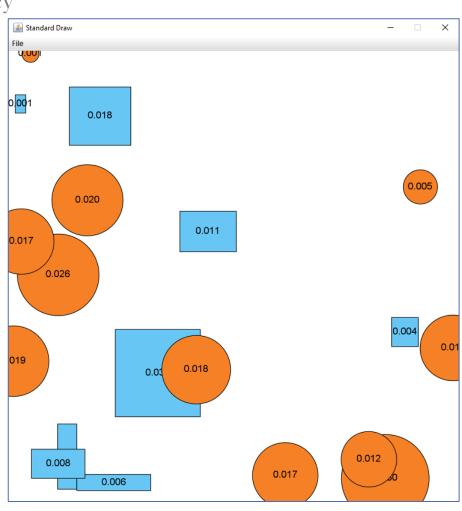


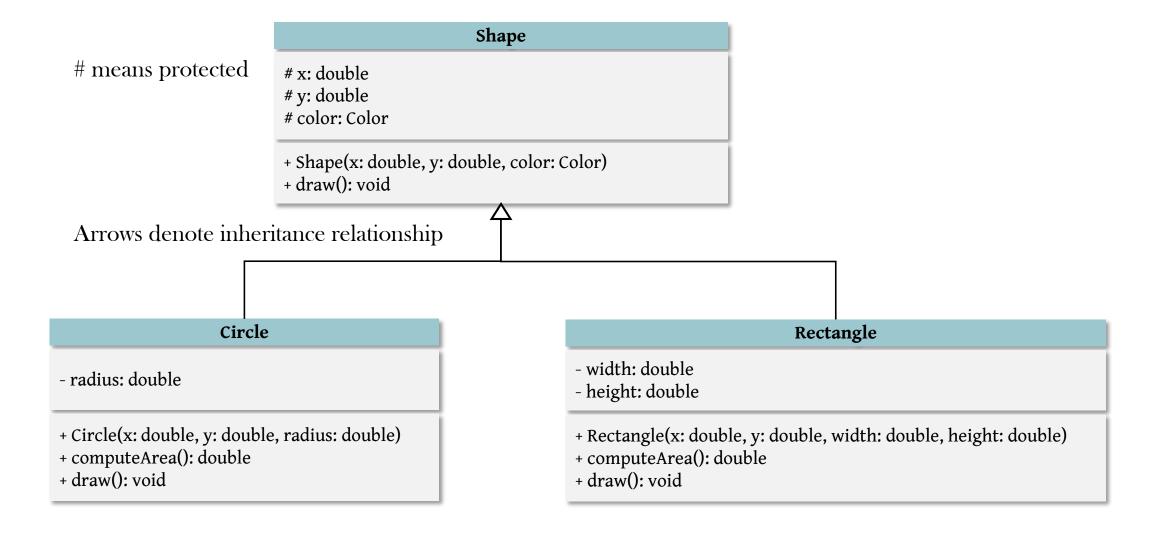
COMP 201 Data Structures and Algorithms Lab 3 - Abstract Classes and the Comparable Interface

Base Code: Inheritance and Polymorphism with Shapes

- Circle and Rectangle <u>subclasses</u> share some common properties, so they are derived (inherited) from a <u>Shape superclass</u>.
- A Shape class is written with the following common data fields:
 - o x (double) and y (double): center x and y coordinates
 - o color (Color type, e.g., StdDraw.ORANGE): color of the shape
 - o An empty draw method that is actually implemented in subclasses.
- A Circle class is written by extending the Shape class with:
 - o radius (double): radius of the circle
 - o A computeArea method that computes and returns the area of the circle
 - o An overridden draw method that draws the circle using StdDraw
- A Rectangle class is written by <u>extending the Shape class</u> with:
 - o width (double) and height (double): width and height of the rectangle
 - o A computeArea method that computes and returns the area of the rectangle
 - o An overridden draw method that draws the rectangle using StdDraw



