

Blockchain Security | Smart Contract Audits | KYC

MADE IN GERMANY

vEmpire

Audit

Security Assessment 03. May, 2022

For



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Disclaimer

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SolidProof.io Reports represent an extensive auditing process intending to help our customers increase the quality of their code while reducing the high level of risk presented by cryptographic tokens and blockchain technology. Blockchain technology and cryptographic assets present a high level of ongoing risk. SolidProof's position is that each company and individual are responsible for their own due diligence and continuous security. SolidProof in no way claims any guarantee of security or functionality of the technology we agree to analyze.

Version	Date	Description
1.0	26. April 2022	Layout projectAutomated-/Manual-Security TestingSummary
1.1	03. May 2022	· Reaudit
2.0	16. May 2022	· Reaudit + MasterChefASXLP

Network

Ethereum (ERC20)

Website

https://v-empire.io/

Telegram

https://t.me/vempirediscussion

Twitter

http://twitter.com/vempiredigital

Medium

https://medium.com/@v-empire.digital

Discord

https://discord.gg/Wk3aF3PNKM

Youtube

https://youtube.com/c/vEmpireDDAO

Description

vEmpire DDAO is the world's largest Decentralized Metaverse Investment Organization. The official vEmpire protocol incorporates different strategies to incentivize Metaverse token staking to fund the battle against centralisation.

vEmpire is entirely focused on protecting decentralized technologies through virtual property and Metaversal asset acquisition.

Project Engagement

During the 24th of March 2022, **vEmpire Team** engaged Solidproof.io to audit smart contracts that they created. The engagement was technical in nature and focused on identifying security flaws in the design and implementation of the contracts. They provided Solidproof.io with access to their code repository and whitepaper.





Contract Link

v1.0

- Github
 - https://github.com/v-Empire/vEmpire/commit/ 474a9e2ece8afbbf2532e0c04a2f80a364a36428
 - · Commit: 474a9e2ece8afbbf2532e0c04a2f80a364a36428

v2.0

- · Github
 - https://github.com/v-Empire/vEmpire/commit/ 6dd2f22862722bfcb533cc7c878c959f3ebba62c
 - Commit: 6dd2f22862722bfcb533cc7c878c959f3ebba62c

Vulnerability & Risk Level

Risk represents the probability that a certain source-threat will exploit vulnerability, and the impact of that event on the organization or system. Risk Level is computed based on CVSS version 3.0.

Level	Value	Vulnerability	Risk (Required Action)
Critical	9 - 10	A vulnerability that can disrupt the contract functioning in a number of scenarios, or creates a risk that the contract may be broken.	Immediate action to reduce risk level.
High	7 – 8.9	A vulnerability that affects the desired outcome when using a contract, or provides the opportunity to use a contract in an unintended way.	Implementation of corrective actions as soon aspossible.
Medium	4 – 6.9	A vulnerability that could affect the desired outcome of executing the contract in a specific scenario.	Implementation of corrective actions in a certain period.
Low	2 – 3.9	A vulnerability that does not have a significant impact on possible scenarios for the use of the contract and is probably subjective.	Implementation of certain corrective actions or accepting the risk.
Informational	0 – 1.9	A vulnerability that have informational character but is not effecting any of the code.	An observation that does not determine a level of risk

Auditing Strategy and Techniques Applied

Throughout the review process, care was taken to evaluate the repository for security-related issues, code quality, and adherence to specification and best practices. To do so, reviewed line-by-line by our team of expert pentesters and smart contract developers, documenting any issues as there were discovered.

Methodology

The auditing process follows a routine series of steps:

- 1. Code review that includes the following:
 - i) Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof to make sure we understand the size, scope, and functionality of the smart contract.
 - ii) Manual review of code, which is the process of reading source code line-byline in an attempt to identify potential vulnerabilities.
 - iii) Comparison to specification, which is the process of checking whether the code does what the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof describe.
- 2. Testing and automated analysis that includes the following:
 - i) Test coverage analysis, which is the process of determining whether the test cases are actually covering the code and how much code is exercised when we run those test cases.
 - ii) Symbolic execution, which is analysing a program to determine what inputs causes each part of a program to execute.
- 3. Best practices review, which is a review of the smart contracts to improve efficiency, effectiveness, clarify, maintainability, security, and control based on the established industry and academic practices, recommendations, and research.
- 4. Specific, itemized, actionable recommendations to help you take steps to secure your smart contracts.

