

**Blockchain Security | Smart Contract Audits | KYC** 

MADE IN GERMANY

# BOM

# Audit

Security Assessment 04. June, 2022

For



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Version	Date	Description			
1.0	31. May 2022	<ul><li>Layout project</li><li>Automated-/Manual-Security Testing</li><li>Summary</li></ul>			
1.1	04. June 2022	· Reaudit			

#### **Network**

Polygon MATIC

### Website

https://bomcoin.com/

### **Telegram**

https://t.me/bomcoinofficial

### **Twitter**

https://twitter.com/bom\_coin

### **Facebook**

https://facebook.com/bomcoinofficial

### Instagram

https://www.instagram.com/bom.coin

### Medium

https://bomcoin.medium.com/

### Discord

https://discord.gg/xrtEEMmZfU

### Youtube

https://www.youtube.com/c/BomCoinOfficial

# **Description**

TBA

# **Project Engagement**

During the 30th of May 2022, **BOM Team** engaged Solidproof.io to audit smart contracts that they created. The engagement was technical in nature and focused on identifying security flaws in the design and implementation of the contracts. They provided Solidproof.io with access to their code repository and whitepaper.

# Logo



# Contract Link v1.0

- Github
  - https://github.com/BOM-Token/BomSmartContract/commit/ 5442b25c6228a5cb78d20a2afa3f73e6df1e40a8
  - Commit: 5442b25c6228a5cb78d20a2afa3f73e6df1e40a8
  - https://github.com/BOM-Token/BomSmartContract/commit/ c49b6f29b608af8fd240630435398a90dc186266
  - · Commit: c49b6f29b608af8fd240630435398a90dc186266

# **Vulnerability & Risk Level**

Risk represents the probability that a certain source-threat will exploit vulnerability, and the impact of that event on the organization or system. Risk Level is computed based on CVSS version 3.0.

Level	Value	Vulnerability	Risk (Required Action)	
Critical 9 - 10		A vulnerability that can disrupt the contract functioning in a number of scenarios, or creates a risk that the contract may be broken.	Immediate action to reduce risk level.	
High	7 – 8.9	A vulnerability that affects the desired outcome when using a contract, or provides the opportunity to use a contract in an unintended way.	Implementation of corrective actions as soon aspossible.	
Medium	4 – 6.9	A vulnerability that could affect the desired outcome of executing the contract in a specific scenario.	Implementation of corrective actions in a certain period.	
Low	2 – 3.9	A vulnerability that does not have a significant impact on possible scenarios for the use of the contract and is probably subjective.	Implementation of certain corrective actions or accepting the risk.	
Informational	0 – 1.9	A vulnerability that have informational character but is not effecting any of the code.	An observation that does not determine a level of risk	

# Auditing Strategy and Techniques Applied

Throughout the review process, care was taken to evaluate the repository for security-related issues, code quality, and adherence to specification and best practices. To do so, reviewed line-by-line by our team of expert pentesters and smart contract developers, documenting any issues as there were discovered.

# Methodology

The auditing process follows a routine series of steps:

- 1. Code review that includes the following:
  - i) Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof to make sure we understand the size, scope, and functionality of the smart contract.
  - ii) Manual review of code, which is the process of reading source code line-byline in an attempt to identify potential vulnerabilities.
  - iii) Comparison to specification, which is the process of checking whether the code does what the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof describe.
- 2. Testing and automated analysis that includes the following:
  - i) Test coverage analysis, which is the process of determining whether the test cases are actually covering the code and how much code is exercised when we run those test cases.
  - ii) Symbolic execution, which is analysing a program to determine what inputs causes each part of a program to execute.
- 3. Best practices review, which is a review of the smart contracts to improve efficiency, effectiveness, clarify, maintainability, security, and control based on the established industry and academic practices, recommendations, and research.
- 4. Specific, itemized, actionable recommendations to help you take steps to secure your smart contracts.

# **Used Code from other Frameworks/Smart Contracts (direct imports)**

### Imported packages:

Dependency / Import Path	Count
@openzeppelin/contracts/access/Ownable.sol	2
@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC721/extensions/ERC721URIStorage.sol	1
@openzeppelin/contracts/utils/Strings.sol	1
@openzeppelin/contracts/utils/math/SafeMath.sol	2



### **Tested Contract Files**

This audit covered the following files listed below with a SHA-1 Hash.

