

**Blockchain Security | Smart Contract Audits | KYC Development | Marketing** 



# CRI3X

# Audit

**Security Assessment** 22. February, 2023

For







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Version	Date	Description
1.0	18. February 2023	<ul><li>Layout project</li><li>Automated-/Manual-Security Testing</li><li>Summary</li></ul>

### **Network**

Polygon

### Website

https://cribx.io/

### **Telegram**

https://t.me/cribxofficial

### **Twitter**

https://twitter.com/cribx\_official

### Discord

https://discord.io/CRI3X

### **Description**

Cri3X is creating virtual experiences across Metaverse partner platforms. Not bound by borders as Metaverse platforms are, Cri3X is positioned to integrate across multiple web3 communities, providing Web3 virtual entertainment content via our Cri3X virtual cinema chain, film IP P2E gaming, musical events, screening parties and VR first person Avatar experiences on the Metaverse.

# **Project Engagement**

During the Date of 18 February 2023, **Cri3x Team** engaged Solidproof.io to audit smart contracts that they created. The engagement was technical in nature and focused on identifying security flaws in the design and implementation of the contracts. They provided Solidproof.io with access to their code repository and whitepaper.

### Logo



# Contract Link

Provided as Files

### **Tokenomics**

Token Allocation:

Liquidity Pool	6.0%
Staking Pool Rewards	21.0%
Game Development	9.0%
Team	15.0%
Private Sale	5.0%
Treasury	22.0%
CEX Allocation	2%
Migration	20%

Total supply: 1b

Starting MC: \$4.5m

Token price: \$0.0044

### Note from the team

\*Note: These are subject to change right up until launch day. The majority of liquidity will come from the CRI3 and RTGN tokens once it unlocks on March 20th.

We will then pull the liquidity from both and migrate holders over to the new token.

With the charts and liquidity fluctuating on both existing tokens we are unable to give an exact set of tokenomics until then.

But above is a very good indication based on current token prices.

#### **Note**

Above informations were provided by the Cri3X team.

# **Vulnerability & Risk Level**

Risk represents the probability that a certain source-threat will exploit vulnerability, and the impact of that event on the organization or system. Risk Level is computed based on CVSS version 3.0.

Level	Value	Vulnerability	Risk (Required Action)
Critical	9 - 10	A vulnerability that can disrupt the contract functioning in a number of scenarios, or creates a risk that the contract may be broken.	Immediate action to reduce risk level.
High	7 – 8.9	A vulnerability that affects the desired outcome when using a contract, or provides the opportunity to use a contract in an unintended way.	Implementation of corrective actions as soon aspossible.
Medium	4 – 6.9	A vulnerability that could affect the desired outcome of executing the contract in a specific scenario.	Implementation of corrective actions in a certain period.
Low	2 – 3.9	A vulnerability that does not have a significant impact on possible scenarios for the use of the contract and is probably subjective.	Implementation of certain corrective actions or accepting the risk.
Informational	0 – 1.9	A vulnerability that have informational character but is not effecting any of the code.	An observation that does not determine a level of risk

# Auditing Strategy and Techniques Applied

Throughout the review process, care was taken to evaluate the repository for security-related issues, code quality, and adherence to specification and best practices. To do so, reviewed line-by-line by our team of expert pentesters and smart contract developers, documenting any issues as there were discovered.

# Methodology

The auditing process follows a routine series of steps:

- 1. Code review that includes the following:
  - i) Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof to make sure we understand the size, scope, and functionality of the smart contract.
  - ii) Manual review of code, which is the process of reading source code line-byline in an attempt to identify potential vulnerabilities.
  - iii) Comparison to specification, which is the process of checking whether the code does what the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof describe.
- 2. Testing and automated analysis that includes the following:
  - i) Test coverage analysis, which is the process of determining whether the test cases are actually covering the code and how much code is exercised when we run those test cases.
  - ii) Symbolic execution, which is analysing a program to determine what inputs causes each part of a program to execute.
- 3. Best practices review, which is a review of the smart contracts to improve efficiency, effectiveness, clarify, maintainability, security, and control based on the established industry and academic practices, recommendations, and research.
- 4. Specific, itemized, actionable recommendations to help you take steps to secure your smart contracts.

