Ethernet Switching

Kameswari Chebrolu

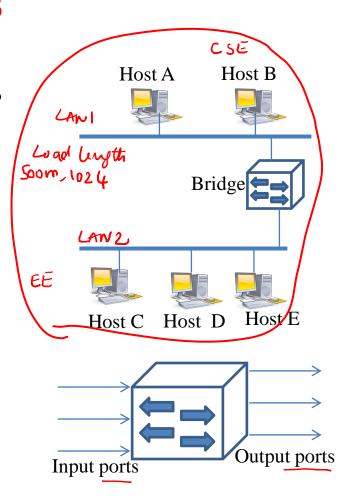
All the figures used as part of the slides are either self created or from the public domain with either 'creative commons' or 'public domain dedication' licensing. The public sites from which some of the figures have been picked include: http://commons.wikimedia.org (Wikipedia, Wikimedia and workbooks); http://www.sxc.hu and http://www.pixabay.com

Recap

- Switching scales networks
- Packet switching helps utilize resources more efficiently
 - Predominant use: Datagram switching
- Apply packet switching to interconnect Ethernet segments

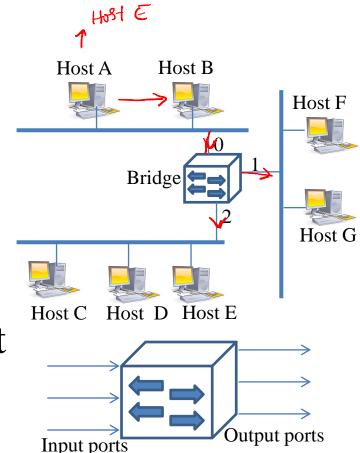
LAN Switches

- Also called layer-2 switches or bridges
- Overall network: Extended LAN
- Multi-input Multi-output device with buffers
- Why used?
 - Different administrators
 - Load or Length restrictions
 - Isolate Networks (helps in security)



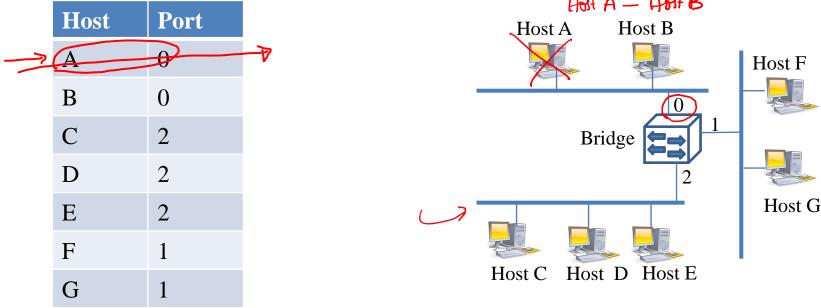
Forwarding

- How to forward?
 - Host A sending packet to Host B
 - Host A sending packet to Host E
- Manual configuration: Tedious
- Automatic simple strategy:
 Forward on all interfaces except
 the one on which received



Learning Bridges

- Idea: Inspect source address and map it to port on which the frame was received
 - Each entry purged after some period unless refreshed



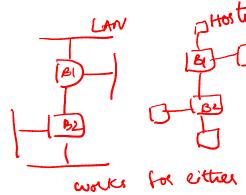
Algorithm

- If a frame received at bridge for destination D on port p
 - No entry for D in the table, forward on all ports except port p
 - If entry for D in forwarding table corresponds to p, drop frame

 How A How B = 0
 - If entry for D in forwarding table corresponds to i
 != p, then forward on i

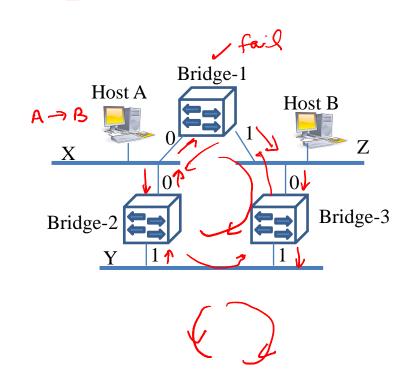
Points to Note

- Plug and play operation (very desirable)
 - No change of hardware/software in hosts
 - No manual configuration in switches
- Learning process is an optimization, not required for correctness



Problem: Loops

- Why loops?
 - Mis-configuration, redundancy
- Host A sends a packet to Host B
 - Assume empty tables
 - Frames can loop indefinitely



Summary

- Ethernet switching extends LANs to form 'Extended LANs'
 - Can interconnect few thousands of hosts
- Plug-n-play mode of operation
- Learning feature improves efficiency
- Switching fails in presence of <u>loops</u>
- Ahead: Solution in the form of Spanning Tree Algorithm