

Blockchain Security | Smart Contract Audits | KYC



RealTo Apps

Audit

Security Assessment 30. April, 2022

For



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Version	Date	Description
1.0	21. April 2022	Layout projectAutomated-/Manual-Security TestingSummary
1.1	30. April 2022	ReauditAdded alleviation from the teamFinalised report

Network

Polygon MATIC

Website

https://www.realtoapps.com/

Telegram

https://twitter.com/RealtoApps

LinkedIn

https://www.linkedin.com/company/realtoapps

Description

Blockchain and Al-based Property & FinTech SaaS Platform for Real Estate & Alt Investment Sectors

Project Engagement

During the 18th of April 2022, **RealToApps Team** engaged Solidproof.io to audit smart contracts that they created. The engagement was technical in nature and focused on identifying security flaws in the design and implementation of the contracts. They provided Solidproof.io with access to their code repository and whitepaper.

Logo



Contract Link v1.0

- Github
 - https://github.com/realto-estate/contracts
 - Commit: 3e22007adb63182f1f06bec1e1528c123c2d50bf

- Github
 - https://github.com/realto-estate/contracts
 - Commit: c23a4995c3e69bb84896bd33ed67ae24a636c41a

Vulnerability & Risk Level

Risk represents the probability that a certain source-threat will exploit vulnerability, and the impact of that event on the organization or system. Risk Level is computed based on CVSS version 3.0.

Level	Value	Vulnerability	Risk (Required Action)
Critical	9 - 10	A vulnerability that can disrupt the contract functioning in a number of scenarios, or creates a risk that the contract may be broken.	Immediate action to reduce risk level.
High	7 – 8.9	A vulnerability that affects the desired outcome when using a contract, or provides the opportunity to use a contract in an unintended way.	Implementation of corrective actions as soon aspossible.
Medium	4 – 6.9	A vulnerability that could affect the desired outcome of executing the contract in a specific scenario.	Implementation of corrective actions in a certain period.
Low	2 – 3.9	A vulnerability that does not have a significant impact on possible scenarios for the use of the contract and is probably subjective.	Implementation of certain corrective actions or accepting the risk.
Informational	0 – 1.9	A vulnerability that have informational character but is not effecting any of the code.	An observation that does not determine a level of risk

Auditing Strategy and Techniques Applied

Throughout the review process, care was taken to evaluate the repository for security-related issues, code quality, and adherence to specification and best practices. To do so, reviewed line-by-line by our team of expert pentesters and smart contract developers, documenting any issues as there were discovered.

Methodology

The auditing process follows a routine series of steps:

- 1. Code review that includes the following:
 - i) Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof to make sure we understand the size, scope, and functionality of the smart contract.
 - ii) Manual review of code, which is the process of reading source code line-byline in an attempt to identify potential vulnerabilities.
 - iii) Comparison to specification, which is the process of checking whether the code does what the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof describe.
- 2. Testing and automated analysis that includes the following:
 - i) Test coverage analysis, which is the process of determining whether the test cases are actually covering the code and how much code is exercised when we run those test cases.
 - ii) Symbolic execution, which is analysing a program to determine what inputs causes each part of a program to execute.
- 3. Best practices review, which is a review of the smart contracts to improve efficiency, effectiveness, clarify, maintainability, security, and control based on the established industry and academic practices, recommendations, and research.
- 4. Specific, itemized, actionable recommendations to help you take steps to secure your smart contracts.