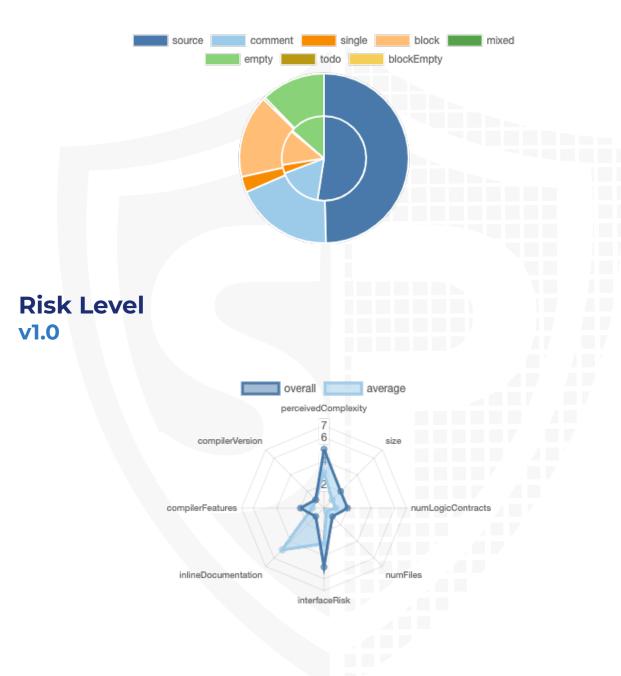
A file with a different Hash has been modified, intentionally or otherwise, after the security review. A different Hash could be (but not necessarily) an indication of a changed condition or potential vulnerability that was not within the scope of this review.

### **v1.0**

File Name	SHA-1 Hash
contracts/BOMNFT.sol	39d6ae4f455cb2bcb05a610ded26783556b92c7c
contracts/BOMToken.sol	628de59531807d049a15d7f038d8fa4838355581
contracts/IERC20.sol	5cafd4d53f797d5c18267a2c3deb3d5e68f77bc6

# **Metrics**

# Source Lines v1.0



# **Capabilities**

### Components

Version	Contracts	Libraries	Interfaces	Abstract
1.0	5	0	4	1

## **Exposed Functions**

This section lists functions that are explicitly declared public or payable. Please note that getter methods for public stateVars are not included.

Ve	Version Public Payal		Payable
1.0		79	3

Version	External	Internal	Private	Pure	View
1.0	52	57	0	0	33

## **State Variables**

Version	Total	Public
1.0	46	41

# **Capabilities**

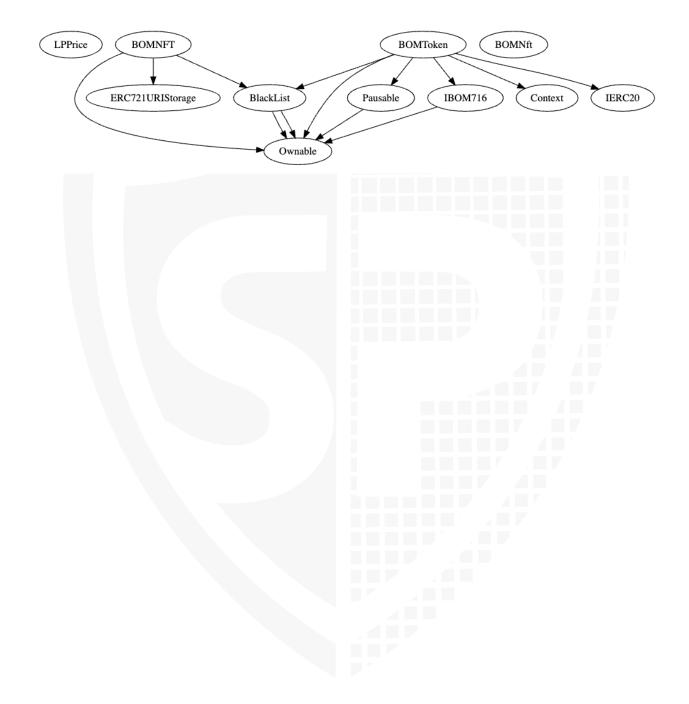
Version	Solidity Versions observed	Experim ental Features	Can Receive Funds	Uses Assembl Y	Has Destroya ble Contract s
1.0	^0.8.1 ^0.8.7		yes		

