



Python programming basics

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With material from Robert Haase





I have never programmed

I have adjusted existing scripts/macros

I have written my own script



Variables can hold numeric values and you can do math with them

```
# initialize parameters
room_width = 5
room_length = 6
# run algorithm on given parameters
room_area = room_width * room_length
print(room_area)
```

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Working with variables and string values



Also text (called strings) as values for variables are supported

Single and double quotes allowed

```
first_name = "Robert"
last_name = 'Haase'

print("Hello " + first_name + " " + last_name)
```

Hello Robert Haase



• String formatting is made easy using f-strings.

f"This is an f-string. a's value is {a}. Doubling the value of a gives {2*a}."

"This is an f-string. a's value is 5. Doubling the value of a gives 10."



Comments should contain additional information such as

- User documentation
 - What does the program do?
 - How can this program be used?
- Your name / institute in case a reader has a question
- Comment why things are done.
- Do <u>not</u> comment what is written in the code already!

```
This program sums up two numbers.
# Usage:
 * Run it in Python 3.8
# Author: Robert Haase, PoL TUD
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# initialise program
a = 1
b = 2.5
# run complicated algorithm
final result = a + b
# print the final result
print( final result )
```





Handling many items: lists



• Lists are variables, where you can store multiple values Computer memory

Give me a "0", five times!

$$array = [0] * 5$$

array				
1	0	5	0	Rab bit



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Modifying lists entries

```
numbers = [0, 1, 2, 3, 4]

# write in one array element
numbers[1] = 5

print(numbers)

[0, 5, 2, 3, 4]
```

Note: The first element has index 0!

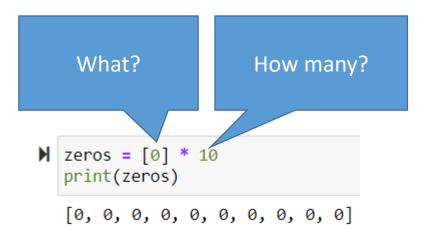
Concatenating lists

```
ones = [1, 1, 1]
twos = [2, 2, 2, 2]

# concatenate arrays
numbers = ones + twos
print(numbers)

[1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2]
```

• Creating lists of defined size



+ means appending

for: execute some lines of code *for* a number of times **a**







• typically for all items in an array-like thing (lists, tuples, images)

```
open array of time-lapse images
for <image> in <image array> :
   # process image
 save results
```

for-in: Loop over items of a list



• Example list :

```
M animal_set = ["Cat", "Dog", "Mouse"]

for animal in animal_set:
    print(animal)
```

Cat Dog Mouse

```
range creates numbers on the fly:
```

```
range(start, stop, step)
```

```
# for loops

for i in range(0, 5):

print(i)
```

0 1

2

3

4

for-loop syntax pitfalls



 Indent the code within the for loop remember: indentation means combining operations to a block

Don't forget to indent!

Colon necessary

```
# for loops
for i in range(0, 5):
print(i)

File "<ipython-input-15-59c457ae0ac9>", line 3
    print(i)

IndentationError: expected an indented block
```

```
# for loops
for i in range(0, 5)
    print(i)

File "<ipython-input-13-23157c0ed137>", line 2
    for i in range(0, 5)

SyntaxError: invalid syntax
```