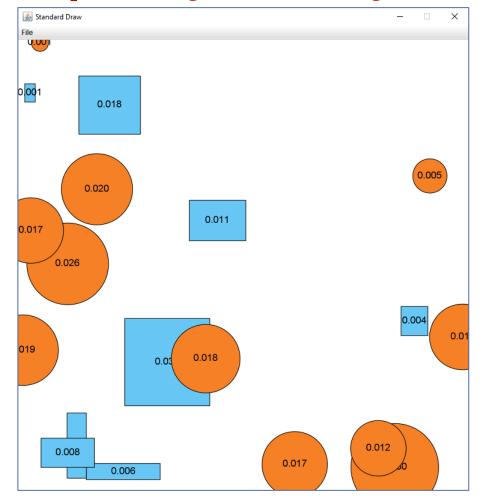
Base Code: UML Class Diagrams



Drawing Random Shapes by Using BaseCode.java

- N random shapes are generated as follows.
 - With 0.65 probability, the shape should be a circle.
 - With 0.35 probability, the shape should be a rectangle.
 - Center x and y coordinates and sizes (radius or width&height) of the shapes are randomly generated.
- Each shape is drawn with <u>its area written at the center</u> with 3 decimal precision.
- Circles and rectangles are drawn in <u>different colors</u>.
- All created circles and rectangles are stored in a single array list.
 - ArrayList<Shape> shapes = new ArrayList<Shape>();
- The following settings are used in the program.
 - o canvasWidth = canvasHeight = 750 and x-scale = y-scale = [0, 1]
 - o N = 20 shapes in total and each shape has an area ≥ 0.0005 (the smallest value suitable for 3 decimal precision, 0.000 is displayed otherwise)
 - o random center x and y coordinates in the range [0, 1)
 - \circ random circle radius values in the range [0, 0.1)
 - o random rectangle width and height values in the range [0, 0.2)

A Sample Drawing (60% of the Original Size):



There are more circles than rectangles.

Each shape is drawn with its area at the center.

Circles and rectangles are in different colors.

Tasks

- Modify Shape, Circle and Rectangle classes in TestCode.java as described below and shown in the UML class diagrams on the next page.
 - Task 1: Make the Shape class abstract, make the draw method in the Shape class abstract and add an abstract computeArea method to the Shape class.
 - Task 2: Implement the Comparable interface for the Shape class and add a compareTo method for comparing shapes based on their areas.
 - Task 3: Override the toString method (of the Object class) within both Circle and Rectangle classes such that you can get a similar console output with the ones given on the next pages.
 - <u>Task 4:</u> Implement a highlight method in the Shape class. The method should change the color of the shape to StdDraw.GREEN and then draw the shape.

UML Class Diagrams

+ compareTo(s: Shape): int

Abstract class name and abstract methods are italicized.

means protected

x: double # y: double # color: Color # Shape(x: double, y: double, color: Color) + computeArea(): double + draw(): void + highlight(): void

The interface name and the method names are italicized. The dashed line and hollow triangle are used to point to the interface.

«interface»

java.lang.Comparable<Shape>

Methods computeArea and draw are overridden in Circle and Rectangle classes. Superclass methods are generally omitted in the UML diagram for subclasses.