Version	Transfer s ETH	Low- Level Calls	Deleg ateCa II	Uses Hash Function s	EC Rec ove r	New/ Create/ Create2	
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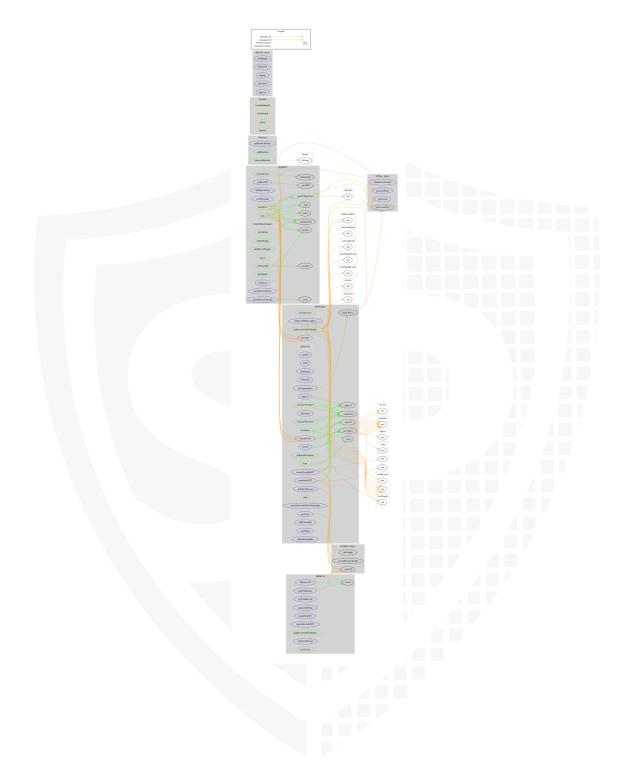
1.0	yes			

# **Inheritance Graph**

### v1.0



# CallGraph v1.0



# **Scope of Work/Verify Claims**

The above token Team provided us with the files that needs to be tested (Github, Bscscan, Etherscan, files, etc.). The scope of the audit is the main contract (usual the same name as team appended with .sol).

We will verify the following claims:

- 1. Correct implementation of Token standard
- 2. Deployer cannot mint any new tokens
- 3. Deployer cannot burn or lock user funds
- 4. Deployer cannot pause the contract
- 5. Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)

# Correct implementation of Token standard

ERC20							
Function	Function Description						
TotalSupply	Provides information about the total token supply	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	$\checkmark$			
BalanceOf	Provides account balance of the owner's account	$\checkmark$	<b>√</b>	$\checkmark$			
Transfer	Executes transfers of a specified number of tokens to a specified address	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>			
TransferFrom	Executes transfers of a specified number of tokens from a specified address	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>			
Approve	Allow a spender to withdraw a set number of tokens from a specified account	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>			
Allowance	Returns a set number of tokens from a spender to the owner	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>			

ERC721					
Function	Description	Exist	Tested	Verified	
BalanceOf	Count all NFTs assigned to an owner	owner 🗸 🗸		$\checkmark$	
OwnerOf	Find the owner of an NFT	$\checkmark$	<b>√</b>	$\checkmark$	
SafeTransferFrom	Transfers the ownership of an NFT from one address to another address	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	
SafeTransferFrom	See above - Difference is that this function has an extra data parameter	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	
TransferFrom	Transfer ownership of an NFT	$\checkmark$	<b>√</b>	$\checkmark$	
Approve	Change or reaffirm the approved address for an NFT	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	
SetApprovalForAll	Enable or disable approval for a third party ("operator") to manage all of `msg.sender`'s assets	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	
GetApproved	Get the approved address for a single NFT	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	
IsApprovedForAll	Query if an address is an authorized operator for another address	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	
SupportsInterface	Query if a contract implements an interface	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	
Name	Provides information about the name	<b>√</b>	1	<b>√</b>	
Symbol	Provides information about the symbol	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	
TokenURI	Provides information about the TokenUri	<b>√</b>	1	1	

# Write functions of contract v1.0

1. addBlackList	1. addAllowedSupply
2. approve	2. addBlackList
3. burn	
4. burnFrom	3. approve
5. changeDistDelay	4. mint
6. decreaseAllowance	5. mintNFTs
7. distRewardToNFTHolders	6. pause
8. fetchLPPrice	
9. increaseAllowance	7. removeBlackList
10. mint	8. renounceOwnership
11. pause	9. safeTransferFrom
12. removeBlackList	10. safeTransferFrom
13. renounceOwnership	
14. setBomNFTAddress	11. setApprovalForAll
15. setLPPriceInfo	12. setBaseURI
16. setLPStake	13. setLPPriceInfo
17. setLPpairaddress	14. setLPpairaddress
18. setMarketingStake	14. doter paradoress
19. setRewardWalletAddress	15. setMaxSupply
20. transfer	16. setTokenURI
21. transferByNFT	17. setUsdCost
22. transferFrom	18. setwithdrawAddress
23. transferFromByNFT	io. setwiniarawAddress
24. transferInvestorWalletOwnership	19. transferFrom
25. transferOwnership	20. transferOwnership
26. unpause	21. withdraw