Used Code from other Frameworks/Smart Contracts (direct imports)

Imported packages:

Dependency / Import Path	Count
@openzeppelin/contracts/GSN/Context.sol	2
@openzeppelin/contracts/math/SafeMath.sol	2
@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/IERC20.sol	2
@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/SafeERC20.sol	2
@openzeppelin/contracts/utils/Address.sol	2

Tested Contract Files

This audit covered the following files listed below with a SHA-1 Hash.

A file with a different Hash has been modified, intentionally or otherwise, after the security review. A different Hash could be (but not necessarily) an indication of a changed condition or potential vulnerability that was not within the scope of this review.

v1.0

File Name	SHA-1 Hash
contracts/LiquidityPool.sol	0562ee6d6682e025f7f0e74c1bb30c6056ad31e6
contracts/MasterChefLP.sol	d01749ab998b456661cf1d40ee00e992909c924e

v2.0

File Name	SHA-1 Hash	
contracts/LiquidityPool.sol	9eedbc7f123533db54c682d6e87e46b9196da4f5	
contracts/MasterChefAXSLP.sol	d68e3568351f1a4379495b4d1614a78fa245f122	
contracts/MasterChefLP.sol	a48f021117007a26e35f6bccdb597fe24f3a0e11	

Metrics

Source Lines



Capabilities

Components

Version	Contracts	Libraries	Interfaces	Abstract
1.0	3	0	1	0
2.0	5	3	2	2

Exposed Functions

This section lists functions that are explicitly declared public or payable. Please note that getter methods for public stateVars are not included.

Version	Public	Payable
1.0	34	0
2.0	58	0

Version	External	Internal	Private	Pure	View
1.0	5	33	0	1	4
2.0	14	98	3	16	17

State Variables

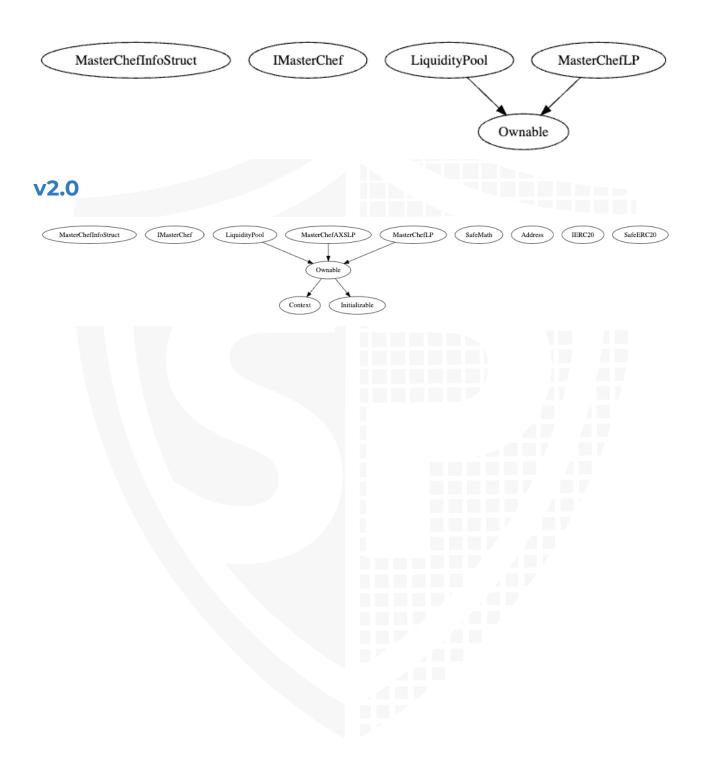
Version	Total	Public
1.0	30	30
2.0	45	42

Capabilities

Version	Solidity Versions observed	Experim ental Features	Can Receive Funds	Uses Assembl Y	Has Destroya ble Contract s
1.0	=0.6.1 2	ABIEnc oderV2			
2.0	=0.6.1 2	ABIEnc oderV2		yes (2 asm blocks)	

