You can choose to install the OpenSSH server package to enable secure remote
access to your server.

                    [X]   Install OpenSSH server

Import SSH identity: [No   ▼]
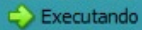   You can import your SSH keys from GitHub or Launchpad.

      Import Username:

                    [X]   Allow password authentication over SSH

                              [Done   ]
                              [Back   ]

Ferramentas

Novo   Acrescentar   Configurações   Descartar   Exibir (h)

praticaSO
Desligada

LinuxServer1
Executando

Geral

Nome: LinuxServer1
Sistema Operacional: Ubuntu (64-bit)

Sistema

Memória Principal: 2048 MB
Ordem de Boot: Disco Rígido, Óptico, Disquete
Aceleração: Paginação Aninhada, Paravirtualização KVM

Tela

Memória de Vídeo: 16 MB
Controladora Gráfica: VMSVGA
Servidor de Desktop Remoto: Desabilitado
Gravação: Desabilitado

Pré-Visualização

LinuxServer1 [Executando] - Oracle VM VirtualBox

Arquivo   Máquina   Visualizar   Entrada   Dispositivos   Ajuda

```
Login incorrect
linuxs login: bianor
Password:
Welcome to Ubuntu 22.04.3 LTS (GNU/Linux 5.15.0-79-generic x86_64)

 * Documentation:  https://help.ubuntu.com
 * Management:      https://landscape.canonical.com
 * Support:         https://ubuntu.com/advantage

  System information as of Fri Aug 25 06:20:13 PM UTC 2023

  System load:  0.216796875        Processes:                104
  Usage of /:   43.1% of 11.21GB    Users logged in:          0
  Memory usage: 11%                 IPv4 address for enp0s3: 10.0.2.15
  Swap usage:   0%

Expanded Security Maintenance for Applications is not enabled.

12 updates can be applied immediately.
To see these additional updates run: apt list --upgradable

Enable ESM Apps to receive additional future security updates.
See https://ubuntu.com/esm or run: sudo pro status




The programs included with the Ubuntu system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

Ubuntu comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by
applicable law.

To run a command as administrator (user "root"), use "sudo <command>".
See "man sudo_root" for details.

bianor@linuxs:~$
```