27. withdrawReward

# **Deployer cannot mint any new tokens**

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer cannot mint	$\checkmark$	<b>√</b>	X

#### Comments:

#### **v1.0**

- Anyone can mint new nfts
- · Owner can mint new tokens in BOMToken to him-/herself



## Deployer cannot burn or lock user funds

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer cannot lock	$\checkmark$	<b>√</b>	X
Deployer cannot burn	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	$\checkmark$

#### Comments:

### **v1.0**

- · Owner can lock user funds by
  - blacklisting addresses
  - · Pause contract
- Tokens
  - · can be burned by msg.sender

## Deployer cannot pause the contract

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer cannot pause	$\checkmark$	<b>√</b>	X

#### Comments:

#### **v1.0**

· Owner can pause contract

# **Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)**

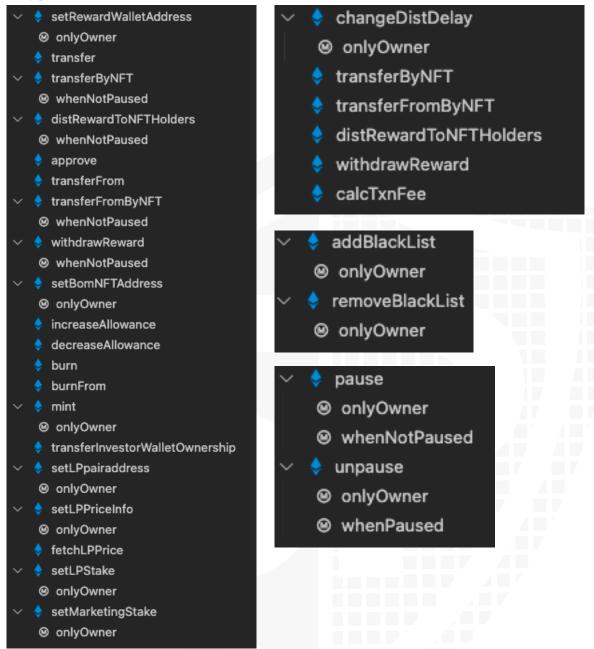


### Legend

Attribute	Symbol
Verfified / Checked	$\checkmark$
Partly Verified	P
Unverified / Not checked	X
Not available	-

## **Modifiers and public functions**

#### **v1.0**



#### **Comments**

- · Deployer can set following state variables without any limitations
  - BOMToken
    - · Can only be decreased
      - marketingStake
      - IpStake
  - BOMNFT
    - usdCost
    - maxSupply
    - allowedSupply

- <u>Deployer can enable/disable following state variables</u>
  - BOMNFT
    - paused
    - isBlackListed
- Deployer can set following addresses
  - BOMToken
    - Ipinfo
    - IpAddress
    - · bomnft
    - IpMasterAddress
    - marketingWallet
    - teamWallet
    - techWallet
  - BOMNFT
    - IpAddress
    - Ipinfo
    - baseURI
- Existing Modifiers
  - BOMToken
    - whenNotPaused
    - whenPaused
- Owner can withdraw contract balance to withdrawAddress
  - · Withdraw address can be set to any address

Please check if an OnlyOwner or similar restrictive modifier has been forgotten.

# **Source Units in Scope**

## v1.0

Туре	File	Logic Contracts	Interfaces	Lines	nLines	nSLOC	Comment Lines	Complex. Score	Capabilities
Q	contracts/BOMNFT.sol	2	1	219	213	165	12	177	. <u>Š</u> .
<b></b>	contracts/BOMToken.sol	4	2	715	640	376	169	366	
Q	contracts/IERC20.sol		1	81	22	17	57	15	
<b>)</b> Q	Totals	6	4	1015	875	558	238	558	. <u>Š</u> .

### Legend

Attribute	Description			
Lines	total lines of the source unit			
nLines	normalized lines of the source unit (e.g. normalizes functions spanning multiple lines)			
nSLOC	normalized source lines of code (only source-code lines; no comments, no blank lines)			
Comment Lines	lines containing single or block comments			
Complexity Score	a custom complexity score derived from code statements that are known to introduce code complexity (branches, loops, calls, external interfaces,)			

# **Audit Results**

# **AUDIT PASSED**

### **Critical issues**

### No critical issues

# **High issues**

Issue	File	Type	Line	Description
#1	BOMTo ken	Owner cannot unpause contract	698	Owner cannot unpause contract after pausing it because of the modifier.
				Use instead the whenPaused modifier