Used Code from other Frameworks/Smart Contracts (direct imports)

Imported packages:

Dependency / Import Path	Count
@openzeppelin/contracts/access/AccessControl.sol	2
@openzeppelin/contracts/access/Ownable.sol	2
@openzeppelin/contracts/security/ReentrancyGuard.sol	1
@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/IERC20.sol	1
@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/extensions/ERC20Pausable.sol	1
@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/extensions/ERC20Snapshot.sol	2
@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/utils/SafeERC20.sol	1
@openzeppelin/contracts/utils/math/SafeMath.sol	1

Tested Contract Files

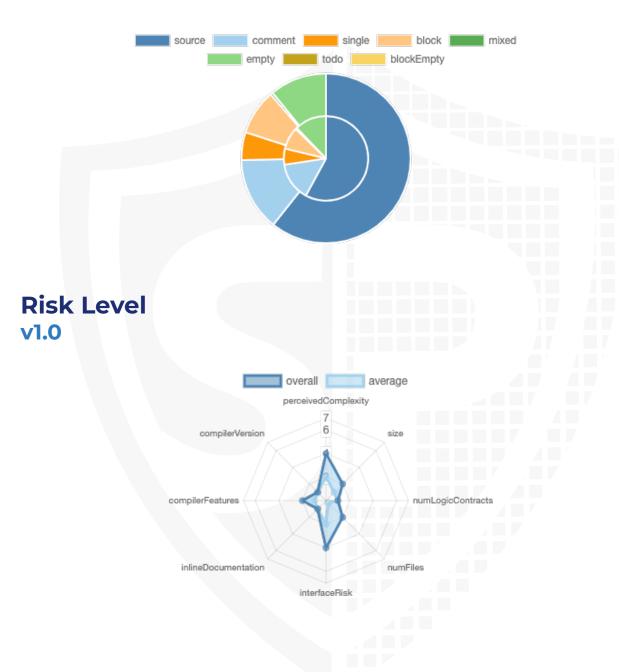
This audit covered the following files listed below with a SHA-1 Hash.

A file with a different Hash has been modified, intentionally or otherwise, after the security review. A different Hash could be (but not necessarily) an indication of a changed condition or potential vulnerability that was not within the scope of this review.

File Name	SHA-1 Hash
contracts/ISnapshotVault.sol	fc97e716de95cef09ee42520d3730f252061330d
contracts/IERC20Snapshot.sol	643e1ad2f4971760af87fe24985d67cc3cfa7602
contracts/Marketplace.sol	c8508810ff094363cafcee6846c83da2edd79b6e
contracts/DividendVault.sol	91b627bac05d876482c97e375e7239fa33567f1c
contracts/DealToken.sol	ce7d7dd6fd19716036a933071985e0d270ca65df
contracts/chainlink/AggregatorV3Interface.sol	881eeffc04f693216be6377ce4996d4900079b0c
contracts/Issuer.sol	95e34b999375e43485530b4556878b2f240c325c

Metrics

Source Lines v1.0



Capabilities

Components

Version	Contracts	Libraries	Interfaces	Abstract
1.0	4	0	3	0

Exposed Functions

This section lists functions that are explicitly declared public or payable. Please note that getter methods for public stateVars are not included.

