**Software paper for submission to MEDSCI 736 University of Auckland**

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Please submit the completed paper to: f.kubke@auckland.ac.nz

**(1) Overview**

Title

“ePygenetics: An extraction tool for epigenetic data”.

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Paper Author Roles and Affiliations

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Abstract

ePygenetics is a python module that retrieves epigenetic data from .wig files. It allows the user to input the data they require from the files, finds the data within the file and outputs the data to a database. This allows geneticists to easily extract the epigenetic status of a single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP) in a particular cell line so this can be considered in any analyses. It is licensed under the Attribution-ShareAlike 3.0 New Zealand license and the source code is freely available for use and modification at: <https://github.com/UOA-MEDSCI-736/CallumChalmers29-crispy-disco>.

Keywords

Software, Python, Genetics, Epigenetics, SNPs

Introduction

ePygenetics is a python module that allows the user to extract epigenetic data from .wig files. The module was created to allow geneticists to quickly and easily access the epigenetic status of single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs) from DNAse hypersensitivity data.

Currently, epigenetic data is not considered in most genome-wide association studies, potentially leading to a reduction in the power of this method [1]. While .wig files can be viewed in programmes such as the UCSC Genome Browser, this software is not effective at looking at multiple SNPs at once or comparing multiple cell lines. ePygenetics can perform both these functions by exporting the data as a filterable database which can be easily viewed or integrated into another programme. This allows epigenetic status to be considered when doing genetic analyses, potentially providing the missing piece of the puzzle.

**Implementation and architecture**

How the software was implemented, with details of the architecture where relevant. Use of relevant diagrams is appropriate. Please also describe any variants and associated implementation differences.

**Quality control**

Detail the level of testing that has been carried out on the code (e.g. unit, functional, load etc.), and in which environments. If not already included in the software documentation, provide details of how a user could quickly understand if the software is working (e.g. providing examples of running the software with sample input and output data).

**(2) Availability**

***Operating system***

Ubuntu 16.04 LTS

***Programming language***

Python 3.5.2

***Additional system requirements***

None

***Dependencies***

None

***List of contributors***

None

***Software location:***

***Archive*** To be decided

***Name:*** The name of the archive

***Persistent identifier:*** e.g. DOI, handle, PURL, etc.

***Licence:*** Open license under which the software is licensed

***Publisher:*** Name of the person who deposited the software

***Version published:***The version number of the software archived

***Date published:*** dd/mm/yy

**Code repository**

***Name:*** UOA-MEDSCI-736/CallumChalmers29-crispy-disco

***Identifier:*** <https://github.com/UOA-MEDSCI-736/CallumChalmers29-crispy-disco>

***Licence:*** Attribution-ShareAlike 3.0 New Zealand

***Date published:*** 29/09/2016

**Emulation environment** (if appropriate)

***Name:*** N/A

***Identifier:*** N/A

***Licence:*** N/A

***Date published:*** N/A

***Language***

New Zealand English

**(3) Reuse potential**

The software can be used to read fixed step .wig files with a track type of wiggle\_0, a step of 20 and a span of 20. It cannot be used to read files with a different track type and cannot be used to read variable step .wig files. Altering This should include the use cases for the software, and also details of how the software might be modified or extended (including how contributors should contact you) if appropriate. Also you must include details of what support mechanisms are in place for this software (even if there is no support).

**Acknowledgements**

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**Competing interests**

CC has no competing interests, check other authors

**References**

[1] Hardison, R.C., 2012. Genome-wide epigenetic data facilitate understanding of disease susceptibility association studies. *Journal of Biological Chemistry*, *287*(37), pp.30932-30940. doi: [10.1074/jbc.R112.352427](https://dx.doi.org/10.1074%2Fjbc.R112.352427)

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