## **Medium issues**

### No medium issues

### Low issues

Issue	File	Type	Line	Description
#1	BOMTo ken	Missing Zero Address Validation (missing- zero-check)	698	Check that the address is not zero
#2	BOMTo ken	Local variables shadowing	657, 386	Rename the local variables that shadow another component
#3	BOMTo ken	Missing Events Arithmetic	717, 721	Emit an event for critical parameter changes

## Informational issues

Issue	File	Type	Line	Description
-------	------	------	------	-------------

#1	BOMTo ken	Functions that are not used	228	Remove unused functions
#2	BOMNF T	Error message is missing	114, 115, 126, 142, 143, 154, 172, 184, 198, 207, 212	Provide an error message for require statement
#3	BOMTo ken	Error message is missing	All require statements	Provide an error message for require statement
#4	All	NatSpec documentation missing		If you started to comment your code, also comment all other functions, variables etc.
#5	BOMTo ken	Variable should not be 0	184	Prevent state variable to be 0 because you are dividing with it. Otherwise this will cause an error.
				If this variable is set to 0 the Matic price will also be 0 in L108, BOMNFT
#6	BOMTo ken	Zero variable	715	If variable is set to 0 it cannot be set upwards again

### **Audit Comments**

We recommend you to use the special form of comments (NatSpec Format, Follow link for more information <a href="https://docs.soliditylang.org/en/v0.5.10/natspec-format.html">https://docs.soliditylang.org/en/v0.5.10/natspec-format.html</a>) for your contracts to provide rich documentation for functions, return variables and more. This helps investors to make clear what that variables, functions etc. do.

### 04. June 2022:

- LPPrice contract was not provided to solidproof
  - · Do your own research here
- · Read whole report and modifiers section for more information

# **SWC Attacks**

ID	Title	Relationships	Status
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>36</u>	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	CWE-767: Access to Critical Private Variable via Public Method	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>35</u>	Code With No Effects	CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>34</u>	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	CWE-655: Improper Initialization	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>33</u>	Hash Collisions With Multiple Variable Length Arguments	CWE-294: Authentication Bypass by Capture-replay	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>32</u>	Unexpected Ether balance	CWE-667: Improper Locking	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>31</u>	Presence of unused variables	CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>30</u>	Right-To-Left- Override control character (U+202E)	CWE-451: User Interface (UI) Misrepresentation of Critical Information	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>29</u>	Typographical Error	CWE-480: Use of Incorrect Operator	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>28</u>	DoS With Block Gas Limit	CWE-400: Uncontrolled Resource Consumption	PASSED

<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>27</u>	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	CWE-695: Use of Low-Level Functionality	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>25</u>	Incorrect Inheritance Order	CWE-696: Incorrect Behavior Order	PASSED
<u>SW</u> C-1 24	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	CWE-123: Write-what-where Condition	PASSED
SW C-1 23	Requirement Violation	CWE-573: Improper Following of Specification by Caller	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>22</u>	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	CWE-345: Insufficient Verification of Data Authenticity	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>21</u>	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>20</u>	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes	CWE-330: Use of Insufficiently Random Values	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>9</u>	Shadowing State Variables	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	NOT PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>8</u>	Incorrect Constructor Name	CWE-665: Improper Initialization	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>7</u>	Signature Malleability	CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature	PASSED

<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>6</u>	Timestamp Dependence	CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>5</u>	Authorization through tx.origin	CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>4</u>	Transaction Order Dependence	CWE-362: Concurrent Execution using Shared Resource with Improper Synchronization ('Race Condition')	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>3</u>	DoS with Failed Call	CWE-703: Improper Check or Handling of Exceptional Conditions	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>2</u>	Delegatecall to Untrusted Callee	CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>1</u>	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>O</u>	Assert Violation	CWE-670: Always-Incorrect Control Flow Implementation	PASSED
SW C-1 09	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	CWE-824: Access of Uninitialized Pointer	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>08</u>	State Variable Default Visibility	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED
SW C-1 07	Reentrancy	CWE-841: Improper Enforcement of Behavioral Workflow	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>06</u>	Unprotected SELFDESTRUC T Instruction	CWE-284: Improper Access Control	PASSED

SW C-1 05	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	CWE-284: Improper Access Control	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>04</u>	Unchecked Call Return Value	CWE-252: Unchecked Return Value	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>03</u>	Floating Pragma	CWE-664: Improper Control of a Resource Through its Lifetime	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>02</u>	Outdated Compiler Version	CWE-937: Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>01</u>	Integer Overflow and Underflow	CWE-682: Incorrect Calculation	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>00</u>	Function Default Visibility	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED



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