Version	Public	Payable
1.0	46	1

Version	External	Internal	ernal Private Pure		View
1.0	39	39	0	0	17

State Variables

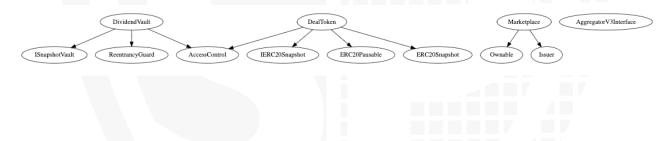
Version	Total	Public
1.0	36	18

Capabilities

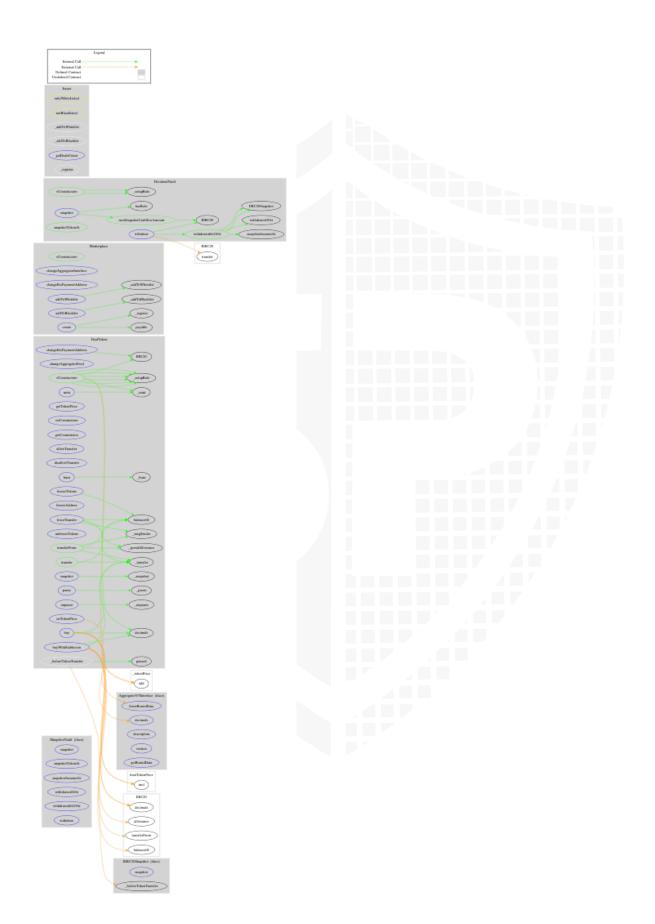
Version	Solidity Versions observed	Experim ental Features	Can Receive Funds	Uses Assembl Y	Has Destroya ble Contract s
1.0	>=0.7. 0 <0.9.0 ^0.8.0		yes		

Version	Transfer s ETH	Low- Level Calls	Deleg ateCa II	Uses Hash Function s	EC Rec ove r	New/ Create/ Create2
1.0	yes			yes		yes → NewC ontrac t:Deal Token → NewC ontrac t:Divi dendVa ult

Inheritance Graph



CallGraph



Scope of Work/Verify Claims

The above token Team provided us with the files that needs to be tested (Github, Bscscan, Etherscan, files, etc.). The scope of the audit is the main contract (usual the same name as team appended with .sol).

We will verify the following claims:

- 1. Correct implementation of Token standard
- 2. Deployer cannot mint any new tokens
- 3. Deployer cannot burn or lock user funds
- 4. Deployer cannot pause the contract
- 5. Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)

Correct implementation of Token standard

	ERC20							
Function	Function Description							
TotalSupply	Provides information about the total token supply	√	√	\checkmark				
BalanceOf	Provides account balance of the owner's account	\checkmark	√	\checkmark				
Transfer	Executes transfers of a specified number of tokens to a specified address	√	√	√				
TransferFrom	Executes transfers of a specified number of tokens from a specified address	√	√	√				
Approve	Allow a spender to withdraw a set number of tokens from a specified account	√	√	√				
Allowance	Returns a set number of tokens from a spender to the owner	√	√	√				

Write functions of contract v1.0

changeAggregatorFeed changeErcPaymentAddress setTokenPrice

setCommission

allowTransfer

disallowTransfer

mint

burn

freezeAddress

freezeTokens

unfreezeTokens

transfer

transferFrom

forceTransfer

buy 👸

buyWithStablecoin

snapshot

pause

unpause

snapshot withdraw changeAggregatorInterface changeErcPaymentAddress addToWhitelist addToBlacklist create

Deployer cannot mint any new tokens

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer cannot mint	\checkmark	√	X

Comments:

- · Supply can be set while creating new deal tokens
- Minter role can mint new tokens to anyone



Deployer cannot burn or lock user funds

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer cannot lock	\checkmark	√	X
Deployer cannot burn	√	√	X

Comments:

- · Burner role can burn from any address without permission
- Owner can lock user funds by
 - allowing transfers
 - Locking addresses
 - Locking tokens
- · Owner can add addresses to blacklist

Deployer cannot pause the contract

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer cannot pause	\checkmark	√	X

Comments:

v1.0

· Owner can pause contract

Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)