# Used Code from other Frameworks/Smart Contracts (direct imports)

#### Imported packages:

- @openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/IERC20.sol
- @openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/extensions/IERC20Metadata.sol
- @openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/ERC20.sol
- @openzeppelin/contracts/utils/Address.sol
- @openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/utils/SafeERC20.sol
- @openzeppelin/contracts/access/Ownable.sol
- @openzeppelin/contracts/utils/math/SafeMath.sol
- @uniswap/v2-core/contracts/interfaces/IUniswapV2Factory.sol
- @uniswap/v2-core/contracts/interfaces/IUniswapV2Pair.sol
- @uniswap/v2-periphery/contracts/interfaces/IUniswapV2Router01.sol
- @uniswap/v2-periphery/contracts/interfaces/IUniswapV2Router02.sol

### **Tested Contract Files**

This audit covered the following files listed below with a SHA-1 Hash.

A file with a different Hash has been modified, intentionally or otherwise, after the security review. A different Hash could be (but not necessarily) an indication of a changed condition or potential vulnerability that was not within the scope of this review.

### **v1.0**

File Name	SHA-1 Hash
contracts/Cri3X.sol	5d04b193043ae6bf5b3144a7f445eaf4a26eb941

# **Metrics**

# Source Lines v1.0



# **Capabilities**

### **Components**



#### **Exposed Functions**

This section lists functions that are explicitly declared public or payable. Please note that getter methods for public stateVars are not included.

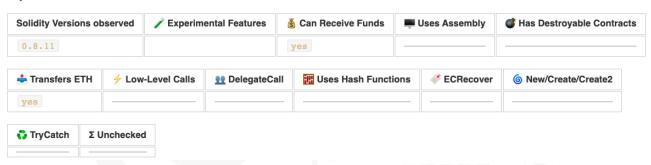


External	Internal	Private	Pure	View
4	28	4	0	1

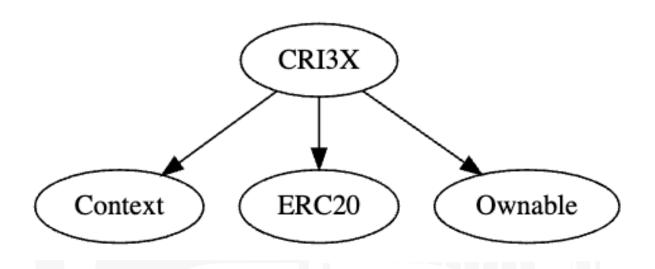
#### **StateVariables**



#### Capabilities

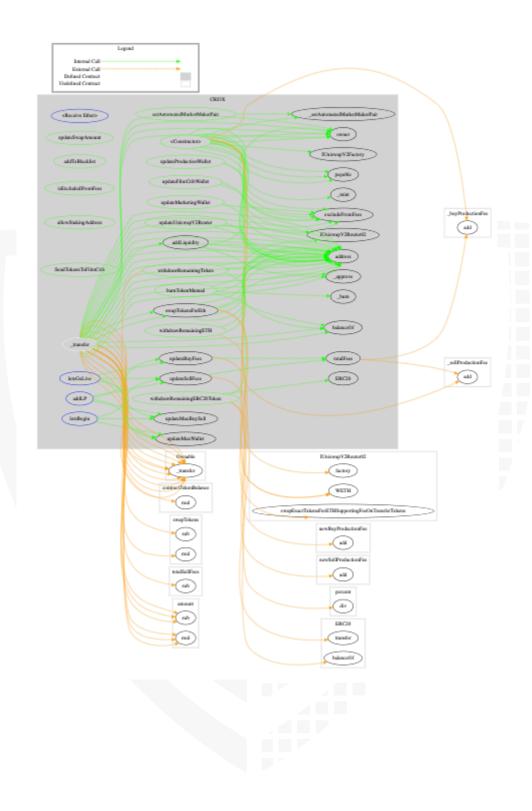


# Inheritance Graph v1.0



# **CallGraph**

### **v1.0**



### **Scope of Work/Verify Claims**

The above token Team provided us with the files that needs to be tested (Github, Bscscan, Etherscan, files, etc.). The scope of the audit is the main contract (usual the same name as team appended with .sol).