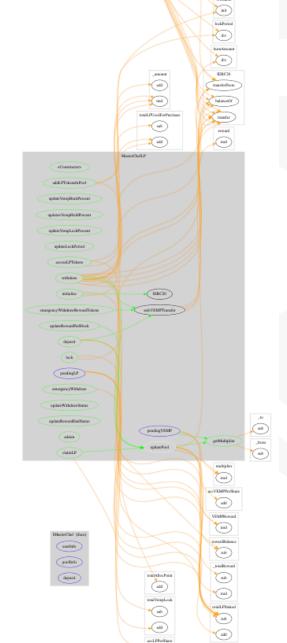
Version	Transfer s ETH	Low- Level Calls	Deleg ateCa II	Uses Hash Function s	EC Rec ove r	New/ Create/ Create2
1.0	yes					
2.0	yes		yes			

Inheritance Graph v1.0



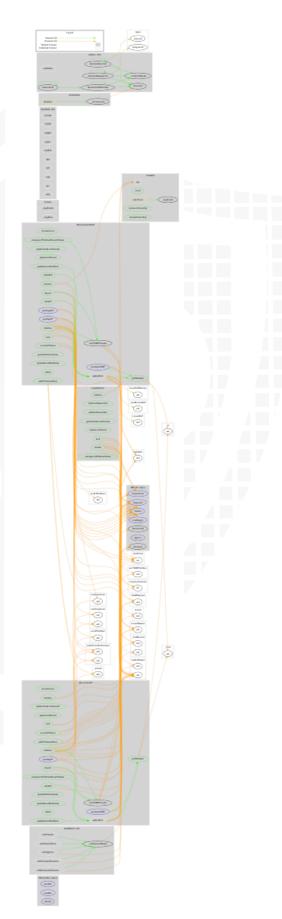
CallGraph

v1.0



podito

v2.0



Scope of Work/Verify Claims

The above token Team provided us with the files that needs to be tested (Github, Bscscan, Etherscan, files, etc.). The scope of the audit is the main contract (usual the same name as team appended with .sol).

We will verify the following claims:

- 1. Correct implementation of Token standard
- 2. Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)



Write functions of contract v1.0

MasterChefLP LiquidityPool addNewMasterChef addNewMasterChef 2. emergencyWithdrawTokens 2. emergencyWithdrawTokens 3. initialize 3. initialize 4. lock 4. lock 5. renounceOwnership 5. renounceOwnership 6. transferOwnership 6. transferOwnership 7. unstake 7. unstake 8. updateLockPeriod 8. updateLockPeriod 9. updateVempBurnPercent 9. updateVempBurnPercent 10. updateVempLockPercent 10. updateVempLockPercent 11. updatexVempHoldPercent 11. updatexVempHoldPercent 12. whiteListMasterChef 12. whiteListMasterChef

v2.0

MasterChefLP	LiquidityPool	MasterChefAXSLP
1. accessLPTokens	1. addNewMasterChef	1. accessLPTokens
2. addLPTokensInPool	2. emergencyWithdrawTokens	2. addLPTokensInPool
3. admin	3. initialize	3. admin
4. claimLP	4. lock	4. claimLP
5. deposit	5. renounceOwnership	5. claimSLP
6. emergencyWithdrawRewardTokens		6. deposit
7. initialize	6. transferOwnership	7. emergencyWithdrawRewardTokens
8. lock	7. unstake	8. initialize
9. renounceOwnership	8. updateLockPeriod	9. lock
10. transferOwnership	9. updateVempLockAmount	10. renounceOwnership
11. updateLockPeriod	10. whiteListMasterChef	11. transferOwnership
		12. updateLockPeriod
12. updateRewardEndStatus		13. updateRewardEndStatus
13. updateRewardPerBlock		14. updateRewardPerBlock
14. updateVempLockAmount		15. updateVempLockAmount
15. updateWithdrawStatus		16. updateWithdrawStatus
16. withdraw		17. withdraw

Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)



