

**NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY KARNATAKA SURATHKAL**  
**DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY**  
**IT 301 Parallel Computing**  
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**Lab 6**

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(1) Execute following code and observe the working of task directive.

Check the result by removing if() clause with task. [ 1+1 = 2 Marks]

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<omp.h>
int fibo(int n);
int main(void)
{
    int n,fib;
    double t1,t2;
    printf("Enter the value of n:\n");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    t1=omp_get_wtime();
    #pragma omp parallel shared(n)
    {
        #pragma omp single
        {
            fib=fibo(n);
        }
    }
    t2=omp_get_wtime();
    printf("Fib is %d\n",fib);
    printf("Time taken is %f s \n",t2-t1);
    return 0;
}

int fibo(int n)
{
    int a,b;
    if(n<2)
        return n;
    else
    {
        #pragma omp task shared(a) if(n>5)
        {
            printf("Task Created by Thread %d\n",omp_get_thread_num());
            a=fibo(n-1);
            printf("Task Executed by Thread %d \ta=%d\n",omp_get_thread_num(),a);
        }
        #pragma omp task shared(b) if(n>5)
        {
            printf("Task Created by Thread %d\n",omp_get_thread_num());
            b=fibo(n-2);
            printf("Task Executed by Thread %d \tb=%d\n",omp_get_thread_num(),b);
        }
    }
}
```

```

}
#pragma omp taskwait
return a+b;
}

```

### WITH IF CLAUSE

```

bhuvan@bhuvan-N550JK:~/Desktop$ gcc -o q1 -fopenmp q1.c
bhuvan@bhuvan-N550JK:~/Desktop$ ./q1
Enter the value of n:
4
Task Created by Thread 3
Task Created by Thread 3
Task Created by Thread 3
Task Executed by Thread 3      a=1
Task Created by Thread 3
Task Executed by Thread 3      b=0
Task Executed by Thread 3      a=1
Task Created by Thread 3
Task Executed by Thread 3      b=1
Task Executed by Thread 3      a=2
Task Created by Thread 3
Task Created by Thread 3
Task Executed by Thread 3      a=1
Task Created by Thread 3
Task Executed by Thread 3      b=0
Task Executed by Thread 3      b=1
Fib is 3
Time taken is 0.000637 s

```

### WITHOUT IF CLAUSE

```

bhuvan@bhuvan-N550JK:~/Desktop$ gcc -o q1 -fopenmp q1.c
bhuvan@bhuvan-N550JK:~/Desktop$ ./q1
Enter the value of n:
4
Task Created by Thread 4
Task Created by Thread 7
Task Created by Thread 6
Task Executed by Thread 6      a=1
Task Created by Thread 5
Task Created by Thread 1
Task Executed by Thread 5      b=1
Task Created by Thread 0
Task Created by Thread 6
Task Executed by Thread 6      a=1
Task Executed by Thread 1      b=0
Task Executed by Thread 7      b=1
Task Created by Thread 2
Task Executed by Thread 2      b=0
Task Executed by Thread 0      a=1
Task Executed by Thread 4      a=2
Fib is 3
Time taken is 0.001044 s

```

**EXPLANATION:** Task scheduling is done for values  $n < 4$  with if() clause. But without if() clause it is done for all values.

(2) Design a parallel program to find a given element in an unsorted array using Binary Search. Take a large number of elements up to the maximum possible size. Make use of openmp task directive. Use random function to initialise values.

Compare the time taken for searching an element in best case , worst case and average case.

(i) Sequential Binary Search program [3 Marks]

(ii) parallel binary search program [5 Marks]

### BEST CASE

```
bhuvan@bhuvan-N550JK:~/Desktop$ gcc -o q2 -fopenmp q2.c
bhuvan@bhuvan-N550JK:~/Desktop$ ./q2
Enter the number of elements: 456
Searching for: 251
TIME TAKEN FOR SEQUENTIAL BINARY SEARCH: 0.000000
Element found at: 227
TIME TAKEN FOR PARALLEL BINARY SEARCH: 0.000001
Element found at: 227
```

### WORST CASE

```
bhuvan@bhuvan-N550JK:~/Desktop$ gcc -o q2 -fopenmp q2.c
bhuvan@bhuvan-N550JK:~/Desktop$ ./q2
Enter the number of elements: 456
Searching for: 465
Sequential Binary Search: 0.000000
Element not found
Binary Search: 0.000462
Element not found
```

### AVERAGE CASE