We will verify the following claims:

- 1. Is contract an upgradeable
- 2. Correct implementation of Token standard
- 3. Deployer cannot mint any new tokens
- 4. Deployer cannot burn or lock user funds
- 5. Deployer cannot pause the contract
- 6. Deployer cannot set fees
- 7. Deployer cannot blacklist/antisnipe addresses
- 8. Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)

# Is contract an upgradeable

# Name Is contract an upgradeable?



# **Correct implementation of Token standard**

	ERC20				
Function	Description	Exist	Tested	Verified	
TotalSupply	Provides information about the total token supply	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	
BalanceOf	Provides account balance of the owner's account	$\checkmark$	<b>√</b>	$\checkmark$	
Transfer	Executes transfers of a specified number of tokens to a specified address	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	
TransferFrom	Executes transfers of a specified number of tokens from a specified address	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	
Approve	Allow a spender to withdraw a set number of tokens from a specified account	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	
Allowance	Returns a set number of tokens from a spender to the owner	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	

# Write functions of contract v1.0

- updateSwapAmount
- updateUniswapV2Router
- excludeFromFees
- addToBlacklist
- setAutomatedMarketMakerPair
- updateMarketingWallet
- updateProductionWallet
- updateFilmCribWallet
- allowStakingAddress
- SendTokensToFilmCrib
- addLP
- letsGoLive
- letsBegin
- updateBuyFees
- updateSellFees
- updateMaxWallet
- updateMaxBuySell
- withdrawRemainingETH
- withdrawRemainingToken
- withdrawRemainingERC20Token
- burnTokenManual



# **Deployer cannot mint any new tokens**

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer cannot mint	$\checkmark$	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
Max / Total Supply		10000	00000

#### Comments:

### **v1.0**

· Owner cannot mint new tokens

# Deployer cannot burn or lock user funds

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer cannot lock	$\checkmark$	<b>√</b>	X
Deployer cannot burn	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	$\checkmark$

#### Comments:

### **v1.0**

- · Owner can lock user funds by blacklisting addresses
- Tokens
  - can be burned manually by the owner (not more than contract's balance)
  - · can be burned by msg.sender

### **Deployer cannot pause the contract**

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer cannot pause	-	_	-



# **Deployer cannot set fees**

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer cannot set fees over 25%	$\checkmark$	<b>√</b>	$\checkmark$
Deployer cannot set fees to nearly 100% or to 100%	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	$\checkmark$



# Deployer can blacklist/antisnipe addresses

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer can blacklist/antisnipe addresses	$\checkmark$	<b>√</b>	X

#### Comments:

#### **v1.0**

• Owner is able to blacklist addresses and the blacklisted will have to pay 99% fee for transferring tokens.



# **Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)**



### Legend

Attribute	Symbol
Verified / Checked	$\checkmark$
Partly Verified	P
Unverified / Not checked	X
Not available	-

### **Modifiers and public functions v1.0**



### **Ownership Privileges:**

- Update swap at amount to any arbitrary value including zero
- Include/Exclude accounts from fees
- Update uniswap router address, AMM pair address
- Update Marketing address, Production wallet, FilmCrib Wallet
- Enable/Disable staking, and send tokens to flip crib
- Add LP and Initialise the trading in the contract but cannot disable it
- Max wallet and max selling amount is applicable for all the wallets without any exemption

- Update max wallet and max sell amount but within a safe range
- · Withdraw ETH and Native tokens from the contracts, Beware of this.

# Please check if an OnlyOwner or similar restrictive modifier has been forgotten.

# **Source Units in Scope** v1.0

File	Logic Contracts	Interfaces	Lines	nLines	nSLOC	Comment Lines	Complex. Score
contracts/Cri3X.sol	1		532	528	398	22	338
Totals	1		532	528	398	22	338

### Legend

Attribute	Description		
Lines	total lines of the source unit		
nLines	normalised lines of the source unit (e.g. normalises functions spanning multiple lines)		
nSLOC	normalised source lines of code (only source-code lines; no comments, no blank lines)		
Comment Lines	lines containing single or block comments		
Complexity Score	a custom complexity score derived from code statements that are known to introduce code complexity (branches, loops, calls, external interfaces,)		

# **Audit Results**

# **Critical issues**

### No critical issues

# **High issues**

# No high issues

### **Medium issues**

### No medium issues

### Low issues

Issue	File	Type	Line	Description
#1	Main	Uninitialised State Variables	25-56	Make sure to initialise all state variables to avoid calculation errors with the default values
#2	Main	Missing Zero Address Validation (missing- zero-check)	167-193	Check that the address is not zero
#3	Main	Owner can drain tokens	522	The owner is able to withdraw native tokens from the contract which is not recommended.