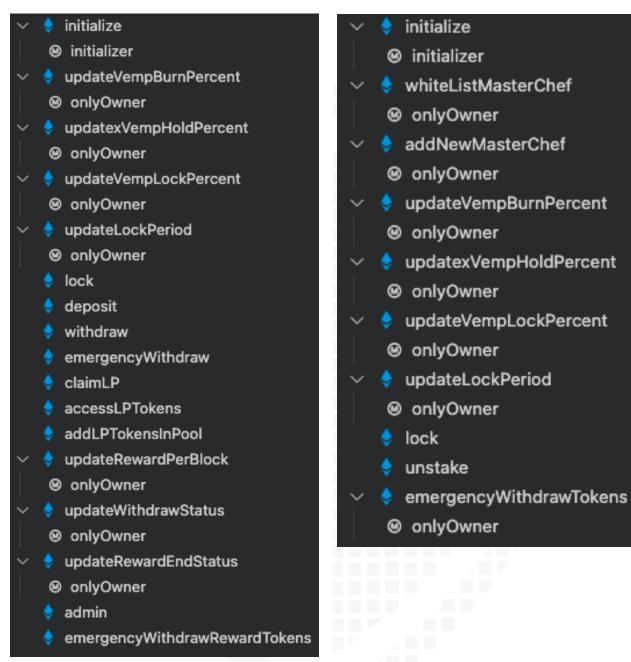
Legend

Attribute	Symbol
Verfified / Checked	\checkmark
Partly Verified	P
Unverified / Not checked	X
Not available	-

Modifiers and public functions v1.0

MasterChefLP

LiquidityPool



Information: Not listed functions are directly imported functions from library (openzeppelin)

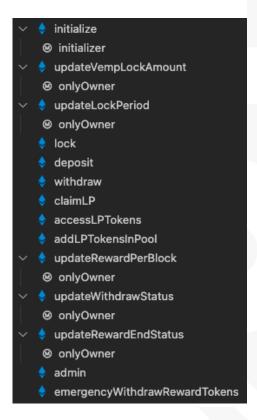
Comments

- Deployer can set following state variables without any limitations
 - MasterChefLp
 - vempBurnPercent
 - xVempHoldPercent
 - vempLockPercent

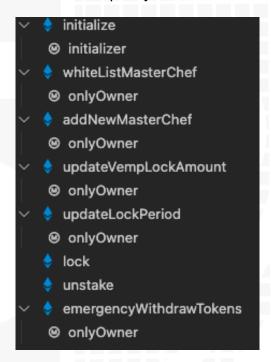
- lockPeriod
- LiquidityPool
 - vempBurnPercent
 - xVempHoldPercent
 - vempLockPercent
 - lockPeriod
- · Deployer can enable/disable following state variables
 - LiquidityPool
 - masterChefStatus
 - chef

v2.0

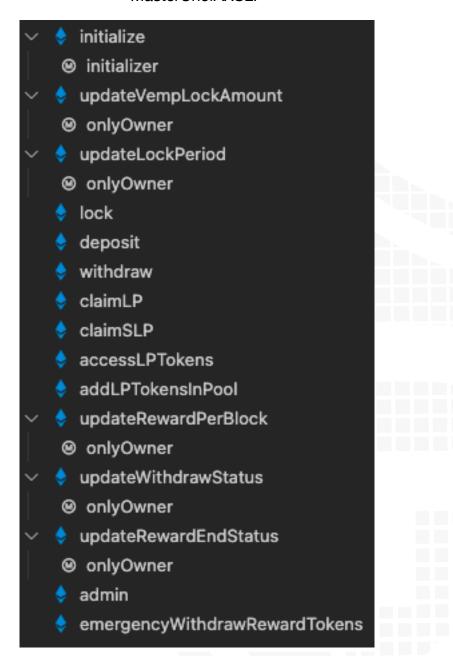
MasterChefLP



LiquidityPool



MasterChefAXSLP



Information: Not listed functions are directly imported functions from library (openzeppelin)

Comments

- · Deployer can set following state variables without any limitations
 - MasterChefLp
 - lockPeriod
 - rewardEndBlock
 - VEMPPerBlock
 - vempLockAmount
 - MasterChefAXSLP
 - vempLockAmount

- lockPeriod
- VEMPPerBlock
- rewardEndBlock
- LiquidityPool
 - lockPeriod
 - vempLockAmount
- Deployer can enable/disable following state variables
 - LiquidityPool
 - masterChefStatus
 - MasterChefLp
 - rewardEndStatus
 - withdrawStatus
 - MasterChefAXSLP
 - withdrawStatus
 - rewardEndStatus
- · Deployer can set following addresses
 - LiquidityPool
 - chef
 - MasterChefAXSLP
 - adminaddr

Please check if an OnlyOwner or similar restrictive modifier has been forgotten.

