.65
                                                               HTTP
                      10.102.1.111
                                                                        382 GET /modules/system/system.theme.css?q08lbg HTTP/1.1
     231 10.316405
                      10.129.158.65
                                          10.102.1.111
                                                               HTTP
> Frame 108: 386 bytes on wire (3088 bits), 386 bytes captured (3088 bits) on interface 0
> Ethernet II, Src: Giga-Byt_8f:55:63 (1c:1b:0d:8f:55:63), Dst: Cisco_1a:75:bf (84:b8:02:1a:75:bf)
  Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 10.129.158.65, Dst: 10.102.1.111
Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 57397, Dst Port: 80, Seq: 1, Ack: 1, Len: 332
     Source Port: 57397
     Destination Port: 80
                                                                  the kernel can use any random unused sourse port.
     Stream index: /
     [TCP Segment Len: 332]
                          (relative sequence number)
     Sequence number: 1
                                (relative sequence number)]
     [Next sequence number: 333
     Acknowledgment number: 1
                                (relative ack number)
     0101 .... = Header Length: 20 bytes (5)
   > Flags: 0x018 (PSH, ACK)
     Window size value: 8212
     [Calculated window size: 2102272]
     [Window size scaling factor: 256]
     Checksum: 0xdc5d [unverified]
     [Checksum Status: Unverified]
     Urgent pointer: 0
   > [SEQ/ACK analysis]
   > [Timestamps]
     TCP payload (332 bytes)
 Hypertext Transfer Protocol
```

Locks

Network Layer

1PV4

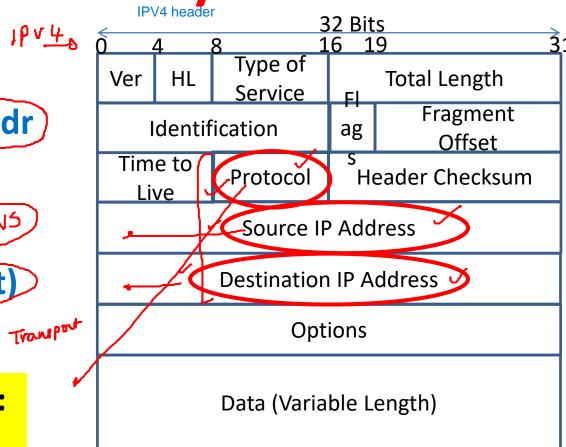


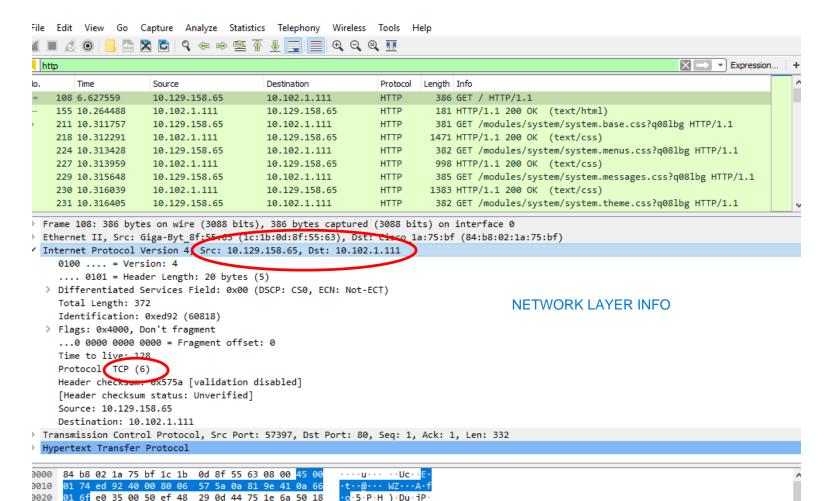
- Source IP
 - Command: ip addr
- Destination IP
 - Saw earlier

(Command: Host)

Protocol

- Configuration File: /etc/protocols ~





..1..GE T / HTTP

20 14 dc 5d 00 00 47 45 54 20 2f 20 48 54 54 50

command

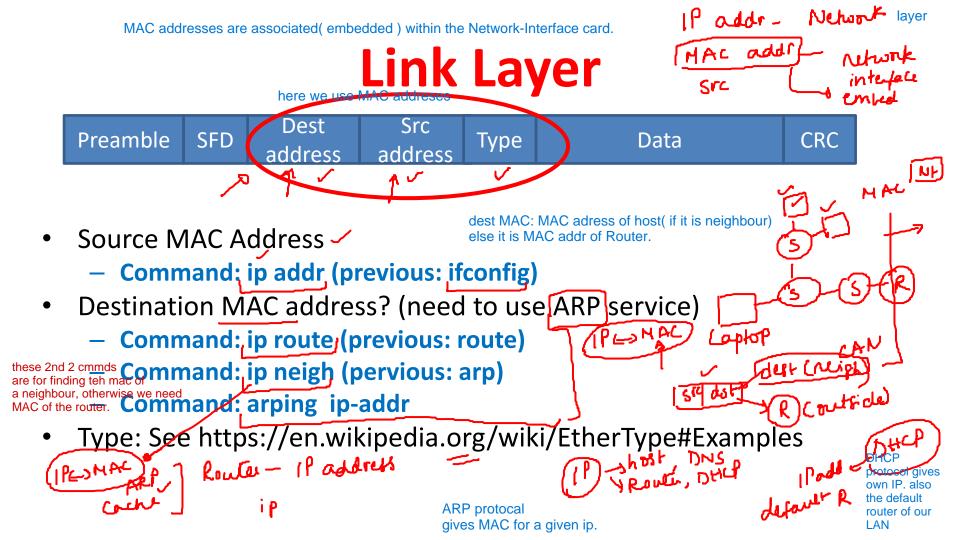
ip addr.