```
bhuvan@bhuvan-N550JK:~/Desktop$ gcc -o q2 -fopenmp q2.c
bhuvan@bhuvan-N550JK:~/Desktop$ ./q2
Enter the number of elements: 456
Searching for: 342
Sequential Binary Search: 0.000000
Element found at: 341
Binary Search: 0.000402
Element found at: 341
```

### EXPLANATION:

Sequential execution is faster than parallel since the thread operations are executed in parallel.

## CODE

```
1  #include <stdio.h>
2  #include <stdlib.h>
3  #include <omp.h>
4  #include <sys/time.h>
5  #include <time.h>
6
7  void merge(int A[], int l, int m, int r)
8  {
9      int i, j, k;
10     int left = m - l + 1;    int right = r - m;
11     int L[left], R[right];
12
13     for (i = 0; i < left; i++){    L[i] = A[l + i];}
14     for (j = 0; j < right; j++){    R[j] = A[m + 1 + j];}
15
16     i = 0;    j = 0;    k = l;
17
18     while (i < left && j < right)
19     {
20         if (L[i] <= R[j]){    A[k] = L[i];    i++;}
21         else{    A[k] = R[j];    j++;}
22         k++;
23     }
24     while (i < left)
25     {    A[k] = L[i];    i++;    k++;}
26     while (j < right)
27     {    A[k] = R[j];    j++;    k++;}
28 }
29
30 void mergesort(int A[], int l, int r)
31 {
32     if (l < r)
33     {
34         int mid = l + (r - l) / 2;
35         mergesort(A, l, mid);
36         mergesort(A, mid + 1, r);
37         merge(A, l, mid, r);
38     }
39 }
40
41
42 int parallel(int A[], int l, int r, int element)
43 {
44     if (l > r)
45     {    return -1;}
46     if (l == r)
47     {
```

```

48     if (A[l] == element)
49     { return l;}
50     return -1;
51 }
52 int mid = l + (r-l)/2;
53
54 if (A[mid] == element)
55 { return mid;}
56 int result = -1;
57
58 #pragma omp parallel num_threads(4)
59 {
60     #pragma omp single
61     {
62         if (A[mid] > element)
63         {
64             #pragma omp task
65             { result = parallel(A, l, mid-1, element);}
66         }
67         else
68         {
69             #pragma omp task
70             { result = parallel(A, mid+1, r, element);}
71         }
72     }
73     #pragma omp taskwait
74 }
75 return result;
76 }
77
78 int seq(int A[], int n, int element)
79 {
80     int l = 0, r = n-1, mid;
81     while (l < r)
82     {
83         mid = l + (r-l)/2;
84         if (A[mid] == element){ return mid;}
85         if (A[mid] > element){ r = mid-1;}
86         else{ l = mid+1;}
87     }
88     if (A[l] == element)
89     { return l;}
90     return -1;
91 }
92
93 double timecalc(struct timeval TimeValue_Start,struct timeval TimeValue_Final)
94 {
95     long start,end; double time_total;

```

```

93 double timecalc(struct timeval TimeValue_Start,struct timeval TimeValue_Final)
94 {
95     long start, end;    double time_total;
96     start = TimeValue_Start.tv_sec * 1000000 + TimeValue_Start.tv_usec;
97     end = TimeValue_Final.tv_sec * 1000000 + TimeValue_Final.tv_usec;
98     time_total = (end - start)/1000000.0;
99     return time_total;
100 }
101
102 int main()
103 {
104     srand(time(0));
105     int n;
106
107     printf("Enter the number of elements: ");
108     scanf("%d", &n);
109
110     int A[n];
111     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {    A[i] = rand()%n;}
112     mergesort(A, 0, n-1);
113
114     int element = A[342], result;
115     printf("\tSearching for: %d\n", element);
116
117     struct timeval TimeValue_Start,TimeValue_Final;    struct timezone TimeZone_Start,TimeZone_Final;
118
119     //Sequential
120     gettimeofday(&TimeValue_Start, &TimeZone_Start);
121     result = seq(A, n, element);
122     gettimeofday(&TimeValue_Final, &TimeZone_Final);
123
124     printf("Sequential Binary Search: %lf\n", timecalc(TimeValue_Start,TimeValue_Final));
125     if (result == -1){    printf("\tElement not found\n");}    else{    printf("\tElement found at: %d\n", result);}
126
127     //Parallel
128     gettimeofday(&TimeValue_Start, &TimeZone_Start);
129     result = parallel(A, 0, n-1, element);
130     gettimeofday(&TimeValue_Final, &TimeZone_Final);
131
132     printf(" Binary Search: %lf\n", timecalc(TimeValue_Start,TimeValue_Final));
133     if (result == -1){    printf("\tElement not found\n");}    else{    printf("\tElement found at: %d\n", result);}
134 }

```