Source Units in Scope

v1.0

Туре	File	Logic Contracts	Interfaces	Lines	nLines	nSLOC	Comment Lines	Complex. Score	Capabilities
Q	contracts/LiquidityPool.sol	2	1	194	186	149	28	157	/ .≛
2	contracts/MasterChefLP.sol	1		426	415	316	64	276	.
i Q	Totals	3	1	620	601	465	92	433	/ ≛

v2.0

Туре	File	Logic Contracts	Interfaces	Lines	nLines	nSLOC	Comment Lines	Complex. Score	Capabilities
	contracts/LiquidityPool.sol	2	1	189	181	144	28	143	∠ .≛
2	contracts/MasterChefAXSLP.sol	1		480	471	356	76	312	<u>*</u>
≥ €	contracts/MasterChefLP.sol	7	1	1085	1005	528	479	395	■ ♣••❖
≥ €	Totals	10	2	1754	1657	1028	583	850	■/ ♣ <u>11</u> ※

Legend

Attribute	Description
Lines	total lines of the source unit
nLines	normalized lines of the source unit (e.g. normalizes functions spanning multiple lines)
nSLOC	normalized source lines of code (only source-code lines; no comments, no blank lines)
Comment Lines	lines containing single or block comments
Complexity Score	a custom complexity score derived from code statements that are known to introduce code complexity (branches, loops, calls, external interfaces,)

Audit Results

AUDIT PASSED

Critical issues

No critical issues

High issues

No high issues

Medium issues

No medium issues

Low issues

No low issues

Informational issues

No informational issues

Audit Comments

We recommend you to use the special form of comments (NatSpec Format, Follow link for more information https://docs.soliditylang.org/en/v0.5.10/natspec-format.html) for your contracts to provide rich documentation for functions, return variables and more. This helps investors to make clear what that variables, functions etc. do.

26. April 2022:

· Read whole report for more information

16. May 2022:

· Read whole report for more information

SWC Attacks

ID	Title	Relationships	Status
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>36</u>	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	CWE-767: Access to Critical Private Variable via Public Method	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>35</u>	Code With No Effects	CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>34</u>	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	CWE-655: Improper Initialization	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>33</u>	Hash Collisions With Multiple Variable Length Arguments	CWE-294: Authentication Bypass by Capture-replay	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>32</u>	Unexpected Ether balance	CWE-667: Improper Locking	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>31</u>	Presence of unused variables	CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>30</u>	Right-To-Left- Override control character (U+202E)	CWE-451: User Interface (UI) Misrepresentation of Critical Information	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>29</u>	Typographical Error	CWE-480: Use of Incorrect Operator	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>28</u>	DoS With Block Gas Limit	CWE-400: Uncontrolled Resource Consumption	PASSED

<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>27</u>	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	CWE-695: Use of Low-Level Functionality	PASSED
SW C-1 25	Incorrect Inheritance Order	CWE-696: Incorrect Behavior Order	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>24</u>	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	CWE-123: Write-what-where Condition	PASSED
SW C-1 23	Requirement Violation	CWE-573: Improper Following of Specification by Caller	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>22</u>	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	CWE-345: Insufficient Verification of Data Authenticity	PASSED
SW C-1 21	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature	PASSED
SW C-1 20	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes	CWE-330: Use of Insufficiently Random Values	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>9</u>	Shadowing State Variables	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>8</u>	Incorrect Constructor Name	CWE-665: Improper Initialization	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>7</u>	Signature Malleability	CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature	PASSED

<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>6</u>	Timestamp Dependence	CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>5</u>	Authorization through tx.origin	CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>4</u>	Transaction Order Dependence	CWE-362: Concurrent Execution using Shared Resource with Improper Synchronization ('Race Condition')	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>3</u>	DoS with Failed Call	CWE-703: Improper Check or Handling of Exceptional Conditions	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>2</u>	Delegatecall to Untrusted Callee	CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>1</u>	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>O</u>	Assert Violation	CWE-670: Always-Incorrect Control Flow Implementation	PASSED
SW C-1 09	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	CWE-824: Access of Uninitialized Pointer	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>08</u>	State Variable Default Visibility	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED
SW C-1 07	Reentrancy	CWE-841: Improper Enforcement of Behavioral Workflow	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>06</u>	Unprotected SELFDESTRUC T Instruction	CWE-284: Improper Access Control	PASSED

SW C-1 05	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	CWE-284: Improper Access Control	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>04</u>	Unchecked Call Return Value	CWE-252: Unchecked Return Value	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>03</u>	Floating Pragma	CWE-664: Improper Control of a Resource Through its Lifetime	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>02</u>	Outdated Compiler Version	CWE-937: Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>01</u>	Integer Overflow and Underflow	CWE-682: Incorrect Calculation	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>00</u>	Function Default Visibility	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED



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