

Experiment:10

Aim: Write a Java Program to implement Simple Queue to

- 1)To add Items into the queue.
- 2)To delete items from the queue.

Program:

```
import java.util.*;

// define queue class

class Queue
{
    int arr[], front, rear, cap, n1;

    // Queue constructor
    Queue(int n)
    {
        arr = new int[n];
        cap = n;
        front = 0;
        rear = -1;
        n = 0;
    }

    // dequeue function for removing the front element
    public void dequeue()
    {
        // check for queue underflow
        if (isEmpty())
        {
            System.out.println("No items in the queue,cannot delete");
            System.exit(1);
        }

        System.out.println("Deleted Element is " + arr[front]);
        front = (front + 1) % cap;
        n1--;
    }
}
```

```

        // enqueue function for adding an item to the rear
public void enqueue(int val)
{
    // check for queue overflow
    if (isFull())
    {
        System.out.println("OverFlow!!Cannot add more values");
        System.exit(1);
    }

    System.out.println("Element Inserted " + val);
    rear = (rear + 1) % cap;
    arr[rear] = val;
    n1++;
}

// peek function to return front element of the queue
public int peek()
{
    if (isEmpty())
    {
        System.out.println("Queue empty!!Cannot delete");
        System.exit(1);
    }
    return arr[front];
}

// returns the size of the queue
public int size()
{
    return n1;
}

// to check if the queue is empty or not
public Boolean isEmpty()

```

```

    {
        return (size() == 0);
    }
    // to check if the queue is full or not
    public Boolean isFull()
    {return (size() == cap);}
}

// Queue implementation in java
class Queuedemo{
    public static void main (String[] args)
    {
        // create a queue of capacity 5
        Queue q = new Queue(5);
        q.enqueue(10);
        q.enqueue(20);
        q.enqueue(30);
        System.out.println("Front element is: " + q.peek());
        q.dequeue();
        System.out.println("Front element is: " + q.peek());
        System.out.println("Queue size is " + q.size());
        q.dequeue();
        q.dequeue();

        if (q.isEmpty())
            System.out.println("Queue Is Empty");
        else
            System.out.println("Queue Is Not Empty");
    }
}

```