Arrows denote the inheritance relationship

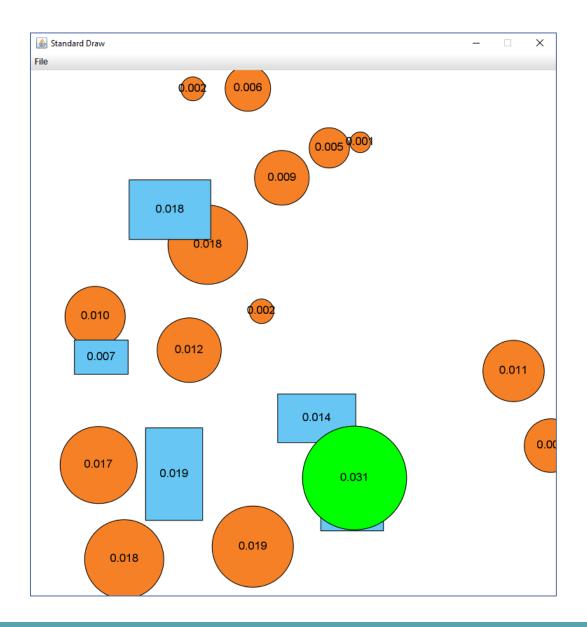
Circle

- radius: double
- + Circle(x: double, y: double, radius: double)
- + toString(): String

Rectangle

- width: double
- height: double
- + Rectangle(x: double, y: double, width: double, height: double)
- + toString(): String

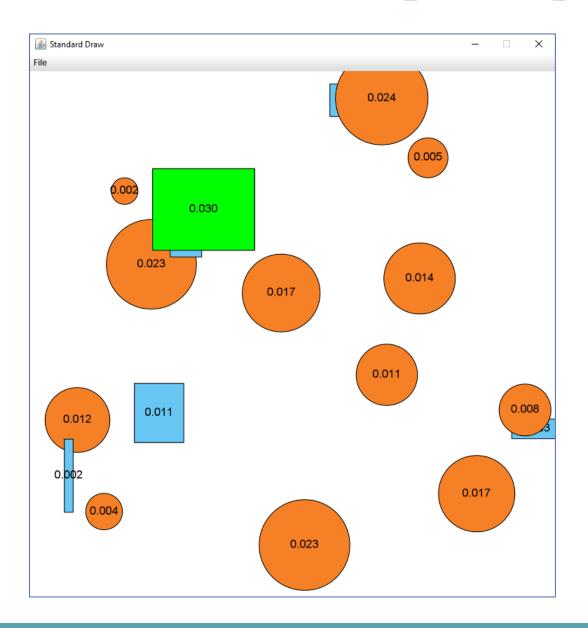
Test Code: Sample Expected Output 1



Console Output

Circle: 0.0011841858012981603 Circle: 0.0016500204189220818 Circle: 0.0016960760171194618 Circle: 0.004599809959461269 Circle: 0.005918208365666569 Rectangle: 0.006534452437268703 Rectangle: 0.006697701316325714 Circle: 0.008121373293027822 Circle: 0.00850006126146245 Circle: 0.010346461269087358 Circle: 0.010741803070370091 Circle: 0.011725256604163488 Rectangle: 0.013828246435163586 Circle: 0.01690134420782095 Rectangle: 0.017518031610136663 Circle: 0.017752882210025793 Circle: 0.0179084777467612 Circle: 0.018766336744852403 Rectangle: 0.01912424415486703 Circle: 0.030740950907656876 Program finished.

Test Code: Sample Expected Output 2



Console Output

Circle: 6.587282382318719E-4 Circle: 0.0020377057173910245 Rectangle: 0.002238231966482051 Rectangle: 0.0023583960363093813 Rectangle: 0.0034597654359662254 Circle: 0.0038008484565574805 Circle: 0.004388629739046904 Circle: 0.004574949549765403 Rectangle: 0.006645906024234093 Circle: 0.007669476711611014 Rectangle: 0.010615542595432077 Circle: 0.010673429038734868 Circle: 0.011950264581904414 Circle: 0.014479405239690862 Circle: 0.016609313538360863 Circle: 0.01728367475022856 Circle: 0.022980611786330978 Circle: 0.023424654333146427 Circle: 0.024390066407803983 Rectangle: 0.030179334215661855 Program finished.

Submission of Lab Work

- Submit your Java code file(s) (no report required) to Blackboard.
- You can work as a team of 2 students, if you like. <u>Each team member should upload</u> his/her code to Blackboard individually.

Grading

Your lab work will be graded on a scale of: 0: Incorrect/NA, 1: Partially correct, 2: Correct