

$$p = (r, \theta, \varphi)$$

$$\|u\| = 1 \quad r = 1$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{z}{1}$$

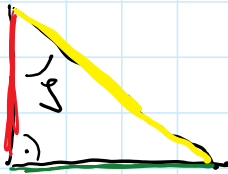
$$\Leftrightarrow z = \sin \theta$$



Voraussetzung $\|u'\| \neq 0$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{\|u'\|}{1}$$

$$\|u'\| = \cos \theta$$



$$\cos \varphi = \frac{x}{\|u'\|} \quad \Leftrightarrow x = \|u'\| \cos \varphi$$

$$= \cos \theta \cos \varphi$$

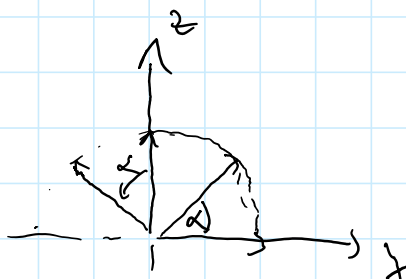
$$\sin \varphi = \frac{y}{\|u'\|} \quad \Leftrightarrow y = \cos \theta \sin \varphi$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = r \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta \cos \varphi \\ \cos \theta \sin \varphi \\ \sin \theta \end{pmatrix}$$

Drehmatrizen um $\frac{1}{\alpha}, \frac{1}{\beta}, \frac{1}{\gamma}$

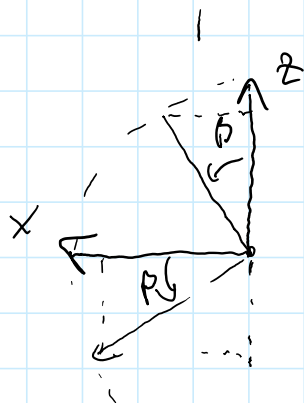
$$D_{z, \varphi} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \varphi & -\sin \varphi & 0 \\ \sin \varphi & \cos \varphi & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$D_{x, \alpha}$$



$$D_{x, \alpha} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos \alpha & -\sin \alpha \\ 0 & \sin \alpha & \cos \alpha \end{pmatrix}$$

$D_{\hat{y}, \beta}$



$$D_{\hat{y}, \beta} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \beta & 0 & \sin \beta \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -\sin \beta & 0 & \cos \beta \end{pmatrix}$$