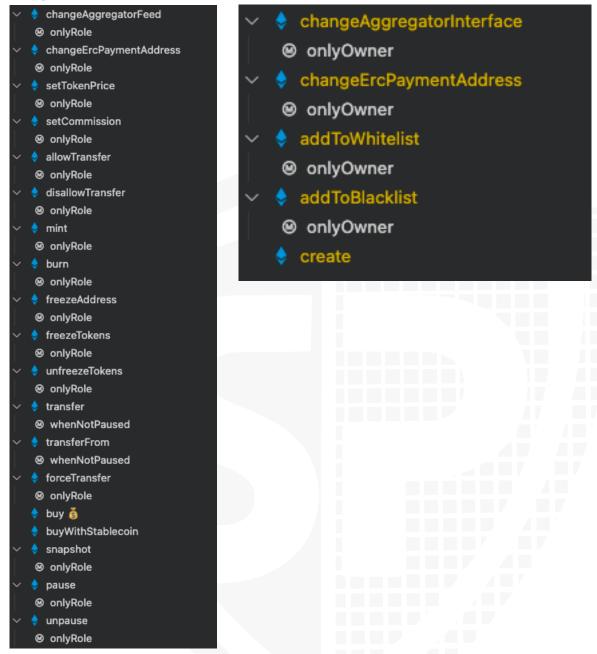


Legend

Attribute	Symbol
Verfified / Checked	\checkmark
Partly Verified	P
Unverified / Not checked	X
Not available	-

Modifiers and public functions

v1.0



Note: Not listed functions are functions which are implemented from libraries

Comments

- Deployer can set following state variables without any limitations
 - lockTokens
 - allowTransfers
 - commission
 - tokenPrice
 - fees
 - finalTokenPrice

- Deployer can enable/disable following state variables
 - whiteListUsers
 - blackListUsers
 - _paused
 - lockAddress
- Deployer can set following addresses
 - Erc20PaymentAddress
 - AggregatorInterface
 - _token
 - _priceFeed
- · Blacklisted addresses cannot create new deal tokens
- Everyone except blacklisted address can create new tokens and dividendVaultAddress
- Only default admin role can call forceTransfer function and approve + transfer tokens from other addresses

Please check if an OnlyOwner or similar restrictive modifier has been forgotten.

Source Units in Scope

v1.0

Туре	File	Logic Contracts	Interfaces	Lines	nLines	nSLOC	Comment Lines	Complex. Score	Capabilities
Q	contracts/ISnapshotVault.sol		1	38	12	3	22	13	
Q	contracts/IERC20Snapshot.sol		1	9	8	3	4	3	
9	contracts/Marketplace.sol	1		96	83	49	23	58	.6
9	contracts/DividendVault.sol	1		163	135	79	34	56	
i	contracts/DealToken.sol	1		290	247	206	9	195	. <u>š</u> . <u>iii</u>
Q	contracts/chainlink/AggregatorV3Interface.sol		1	35	5	3	4	11	*
9	contracts/Issuer.sol	1		88	84	52	22	16	
Q	Totals	4	3	719	574	395	118	352	. Š.♣⊞ . © . ☆.

Legend

9	
Attribute	Description
Lines	total lines of the source unit
nLines	normalized lines of the source unit (e.g. normalizes functions spanning multiple lines)
nSLOC	normalized source lines of code (only source-code lines; no comments, no blank lines)
Comment Lines	lines containing single or block comments
Complexity Score	a custom complexity score derived from code statements that are known to introduce code complexity (branches, loops, calls, external interfaces,)

Audit Results

AUDIT PASSED

Critical issues

No critical issues

High issues

No high issues

Medium issues

No medium issues

Low issues

Issue	File	Type	Line	Description
#1	All	A floating pragma is set	Top of source files	The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.8.0
#2	DealTok en	Freezing Look at al	152, 160	Default admin role can freeze address and tokens LONS You cannot transfer tokens if it has frozen

Informational issues

Issue	File	Type	Line	Description
#1	DealTok en	State variables that could be declared constant (constable-states)	38, 37, 36	Add the `constant` attributes to state variables that never change
#2	Dividen dVault	Error message is missing	161	Provide an error message for require statement

#3	Main	NatSpec	-	If you started to comment
		documentation		your code, also comment all
		missing		other functions, variables etc.