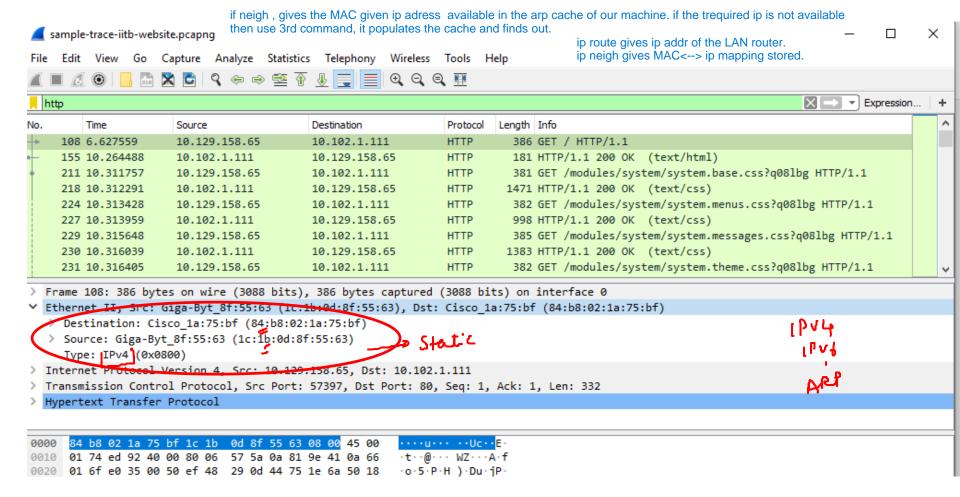
better command

ifconfig ~we can see many interfaces.

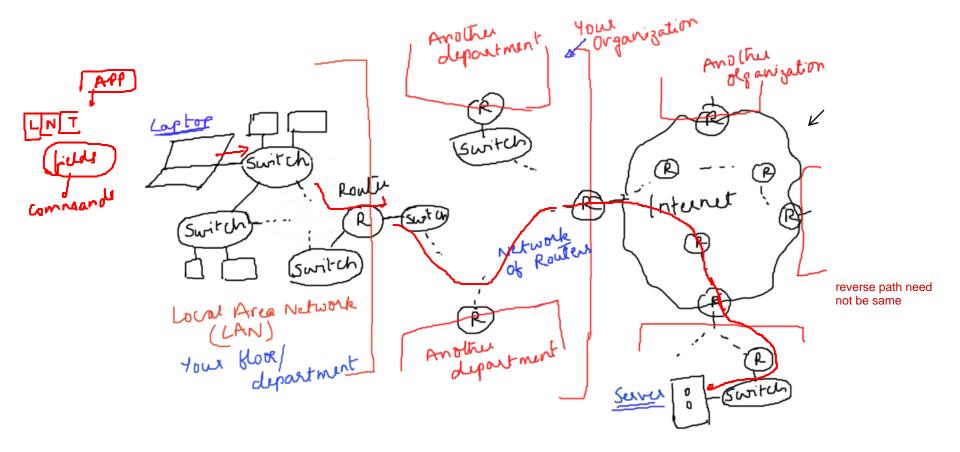
main interface en01

also lo interface...loop back. sending packets to other pocess in same machine





Journey of this packet



Summary

Concepts: Layering; Encapsulation/De-capsulation via Headers; Demultiplexing; Addressing

Host: /etc/hostname

- Application Layer: /etc/services, /etc/hosts and host
- Transport Layer: /etc/services
- Network Layer: ip addr; host; /etc/protocols
- Link Layer: ip addr; ip route; ip neigh; arping

References

- "man" pages of commands
 - Example: "man host"; "man ip"
- IP command cheat sheet
 (https://access.redhat.com/sites/default/files/attachments/rh ip command cheatsheet 12
 14 jcs print.pdf)