# Informational issues

Issue	File	Type	Line	Description
#1	Main	Unused return values	399	Ensure that all the return values of the function calls are used and handle both success and failure cases if needed by the business logic
#2	Main	NatSpec documentation missing	_	If you started to comment your code, also comment all other functions, variables etc.

### **Audit Comments**

We recommend you to use the special form of comments (NatSpec Format, Follow link for more information <a href="https://docs.soliditylang.org/en/latest/natspec-format.html">https://docs.soliditylang.org/en/latest/natspec-format.html</a>) for your contracts to provide rich documentation for functions, return variables and more. This helps investors to make clear what that variables, functions etc. do.

### 22. February 2023:

· Read whole report and modifiers section for more information



# **SWC Attacks**

ID	Title	Relationships	Status
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>36</u>	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	CWE-767: Access to Critical Private Variable via Public Method	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>35</u>	Code With No Effects	CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>34</u>	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	CWE-655: Improper Initialization	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>33</u>	Hash Collisions With Multiple Variable Length Arguments	CWE-294: Authentication Bypass by Capture-replay	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>32</u>	Unexpected Ether balance	CWE-667: Improper Locking	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>31</u>	Presence of unused variables	CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>30</u>	Right-To-Left- Override control character (U+202E)	CWE-451: User Interface (UI) Misrepresentation of Critical Information	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>29</u>	Typographical Error	CWE-480: Use of Incorrect Operator	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>28</u>	DoS With Block Gas Limit	CWE-400: Uncontrolled Resource Consumption	PASSED

<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>27</u>	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	CWE-695: Use of Low-Level Functionality	PASSED
SW C-1 25	Incorrect Inheritance Order	CWE-696: Incorrect Behavior Order	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>24</u>	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	CWE-123: Write-what-where Condition	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>23</u>	Requirement Violation	CWE-573: Improper Following of Specification by Caller	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>22</u>	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	CWE-345: Insufficient Verification of Data Authenticity	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>21</u>	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature	PASSED
SW C-1 20	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes	CWE-330: Use of Insufficiently Random Values	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>9</u>	Shadowing State Variables	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>8</u>	Incorrect Constructor Name	CWE-665: Improper Initialization	PASSED
<u>SW</u> C-11 7	Signature Malleability	CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature	PASSED

<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>6</u>	Timestamp Dependence	CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>5</u>	Authorization through tx.origin	CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>4</u>	Transaction Order Dependence	CWE-362: Concurrent Execution using Shared Resource with Improper Synchronization ('Race Condition')	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>3</u>	DoS with Failed Call	CWE-703: Improper Check or Handling of Exceptional Conditions	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>2</u>	Delegatecall to Untrusted Callee	CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>1</u>	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>O</u>	Assert Violation	CWE-670: Always-Incorrect Control Flow Implementation	PASSED
SW C-1 09	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	CWE-824: Access of Uninitialized Pointer	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>08</u>	State Variable Default Visibility	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED
SW C-1 07	Reentrancy	CWE-841: Improper Enforcement of Behavioral Workflow	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>06</u>	Unprotected SELFDESTRUC T Instruction	CWE-284: Improper Access Control	PASSED

<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>05</u>	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	CWE-284: Improper Access Control	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>04</u>	Unchecked Call Return Value	CWE-252: Unchecked Return Value	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>03</u>	Floating Pragma	CWE-664: Improper Control of a Resource Through its Lifetime	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>02</u>	Outdated Compiler Version	CWE-937: Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>01</u>	Integer Overflow and Underflow	CWE-682: Incorrect Calculation	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>00</u>	Function Default Visibility	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED







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