Alleviations from the Team

 Default admin role can freeze address and tokens. You cannot transfer tokens if it has frozen. L152, L160

Owner can lock user funds

Owner can blacklist:

- From the team:
 - These tokens are sold as securities and certain rules on top of ERC20 are required. These follow the standards like ERC1400 (https://github.com/
 SecurityTokenStandard/EIP-Spec/blob/master/eip/eip-1400.md) and the ERC3643 (https://eips.ethereum.org/EIPS/eip-3643) which mandate actions.

We recommend you to do your own research every time.

Audit Comments

We recommend you to use the special form of comments (NatSpec Format, Follow link for more information https://docs.soliditylang.org/en/v0.5.10/natspec-format.html) for your contracts to provide rich documentation for functions, return variables and more. This helps investors to make clear what that variables, functions etc. do.

30. April 2022:

Read whole report for more information

SWC Attacks

ID	Title	Relationships	Status
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>36</u>	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	CWE-767: Access to Critical Private Variable via Public Method	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>35</u>	Code With No Effects	CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>34</u>	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	CWE-655: Improper Initialization	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>33</u>	Hash Collisions With Multiple Variable Length Arguments	CWE-294: Authentication Bypass by Capture-replay	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>32</u>	Unexpected Ether balance	CWE-667: Improper Locking	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>31</u>	Presence of unused variables	CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code	NOT PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>30</u>	Right-To-Left- Override control character (U+202E)	CWE-451: User Interface (UI) Misrepresentation of Critical Information	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>29</u>	Typographical Error	CWE-480: Use of Incorrect Operator	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>28</u>	DoS With Block Gas Limit	CWE-400: Uncontrolled Resource Consumption	PASSED

<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>27</u>	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	CWE-695: Use of Low-Level Functionality	PASSED
SW C-1 25	Incorrect Inheritance Order	CWE-696: Incorrect Behavior Order	PASSED
<u>SW</u> C-1 24	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	CWE-123: Write-what-where Condition	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>23</u>	Requirement Violation	CWE-573: Improper Following of Specification by Caller	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>22</u>	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	CWE-345: Insufficient Verification of Data Authenticity	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>21</u>	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature	PASSED
SW C-1 20	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes	CWE-330: Use of Insufficiently Random Values	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>9</u>	Shadowing State Variables	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>8</u>	Incorrect Constructor Name	CWE-665: Improper Initialization	PASSED
<u>SW</u> C-11 7	Signature Malleability	CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature	PASSED

<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>6</u>	Timestamp Dependence	CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>5</u>	Authorization through tx.origin	CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>4</u>	Transaction Order Dependence	CWE-362: Concurrent Execution using Shared Resource with Improper Synchronization ('Race Condition')	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>3</u>	DoS with Failed Call	CWE-703: Improper Check or Handling of Exceptional Conditions	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>2</u>	Delegatecall to Untrusted Callee	CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>1</u>	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>O</u>	Assert Violation	CWE-670: Always-Incorrect Control Flow Implementation	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>09</u>	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	CWE-824: Access of Uninitialized Pointer	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>08</u>	State Variable Default Visibility	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	NOT PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>07</u>	Reentrancy	CWE-841: Improper Enforcement of Behavioral Workflow	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>06</u>	Unprotected SELFDESTRUC T Instruction	CWE-284: Improper Access Control	PASSED

<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>05</u>	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	CWE-284: Improper Access Control	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>04</u>	Unchecked Call Return Value	CWE-252: Unchecked Return Value	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>03</u>	Floating Pragma	CWE-664: Improper Control of a Resource Through its <u>Lifetime</u>	NOT PASSED
SW C-1 02	Outdated Compiler Version	CWE-937: Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>01</u>	Integer Overflow and Underflow	CWE-682: Incorrect Calculation	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>00</u>	Function Default Visibility	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED



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